

The National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Building Sustainable Cities The Challenge of Our Times

Mayor Jeremy Harris Ret.
Washington D.C.
May 17th, 2006

State of the World Today



The planet's ecosystems are under intense pressure and many are in decline.

State of the World Today



The Urban Challenge

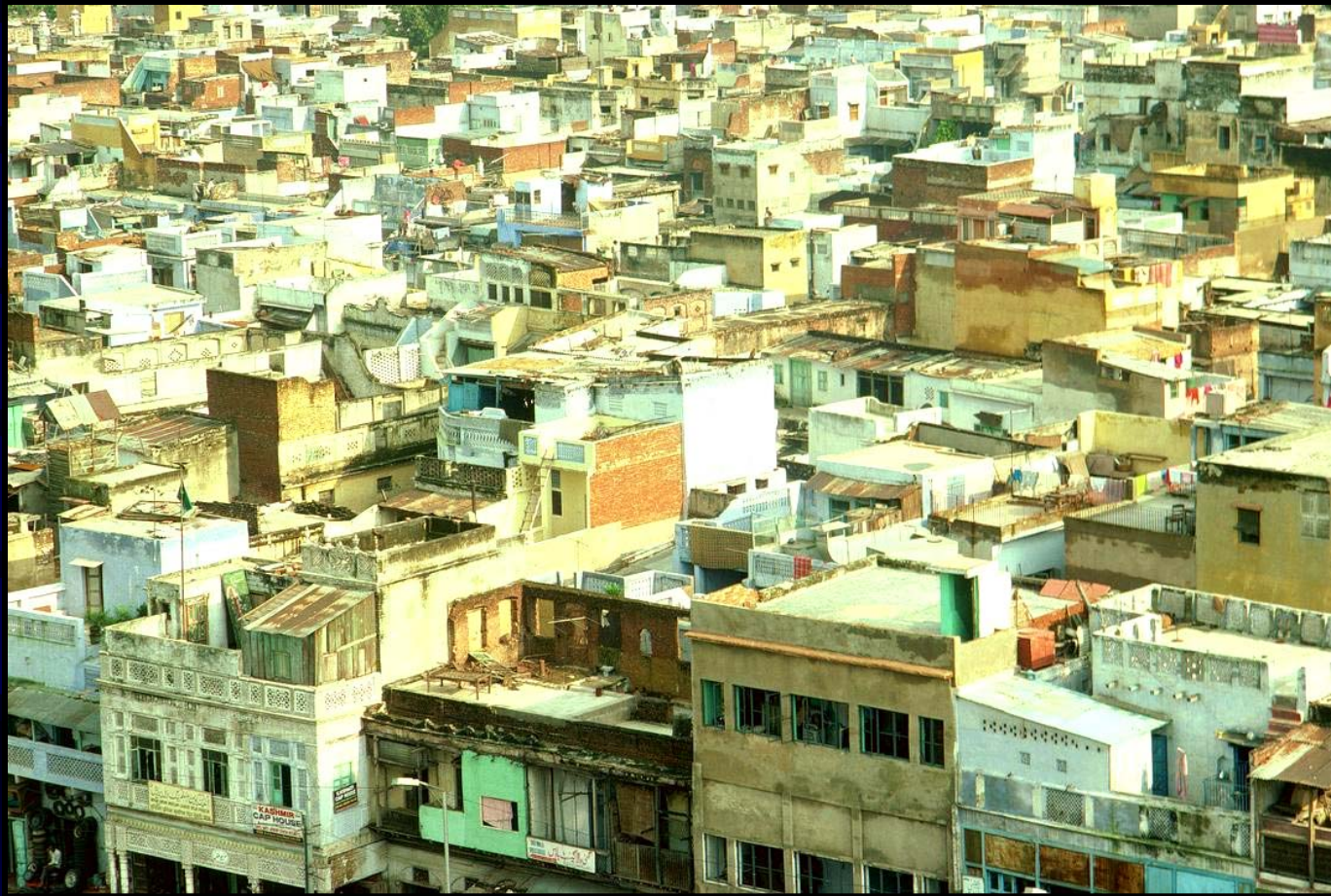
We are at a defining moment in history

Global Population



- Approximately half the world's population is now urban
- Urban areas are gaining an estimated 60 million people a year – over a million a week
- Like adding another San Francisco every five days

Urbanization



Most of the increase in urbanization will occur
in less developed countries

Urbanization



Rapid urban growth results in environmental degradation, unemployment, lack of urban services and adequate shelter, and overburdening of infrastructure

Non-Sustainable Urbanization

Poor Energy Policy Creates....

Demand for primary energy in Asia will double every 12 years (world average is 28 years)

