



Implementation of Evidence-based Practices in Urban Schools: Project ACCESS

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Devereux
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Evidence-based Practices in Urban Schools

- Ideal setting for transporting EBPs to “real world”
 - Potential for addressing services disparities
 - Fewer access barriers
- Not effective or small effect sizes (Alegria et al, 2006)
- Difficulty achieving and sustaining high fidelity
- School-wide Positive Behavior Interventions and Supports (SWPBIS) is a useful model for supporting implementation of EBPs in school settings

School-wide PBIS

- Ecological, systems-approach
 - Emphasis on school climate
- Incorporates multiple tiers of prevention
 - Tier I or universal supports
 - Tier II or targeted group support
 - Tier III or intensive, individualized support
- Emphasis on data-based decision-making
 - Using data to adjust the environment
 - Using data to define staff interactions with students

Purpose of Project ACCESS

- Use SWPBIS model to increase urban schools' internal capacity for uptake and sustainability of EBPs
- Train and support school staff members to encourage high program fidelity
- Improve school climate and student emotional and behavioral outcomes
- Decrease behavioral health disparities for urban students

Project ACCESS: Consultation and Coaching

- 3 schools assigned to Consultation only
 - Training and preparation to implement Tier 1 and 2 interventions
- 3 schools assigned to Consultation Plus Coaching
 - Training and preparation to implement Tier 1 and 2 interventions
 - Performance feedback and reflection on progress/success of implementation

Project ACCESS Tier 2 – Small Group CBT

- FRIENDS for Life to address anxiety
- Coping Power Program to address anger management
- Education/Skills building
- Problem solving
- Practice in challenging situations
- 4-6 children per group
- 40 minute sessions for 14 weeks

Present Study: Aims

- Present preliminary implementation and acceptability data from years 1, 2 and 3 of the five-year project

Participating Schools: Demographics

- Schools
 - 6 schools (4 K-8, 1 K-4, 1 K-5)
 - 3,900 students
 - 17% English Learners (range 11%-24%)
 - 97% Free or reduced price lunch (range 95%-98%)
- Ethnic breakdown
 - 58% Latino
 - 33% African American
 - 8% Other ethnic minority
 - 1% Caucasian
- Approximately 260 teachers

Inclusion Criteria

- Tier 1 – All children
- Tier 2 – Children in grades 3-8
 - Meet screening and diagnostic criteria
 - Screening Criteria – A score $> 1SD$ on the Conduct Problems or Emotional Symptoms scales of the Strengths and Difficulties Questionnaire (SDQ) filled out by a teacher or other school staff member
 - Diagnostic Criteria – Primary diagnosis of ODD, CD, GAD, SAD, SP, PTSD (based on C-DISC-IV and Clinical Global Impression Severity Scale [CGI-S] filled out by an independent rater) at Intermediate or Positive level
 - Children with comorbid (secondary) conditions are included
 - Children with Intellectual Disability or with a history of psychotic or autistic spectrum disorders are excluded

Measures

- Tier 1:
 - School-wide evaluation tool (SET)
 - Teaching Expectations & Mean Score – Goal $\geq 80\%$
 - Leadership team meeting process fidelity
- Tier 2:
 - Recruitment and enrollment data
 - Group attendance
 - Implementation content fidelity

