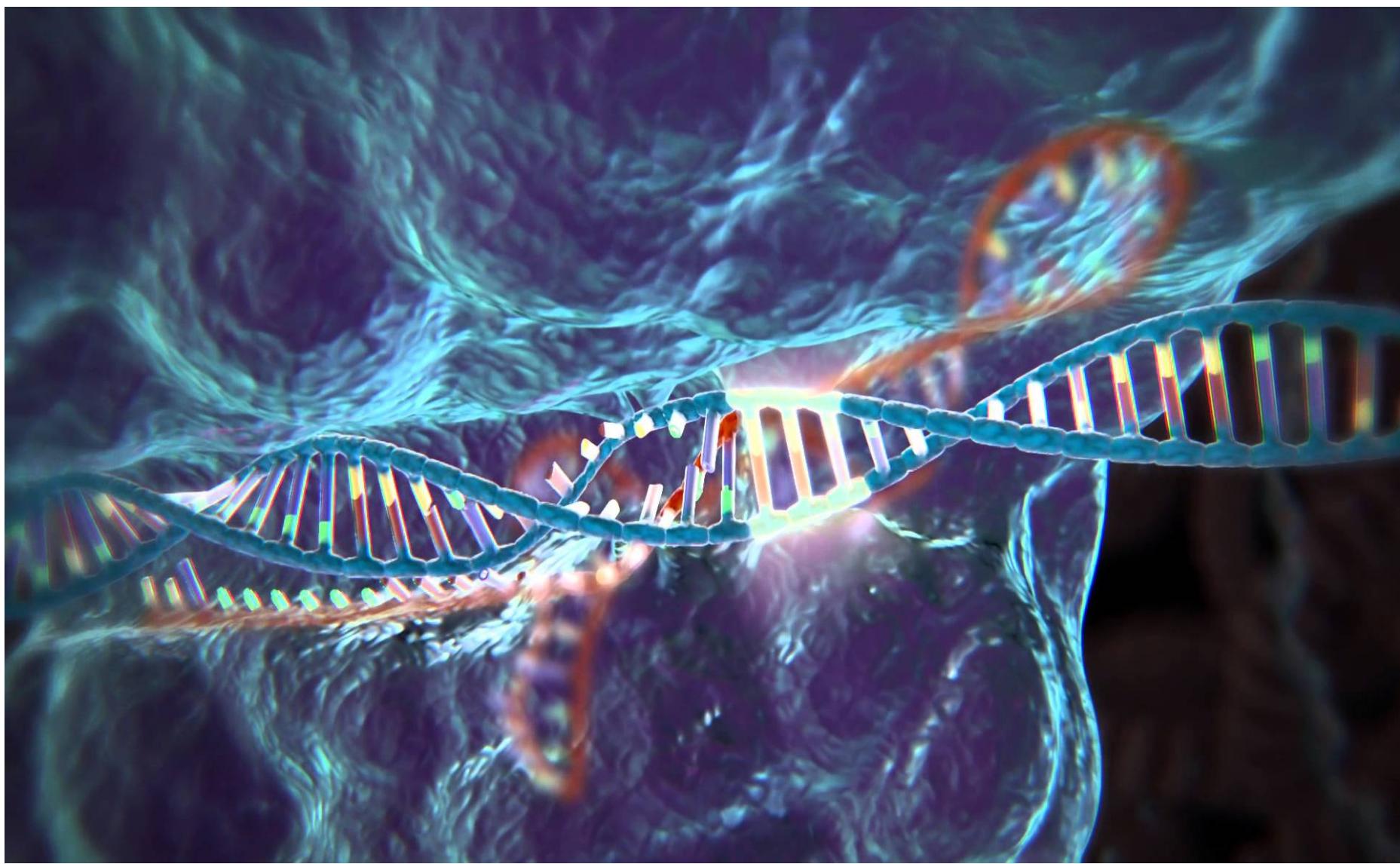


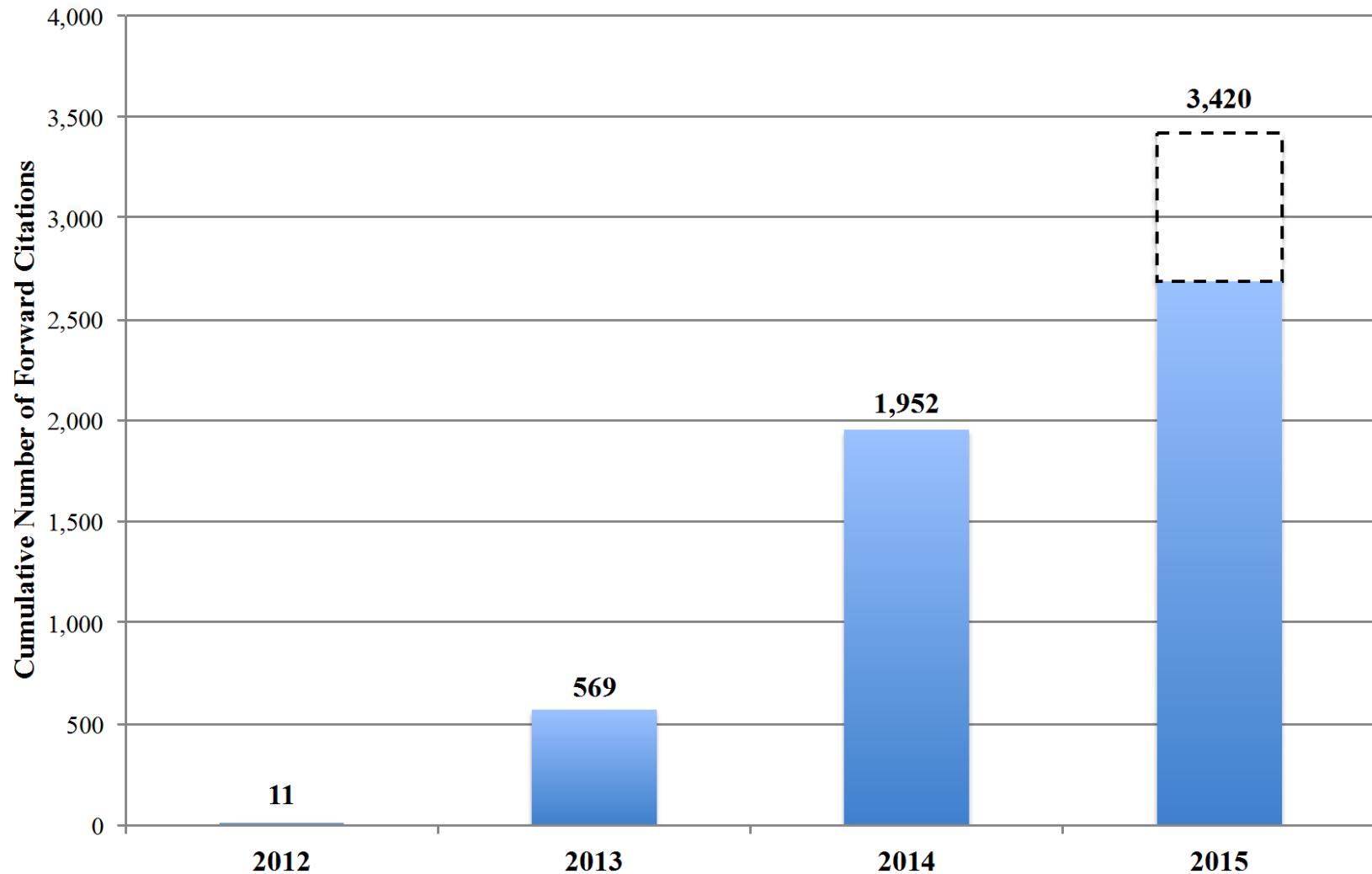
Innovation Measurement of the Future: An Agenda

Scott Stern, MIT and NBER

May 2016
NCSES/CNSTAT Workshop on
Advancing Concepts and Models of Innovative
Activity and STI Indicator Systems







What is CRISPR? Drug Developers Harness The New Genome Editing Tool; But Can It Deliver Novel Drugs?



