

## ERS Use of Food Assistance Administrative Records

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### Census-ERS-FNS Joint Project

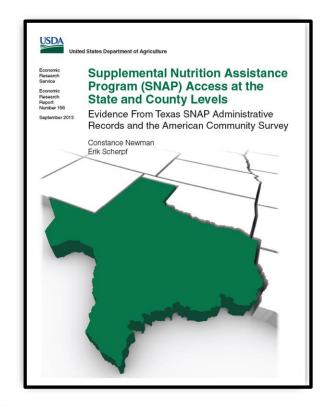
Broad goals include informing policymakers, managers, and the public on:

- Who participates in USDA food assistance programs?
- How does participation affect people's lives?
- Who does not participate and why?



### 1. SNAP Access Rate

(Newman and Scherpf, 2013)













### SNAP Participation Rates (2012)

- A key measure of program performance:
   "effectiveness in reaching eligible people"
- National: 83% (working poor: 72%)
- State: From 56% (Wyoming) . . .
  - ... to 100% (Maine, Michigan, Oregon)







#### ERS developed a SNAP Access Rate:

- Sub-state geography (county-level)
- Subgroups (at State-level, or by county)
- Census is using the ERS report (on Texas) as template for providing results to other States.









#### Methodology

Link State-level SNAP admin data to American Community Survey.

#### Benefit of admin data:

- ✓ the universe of SNAP participants in a State
- ✓ known for completeness and accuracy (any receipt in past year?)

#### Benefit of ACS data:

- ✓ Contains non-SNAP participants
- ✓ Annual income data—used to model SNAP income eligibility

#### Benefit of linked data:

✓ Access rate cannot be estimated using either set of data by itself







#### Statistical Issues

#### Related to ACS:

- ACS income data are measured on annual basis
- ACS Household is not identical to "SNAP unit"
- ACS lack detailed data used to determine official eligibility at SNAP offices

#### Related to linking:

- 4. Most but not all records PIKed
  - > 2008-09 TX admin data: 88% units PIKed for ALL members
  - > 2009 ACS: 94% sim. units lack PIKs for ALL members







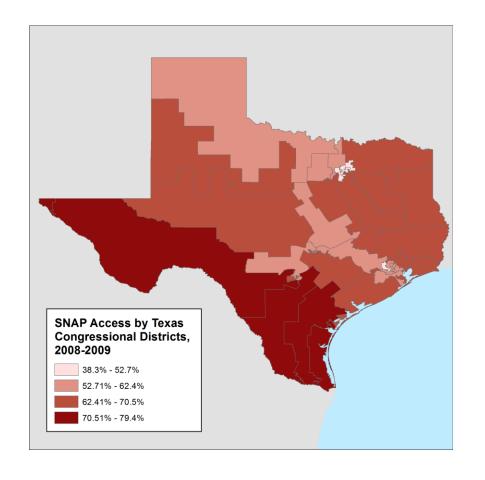
### **SNAP Access Rates: Geographic**

(2009 ACS)

Texas: 63%

Among 25 "large"
 counties: 46% to 78%

 Among congressional districts: 37% to 77%











### SNAP Access Rates: Demographic (2009 ACS)

	El Paso	Hidalgo
Spanish-Speaking Households, Overall	75%	80%
Not Linguistically Isolated	82%	82%
Linguistically Isolated	67%	80%

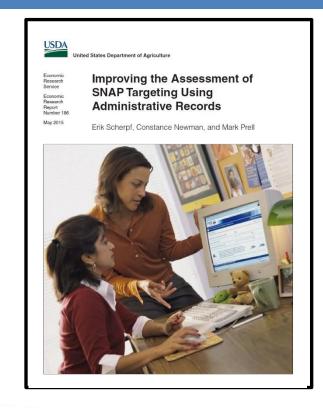






### 2. SNAP Targeting

(Scherpf et al., 2013)















#### Measures of Targeting

- What percentage of all SNAP <u>participants</u> have the "very lowest" income?
- What percentage of all SNAP <u>benefits</u> are received by participants with the "very lowest" income?