- Fossil fuels account for 80% of energy generation, coal accounts for 40%



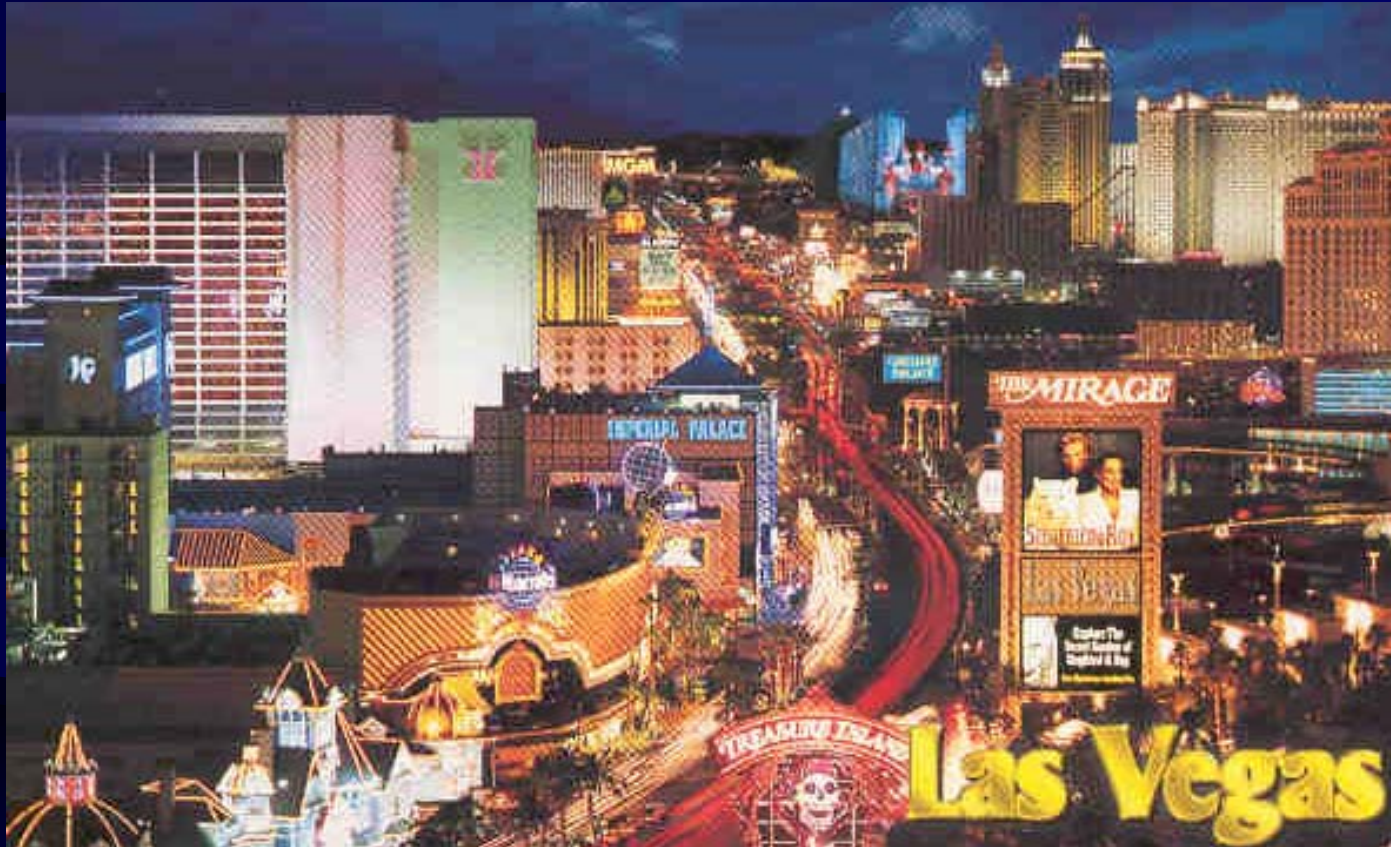
....Overdependance on Non-renewable Energy

Global Warming



Transportation contributes
a large share of urban air pollution

Energy – Consumption



The “built environment” is designed and built without any regard to energy efficiency.