Pre-Leadership Team Meeting Consultation Call: Process Fidelity

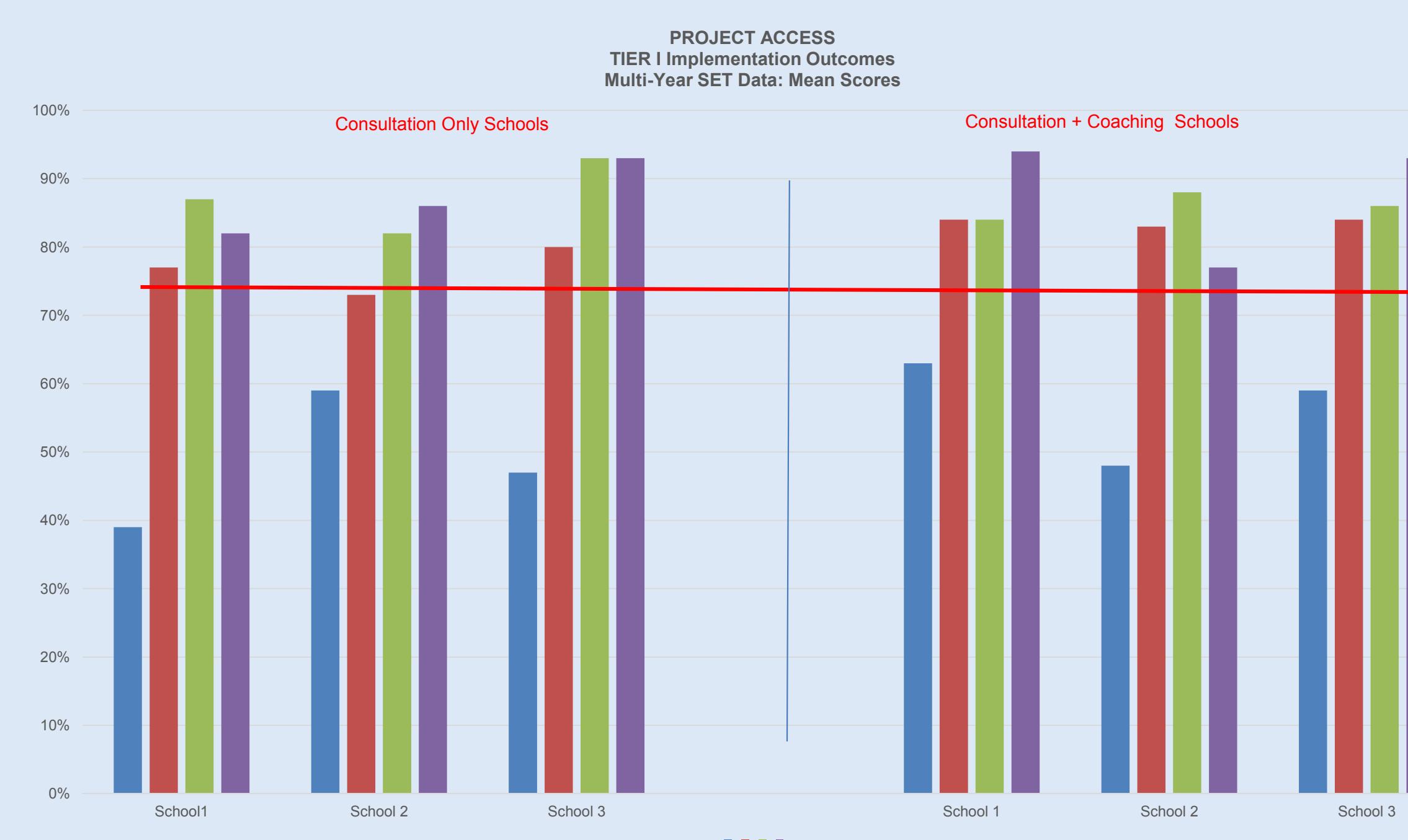
