

Powertrain Technology 2025 and Beyond

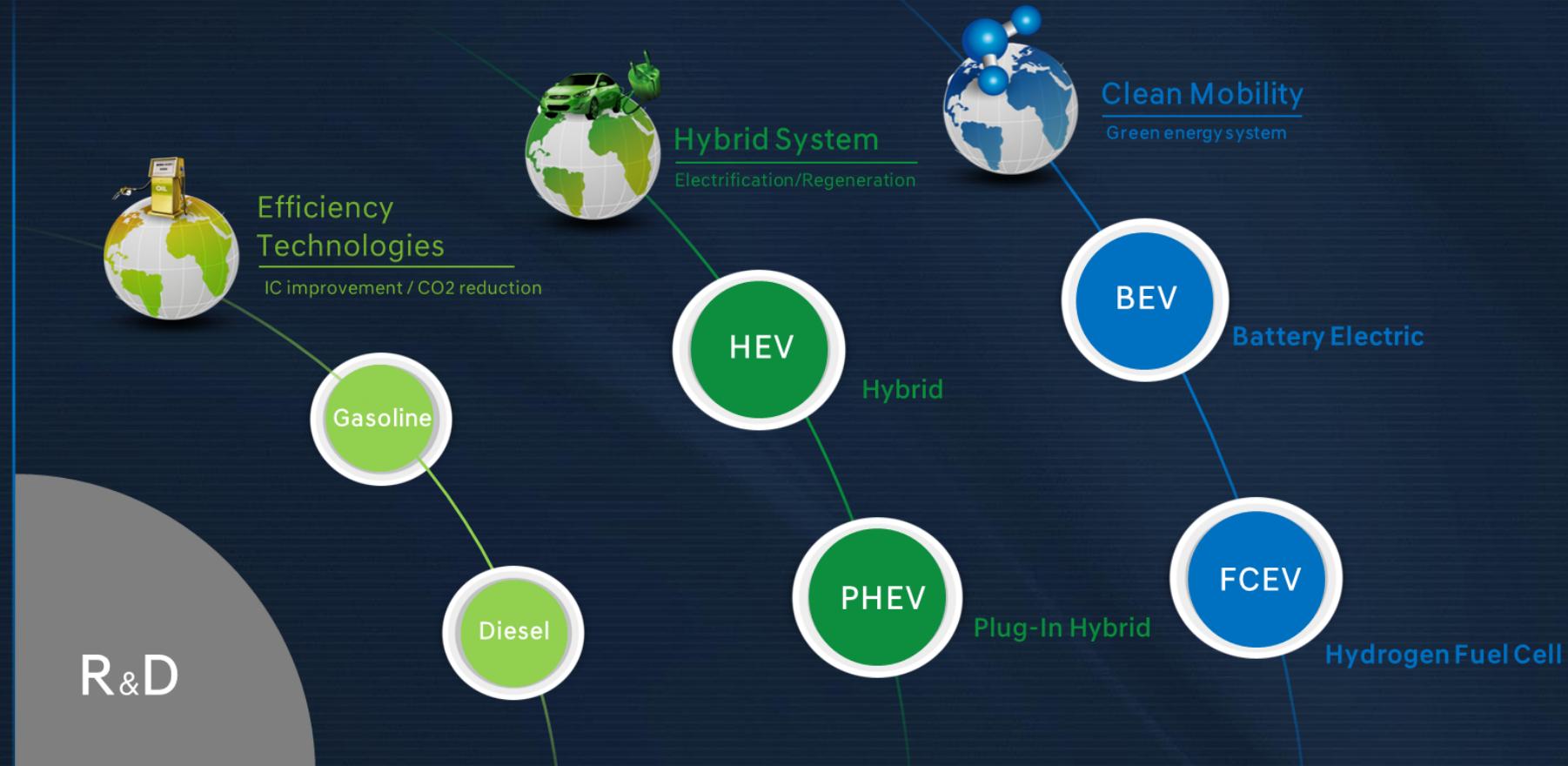
Emissions and Fuel Economy



- Technology / Cost
- Regulation
- Customer Mindset

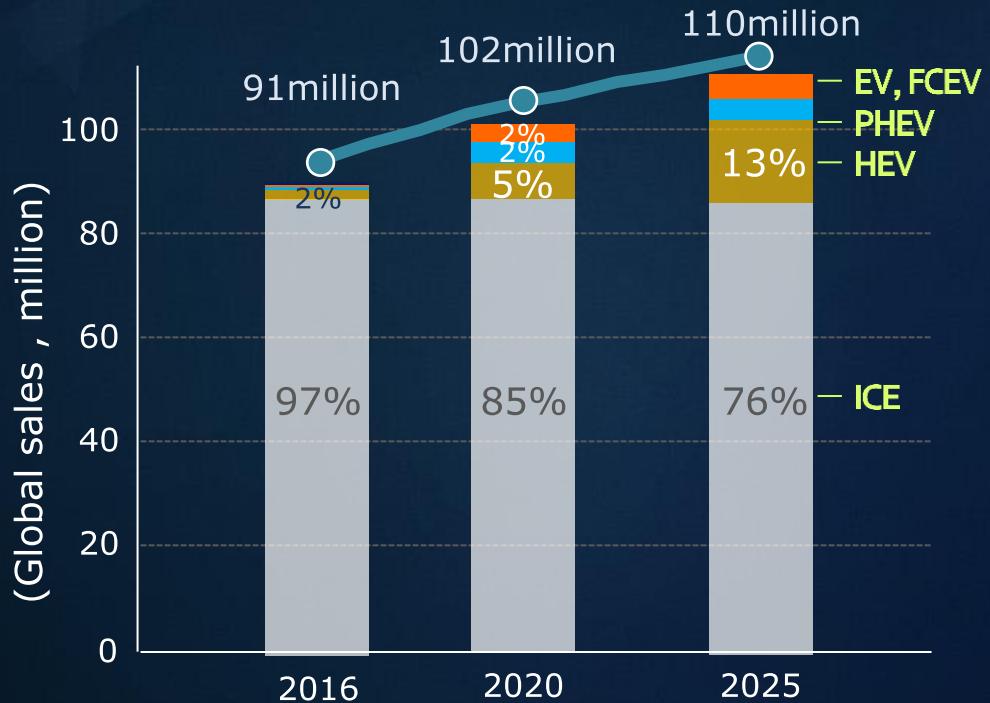
The Technology :

- Fuel Economy Improvement (New Engine & Transmission Technologies and Weight Reduction)
- Hybridization: Combustion + Electrification (HEV, Plug-in HEV)
- Electrification: Hydrogen & Electricity (FCEV, BEV)