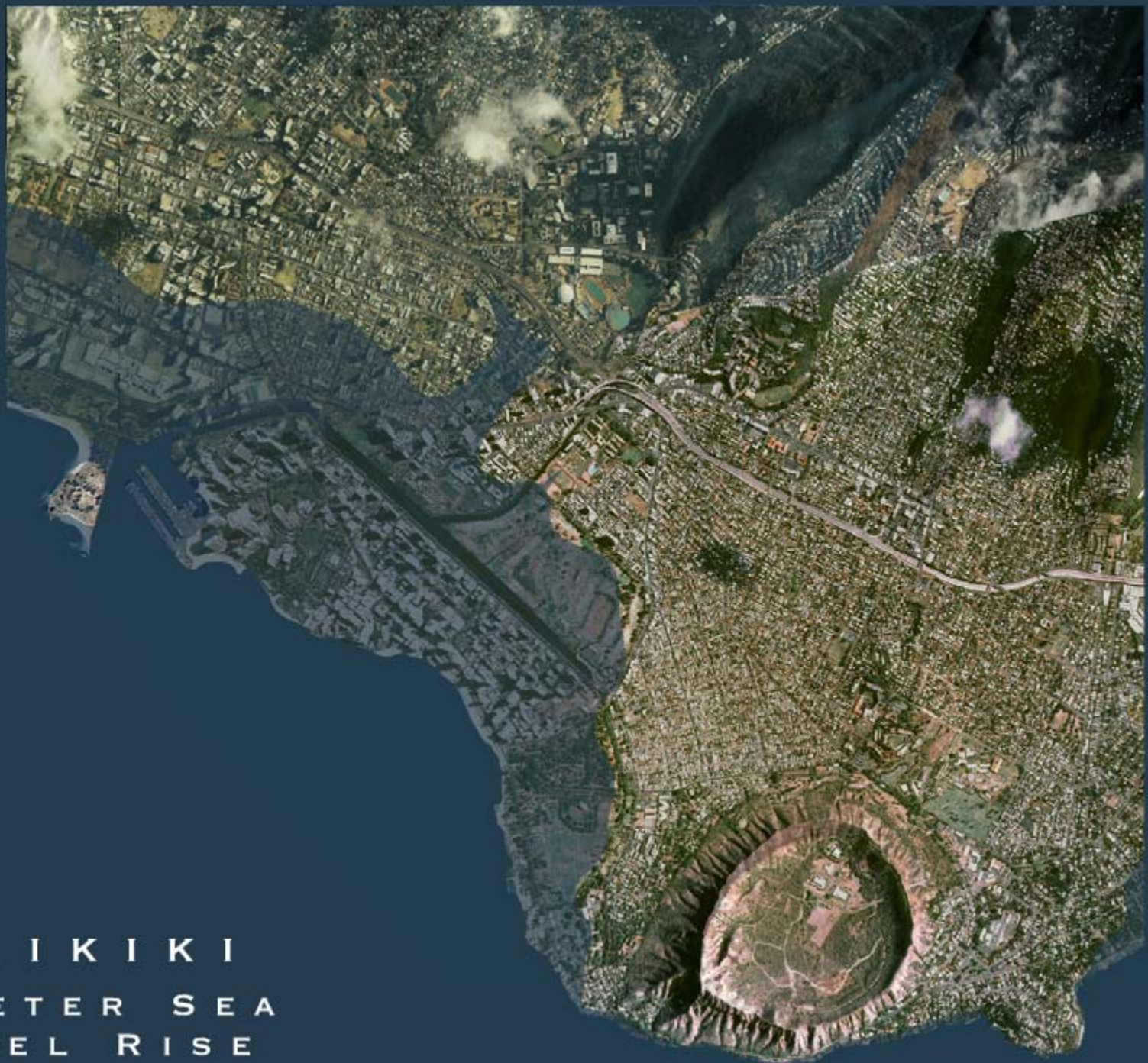
Global Warming



- Ice core readings indicate carbon dioxide readings are at the highest levels in 420,000 years
- Scientists have documented a 10-20 centimeter rise in global average sea levels over the past century



W A I K I K I
1 M E T E R S E A
L E V E L R I S E



W A I K I K I
1 M E T E R S E A
L E V E L R I S E

Environmentally-Caused Disease



Smoky indoor air from cooking and heating contributes to respiratory diseases that kill 4 million a year – mostly children under 5

Loss of Biodiversity



More than 11,000 species of animals and plants are known to be threatened with extinction – a rate unmatched for 65 million years

Desertification



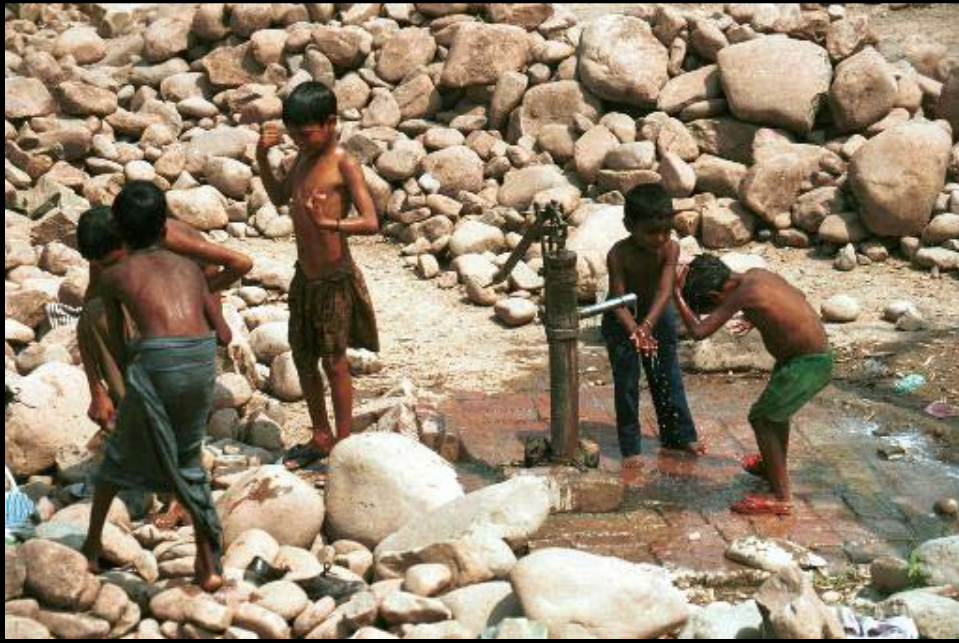
Desertification threatens the livelihood
of over 1 billion people in more than 110 countries

Water Pollution



Each year roughly 450 cubic kilometers of wastewater are discharged into rivers, streams and lakes

Environmentally-Caused Disease



High population density and poor sanitation, characteristics of urbanization, promote the spread of infectious disease

Role of the Developed World



How can the developing world avoid making our mistakes?

Role of the Developed World



Developed nations and cities serve as bad examples for sustainability.

Path to a Sustainable World



It's clear that for our world to be sustainable, we have to concentrate on building sustainable cities

Future Urbanization



- Most of the urbanization that will exist in 2030 has not yet occurred. The urban pop. of developing nations will double by 2030 at which time...

60% of the world's people will be urbanites

City's Footprint

Goes well beyond city boundaries



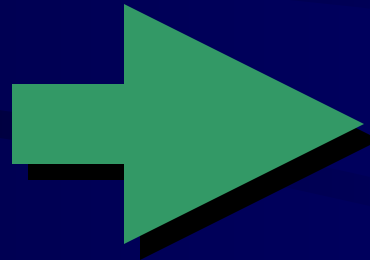
Watersheds, air-basins, drainage basins, resource base.
Regional approach needed. Multi-jurisdictional.

Changing The Paradigm

Users Not Consumers



Growing consumption
& waste generation



Minimize consumption
conservation & reuse

Fraudulent Accounting



Economic prosperity in the developed world – based on an assumption of unlimited consumption.....

... and waste generation.