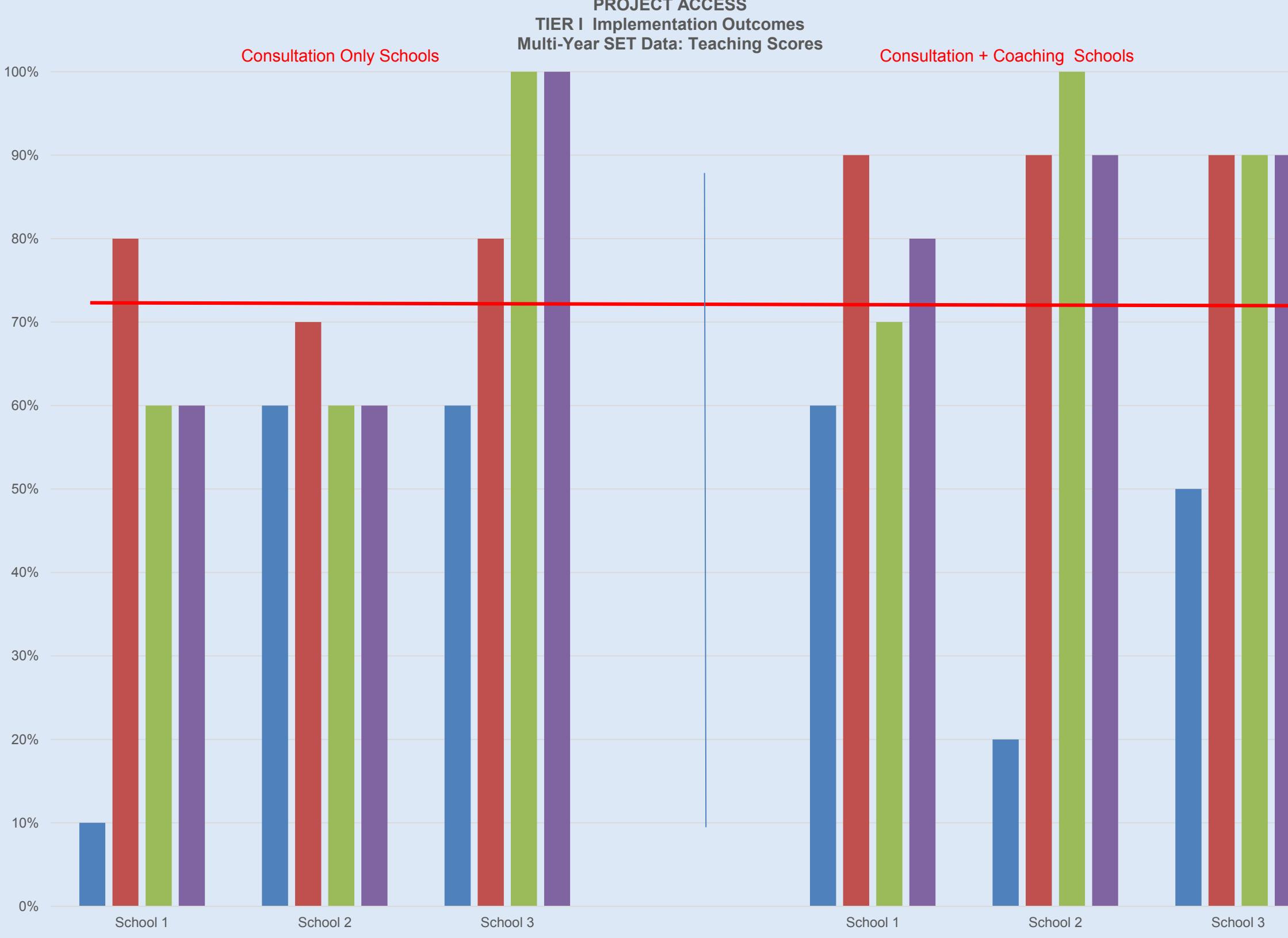
	Percent of Steps Completed	
	2013-14	2014-15
C+C Schools	100	87.67
C-Only Schools	100	84.4