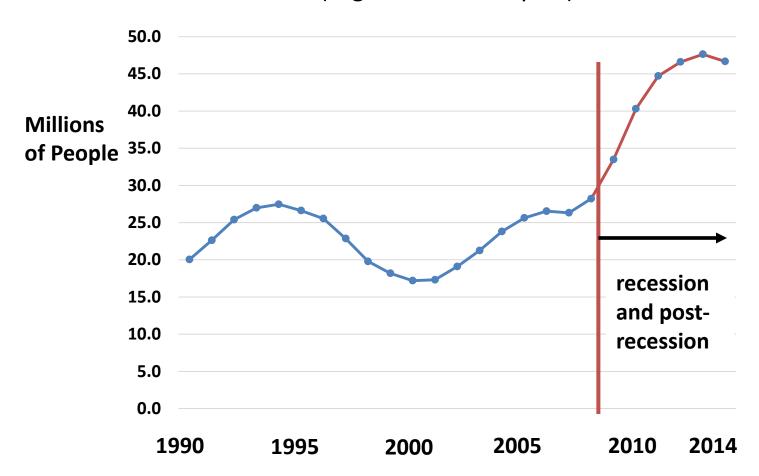






#### **SNAP Participation**

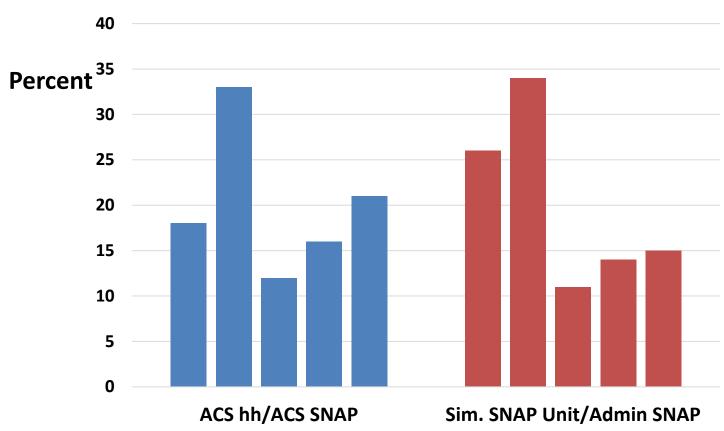
(avg month of the year)