Path to a Sustainable World

Leapfrog – Paradigm & Technology



Leadership
Development



Technical
Resources



Financing

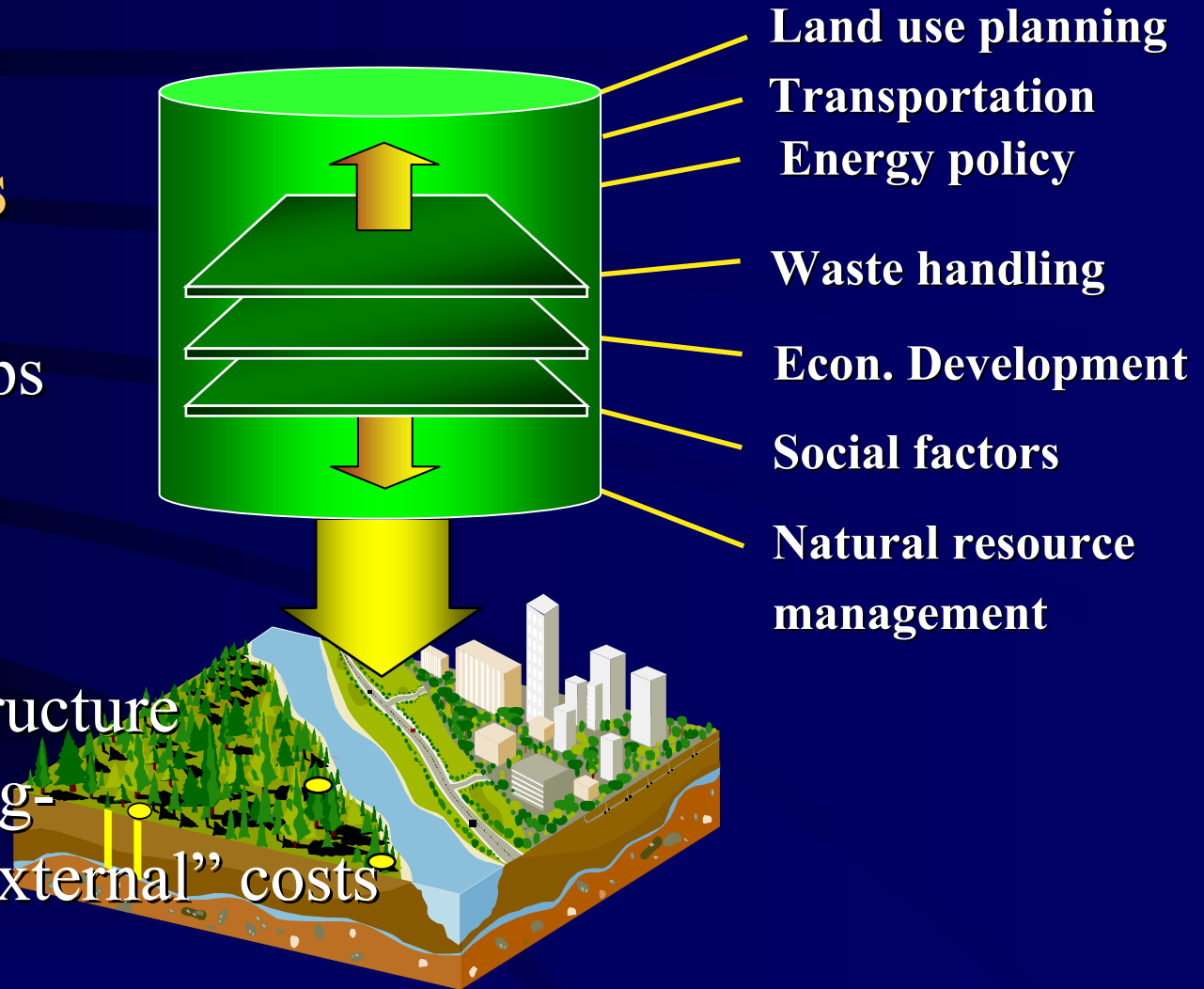
We have to provide cities with assistance in best practices
to leapfrog the past mistakes of industrialization

The Sustainable City

A Systems Approach

Key Concepts

- Understanding interrelationships
- Enterprise-wide approach
- End stovepipe management structure
- Lifecycle costing-
Internalizing “external” costs



The Sustainable City

Good Environmental Policy

is

Good Economic Policy

Making Our Cities Sustainable



Modeled after natural ecosystems

High productivity

All nutrients recycled/reused

All components interconnected into stable system

Planning that integrates land use, transportation, energy,
natural resource and economic components

Mayors' Asia-Pacific Environmental Summit

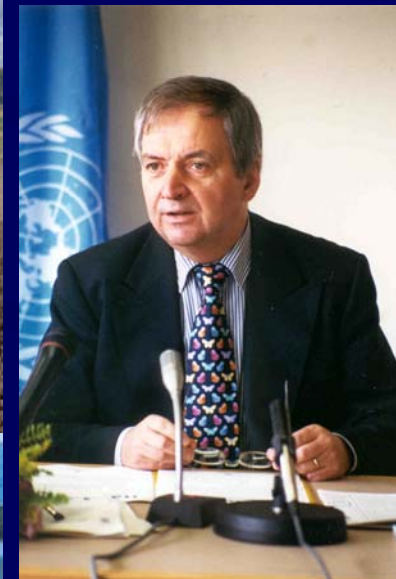
1. Mayors Confront Urban Realities



- Wastewater treatment
- Solid waste management
- Air and water pollution
- Energy consumption
- Urban and regional planning

The MAPES Process – An Overview

2. Share Information and Best Practices



The MAPES Process – An Overview

3. Engage in Capacity Building



The MAPES Process – An Overview

4. Form Regional Partnerships



The MAPES Process – An Overview

5. Commitments to Sustainable Practices



Asia Pacific Urban Institute

Meeting the Commitment



Capacity
Building



Training



Technology
Transfer

Urban Alliances: Key to a Global Sustainable Future



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Land Use

Build Cities for People Not Cars



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Land Use

Utilize “Smart Growth” Design



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Land Use

Preserve Ag Land & Open Space



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Land Use

Utilize Good Urban Design



Land Use



Curbing Urban Sprawl

Car First Priority - A Failed Paradigm



Land use should drive transportation, instead of allowing transportation to drive land use.