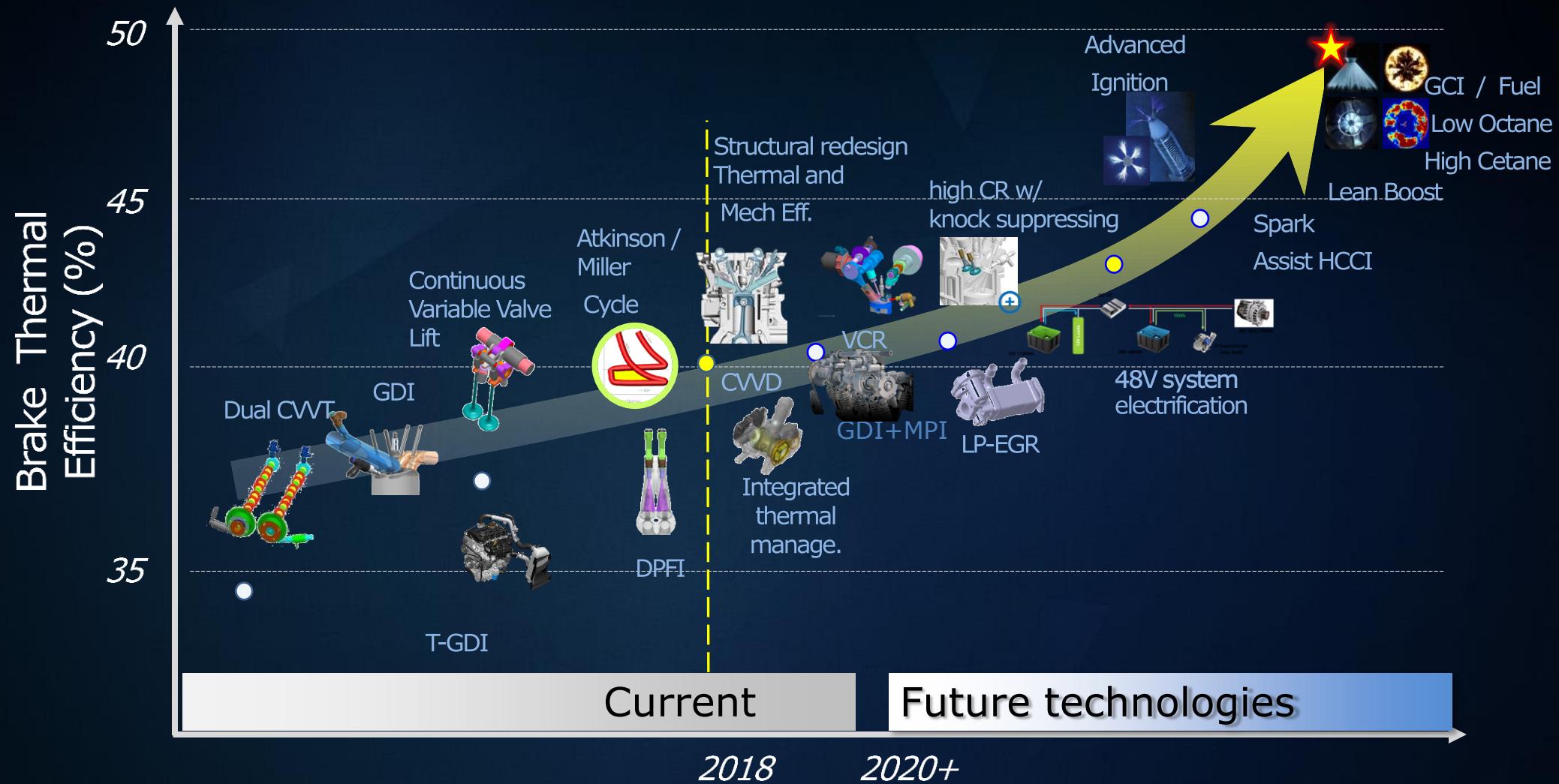


Powertrain outlook

- ICEs ; the dominate propulsion system in 2025 (continued through 2040)
- Hybridization and electrification tied to the ICE
 - Increased electric range
 - Reduced system cost
- ADAS Technologies integrated in PT systems



I.C.E. Technology Road Map



Eco Vehicles (HEV /PHEV/BEV/FCEV)

Continued slow growth with improvements in Cost structure / Charging Times /Infrastructure

- Manufacturing advancements
- Volume increases (\$↓)
- DC Fast Charging Improvements

Size

Large

HEV/Plug-in HEV

- Expansion of Commercialization



Medium

BEV

- Electricity Storage
- Short Driving Range



Small

FCEV

- Electricity Generator
- Long Driving Range (> 600 km)
- Fast Refueling (< 5 min)



