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Interdisciplinarity: Its Bibliometric Evaluation and Its Influence in Research Outputs

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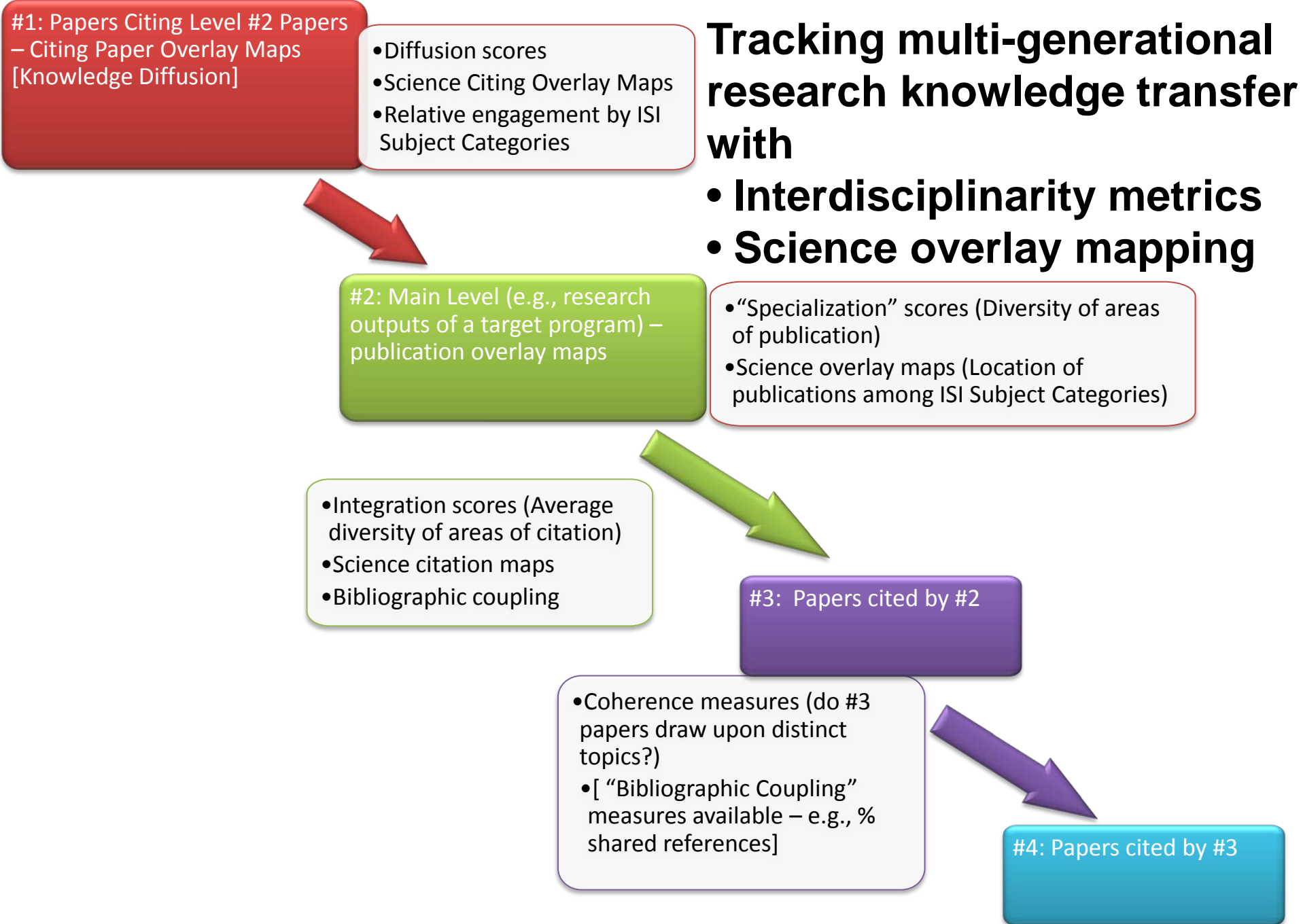
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Agenda

1. Measuring & Mapping Interdisciplinarity
 - Integration, Specialization & Diffusion Scores
 - Science overlay maps (locating research activity)
 - Research networking maps
2. Research Assessment applications
3. Effects of Interdisciplinarity
 - Parsing out effects of Variety, Balance & Disparity on scientific impact
 - National vs. International research – degree of interdisciplinarity
 - Programmatic comparison: Innovation Studies units vs. Business/Management schools
 - Disciplinarity & Journal ranks



Interdisciplinary Research Metrics

- National Academies Keck Futures Initiative (15-year program) to boost interdisciplinary research in the US
- Measure interdisciplinarity for program evaluation
- For a body of research
 - Extract papers' cited references
 - Associate cited journals to Web of Science (WOS) Subject Categories (SCs)
 - Matrix of SC by SC interrelationships
 - For given paper set, calculate
 - “Integration” – breadth of SCs drawn upon
 - “Specialization” – concentration of publication activity
 - “Diffusion” – diversity of SCs citing the research

Heuristics of diversity

(Stirling, 1998; 2007)
(Rafols and Meyer, 2010)

Diversity:

'attribute of a system whose elements may be apportioned into categories'

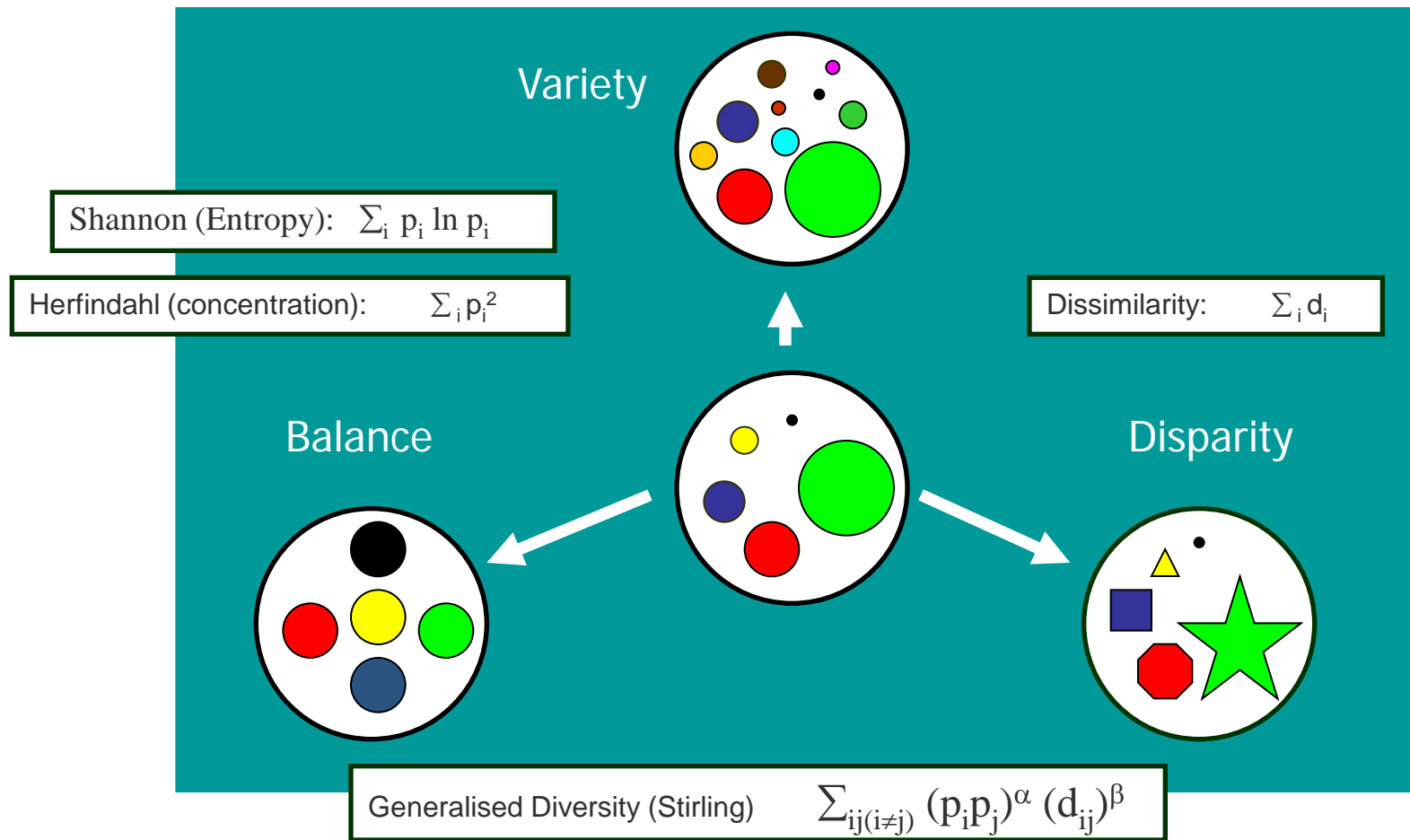
Characteristics:

Variety: Number of distinctive categories

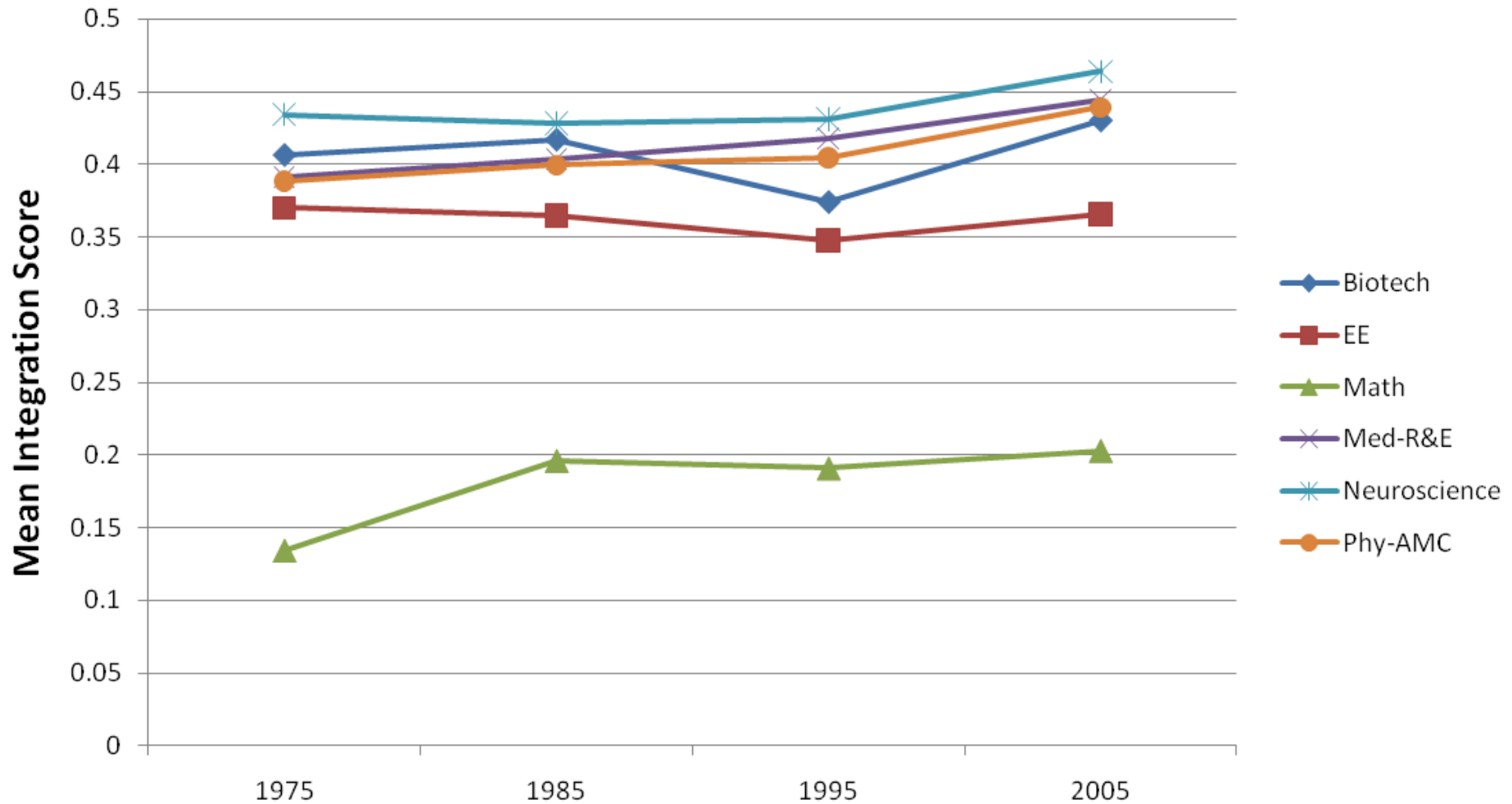
Balance: Evenness of the distribution

Disparity: Degree to which the categories are different.

[** Shannon & Herfindahl do not include Disparity]



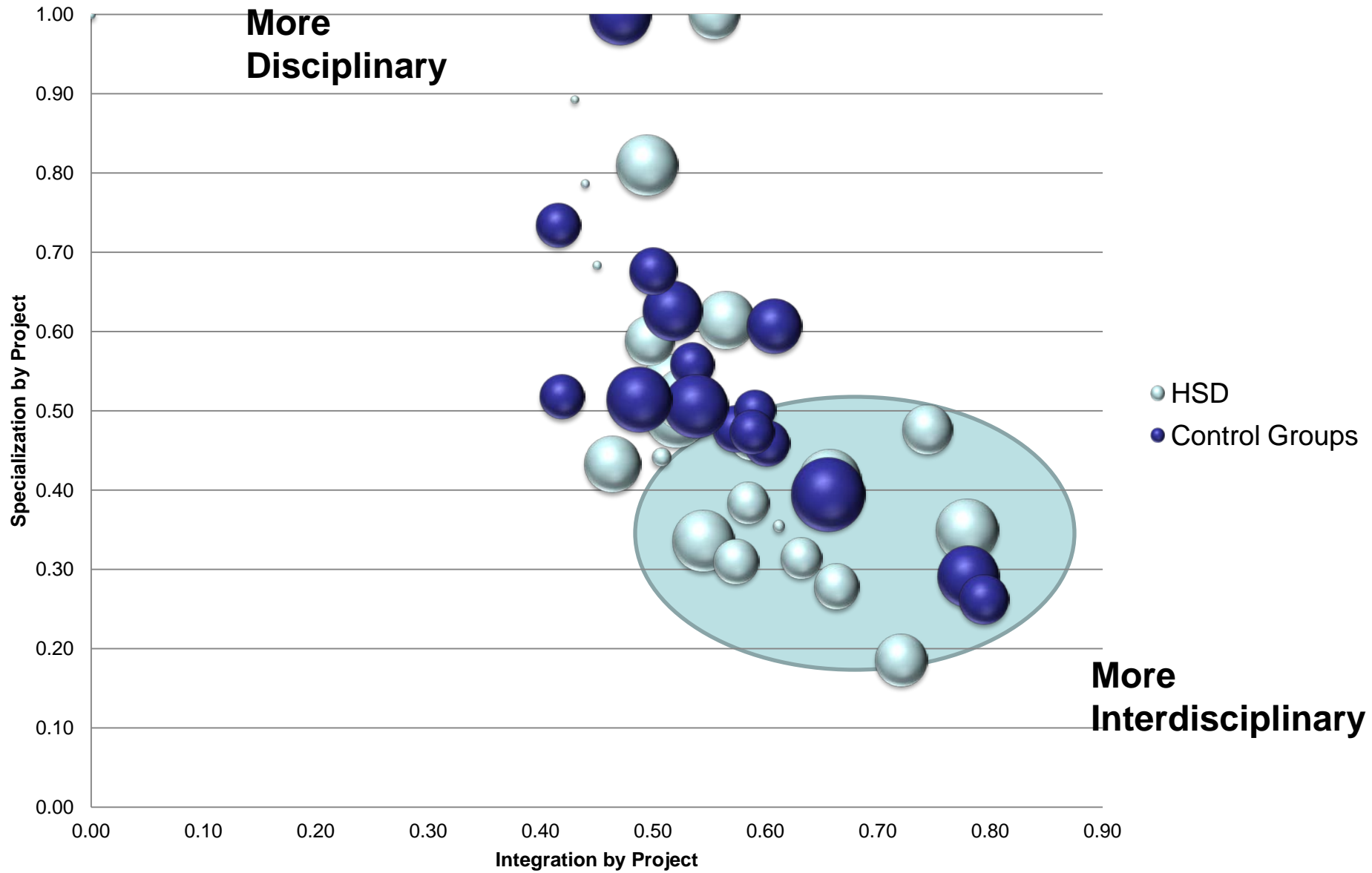
Change in Integration Scores



NSF Research Assessments

- RCN (Research Coordination Networks) Program
 - Can we see researcher network enrichment, Before to After?
- HSD (Human & Social Dynamics) and CMG (helping SRI) (Collaborations in Math & Geosciences) Programs
 - How interdisciplinary (compared to ~similar projects)?
- REESE (Research & Evaluation on Education in Science & Engineering) Program
 - How is Cognitive Science engaging with STEM education, over time?
- iUtah (EPSCOR)
 - Research engagement & networking -- Before vs. After