Sustainable Community Plans

KO'OLAU LOA SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES PLAN



DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND PERMITTING
CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

REVISED 1999



NORTH SHORE SUSTAINABLE COMMUNITIES PLAN

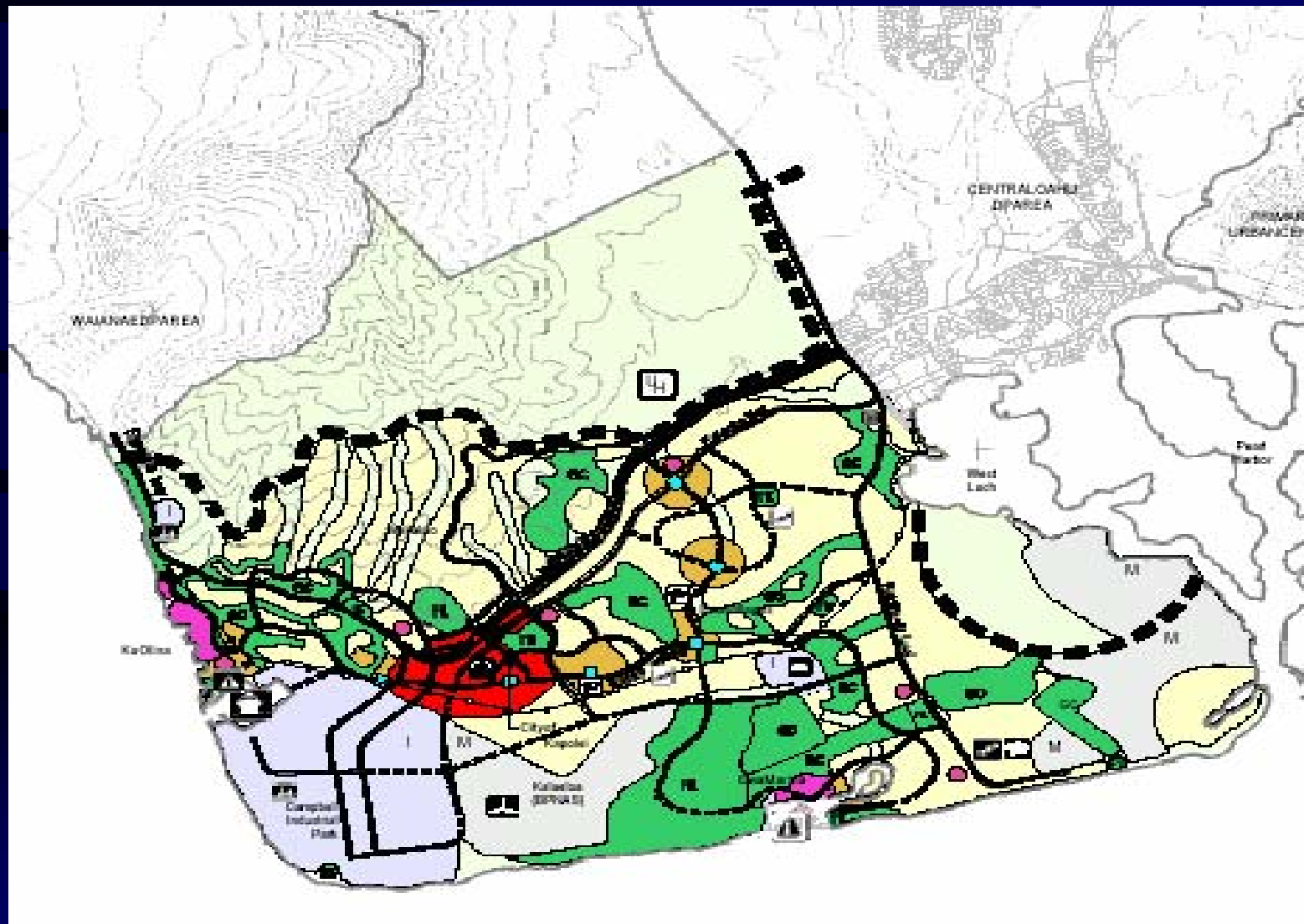


DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND PERMITTING
CITY AND COUNTY OF HONOLULU

JULY 2000



Urban Growth Boundaries



Sustainable Design
Smart Growth

**Town-Centered
Development**



Sustainable Design
Smart Growth

Pedestrian Friendly



Sustainable Design
Smart Growth

Livable Communities



Sustainable Design
Smart Growth

Mixed Residential,
Retail & Commercial



Sustainable Design
Smart Growth

Sense of Place



Sustainable Planning Urban Design



Sustainable Planning Urban Design



Sustainable Planning Urban Design



Sustainable Planning Urban Design



Commitment – Iloilo City, Philippines



- Completion of Iloilo River Development Master Plan
- Ordinance established to protect coastal fishery
- Executive order to comprehensively upgrade the city's drainage system

Commitment – Hue, Vietnam

In response to extensive flooding and deforestation ...



- Established legal framework for forest protection and management
- More than 7 million trees planted in eight provinces

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Transportation

Reduce Transportation Demand



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Transportation

Shift From Autos To Public Transit



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Transportation

Shift To Renewable Energy



Growth Policies Gone Wrong



Needed – A Systems Approach

Car First Priority - A Failed Paradigm



Cities must reduce demand thru land use changes & other methods, not just replace transportation technology.

Technology – Honolulu Web Site

www.co.honolulu.hi.us



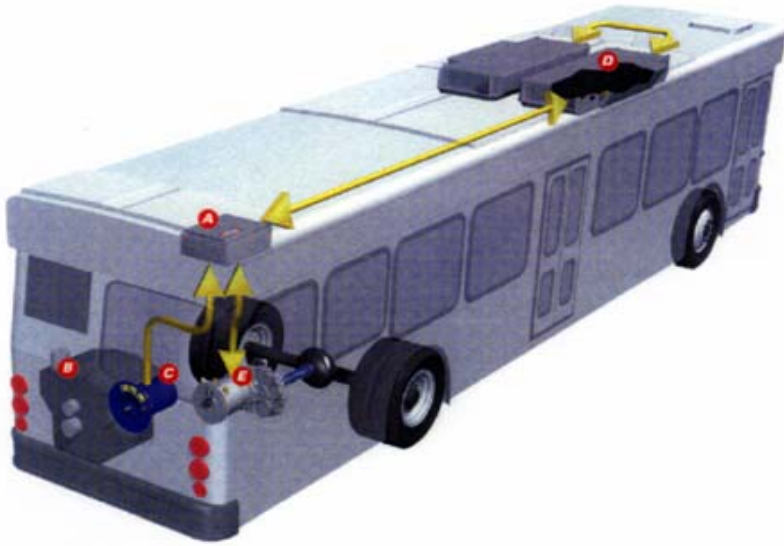
13 million hits per month – 16,000 Web pages