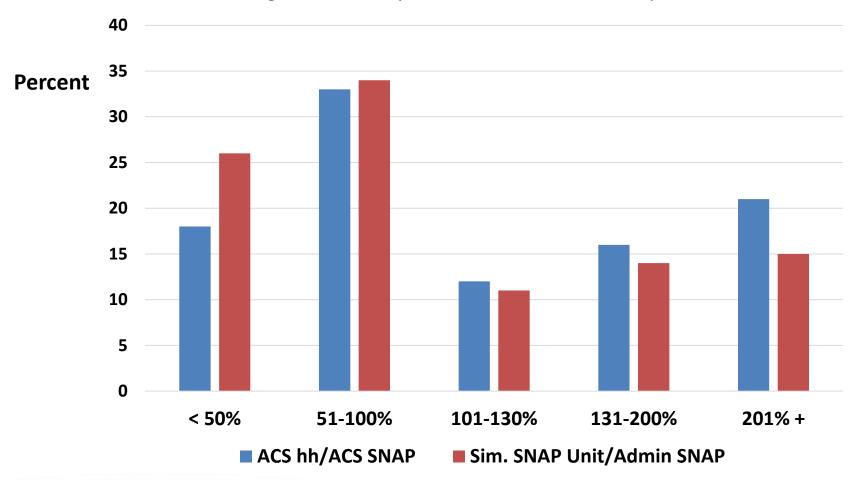










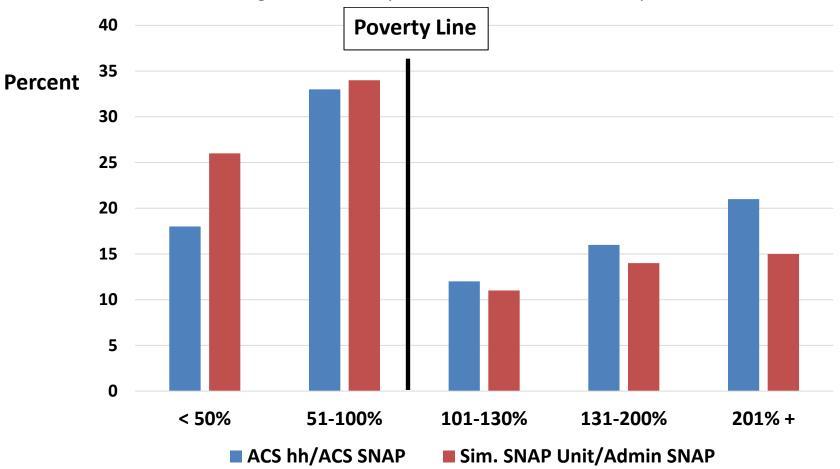










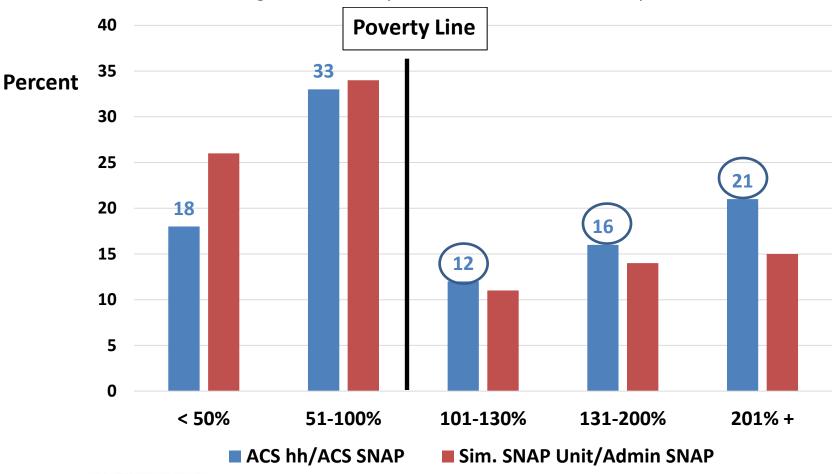








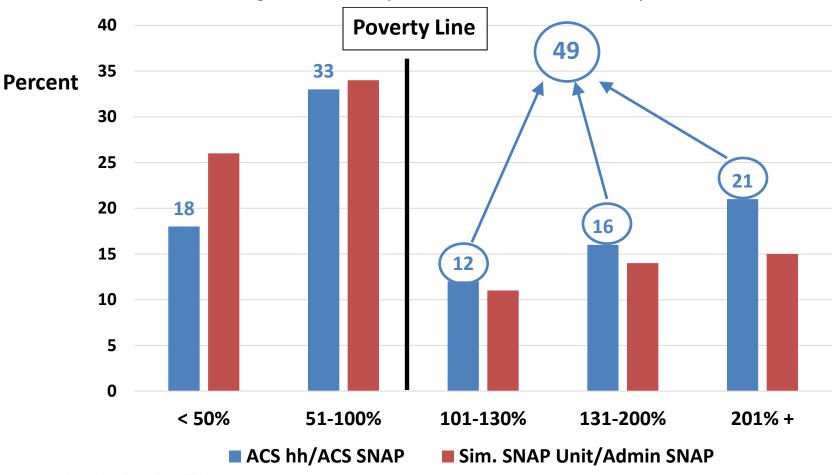




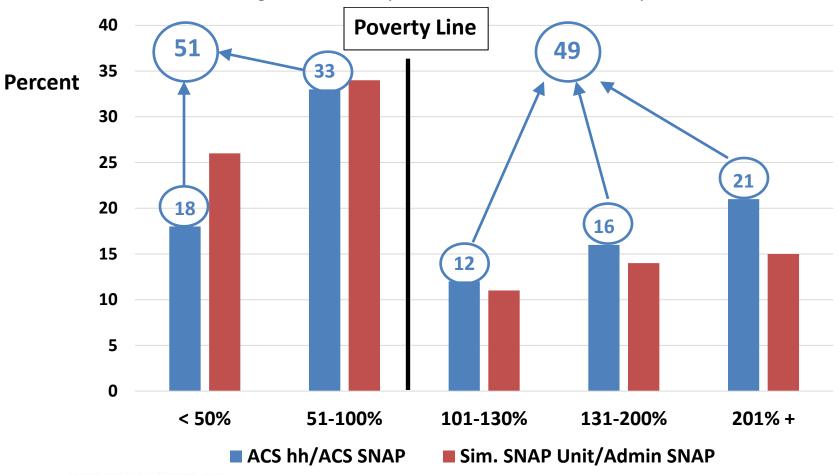