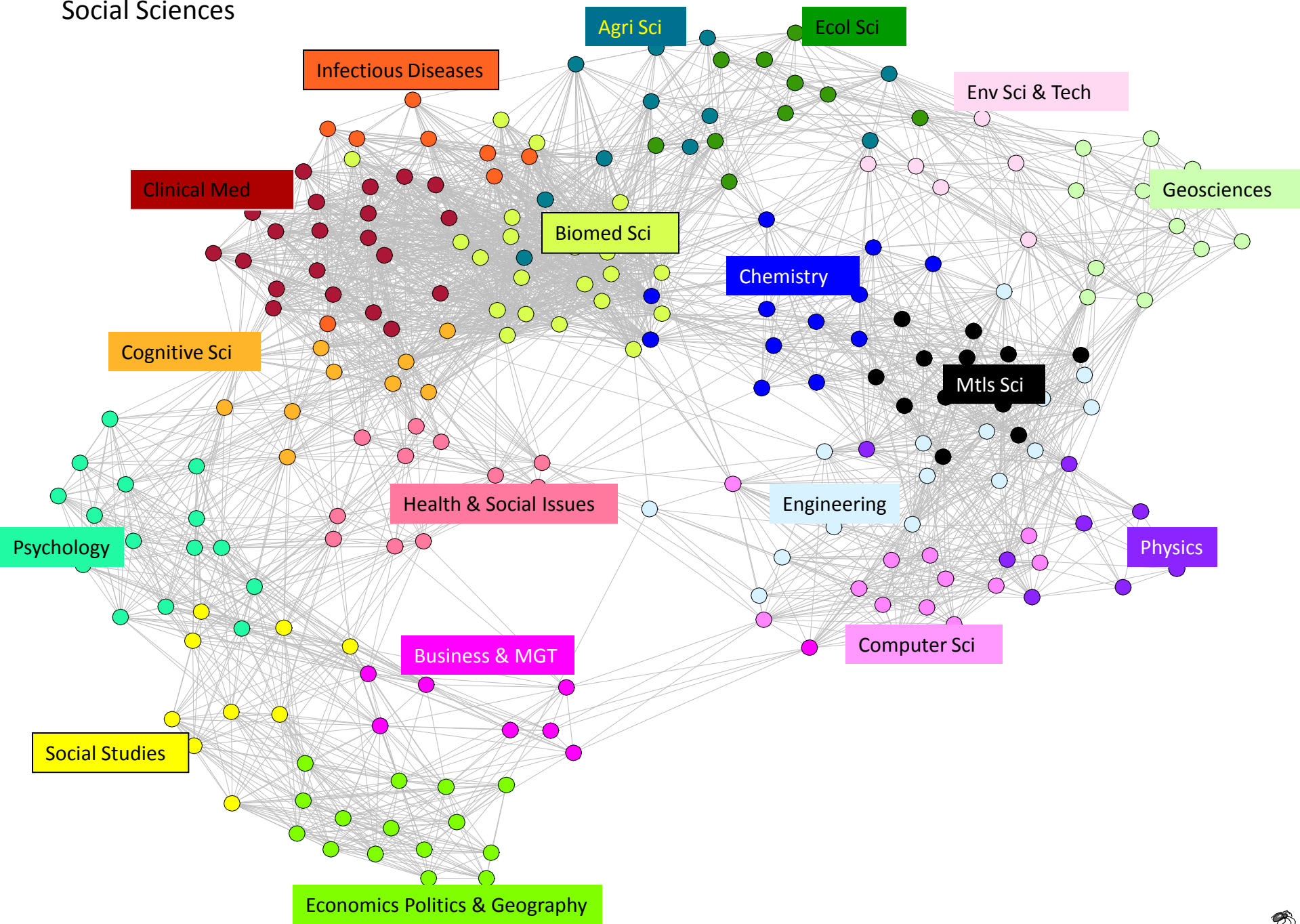
HSD vs Control



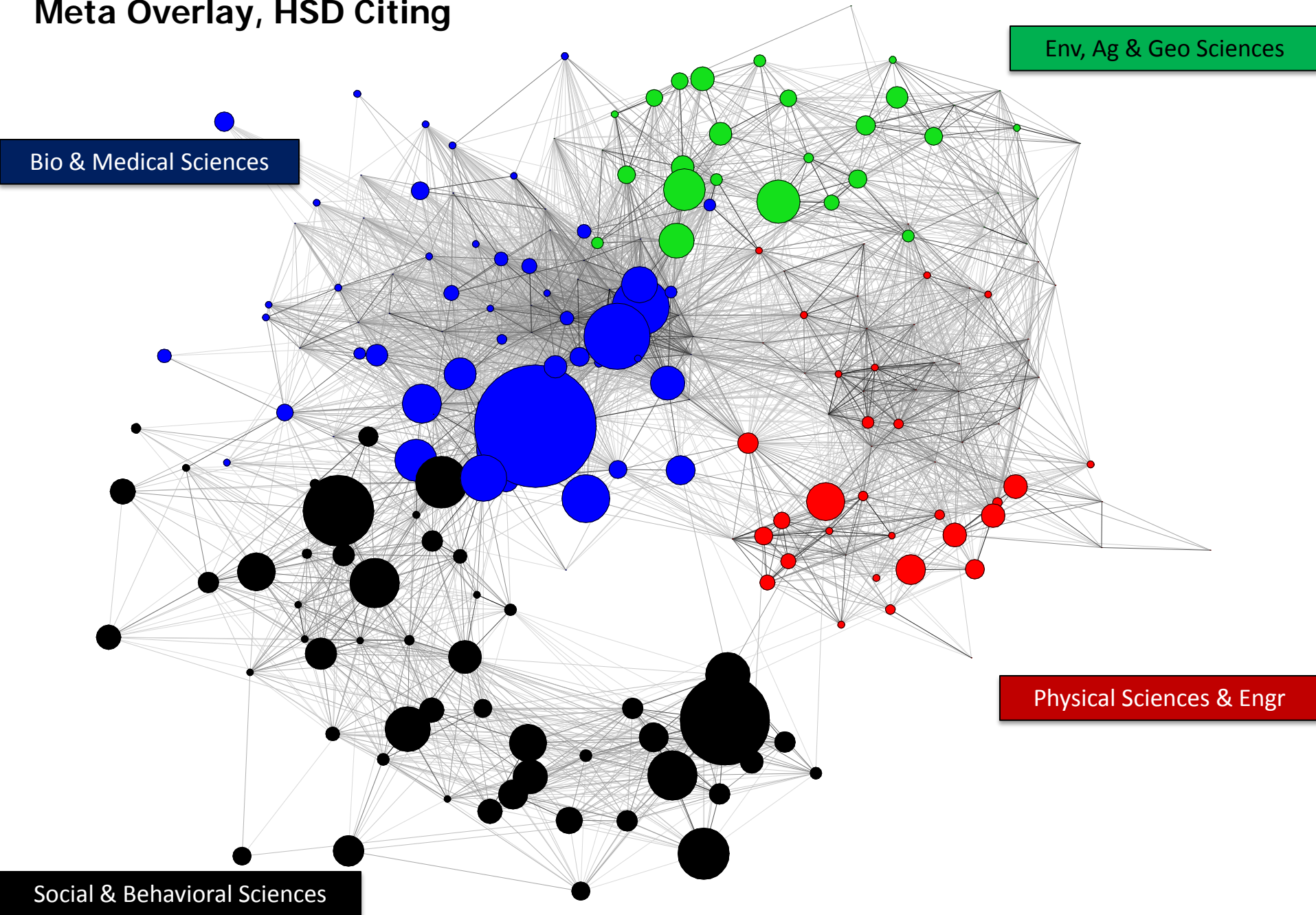
Dual, Complementary Mapping

- 1) **“Global” -- Science Overlay Maps:
Show Diversity**
- 2) **“Local” – Research Network Maps:
Show coherence**

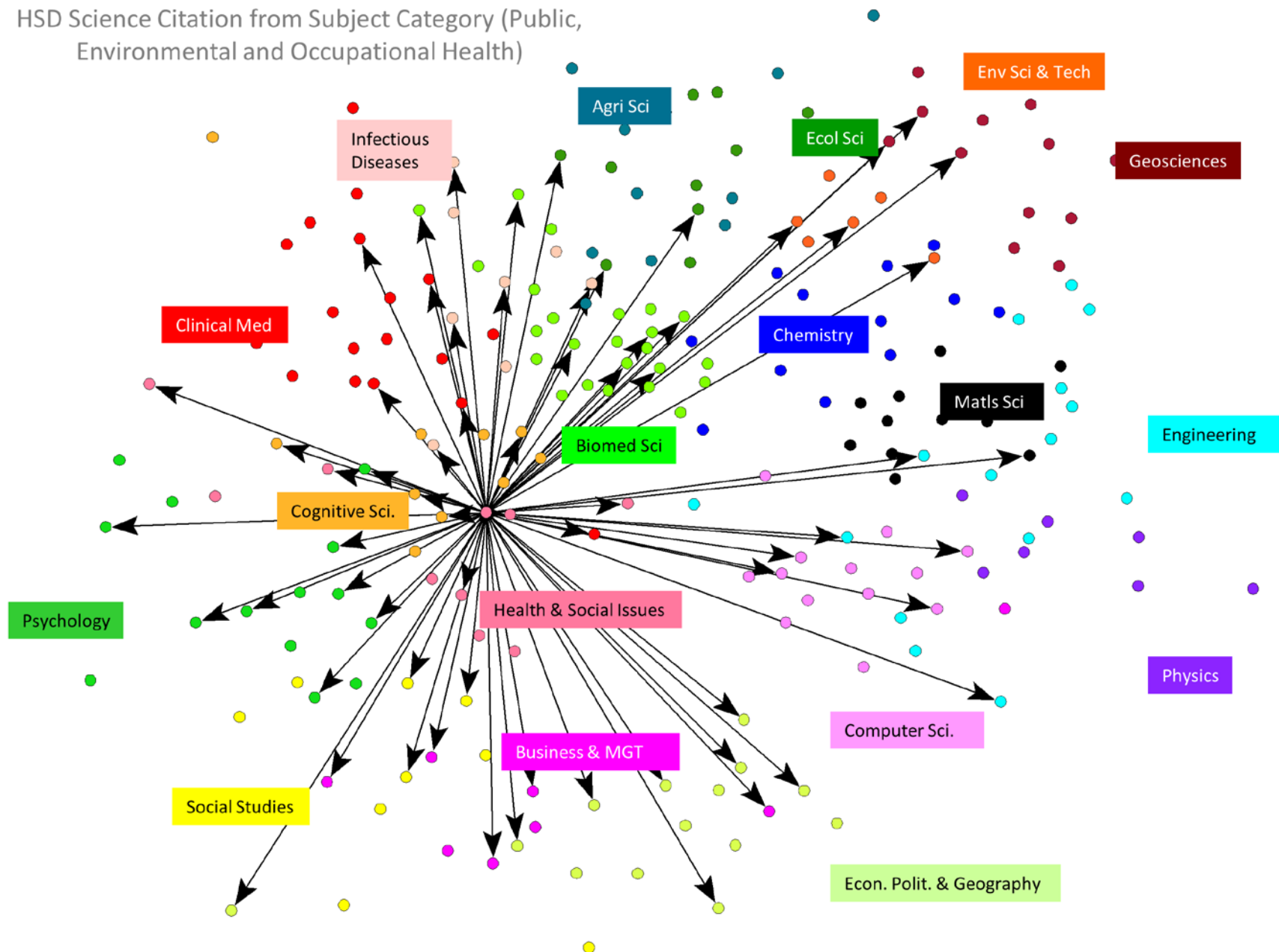
221 SC Base Map – Sciences +
Social Sciences



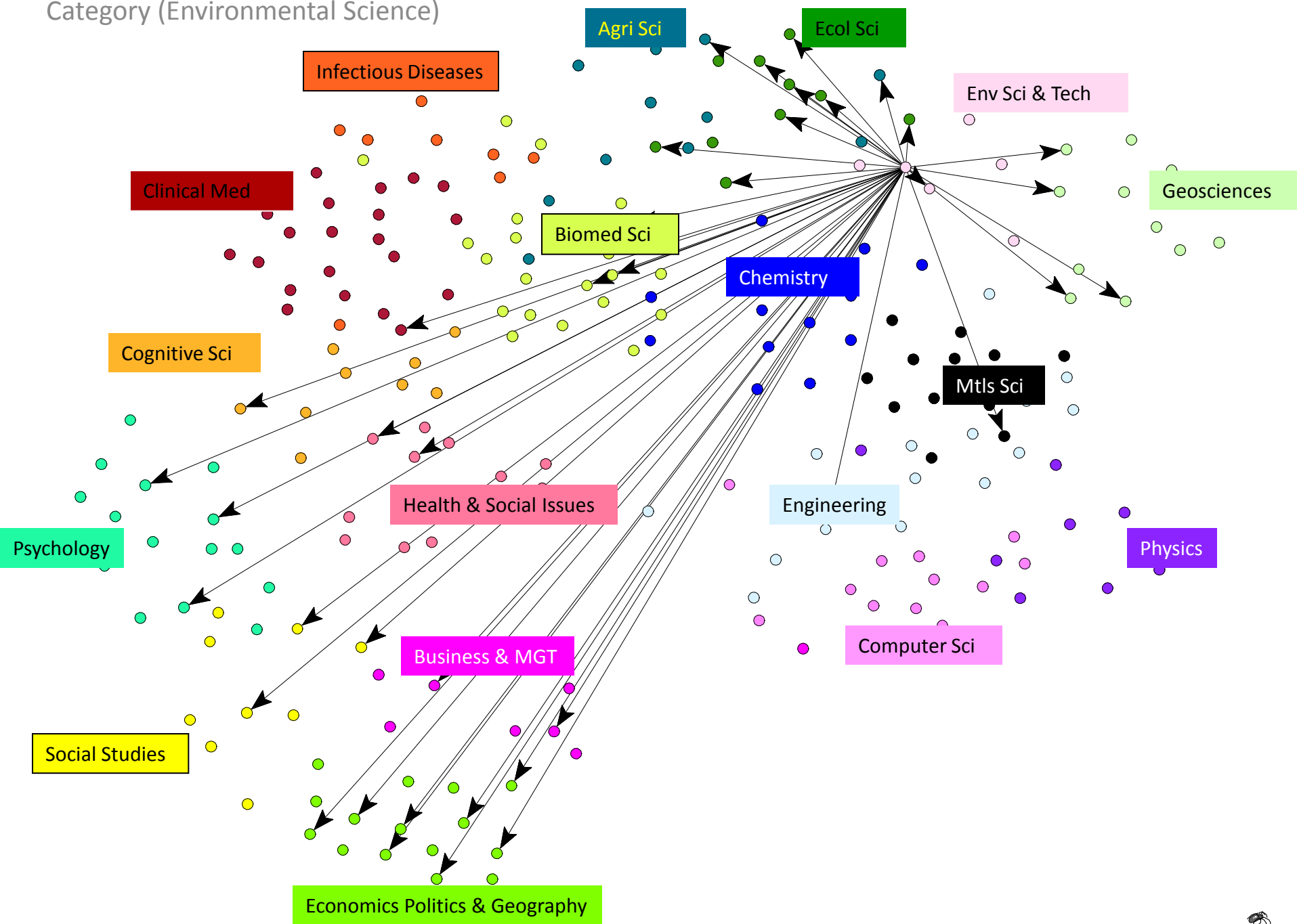
Meta Overlay, HSD Citing



HSD Science Citation from Subject Category (Public, Environmental and Occupational Health)