AstraZeneca announces four collaborations to use CRISPR technology for genome editing across its drug discovery platform



Some Characteristics of Innovation

- Cumulative
- Uncertain and Highly Skewed
- Distributed Impact and Application (beyond traditional STI Indicators)

How do these fundamental characteristics of innovation get reflected in our innovation measurement framework?

Are we able to move beyond examples?

Standing on the Shoulders of Giants

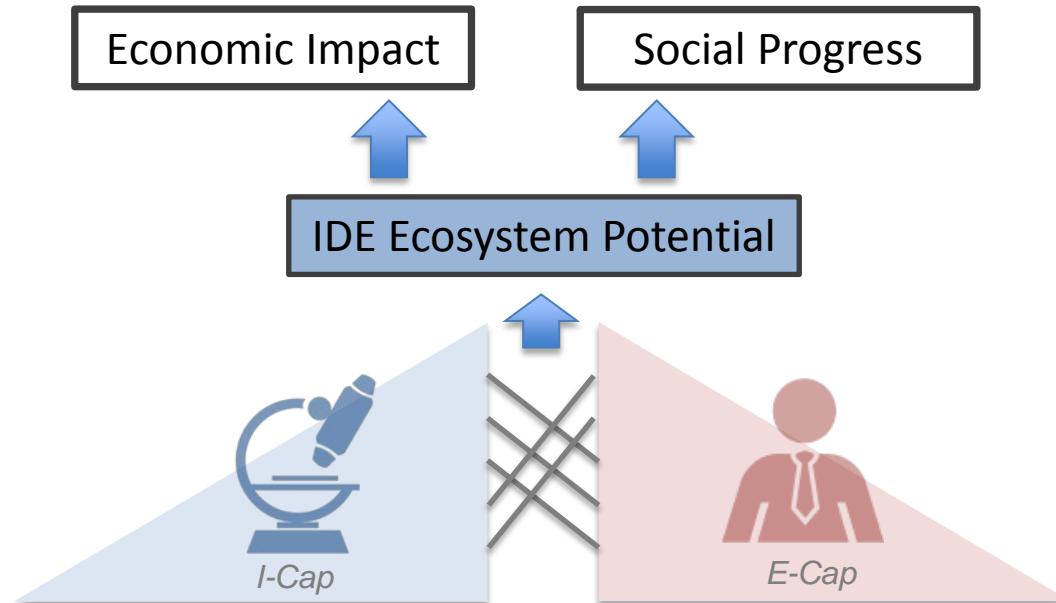


- Long-term economic growth depends on the ability to draw upon an ever-wider body of scientific & technical knowledge (Rosenberg, Mokyr, Romer, Aghion & Howitt, David & Dasgupta)
- Ideas-based growth ultimately depends on increasing returns in the innovation production function

$$\dot{A} = \delta A^\phi L_A^\lambda \Rightarrow g_A = \delta A^{\phi-1} L_A^\lambda$$

- But, how do we know that innovation is cumulative, and how and whether the degree of cumulativeness varies by time and place?

IDE Ecosystem



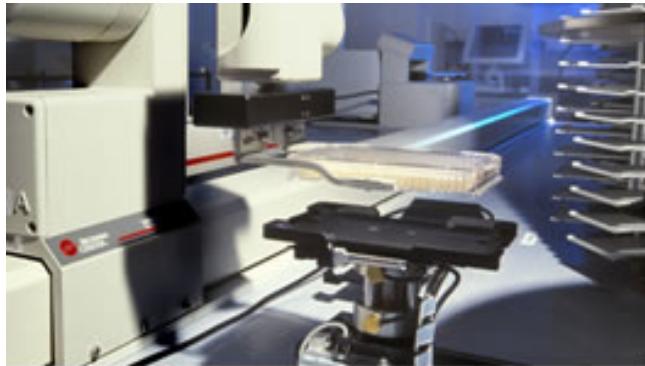
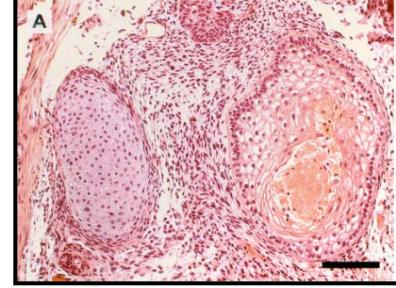
Cluster Based Comparative Advantage



Foundational Institutions

***How does we measure the cumulativeness
of the innovation system?***

The Impact of Biological Resource Centers (with J. Furman), AER



Cooperative Human Tissue Network
OSU Tissue Procurement Services
- MidWestern Division