Best Transit System

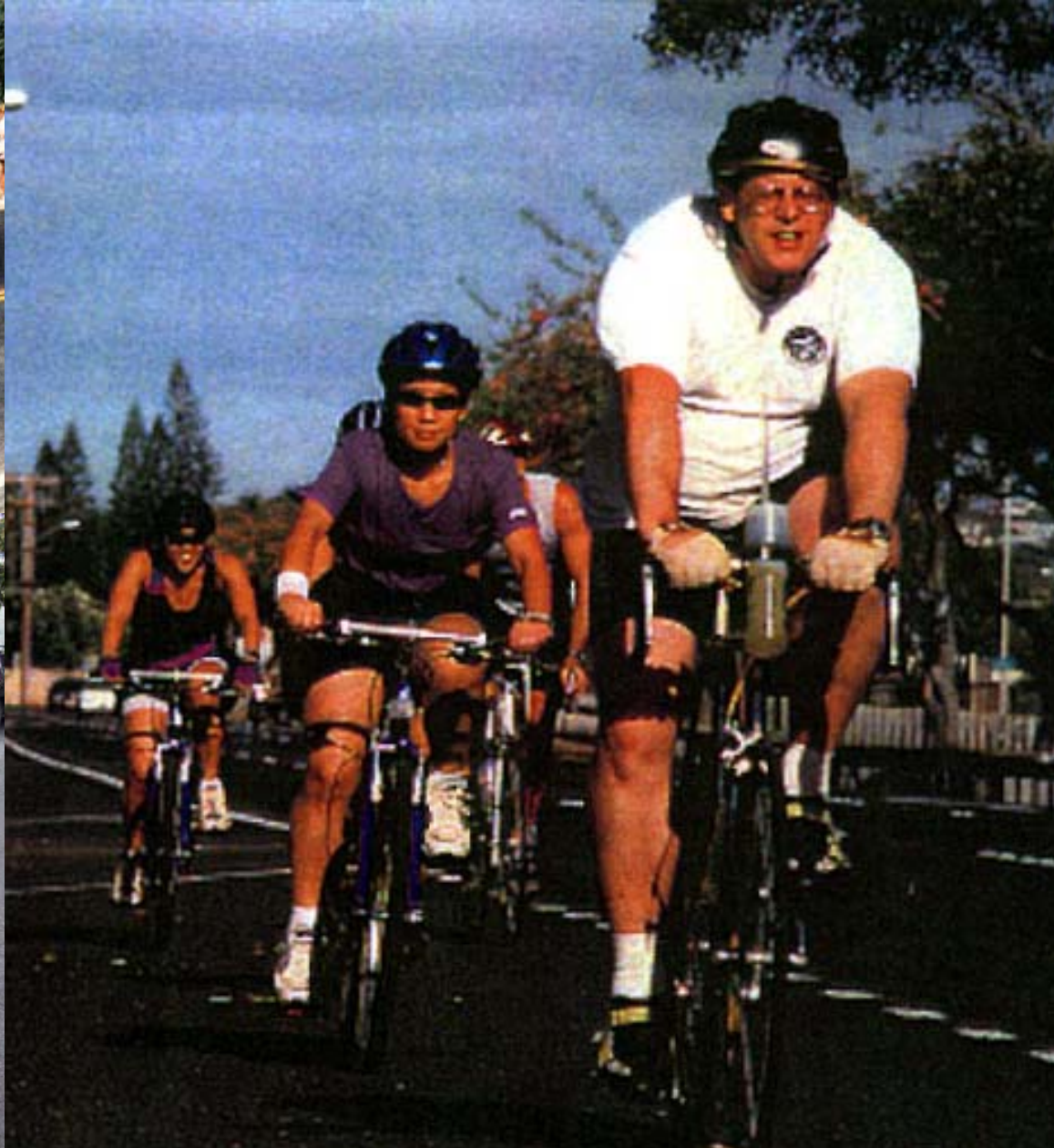
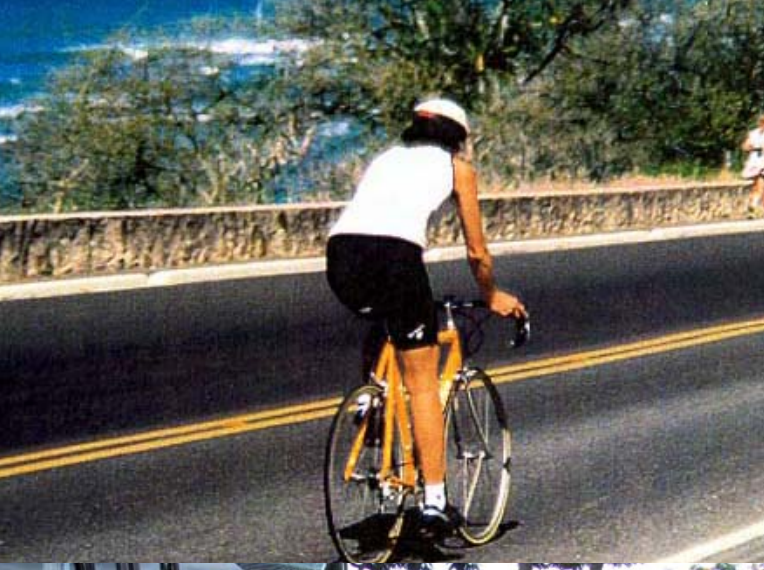
Smart Bus Technology



The Honolulu Experience



Hybrid Electric Buses



Cycling – Multi-Modal Approach

New Technology – Traffic Control Center



Curitiba – Quest for Sustainable Transit



Karachi, Pakistan

Sustainable Transportation



Integrated Strategies to Improve Public Transport and Air Quality



Fuel Cell Technology-
Urban Purchasing Consortiums ?