HSD Science Citation from Top Subject Category (Environmental Science)



[To identify research communities using
a body of research knowledge]

68 Highly **Citing** Authors, based
on shared NSF ROLE/REESE
PIs & co-PIs being cited

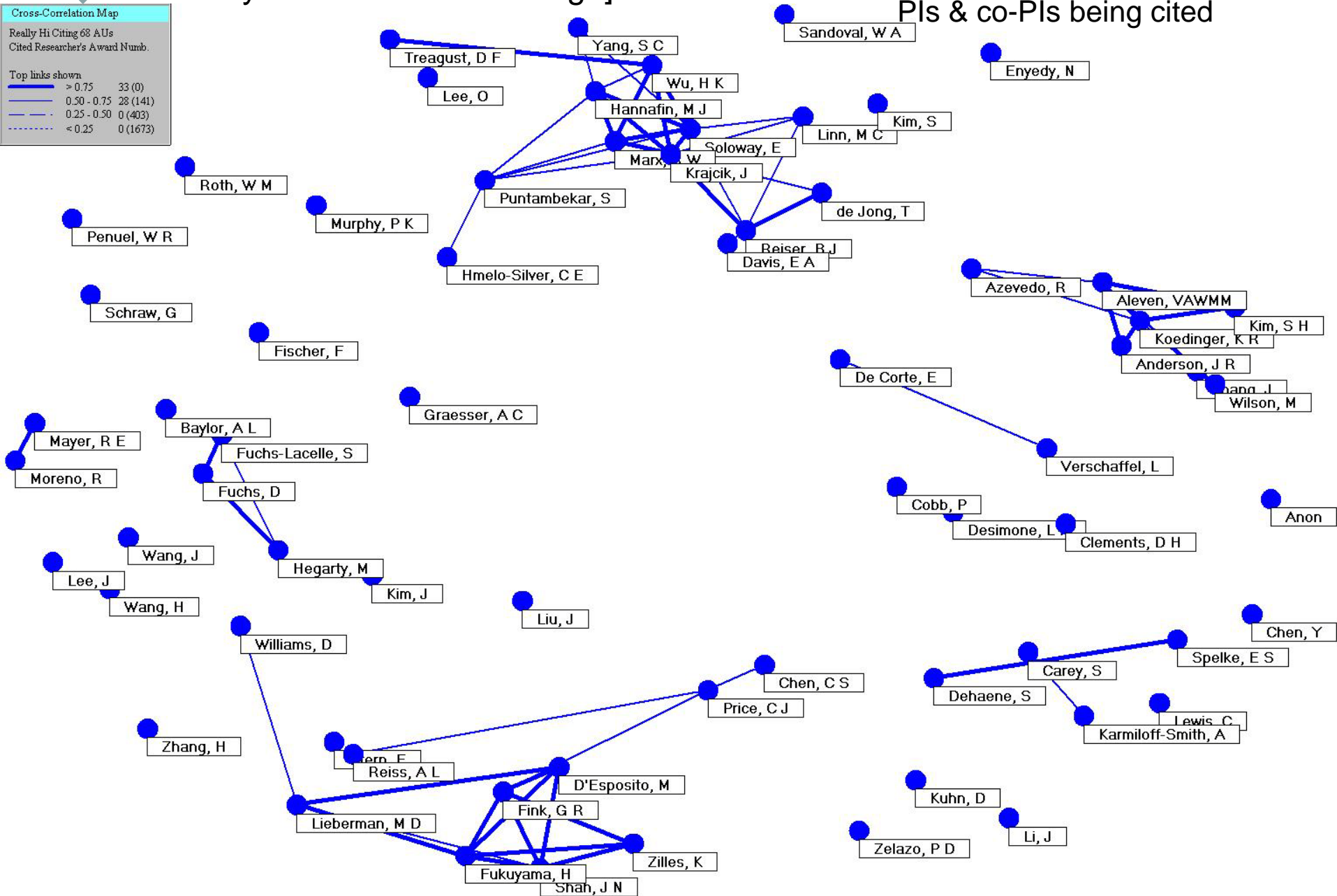
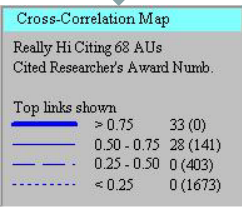
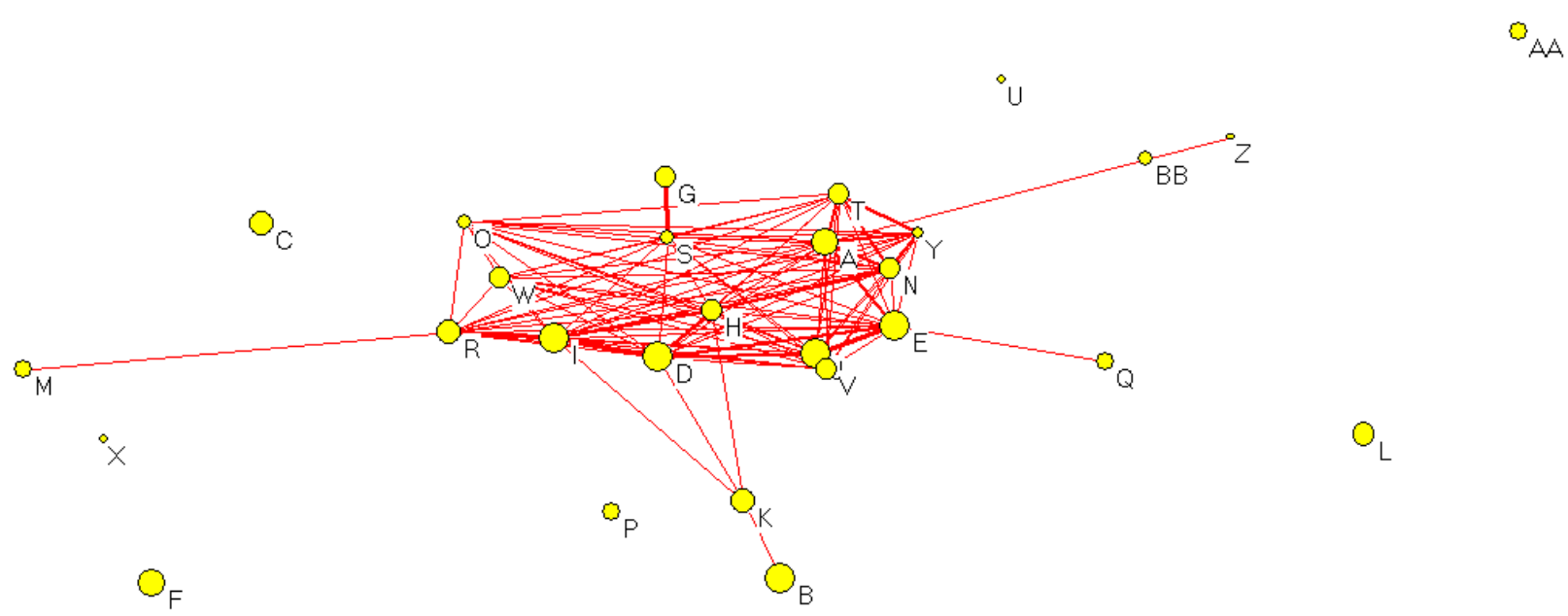
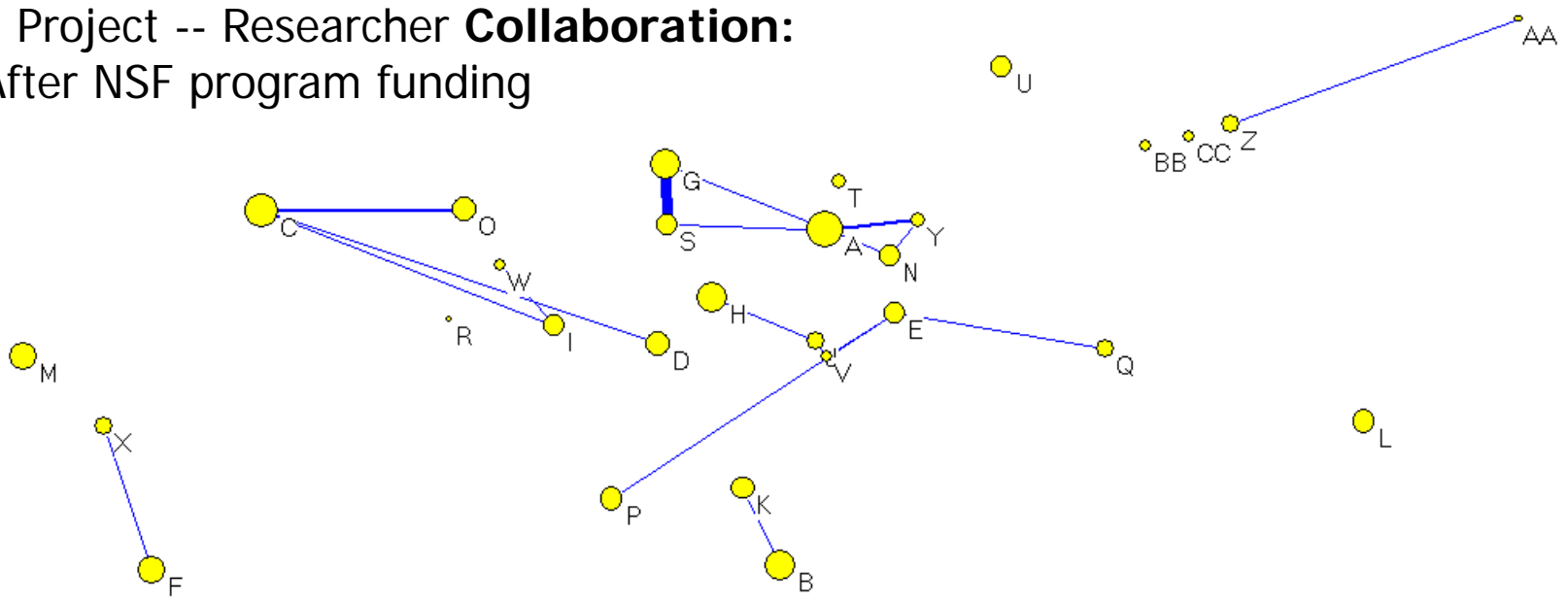
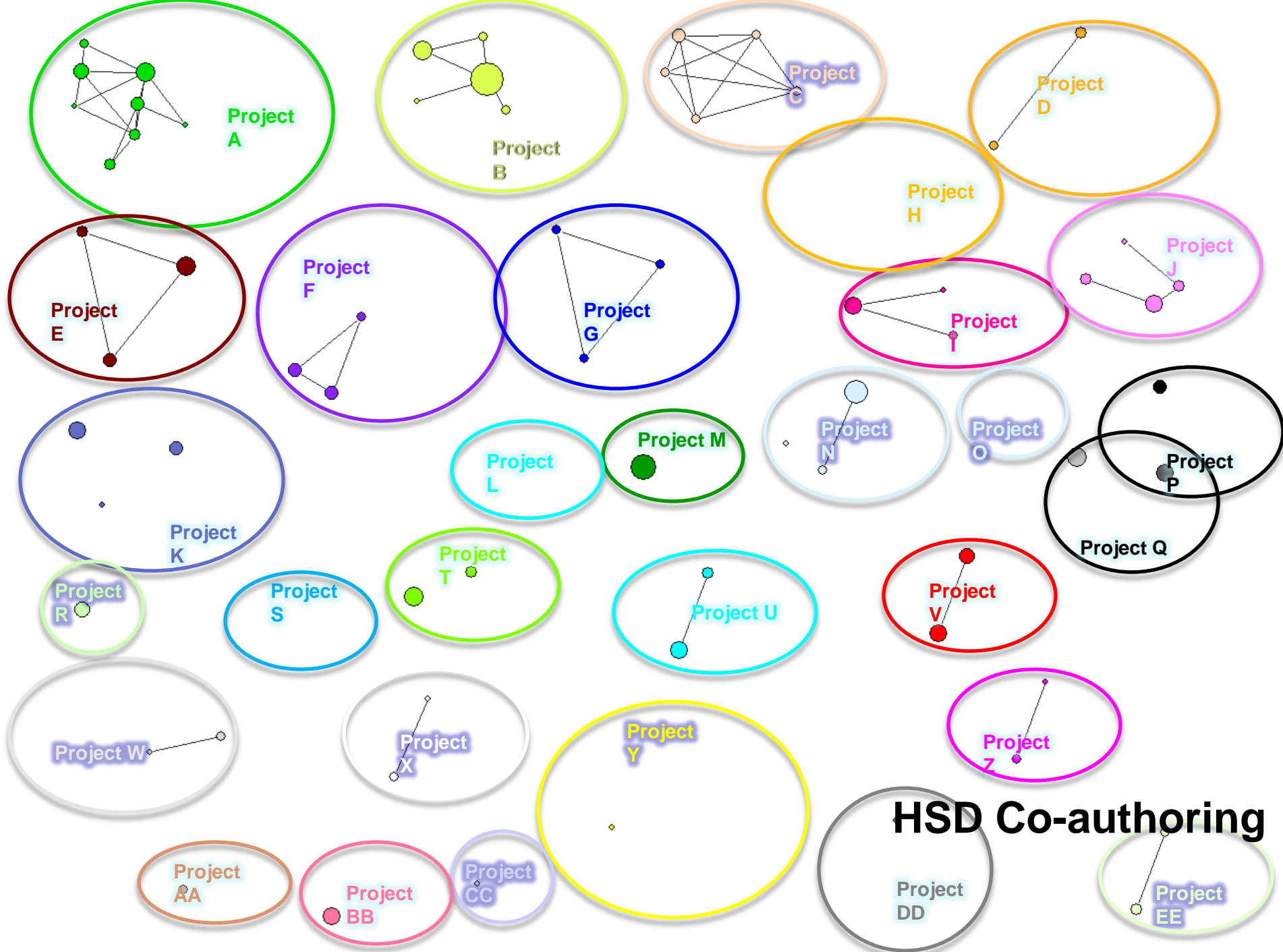
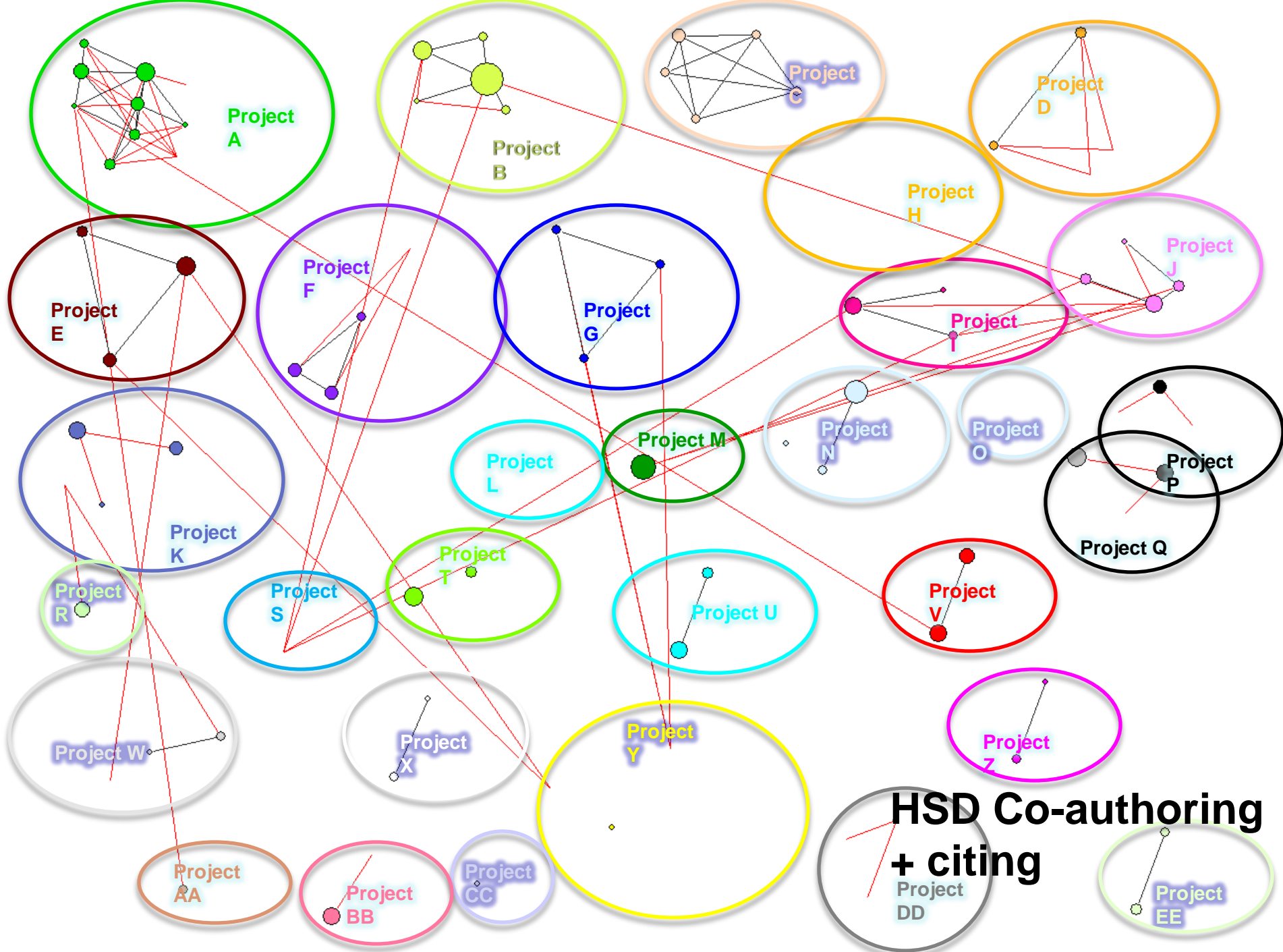