ATCC
The Global Bioresource Center™

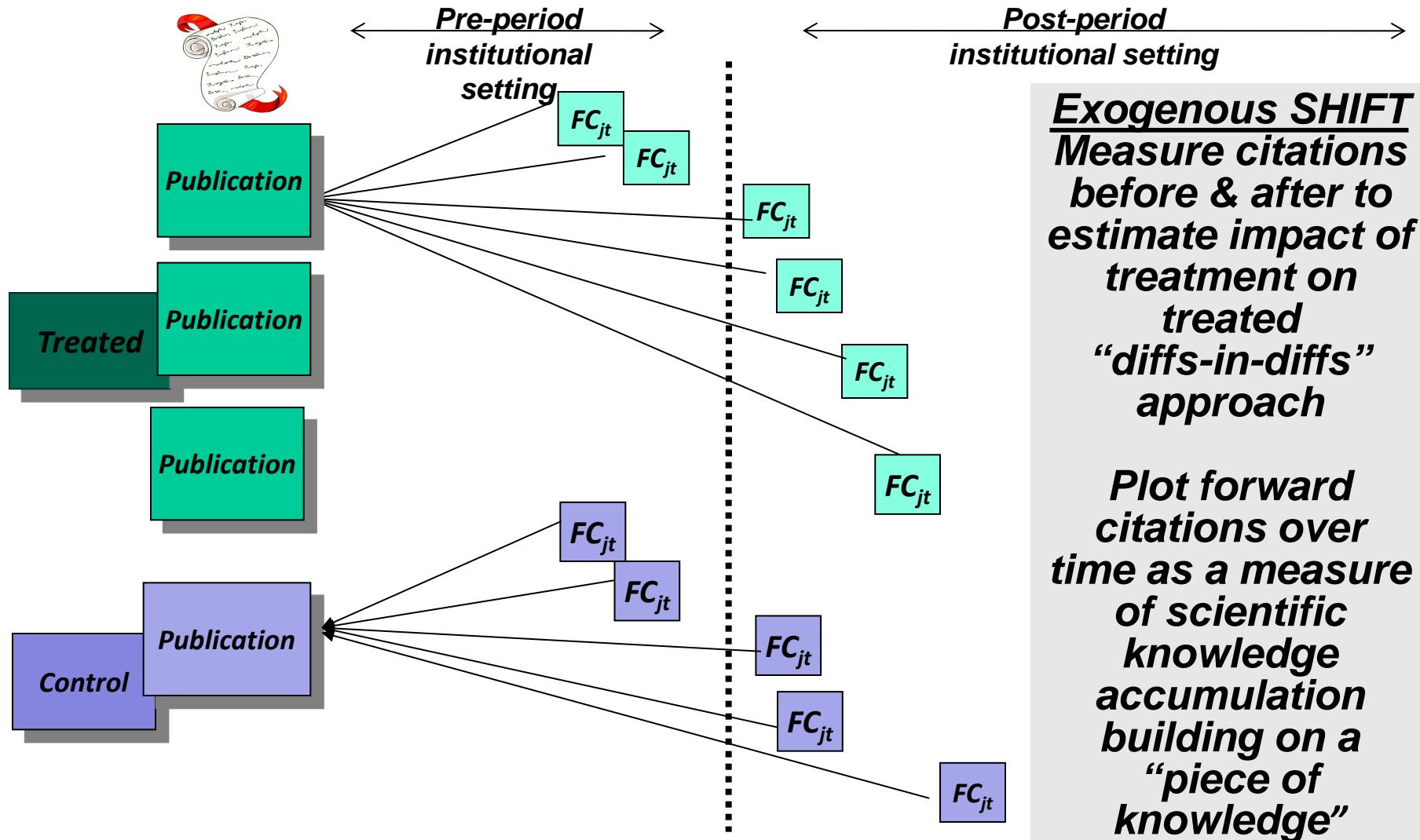
RIKEN BIORESOURCE CENTER
JAPAN COLLECTION OF
MICROORGANISMS



Prostate SPORE National
Biospecimen Network Pilot
National Cancer Institute

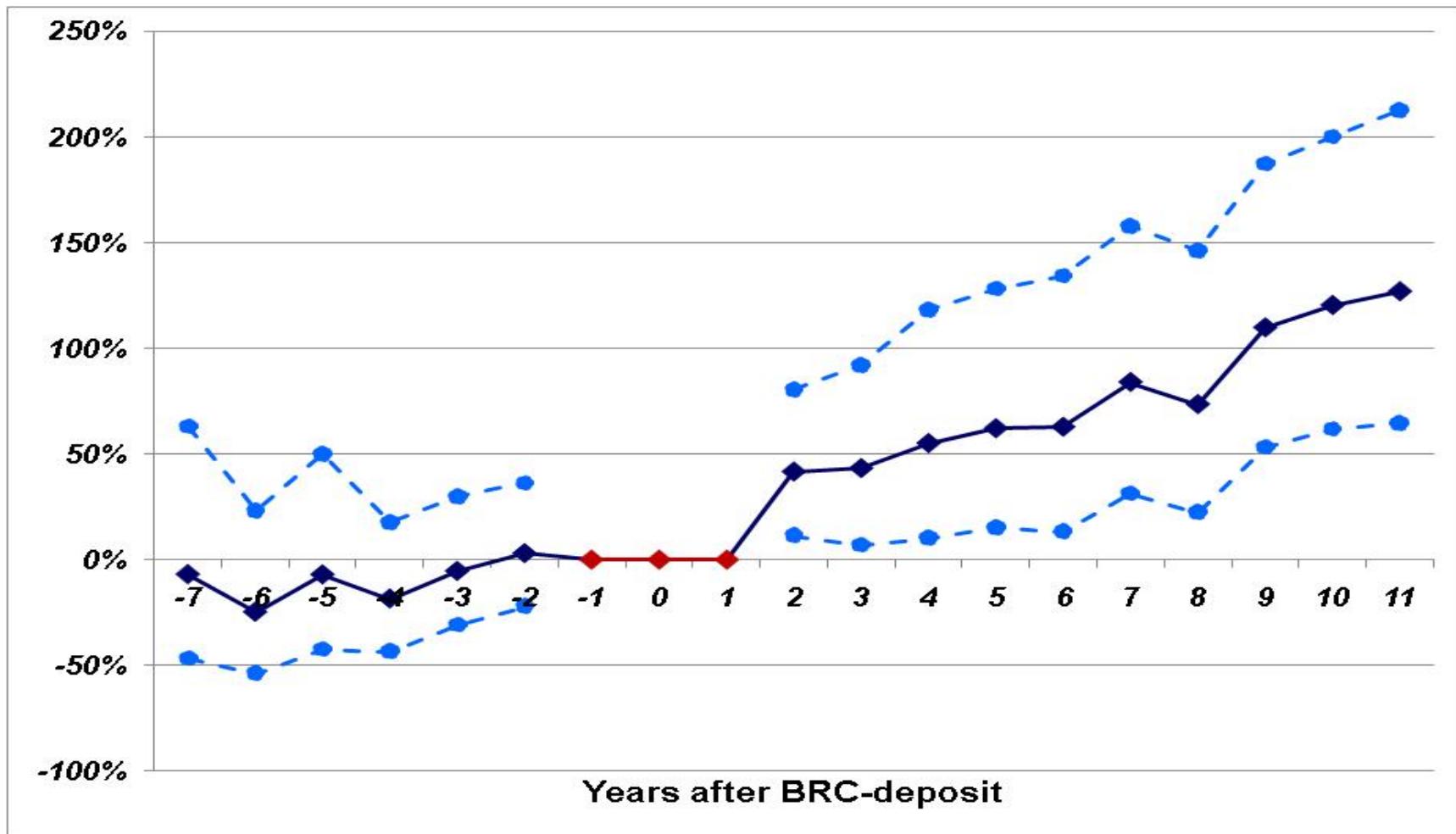
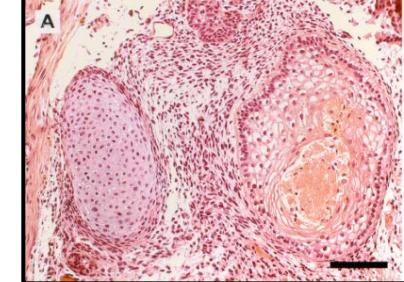


Empirical Framework: Diffs-in-diffs analysis of citations received



How does the rate of citation of a scientific article change after the materials association with that article have been deposited in a culture collection?

