The National Academies of SCIENCES • ENGINEERING • MEDICINE

POLICY AND GLOBAL AFFAIRS

Administrative and Financial Management of Your PEER Grant

Dalal Najib Robert Gasior

PEER MENA Forum

Amman, March, 13, 2016

National Academy of Sciences (NAS) ... an honorific society of distinguished

... an honorific society of distinguished scholars engaged in scientific and engineering research, dedicated to the furtherance of science and technology and to their use for the general welfare.

1863 NAS Act of Incorporation

...to "investigate, examine, experiment, and report upon any subject of science or art" whenever called upon to do so by any department of the government...



National Academy of Sciences (1863) ACT OF INCORPORATION

National Academy of Engineering (1964) Charted under the Act National Academy of Medicine (2015) Charted under the Act

Methods of Operation

- CONSENSUS STUDIES
 - Balance and Composition of Committees
 - Report Reviews
- CONVENING ACTIVITIES
- OPERATIONAL PROGRAMS
 - Fellowships and Associateships
 - Capacity Building
 - Data Banks
- Publications
 - PNAS

Unique Strength

- Stature of academies' membership
- Ability to get the very best to serve
- Pro bono nature of committee service
- Quality assurance and control procedures
- Reputation for independence & objectivity

Focus Areas in International Activities

- Responding to critical global challenges
- Building capacity in developing countries, including institutional capacity building in grants management and review process
- Pursuing direct relationships with scientists and organizations worldwide
- Advising the U.S. government

Outline

- Financial Matters
- Reporting
- Website
- Travel

Financial Matters

- Keep records of all spending on your PEER Science project including receipts to document purchases of equipment, supplies, travel, salaries and student stipends
- Equipment or service of more than \$5,000: you must get bids from three vendors and document them
- You are **not** allowed to cover the expenses of your USGsponsored partner using PEER funds
- You are not allowed to cover the expenses of participants or personnel from non-PEER eligible countries
- Financial trainings may be organized for most PEER financial officers



Reporting

- Four brief quarterly reports, due each year on January 15, April 15, July 15, and October 15. Pictures are welcome
- Annual reports (detailed): technical and financial
- Final reports due 30 days after the end of the project
- Following year funds will not be disbursed before we receive and approve your annual reports.

Website

- Each grantee has a <u>webpage</u> with his grant summary and updates
- Audiovisual material strongly encouraged
- You are welcome to set-up your own project webpage

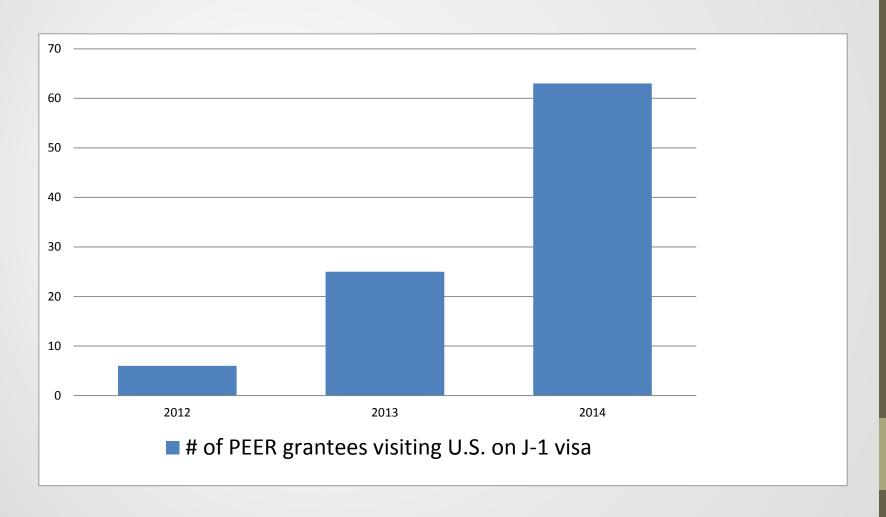
Travel

- You are required to contact your grant manager for review and approval of international flight itineraries before you buy your tickets using PEER funds
- Fly America Act (FAA): you must use U.S. air carriers to the maximum extent available.
 <u>European Union carriers are allowed as well</u>.
- Failure to comply with FAA will disallow your expenses

Travel to the U.S. and Visas

- Travel to the U.S.: the visitor must travel on a USAIDsponsored J-1 visa if any portion of the cost will be covered using PEER funds (unless traveler is receiving salary from PEER)
- Finalize the name(s) of the visitor(s), the dates and purpose of the visit(s)
- Notify your NAS grant manager at least 3 months in advance of any visits to the U.S.
- It is a lengthy process, with several forms to fill out->
 START EARLY

PEER Grantees on J-1 Visas (2012-2014)



Travel to the U.S. and Visa Categories

PEER funds will be
used for U.S. travel
AND
Traveler is not
receiving PEER salary
J-1 visa

USAID-sponsored J-1
 visa process (even if
 traveler has valid B1
 visa)

PEER funds will not be used for U.S.
travel
OR
Traveler is receiving
PEER salary

 B-1 visa or US hostsponsored visa

USAID-Sponsored J-1 Visa Application Process

NAS & USAID are closely involved in time-sensitive process

DS-2019* form issued by USAID

Single entry visa with strict arrival and departure monitoring

U.S. Arrival and Departure Procedure for J-1 Visa Travelers

Traveler must notify NAS of timely arrival on the day of arrival in U.S. – no later than within 3 days of program start date

Upon arrival traveler must send to NAS a copy of arrival record (I-94 form)

Traveler must notify NAS of any address changes

On the day of departure from U.S. traveler (or U.S. host) must confirm departure prior to boarding the plane – no later than within 3 days of program end date

Upon return home, traveler must

- Forward to NAS copies of passport pages with country reentry stamps;
- Send updated U.S. trip cost summary. U.S. program report and photos are welcome!

J-1 Visa Conditions of Sponsorship

2-Year Home Residency Requirement:

Traveler may continue traveling to the U.S. under non-immigrant visas (B-1, J-1, F-1), but cannot apply for a "green card" (a Permanent Resident Card), or come to the U.S. on a work visa (H-1 or L-1) until after they have met the two-year home residency requirement.

Travel with B-1 Visa

B-1 visa is obtained by traveler independently

Must comply with Fly America Act or Open Skies Agreement IF PEER funds will be used for travel

Report trip results in the next PEER project quarterly report

Communication with your US partner

- To achieve PEER program objective
- Coordinate travel to the U.S. (letters of invitation)
- Outreach to USAID in Washington DC and sponsoring USG agency
- Be creative when it comes to communication

Don't forget...

- Inclusiveness: please make every effort to ensure that women are included in your projects to the maximum extent possible
- **Publicity**: you are strongly encouraged to help spread the word about your PEER activities. Reach out to USAID staff and involve them in dissemination workshop.
- Branding: include the USAID logo on major equipment items, Web sites and written materials for public distribution produced with PEER funds.



Communicating with your grant manager

- Reporting
- Travel
- No-cost extension of your grant
- Changes to your approved proposal during your performance period
- Problems with your USG sponsored partner
- Problems with your institution (getting funds...)

Communicating with your grant manager

- Training opportunities (financial training, regional conference,...)
- Funding opportunities
- Site-visits by NAS/USAID/USG staff
- Any additional information about your work

Questions?