Fig. 7. RCN Project -- Researcher **Collaboration**:
Before vs. After NSF program funding





HSD Co-authoring



Parsing out effects of Variety, Balance & Disparity on scientific impact (Yegros-Yegros et al.)

Articles and Proceedings of given WoS Subject Categories (2005)
(providing 5-year window for citations –data harvested in 2011)

Subject Categories	Pubs	Refs	Mean±SD	% Linked
Physics, Atom. Mol. Chem.	13,387	435,101	32.5±17.8	81.25%
Cell Biology	16,761	701,832	41.9±17.1	93.32%
Elect. &Electronic Eng.	22,223	447,660	20.1±12.1	55.23%
Food Science &Tech	10,037	284,069	28.3±14.3	74.41%
Total	62,408	1,868,662	29.9±17.5	78.51%

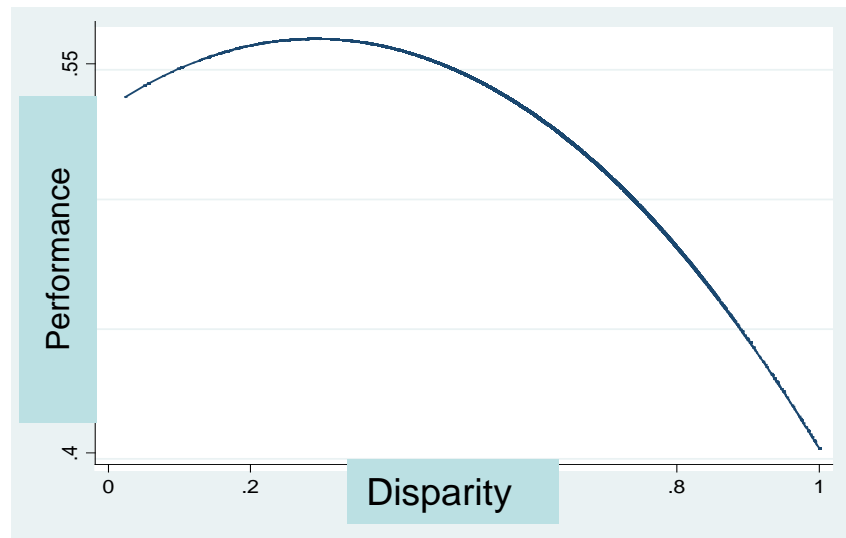
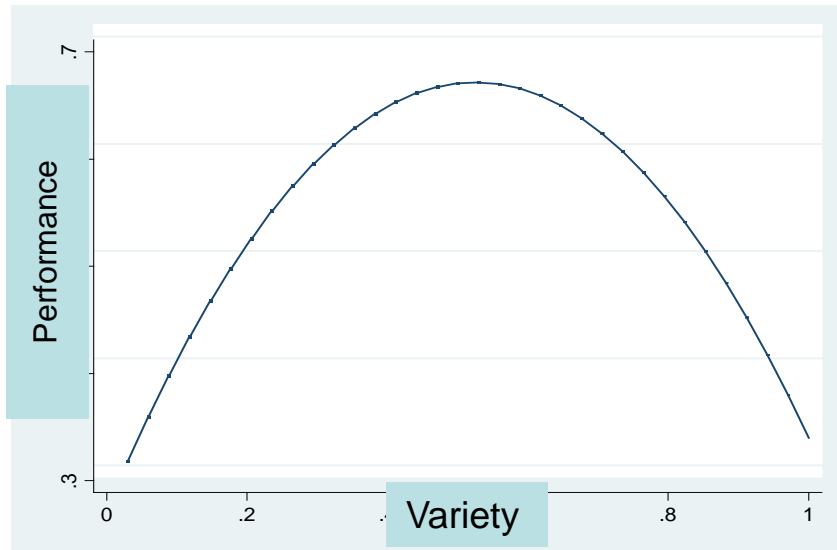
Summary

- Linear analysis: Variety favors scientific impact. Balance and cognitive distance have negative effects on *Log (Times Cited)*.
- Quadratic analysis: Performance shows an inverted U-shape dependence
 - *on Variety, Balance and Disparity*
 - with maximum at mid-level variety, low balance & low disparity (tentative)

Limitations

- Use of problematic predefined categories (ISI SCI) over small number of references per paper
 - Measures very noisy. Other units of analysis (e.g. thematic clustering?)
- 22% of references not classified into Subject Categories.