Impact of Deposit Grows Over Time and Does Not Exist Prior to Deposit



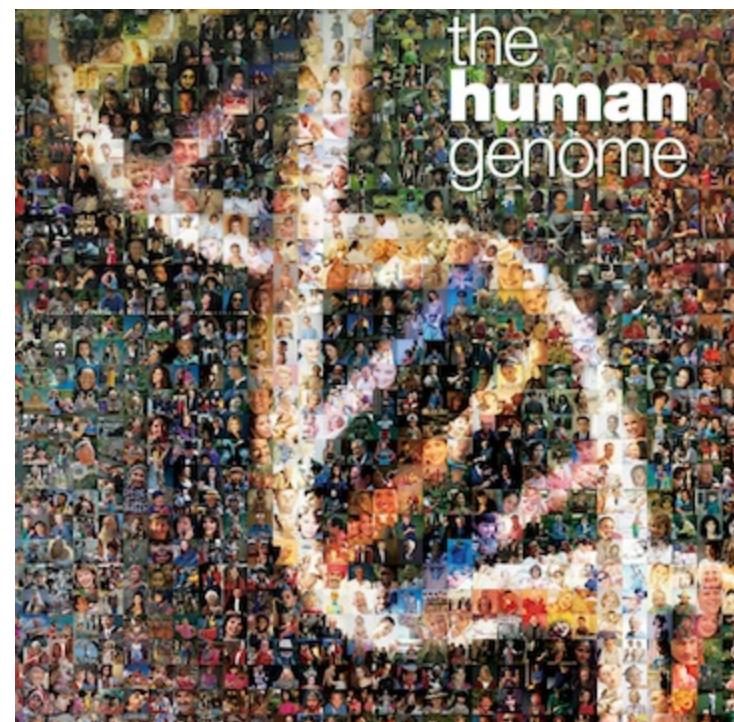
But, how can we aggregate our study of cumulativeness (and the role of institutions and policy in shaping cumulativeness and outcomes) beyond the level of individual “pieces” of knowledge?



Intellectual Property Rights and Innovation: Evidence from the Human Genome (Heidi Williams, MIT)



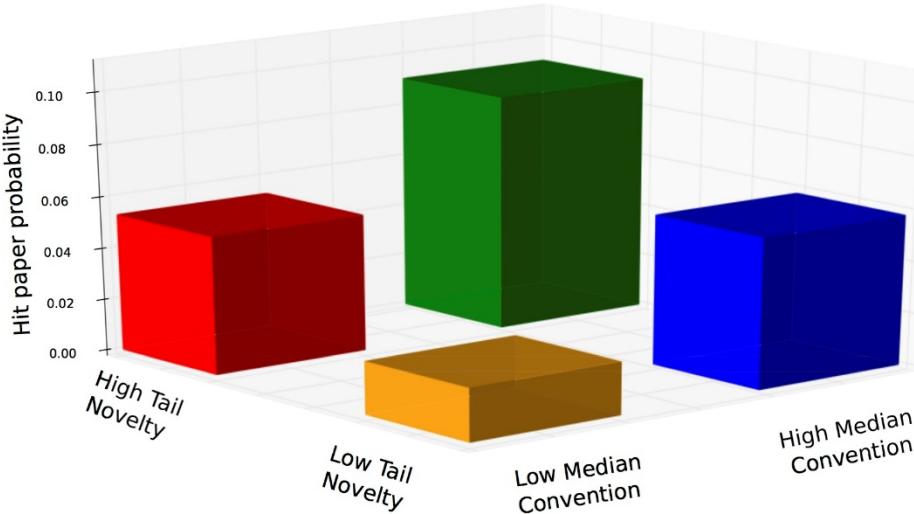
- During the final years of the HGP, competition between HGP and Celera, with *temporary* licensing rights for Celera sequences occurring prior to HGP coverage
 - Only lasted 2 years at most
- Williams examines whether follow-on research on individual genes in the post-HGP era were impacted by Celera IPR claims
- Results suggest an ~30% reduction in subsequent publications, phenotype-genotype linkages, and diagnostic tests for genes first sequenced by Celera



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Underlying Structure of Uncertain and Highly Skewed S&T and E&I Outcomes

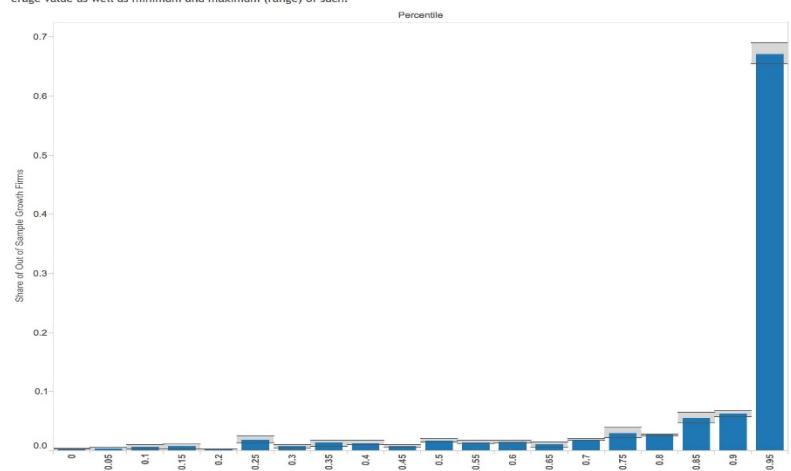


Structure to the Skew of Entrepreneurial Quality (Fazio, Guzman, et al, 2013)

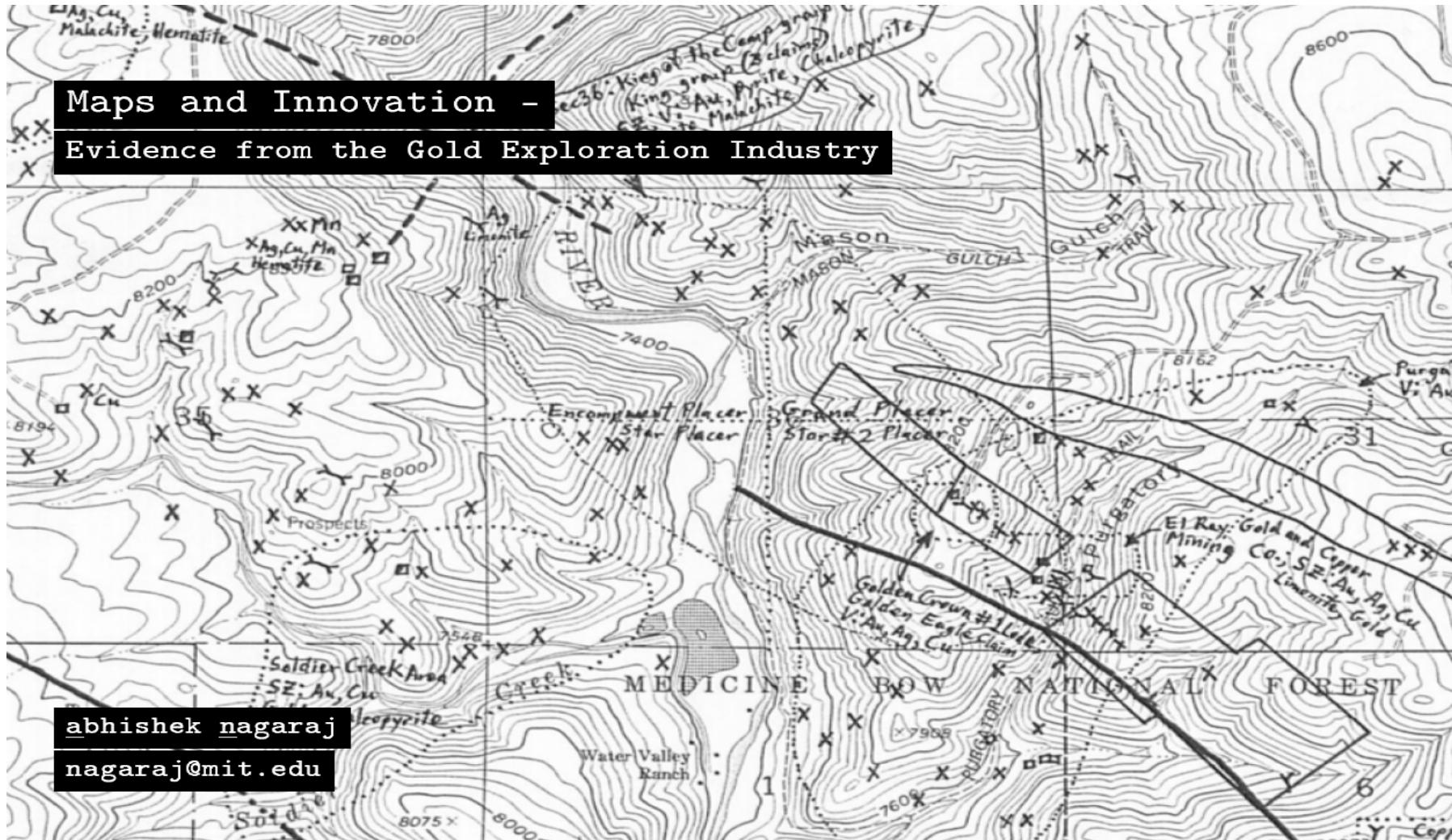
Structure to the Skew of Cumulative Knowledge (Jones, Uzzi, 2013)