Power Source

ICE + Electricity

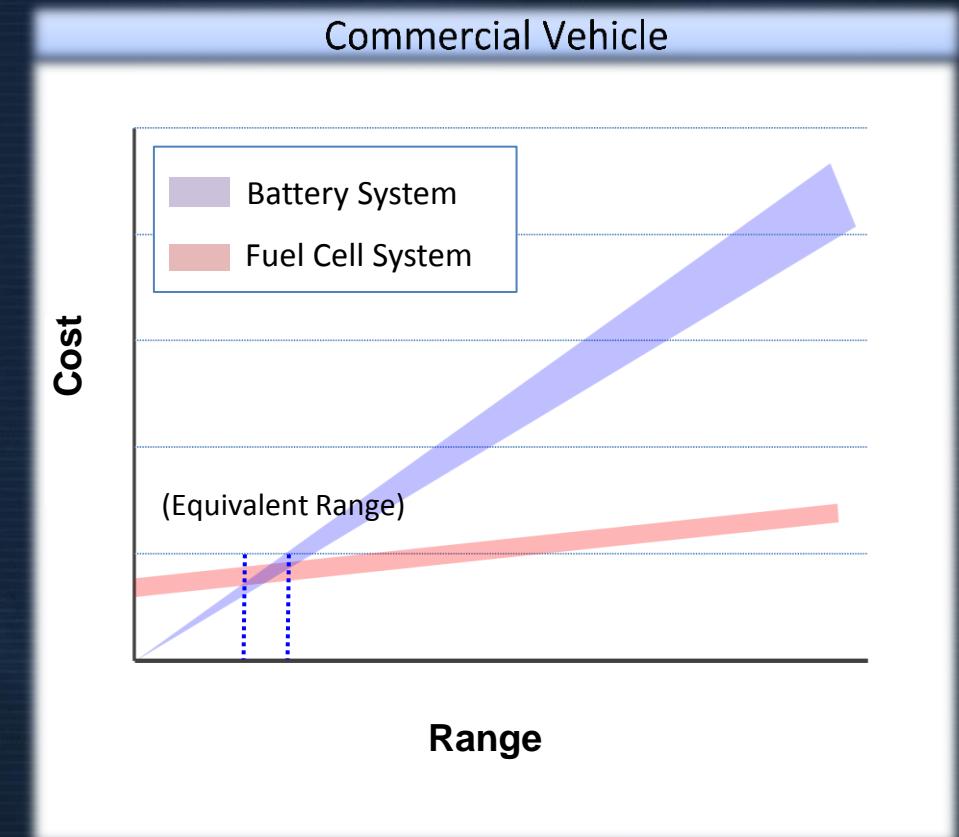
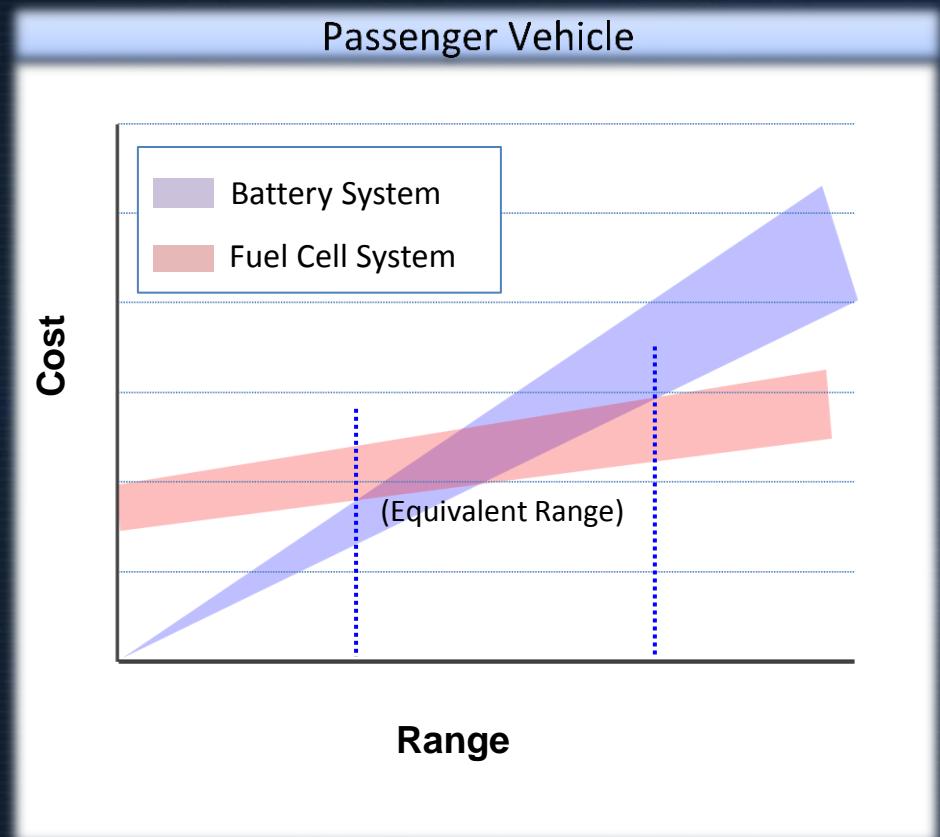
Electricity