Inverted U dependence of cites/paper on diversity



Inverted U dependence for

- Variety, Balance, Disparity

But

- max performance at **High Variety**
- max performance at **Low Balance**
- max performance at **Low Disparity**

(Relative to the distributions)

Research related to local topics vs.– non-local
degree of interdisciplinarity – Chavarro et al.

- Sample of 14,000 publications from the Web of Science from authors affiliated to a **Colombian** institution since 1990.
- Logistic regression (4 models) of Integration score on local topics or not, by discipline

Results: relationship between IDR and local focus

Approach	Interdisciplinarity Variable	Odds of local focus
Composite diversity measure	Integration Score	+1.7 times
Various aspects of diversity	Disparity	+3.0 times
	Balance	+2.9 times
	Variety	-0.087 times

Key finding:

- Research on local issues is more interdisciplinary than other kind of research
- Disparity and Balance increase local issues

UK Innovation Studies (IS; broadly defined):

- Many IS Units embedded in Business & Management Schools (BMS)
- BMS have established criteria of excellence (ABS journal ranks)

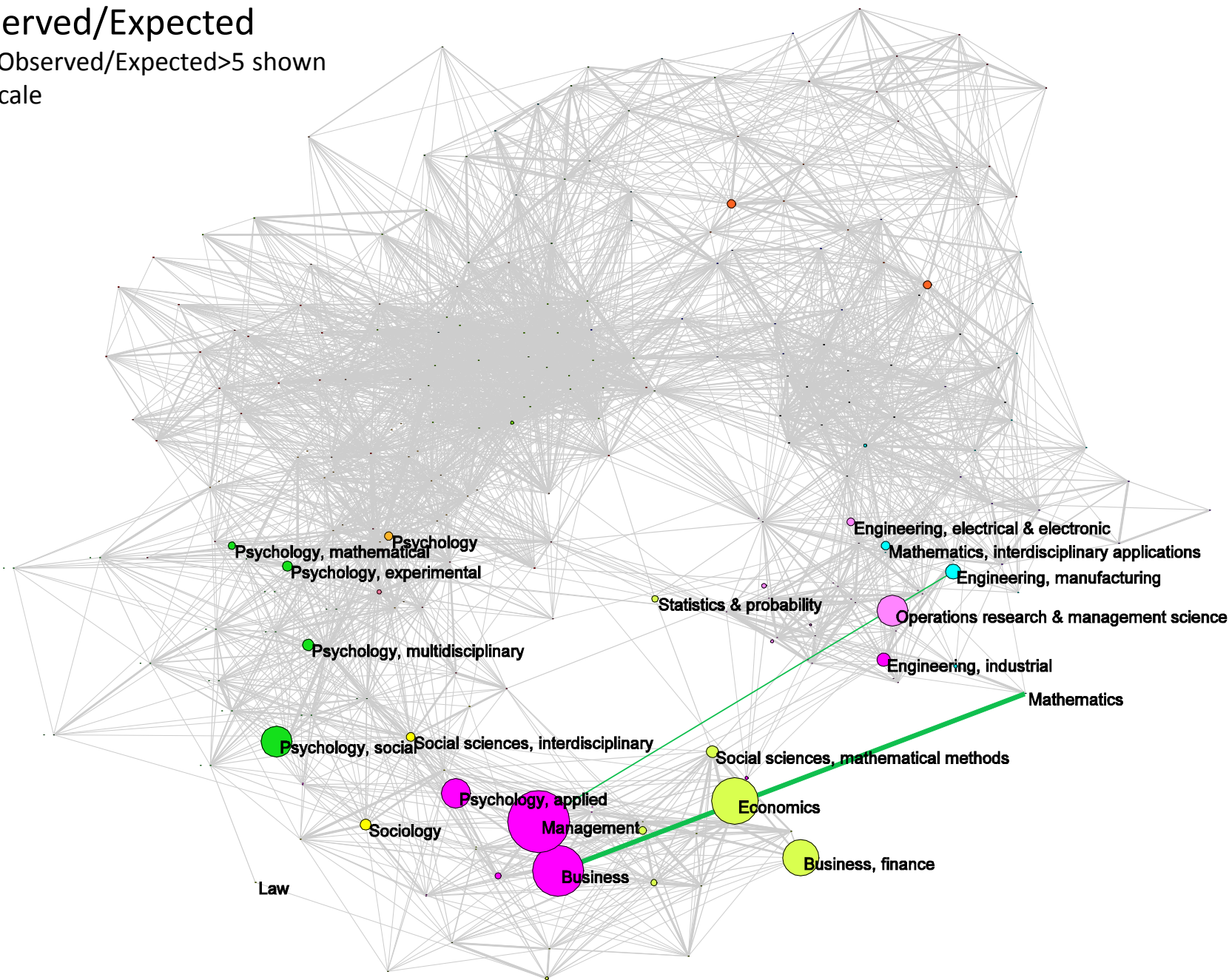
Questions:

1. Are IS Units more interdisciplinary than BMS –as expected?
2. How does the research of IS vs BMS compare on conventional excellence measures?

Methods:

- Get publications from 3 BMS and 3 IS Units for 2006-2010.
- Compare degree of interdisciplinarity and excellence of publications using bibliometric analyses.