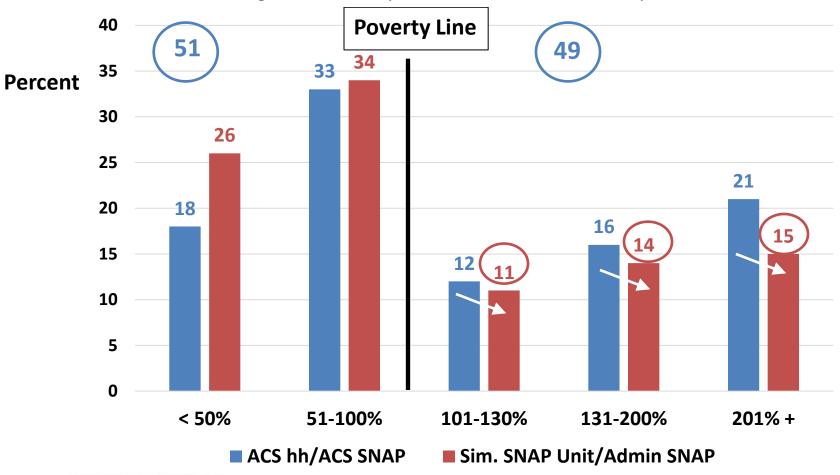










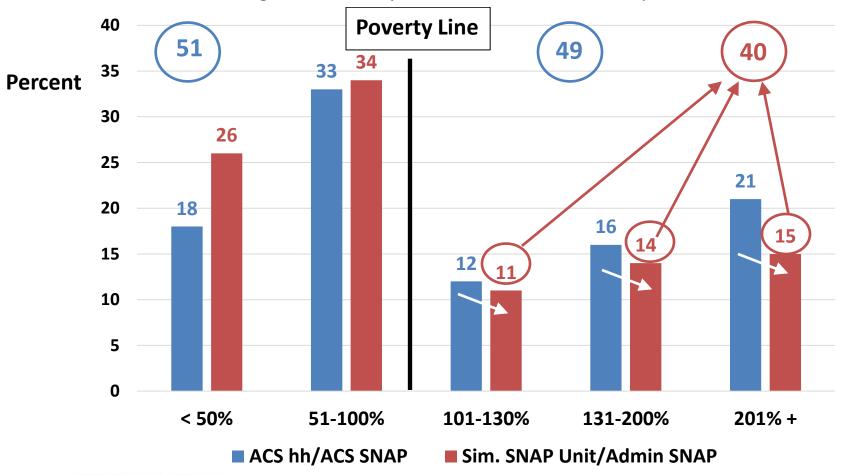










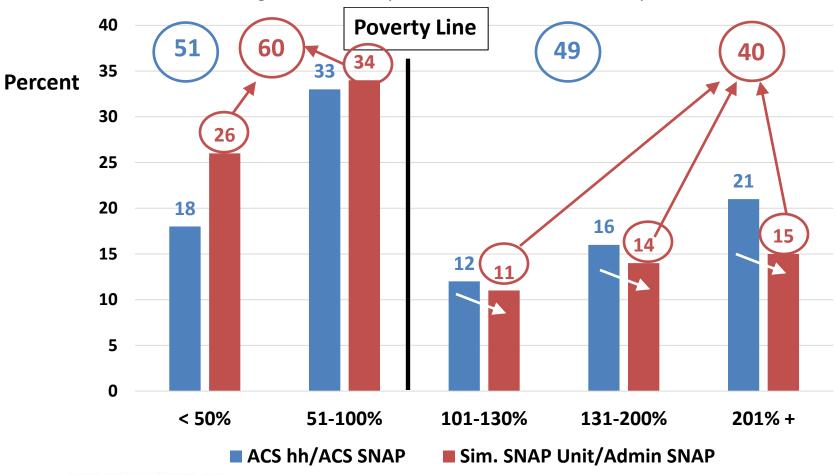








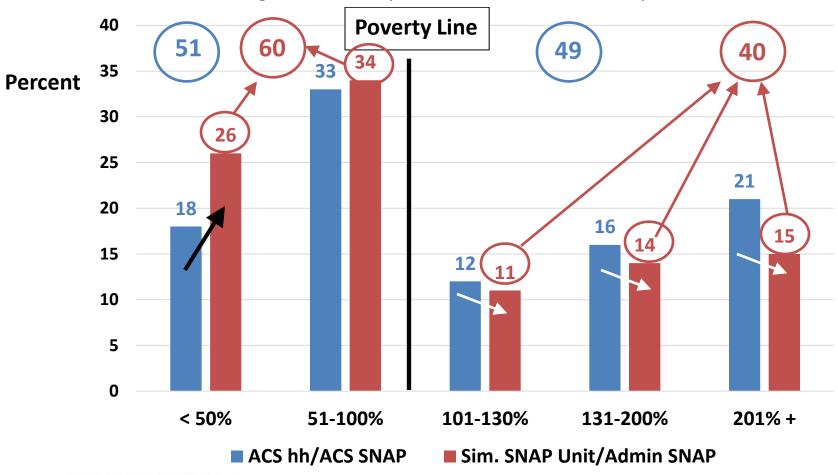








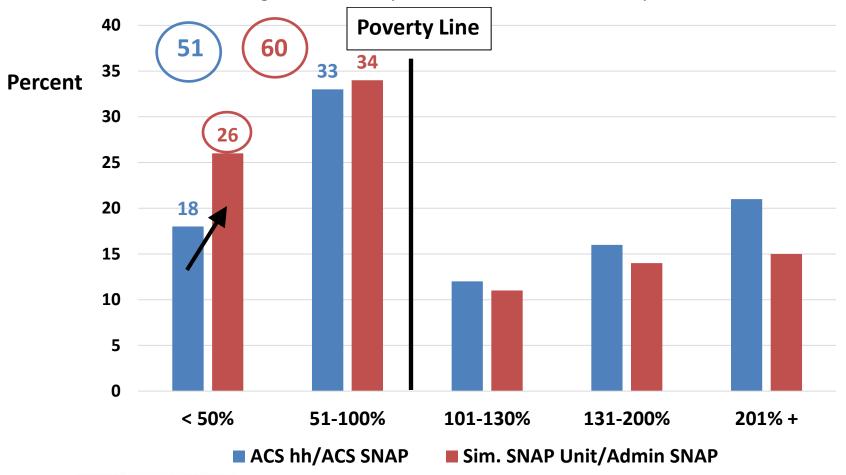