$H_2 \rightarrow Electricity$

ICE: Internal Combustion Engine; HEV: Hybrid Electric Vehicle; PHEV: Plug-In Hybrid Electric Vehicle;
BEV: Battery Electric Vehicle; FCEV: Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle

Battery Electric vs. FCEVs

- 2 Technologies each with Strategic Benefits: Depending on application



HMG Next-gen. Eco Vehicle Development

- 4 technologies in mass production (HEV/PHEV/EV/FCEV)
- Expanding to 38 models by 2025

Continuing technology development to lead next-gen. Eco vehicle market



“State” of Battery Electric Vehicles



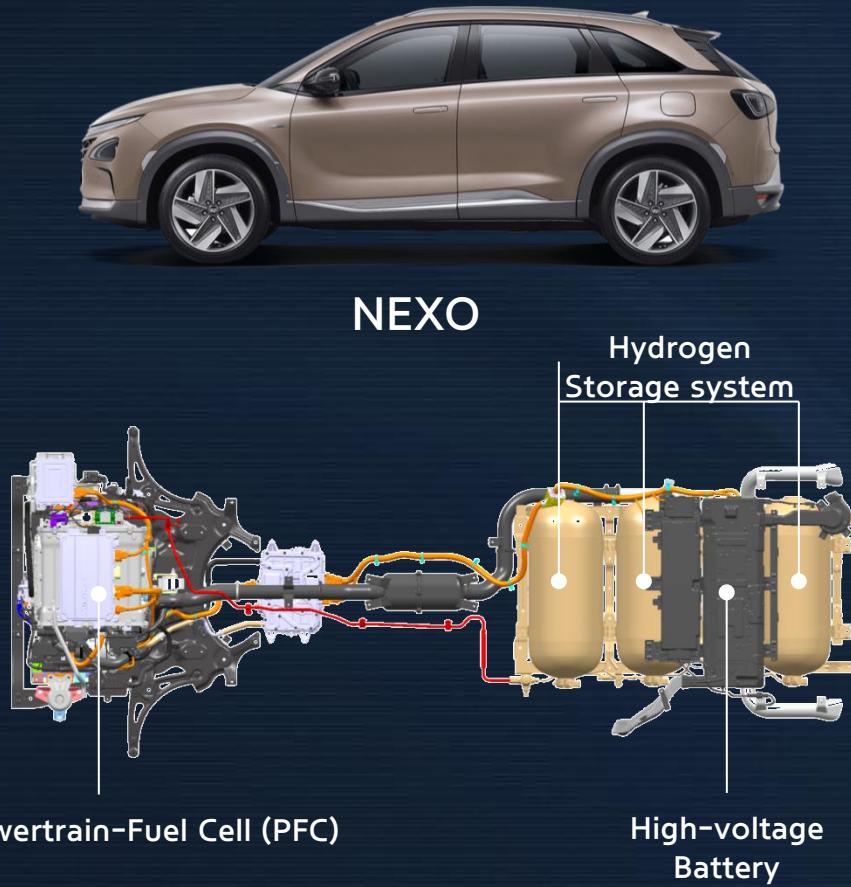
	IONIQ EV	KONA EV
High Voltage Battery	Capacity (kWh)	28
	Rated voltage (V)	360
	Current capacity (Ah)	78
	Output (kW)	98
	DC Charging	170A / 65kW
	Energy density (Wh/kg)	104.9
	Cooling system	Air cooling
Driving range (mile)		124
Efficiency (MPGe)		136