Log-scale

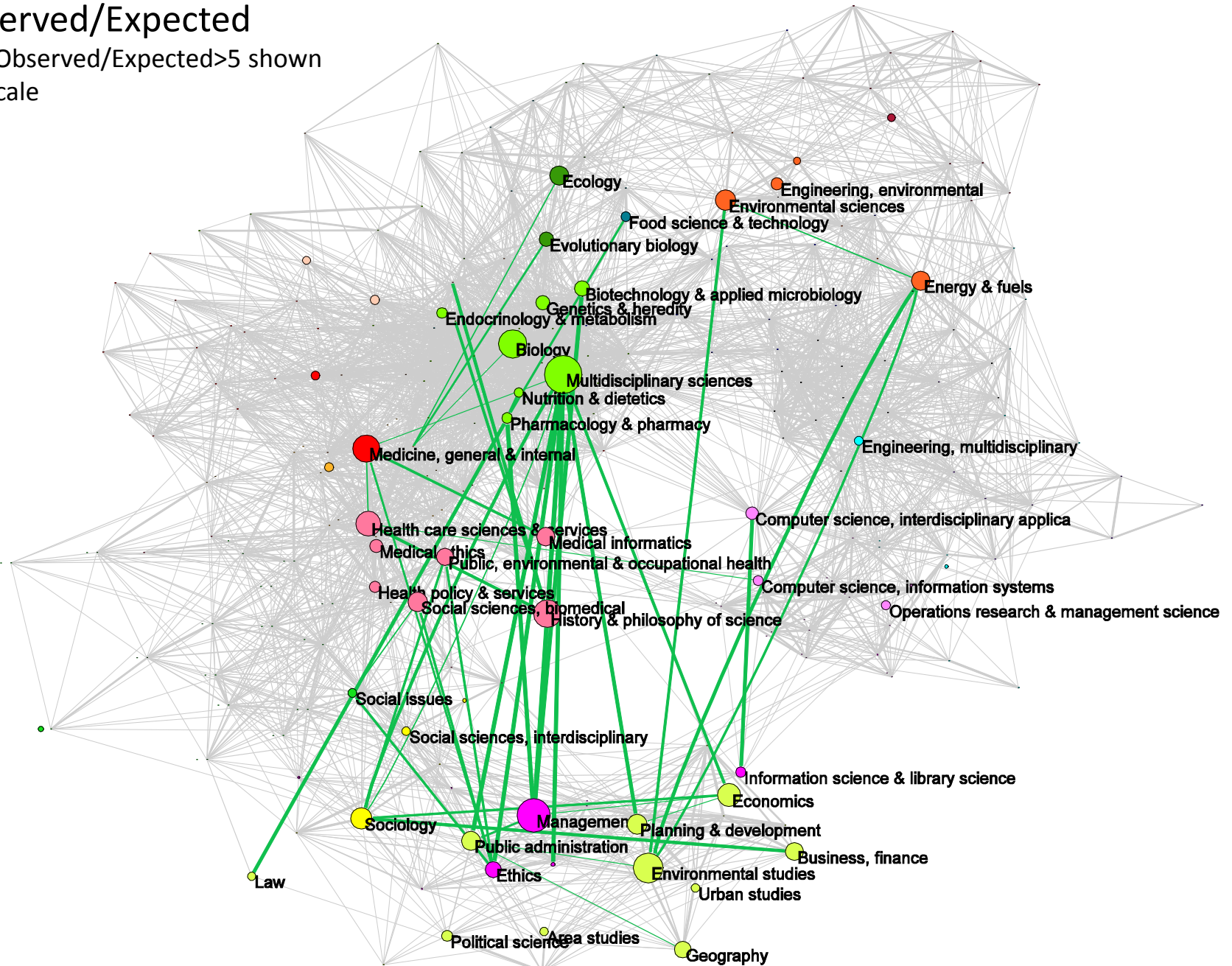


ISSTI Edinburgh

Observed/Expected

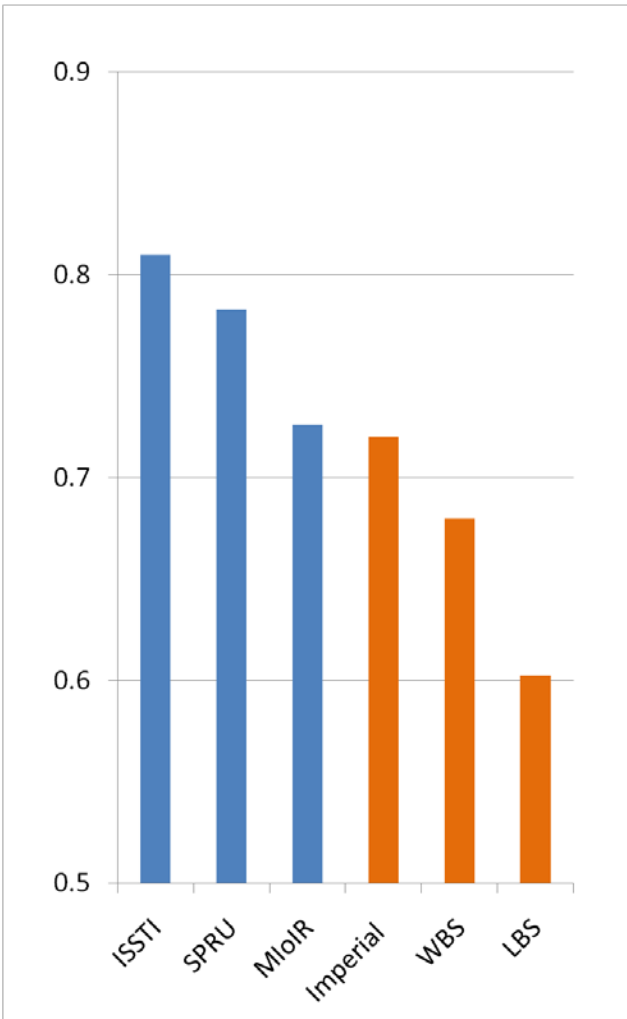
Only Observed/Expected>5 shown

Log-scale

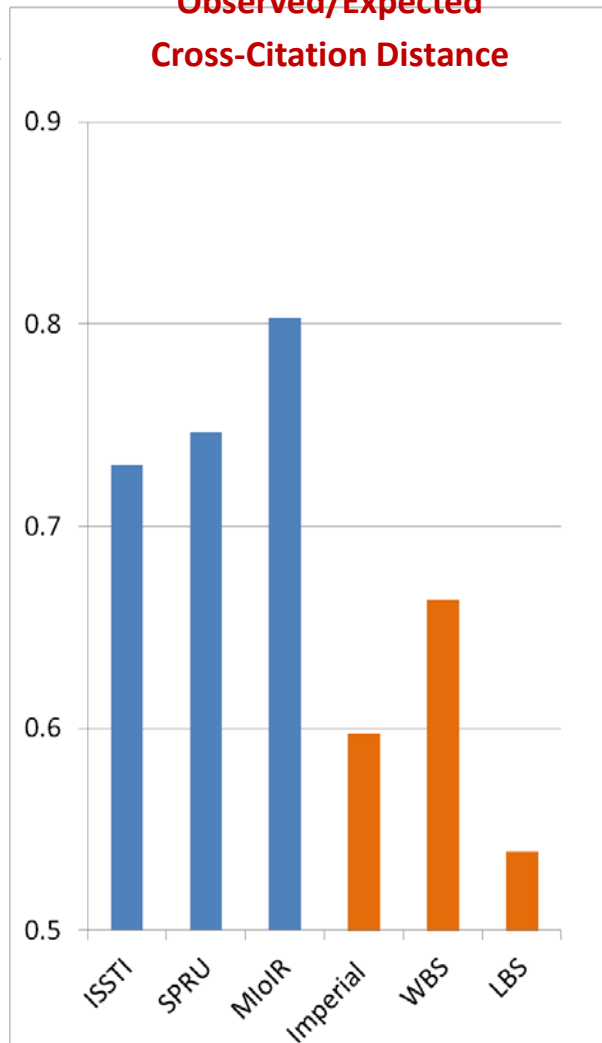


Summary: IS units are more interdisciplinary than BMS

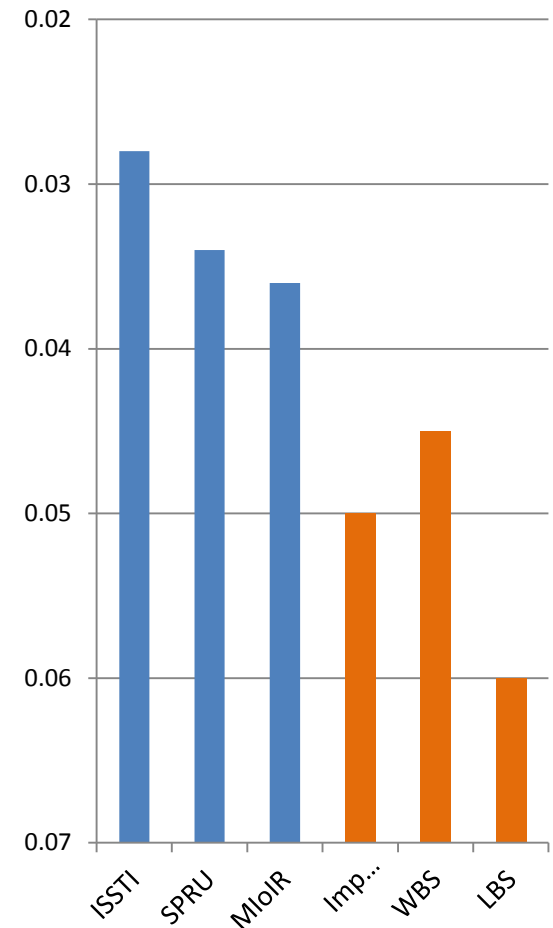
More Diverse
Rao-Stirling Diversity



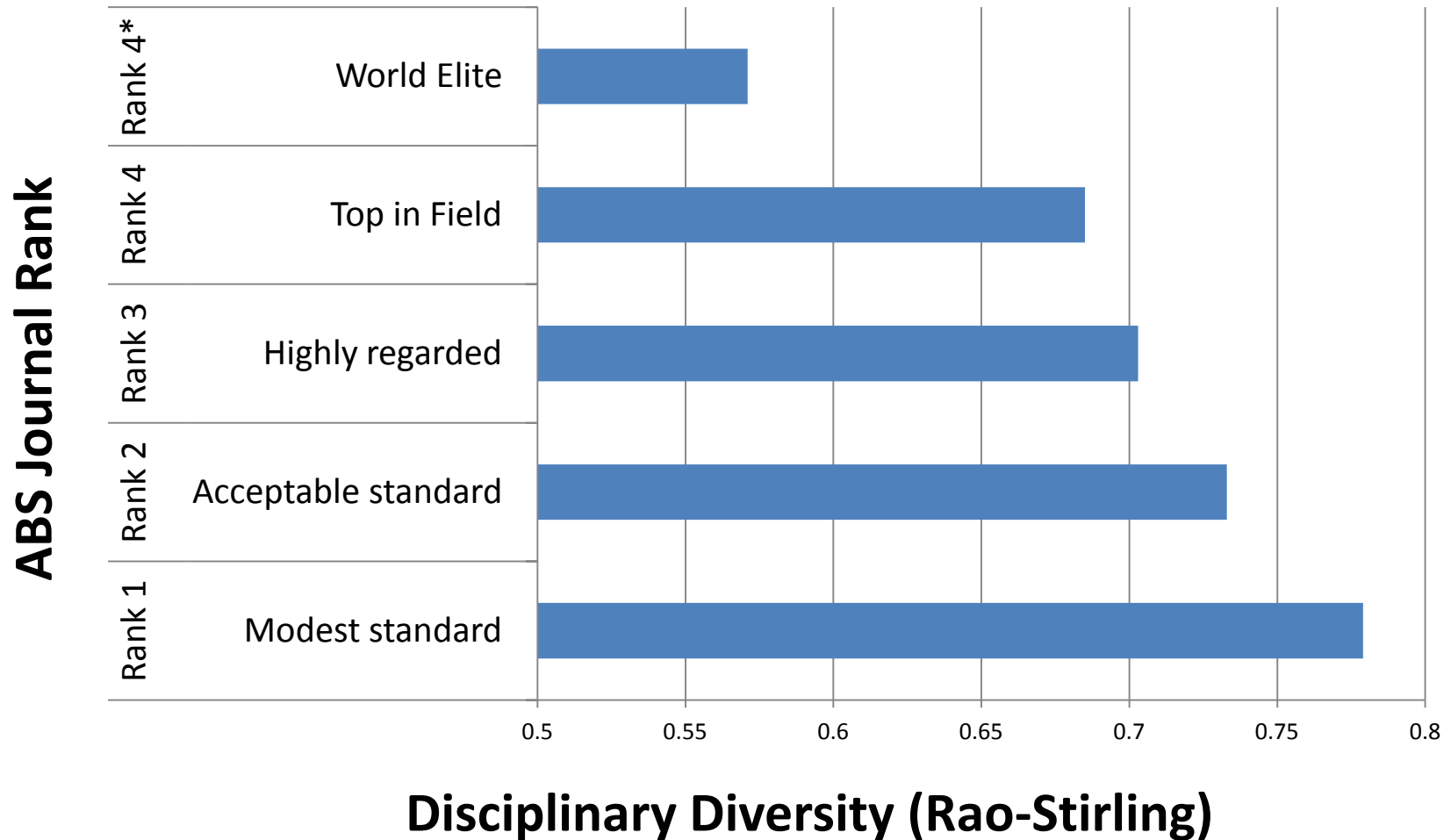
More Coherent
Observed/Expected
Cross-Citation Distance



More Interstitial
Average Similarity



Disciplinary diversity of ABS Journal Ranks



Research Assessment References

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Interdisciplinarity Impacts

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Interdisciplinarity References