Leadership Team Meeting Process Fidelity

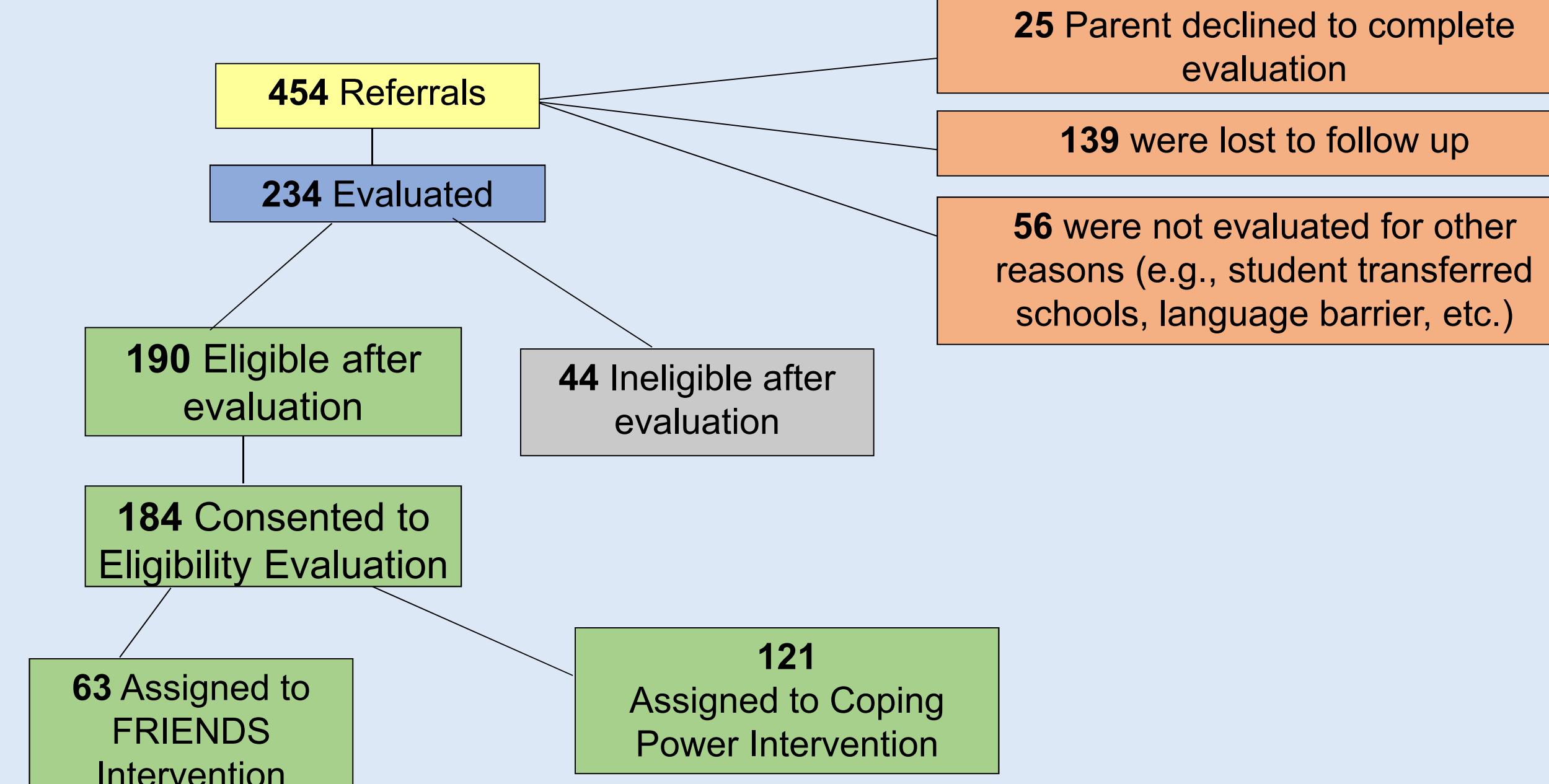
	Percent of Steps Completed	
	2013-14	2014-15
C+C Schools	80	76.33
C-Only Schools		76.2

PBIS Leadership Team Collaborative Process

	Team Collaboration (Range 1-5)	
	2013-14	2014-15
C+C Schools	3.95	4.02
C-Only Schools		3.98



Tier 2 Recruitment and Enrollment



Tier 2 Feasibility

- Average Group Attendance = 85% of sessions
- Session Content Fidelity (100% of sessions randomly selected and coded by independent observer)

	Consultation	Consultation + Coaching
Coping Power Program	82.7%	90.1%
FRIENDS for Life	77.6%	91.7%

Conclusions

- SWPBIS is a useful and feasible model for rolling out EBPs in urban school settings
- Preliminary data suggest that urban school staff can be trained to implement Tier 2 EBPs with fidelity
- Sample size is too small at this time to evaluate differences between groups (C and C+C)

References

Alegria, M., et al., Nativity and DSM-IV psychiatric disorders among Puerto Ricans, Cuban Americans, and non-Latino Whites in the United States: results from the National Epidemiologic Survey on Alcohol and Related Conditions. *J Clin Psychiatry*. 2006; 67(1): p. 56-65.

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