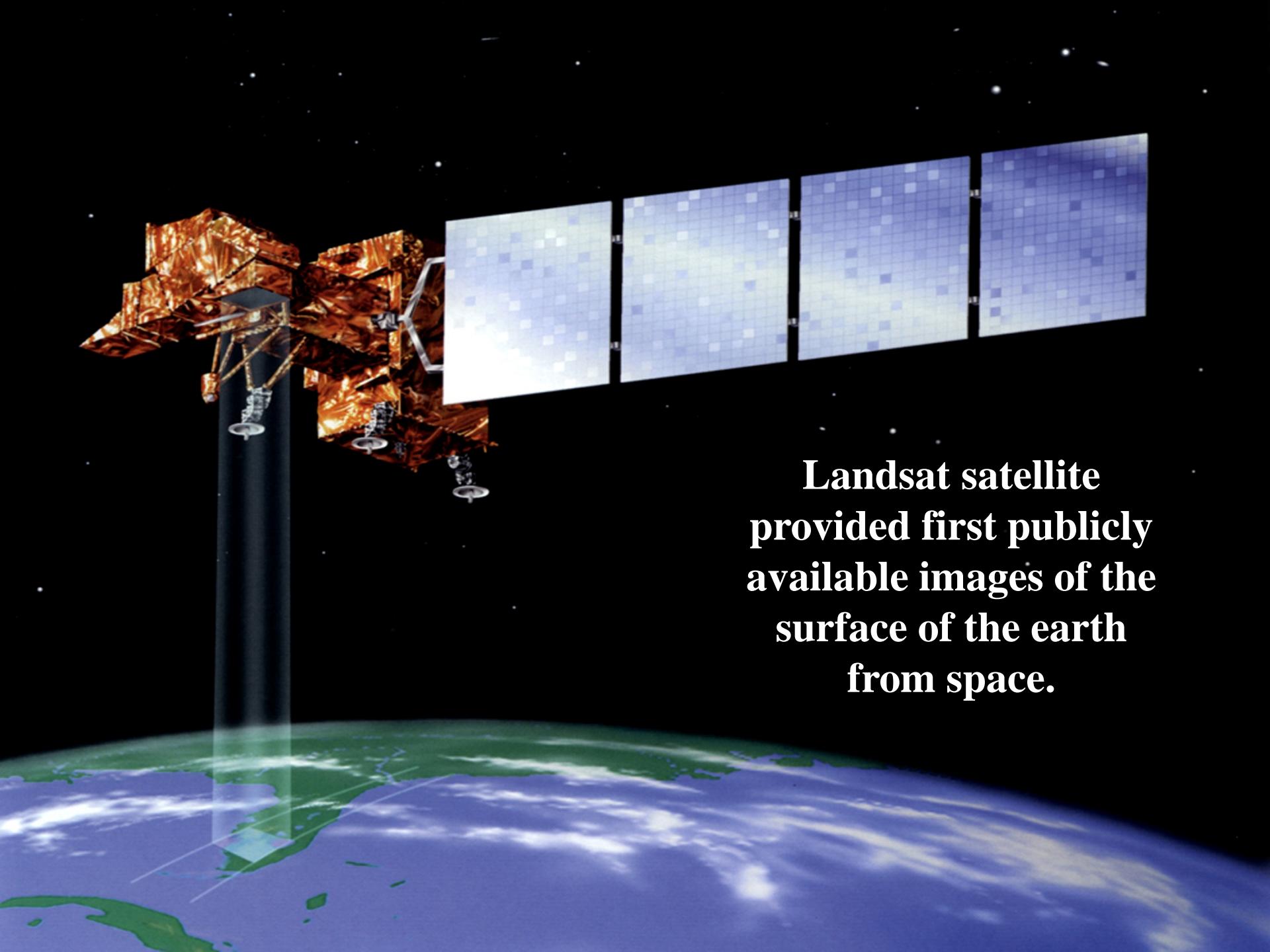
10-Fold Test of Predictive Quality of Model*
Top 1% includes 51% of growth outcomes (range: [49%, 53%])
Top 5% includes 69% of growth outcomes (range: [65%, 72%])
Top 10% includes 75% of growth outcomes (range: [70%, 79%])

*10-Fold analysis of model separates the model into 10 random samples and then uses each of those sample as a test sample. We report the average value as well as minimum and maximum (range) of such.