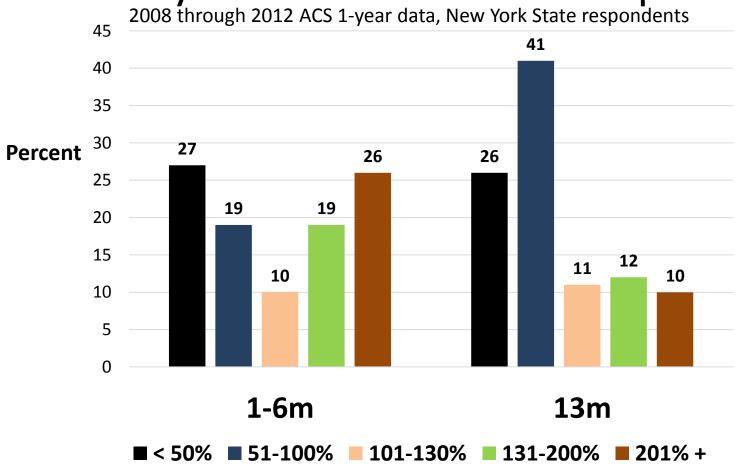








# Dist'n of Income, Sim. SNAP units, by Months of SNAP Receipt





### 3. SNAP Dynamics

(Prell et al., 2015)











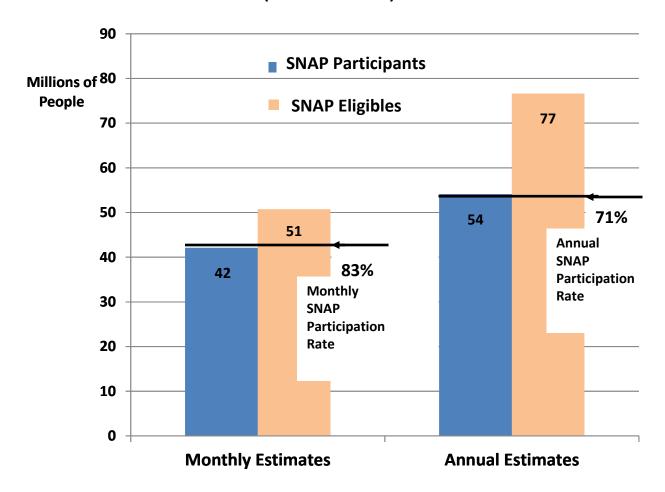
# Annual SNAP part. rate complements Monthly SNAP part. rate