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

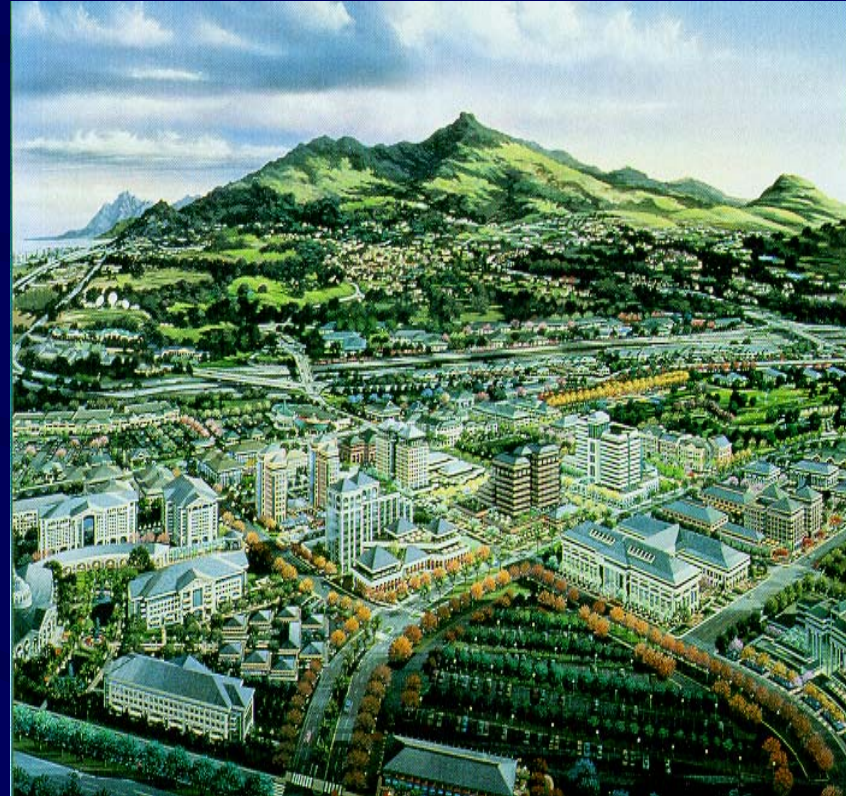
Energy

Reduce Demand



Smart Growth Principles

- Mix land uses
- Compact building design
- Provide a variety of housing
- Create walkable neighborhoods
- Foster a strong sense of place
- Direct development toward existing communities
- Provide transportation options
- Encourage collaboration



Energy Star Purchasing Program



City partnership with U.S. Department of Energy

Water Conservation

- **Natural Resources Conservation**
- **Emphasis on Reuse & Desalination**
- **New Technology**
- **Competitive Cost**
- **Renewable Energy**



Commitment – American Samoa



Reduce per capita electricity and water consumption by 10%

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Energy

Energy Efficiency



Energy Efficiency Incentives



Homeowners get low-interest loans to install solar water heating systems and rebates on energy and water efficient appliances.

City Energy Code



Over \$300 million projected savings

Green Building Standards



Bill before Council to establish LEED Silver Standard
for all new city construction



Goal: Cut energy demand
at city facilities in half by 2010

Energy Efficiency Upgrades



City Hall



Kaneohe District Park



Kaneohe Police Station

Additional lighting upgrades at 14 city facilities

LED Traffic Signals



Replacement of traffic lights with light-emitting diodes saves \$250,000 annually

Third Party Financing Energy Efficiency Upgrades



- No up-front capital costs
- Build, own, operate, maintain
- Fixed price schedule provides a hedge against rising price of electrical power
- Clean solar power instead of power from fossil fuels