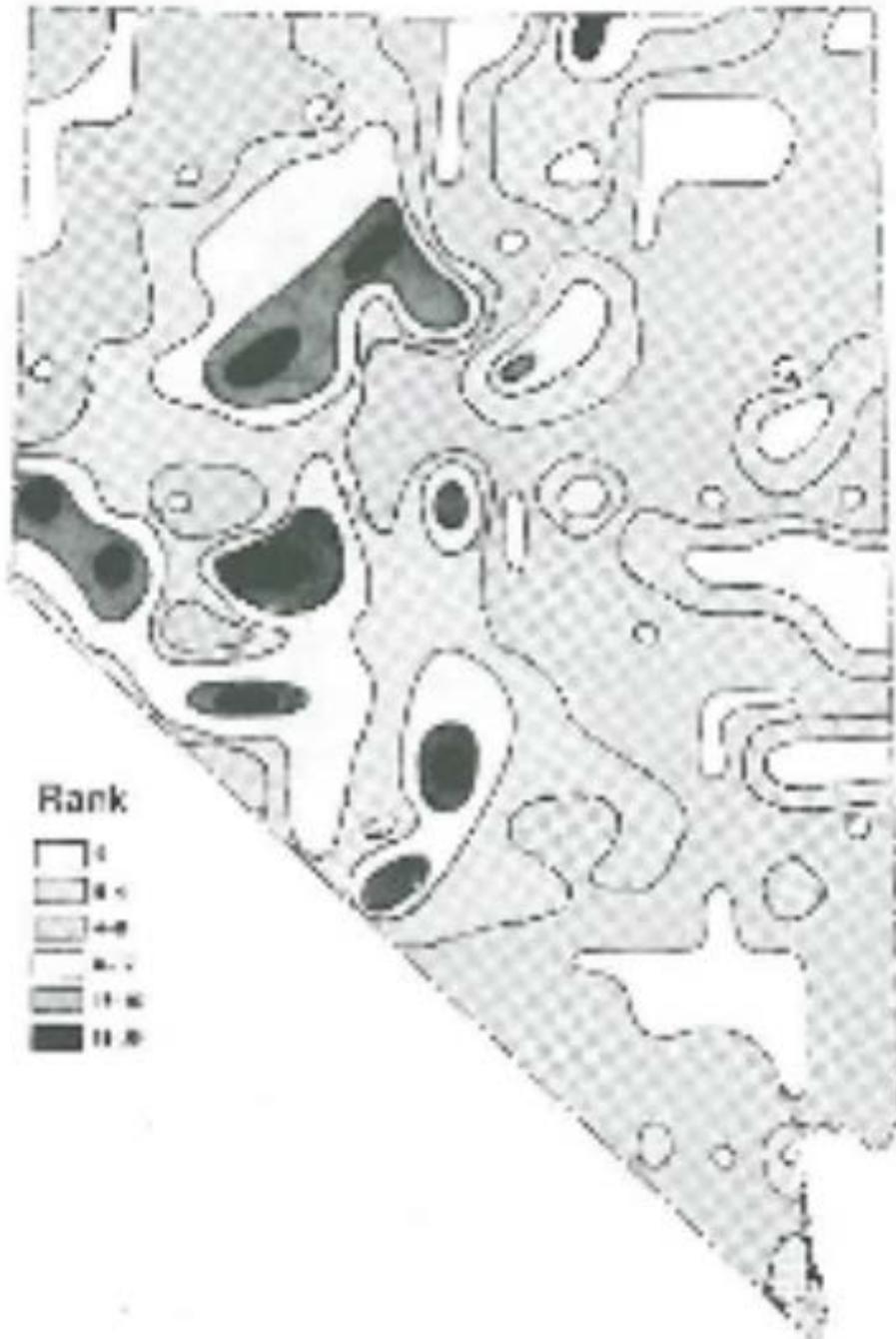
Maps and Innovation: Evidence from the Gold Exploration Industry, Abhishek Nagaraj, MIT Sloan, 2016





**Landsat satellite
provided first publicly
available images of the
surface of the earth
from space.**

It is possible to use the information from these images to develop a “heatmap” for potential new gold discoveries (and other resources)

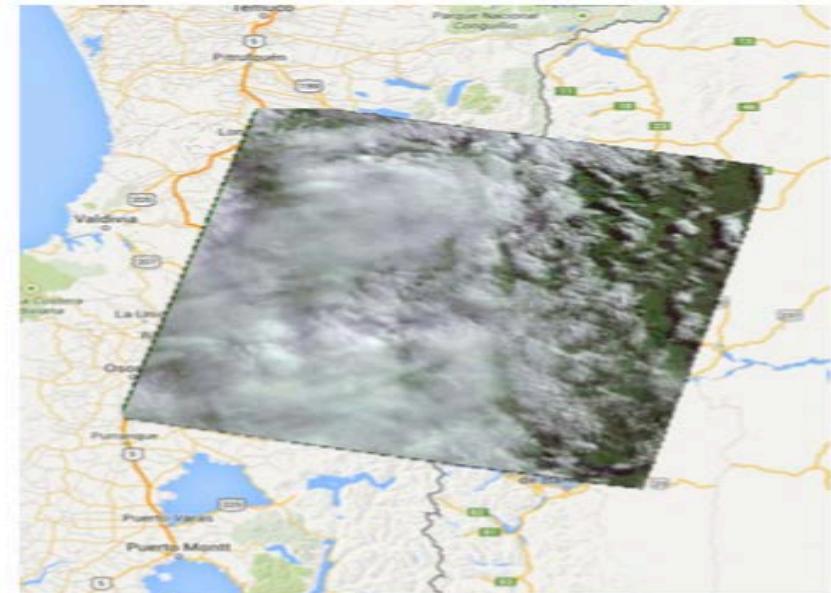


How did the availability of “open” maps impact discovery and entrepreneurship in the gold industry?

- Nagaraj takes advantage of the fact that the timing of a “clear” image from the Landsat program had a large random element
 - Wide variation in the date at which photos were taken
 - Clear images depended on “no cloud cover” images



(1) Block 25177, Chile
Cloud free imagery available
Amax Gold Discovery reported in 1980



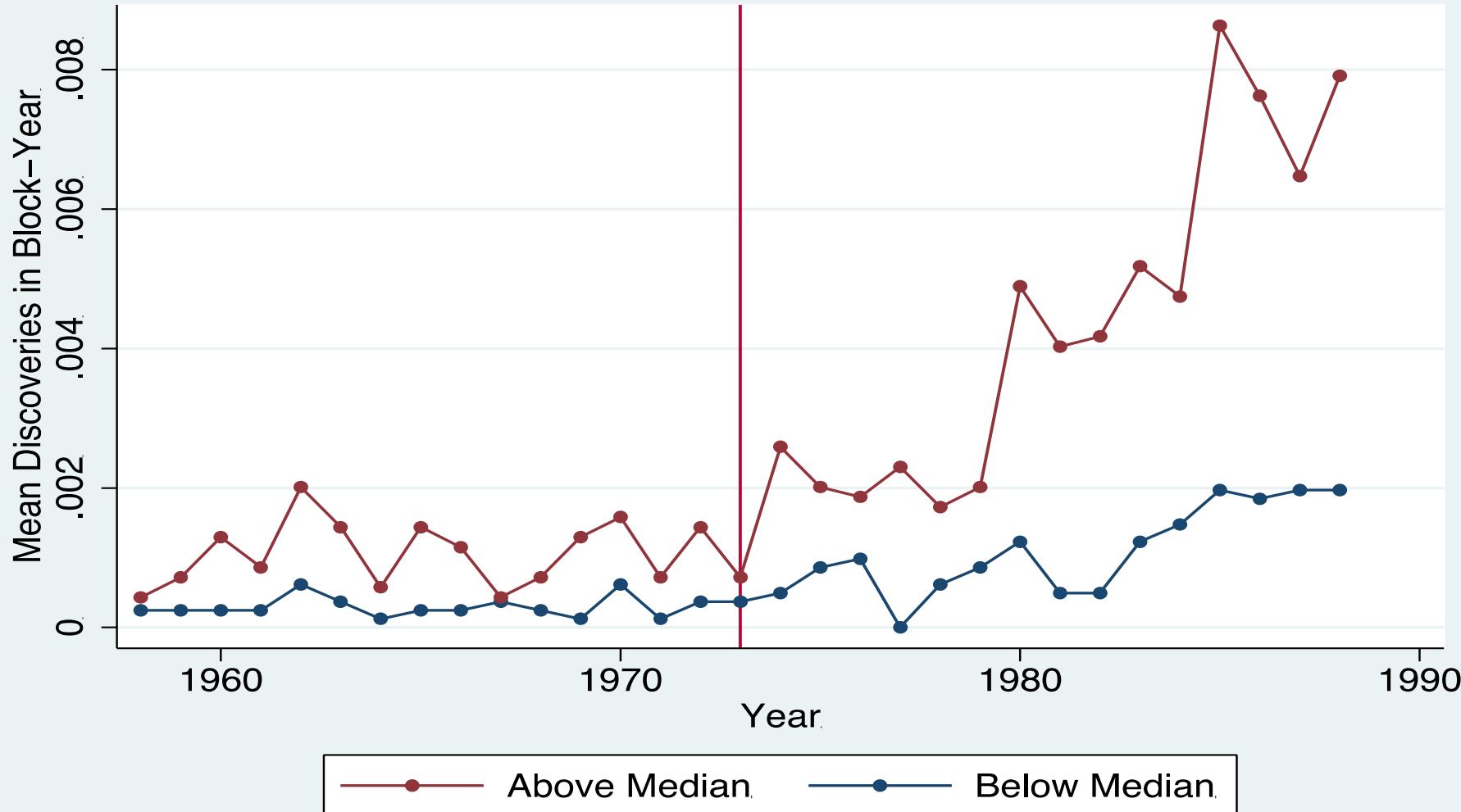
(2) Block 24988, Chile
No cloud free imagery available by 1983
No discovery reported till date

