

*Advanced Concepts
Stockpile Stewardship
and Nuclear Testing*

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The Paths to Nuclear Testing

- ⊕ Safety and Reliability
 - ⊖ Unable to meet security needs
 - ⊖ Performance requirements set too high
- ⊕ New Nuclear Weapons
 - ⊖ Test new physics package
 - ⊖ Validate weapons effects
- ⊕ Political Need
 - ⊖ Reaction to foreign testing

Safety and Reliability (Stockpile Stewardship)

- ⊕ Take care not to create problems through many small but compounded upgrades
- ⊕ Set long-term goals based on security needs
 - ⊕ Given that the current stockpile is not optimized to the current security environment, what would the security impact of significant “problems” be?
 - ⊕ Surveillance capabilities should not dictate performance requirements
- ⊕ What would it take to fall back on the “remanufacture” option?
- ⊕ Is there expertise we need to capture now?

New Nuclear Weapons (Advanced Concept Initiatives)

- ⊕ Advanced concepts that don't need testing
 - ‡ Robust Nuclear Earth Penetrator (RNEP)
 - ‡ "Low-Yield Weapons"
 - ‡ Delivery system modifications
- ⊕ Advanced concepts that might need testing
 - ‡ Agent Defeat Weapons
- ⊕ All of the above
 - ‡ Long shelf-life bombs

Agent Defeat Weapons

- ⊕ Capabilities are very limited
 - ⊕ Can they neutralize all dispersed BW agent?
- ⊕ If they are pursued, will we trust computer models and HE simulations?
 - ⊕ Computer models: Very difficult to incorporate mixing, radiation, heat
 - ⊕ HE simulations: Impossible to simulate combined effect of heat, radiation
- ⊕ Most likely, nuclear testing would be desired
 - ⊕ Goal is to quantify weapon effects rather than to "test" weapons *per se*

Long-Lived Bombs

- ⊕ Good for stockpile stewardship
 - # Long shelf-life obviates any need to test
- ⊕ Bad for stockpile stewardship
 - # Would tests be needed for validation?
 - # Negative message about current stockpile
- ⊕ Questions for study
 - # What could be done without testing?
 - # What minimum performance would be desirable?

Direct Impact of U.S. Tests

- ⊕ Provides short-term political cover for others to conduct tests
- ⊕ Unlikely to push true “enemies” to test -- they would do so independently.
- ⊕ Russia and China may feel a “need” to test
 - # Opportunistic test more likely
- ⊕ India and Pakistan will not feel direct pressure, but China could start a chain
- ⊕ Friends are unlikely to respond “tit-for-tat”

Impact on the Regime?

- ⊕ Would U.S. testing sap support for strong nonproliferation measures?
- ⊕ Many leaders will support strong measures regardless, seeing them as critical regardless of U.S. behavior
 - ⊕ Populations likely to react differently
- ⊕ Depends on the context
 - ⊕ “Farewell” tests before CTBT ratification (certify robust design, remanufacture line) would have less impact than tests conducted in direct defiance of nonproliferation norms

Others First?

- ⊕ Too much thinking about a breakdown in the testing moratorium focuses on U.S. action -- what about others?
- ⊕ North Korea, Iran
 - ⊕ Huge blow to regime for reasons having little to do with testing
- ⊕ India, Pakistan
 - ⊕ Impact on regime depends on response

Others First? (2)

⊕ Russia

- ⌘ Slightly weakens norm for established states against testing (moderated by Russian weakness)
- ⌘ Should not provoke U.S.; would it provoke China?

⊕ China

- ⌘ Weakens norm for established states, especially since the U.S. might respond
- ⌘ U.S. response could have significant impact on eventual fallout from Chinese tests
- ⌘ What is U.S. strategy if this happens?