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Science Overlay Maps

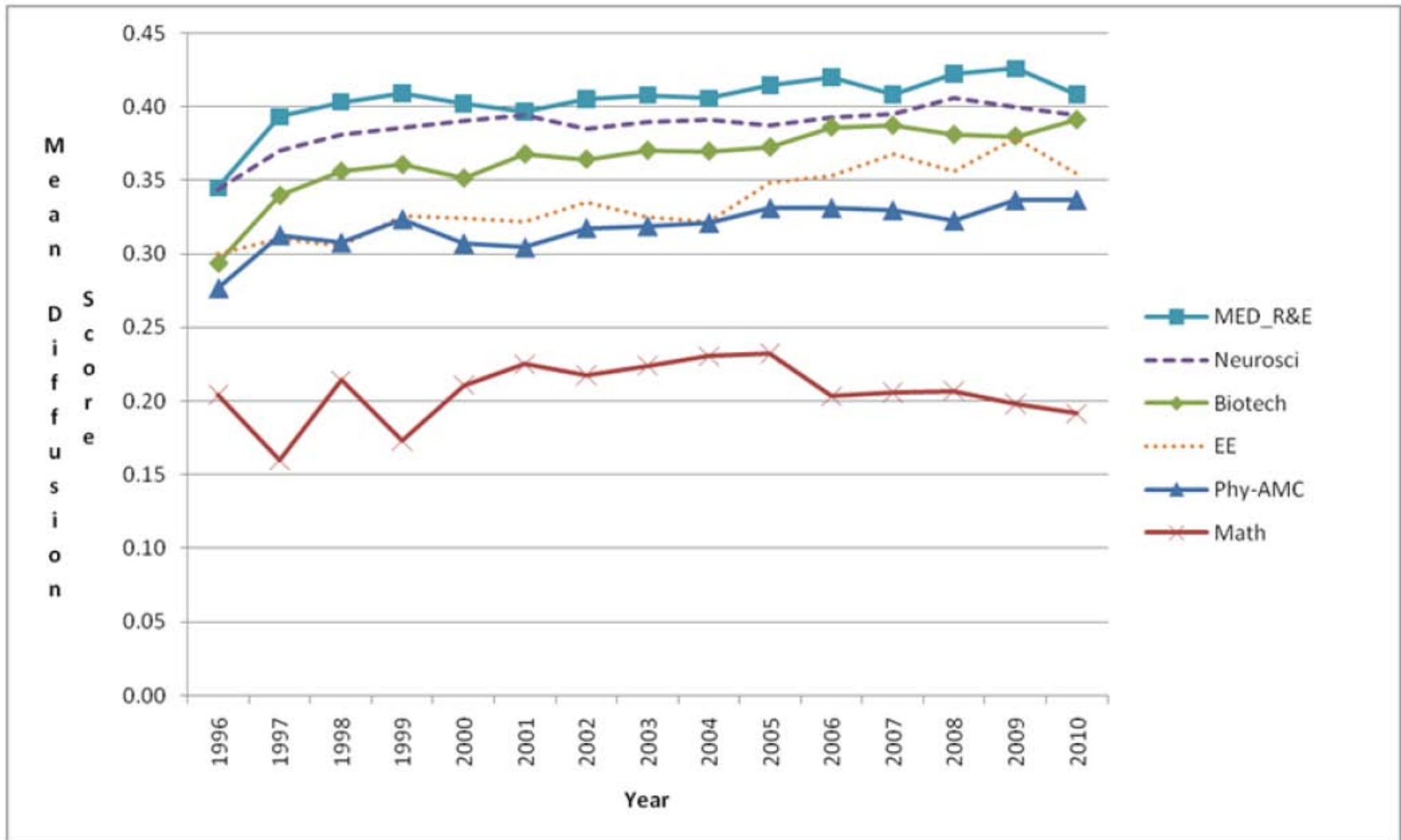
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Resources

- **Science Overlay maps:**
[//www.leydesdorff.net/overlaytoolkit](http://www.leydesdorff.net/overlaytoolkit)
- **Ongoing Research on Interdisciplinarity:**
[//idr.gatech.edu/test/](http://idr.gatech.edu/test/) &
www.interdisciplinaryscience.net
- Global Tech Mining Conference, in conjunction with the Atlanta Conference on Science & Innovation Policy, Sep. 24-28, 2013
- The text mining software used:
www.theVantagePoint.com

Outtakes

Mean Annual Diffusion Scores for 6 Subject Categories



For most of the **1995 benchmarks**, Diffusion scores increase steadily with time. Mathematics is an outlier.

- From publications
 - Mainly compare: Before vs. After
 - Special focus: Papers deriving from NSF support
- From citations
 - By researcher publications, or proposals
 - To researcher publications
- For Target & Comparison Group researchers
- Networks based on
 - Social links [e.g., co-authoring]
 - Intellectual links [e.g., cross-citing or bibliographic coupling on SCs, topics, or whatever]

Integration Score

$$I = 1 - \left[\frac{\left[\sum (f_i \times f_j \times \cos(SC_i - SC_j)) \right]}{\sum (f_i \times f_j)} \right] \quad \text{Porter et al. (2007)}$$

where i = row; j = column; f = frequency

“cos (SC_i – SC_j)” measures the association between two SCs, based on a national co-citation sample from Web of Science. It reflects the relative tendency of two particular SCs to be co-cited.

****equivalently,**

$$I = 1 - \sum_{i,j} p_i p_j s_{ij} \quad \text{Rafols and Meyer (2009)}$$

where p_i is the proportion of references citing the SC i in a given paper. The summation is taken over the cells of the SC x SC matrix. s_{ij} is the cosine measure of similarity between SCs i and j

[This measure is basically 1 – Stirling D.]

Multiple Mapping Approaches

- Science overlay mapping
 - Working on patent overlay maps
 - Working on biomedical overlay maps (MEDLINE)
- Geo-maps
- Research Network Mapping [Social Network Analyses]
 - Co-authoring; co-citation; co-term; etc.
 - Bibliographic coupling

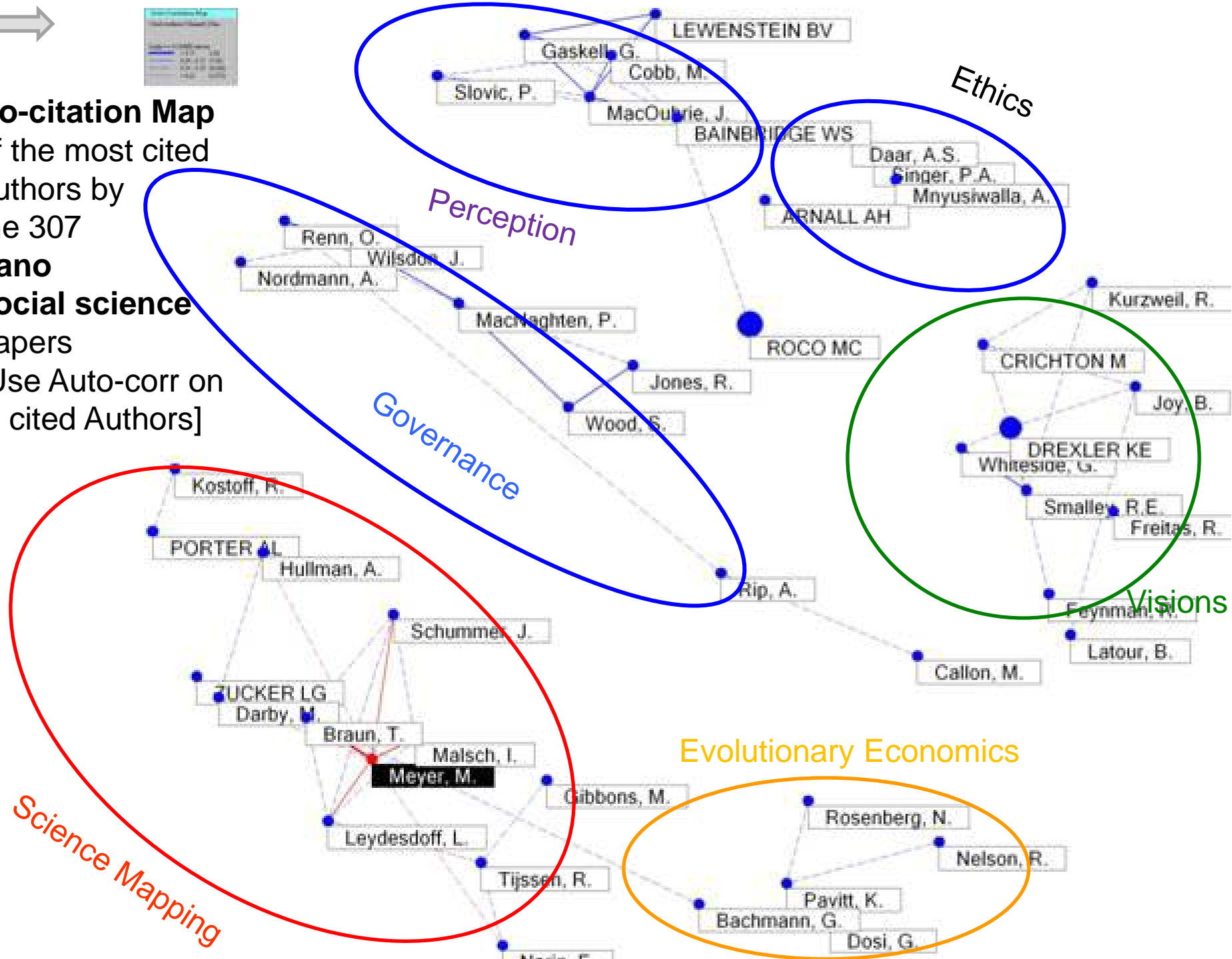
Science Overlay Mapping

- Rafols & Leydesdorff (with Meyer, Porter)
- Based on Web of Science (WoS)
 - Subject Categories (SCs; recast as Web of Science Categories – WCs – with WoS v. 5, late 2011)
 - Can do for Science (Science Citation Index) ~175 SCs, or
 - Science + Social Science (include Social Science Citation Index) ~224 SCs
- Base map
 - Nodes (SCs) and background links -- derive from an SC-by-SC cosine similarity matrix from a year of journal cross-citation data (recently, 2010)
 - Labels reflect groupings of SCs
- Overlays – a given body of research activity (e.g., a set of publications indexed in WoS)

1. SC relatedness based on one year's data –
WOS Journal X Journal **cross-citation** matrix
2. Loet Leydesdorff transforms to SC X SC matrix
 - Devise our interdisciplinarity metrics based on these
3. **Macro-Disciplines** come from Ismael Rafols' factor analyses:
 - 175 SC science base map (14 factors)
 - **224 SC science + social science base map (19 factors = Macro-Disciplines)**
4. **Meta-Disciplines** – we can further group to 4 or 6 overarching categories



Co-citation Map
of the most cited
authors by
the 307
nano
social science
papers
[Use Auto-corr on
hi cited Authors]



Web of Science ("WOS")

- Indexes publications from ~12,000 leading journals
- Recently >1.5 million papers per year
- Includes several databases
 - **Science Citation Index Expanded (SCI)**
 - **Social Sciences Citation Index (SSCI)**
 - Arts & Humanities Citation Index (A&HCI)
 - Conference Proceedings
- Provides field-structured abstract records
 - Classify journals into **Subject Categories ("SCs")** – presently, 224 for SCI + SSCI
 - Provide Cited References for each paper – we apply thesauri to associate to **Cited SCs**
 - Separately search for Citing records for each paper to discern **Citing SCs**

Sample WOS Abstract Record (excerpted)

AU Oliver-Hoyo, M

Gerber, RW

TI From the research bench to the teaching laboratory: Gold nanoparticle layering

SO JOURNAL OF CHEMICAL EDUCATION

DT Article

C1 N Carolina State Univ, Dept Chem, Raleigh, NC 27695 USA.

AB ...

CR BENTLEY AK, 2005, [J CHEM EDUC](#), V82, P765

BOLSTAD DB, 2002, [J CHEM EDUC](#), V79, P1101

HALE PS, 2005, [J CHEM EDUC](#), V82, P775, ...



Use thesauri to associate “J
Chem Educ” with its SCs

NR 16

TC 1

PY 2007

VL 84

IS 7

BP 1174

EP 1176

SC [Chemistry, Multidisciplinary; Education, Scientific Disciplines](#)



HSD vs Citing SC changes