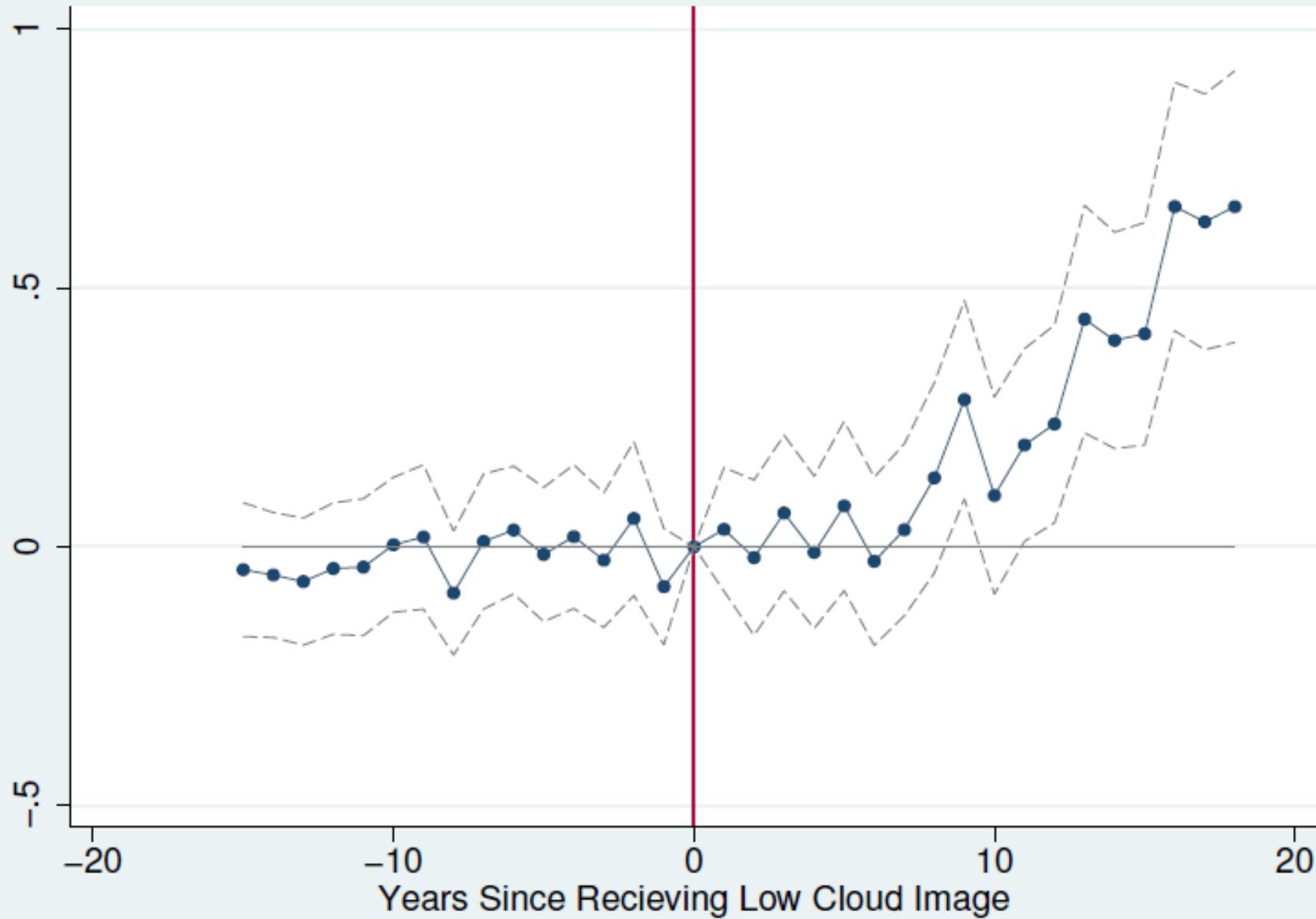
How did the availability of “open” maps impact discovery and entrepreneurship in the gold industry?

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 - Wide variation in the date at which photos were taken
 - Clear images depended on “no cloud cover” images
- Nagaraj then compares the rate of gold discovery and mining from locations with access to “open” public images with those where a public image is not yet available
- Explores not only the impact on gold discovery and investment, but on whether these new opportunities are taken advantage of by entrepreneurs (speculators) or established firms (vertically integrated mining firms)