- Federal survey data on SNAP participation frequently use an annual timeframe
  - "Did you receive SNAP at some time during year?"
- If use annual timeframe for participation, important to use annual timeframe for estimating eligibles
- Annual participation rate differs from Monthly rate
  - reflects a different mix of subgroups (e.g. elderly, disabled, working poor)



#### Main result: Monthly Rate > Annual Rate

(2012 data)





### New York Results Using Admin Data (2012)

Monthly SNAP participation rate of 80%

Annual SNAP participation rate of 75%











#### Why Monthly part. rate > Annual part. rate

Monthly eligibles tend to be people with *more* months of eligibility

People with more months of eligibility access SNAP at *higher* rates

Monthly SNAP participation rate exceeds the Annual SNAP participation rate





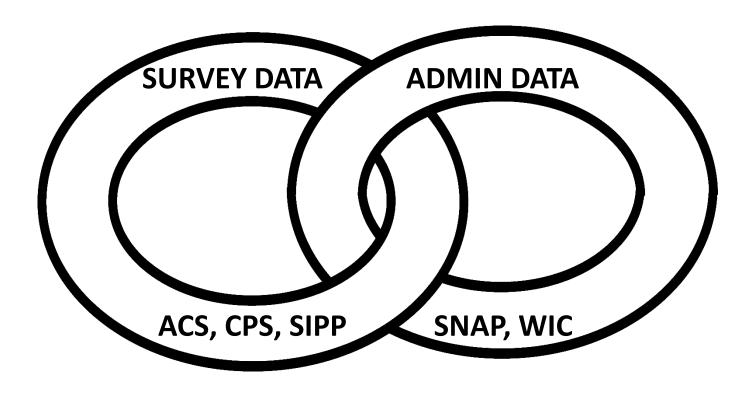






#### **SUMMARY:**

### Benefits of multiple data sources













# Catch these full-length blockbusters on the web!

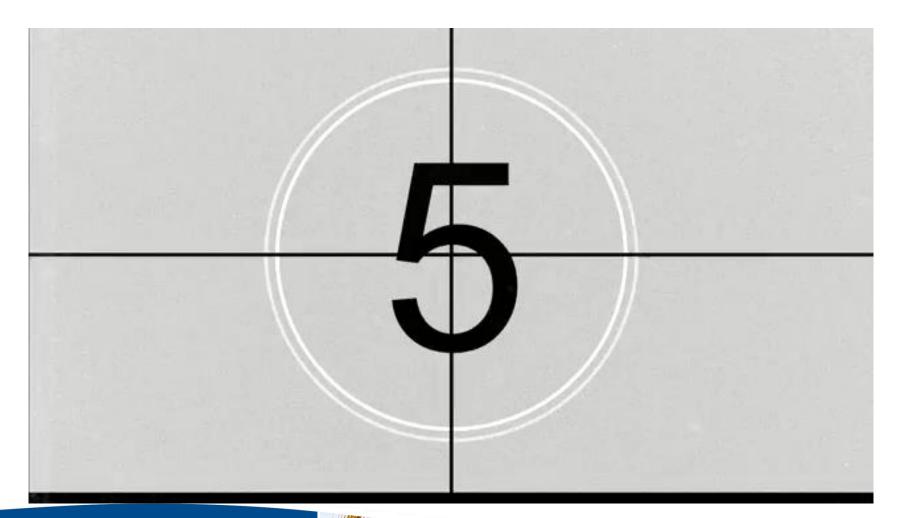








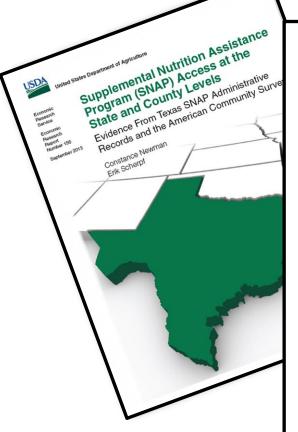
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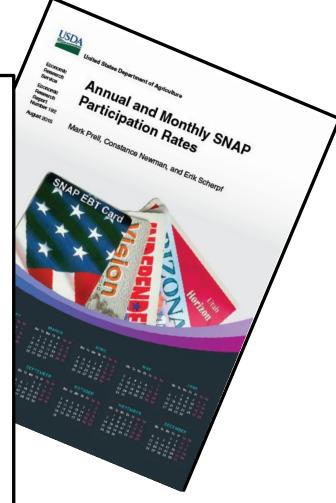
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on the web!



















#### Thanks!

mprell@ers.usda.gov and a cast of thousands