Charge

	IONIQ	KONA
AC Level 2 (kW AC)	6.6	7.2
DC Fast (Max kW /Amp)	65 kW 170 A	75 kW 200 A
Normal	4h 20m	9h 35m
QUICK (80% SOC)	23m (100 Miles)	54m (200 Miles)

NEXO Fuel Cell -

- Develop 2nd generation Powertrain-Fuel Cell (2019 M.Y)
- Only SUV on the Market (Unique and Specific FCEV platform)
- Range of 380 Miles (61 MPGe)
- Developed for the entire US Market (cold ambient capable to -30 Deg C)



	NEXO
Fuel Cell Power	95kW
Battery	40kW
Max. Power	120 kW
Max. Torque	394 Nm
Motor System	Permanent magnet 120kW
H ₂ Container	6.4 kg. @ 700 Mpa (bar)
Fuel Economy	61MPGe (Combined)
Driving Range	380miles (17")
Acceleration (0 → 62 mph)	9.2s (17")
Max. Speed	110mph (17")

ADAS “Intellectual Propulsion Controls”

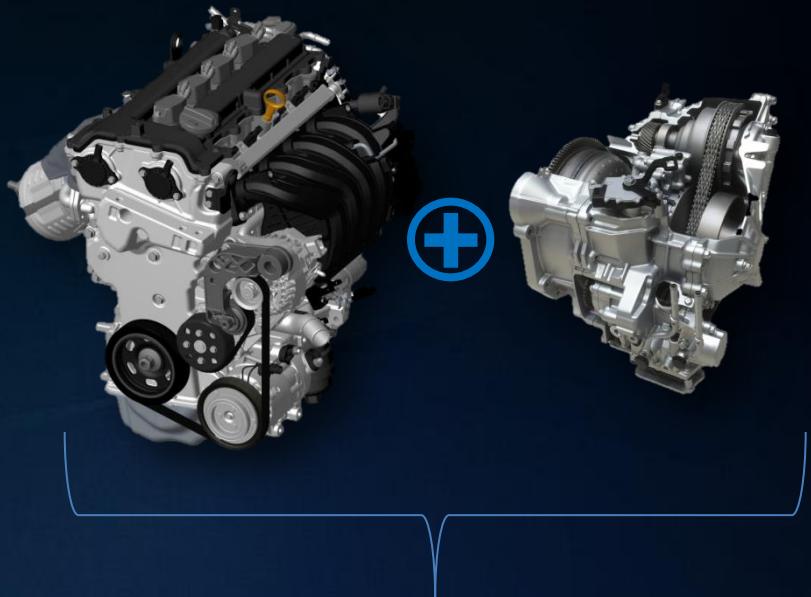
Fuel Economy/Driveability

- Powertrain Integration and controls
- Intellectual Propulsion Controls
(Optimized with ADAS)

Forward looking Powertrain control logic.

- Seeking out
- Learning
- Adapting
- Integrating vehicle systems
- Provides feedback and makes decisions

Based on the surrounding environment
& drivers intentions enables optimized
Fuel Efficiency and Driving Performance



Powertrain trend beyond 2025

Beyond 2025



Trend:

- ICEs continue to Dominate but with increased levels of Electrification
- HEVs & BEVs will reduce in Cost and BEVs in charging times
- ADAS systems will enhancements PT Integration and Efficiencies

Conclusion:

- Technology is not the issue: US Consumer attitudes and interest is the challenge
 - US sales for ECO Vehicles is less than 3% of total sales in 2017
 - 6 – 8 % expected by 2025 (therefore over 90% Non Eco vehicle sales expected)

Support : Incentives , Increased infrastructure and Consumer Education

- Incentives for Consumer purchases (Tax incentives, Fee Bates, HOV lanes ...)
- Expanded Infrastructure: Fast Charging stations, H2 stations
- Education Campaigns: inform consumers of the short term and long term benefits of Eco vehicles (not only Financial but also Societal Benefits)