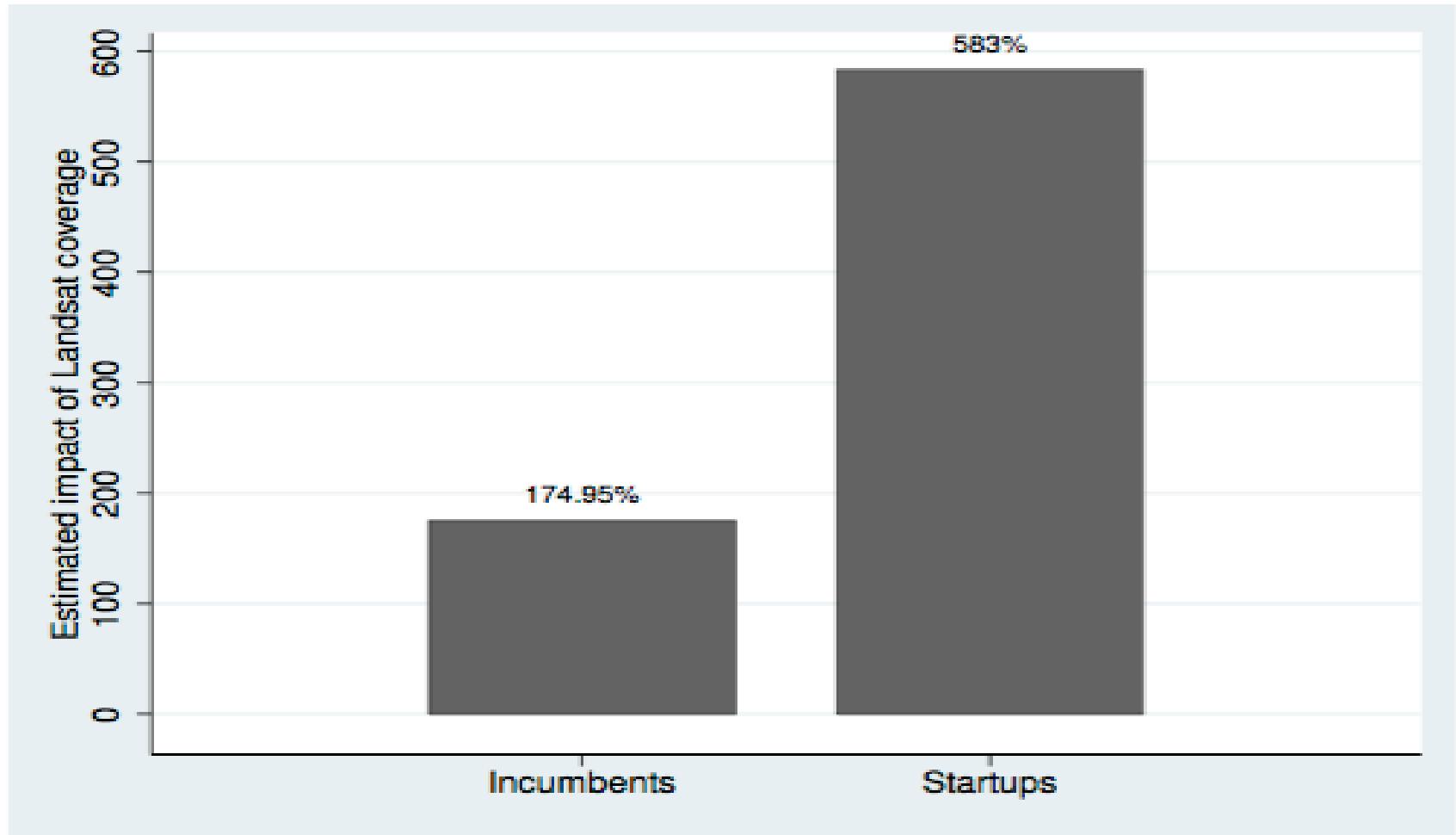
There is a large and persistent difference in the rate of gold discovery depending on the availability of an open-access map

discoveries

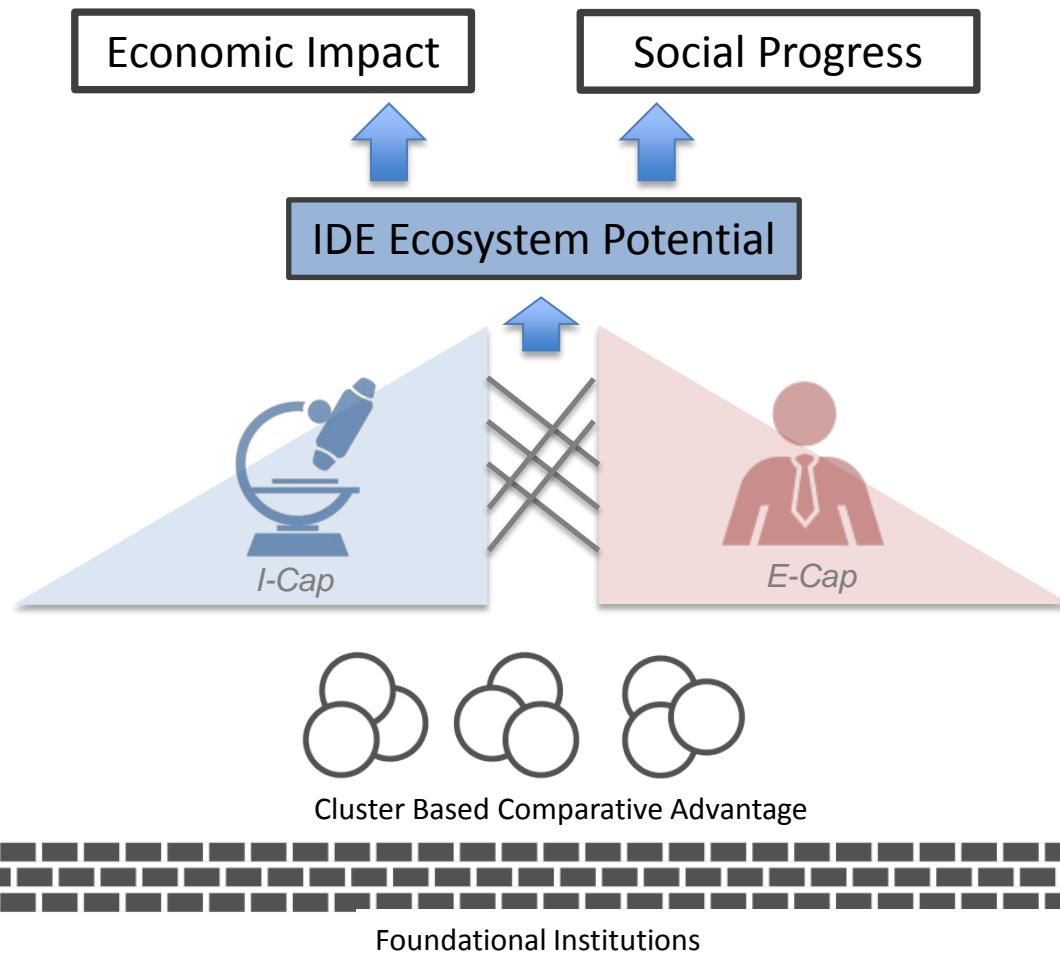




Entrepreneurs are Far More Likely to Take Advantage of Open Access Maps than Established Firms



But how do we aggregate this to the level of a regional or national innovation system?



Lessons for Policymakers

- Innovation statistics and metrics are increasingly being used to evaluate and track innovation systems (at multiple levels of granularity).
 - Need to develop a meaningful connection (often between existing data sources) that allows cohesive assessment of the role of different elements of the innovation system (inputs) and different outputs of the innovation system over time
 - Recognizing Cumulativeness, Uncertain and Highly Skewed, and Distributed Impact



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 - Recognizing Cumulativeness, Uncertain and Highly Skewed, and Distributed Impact
- Particularly important for areas of innovation beyond traditional “tech to market” applications of science, particularly as it relates to emerging uses of digital knowledge, maps, and non-“science” knowledge systems

**How Likely Is It
that the
Innovation System
Metrics we
Developed in the
Wake of Vannevar
Bush's The
Endless frontier
Happen to be
“Just Right” for
the 21st Century?**



Thank you!

sstern@mit.edu