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Energy

Renewable Energy Resources



Green Fleets



Renewable Energy – 1,000 Bio-diesel City Vehicles

Solar & Wind Power Lighting

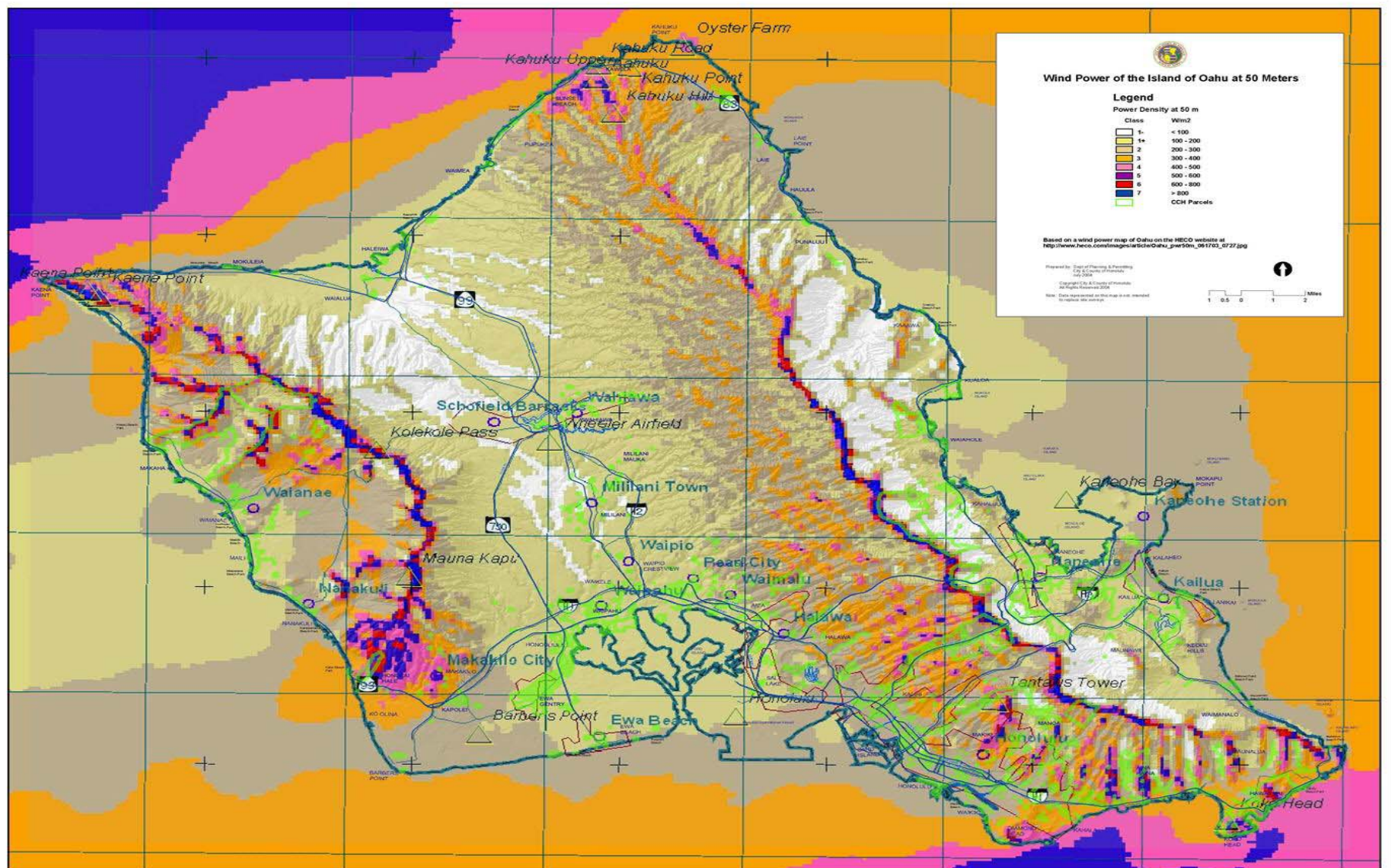


Street light runs on solar and wind power

GIS Wind Contour Mapping



Wind Power



GIS Solar Radiation Mapping

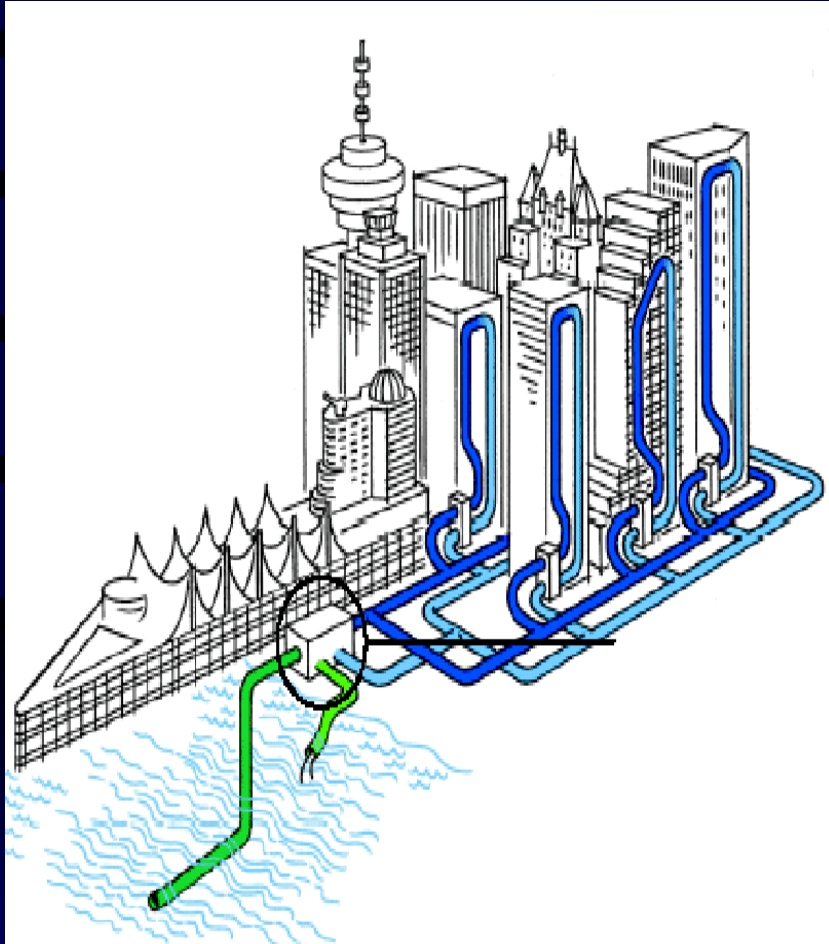


Renewable Ocean Energy



Ocean Thermal Energy Conversion

Deep Well District Cooling



- Delivers sustainable supply of chilled water to buildings for air conditioning
- Eliminates need for central cooling plants in buildings
- Reduces cooling tower blowdown to sewer
- Decreases energy consumption

Commitment – Likiep Atoll Marshall Islands

Allocated 85 percent of its national assistance funds to:

- solar energy
- potable water
- establish marine reserve



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Energy

Distributed Energy Systems



Conservation & Co-generation



Electrical demand at City Hall cut by 80 percent

Refuse-Derived Fuel Power Plant



- Converts over 2,000 tons of waste per day
- Enough electricity for 40,000 homes
- Annual electrical revenue of over \$26 million
- Reduced imported oil by 10.7 million barrels

Landfill Gas Recovery



Honolulu Bio-Power Initiative

On-site power generation
uses bio-gas generated from
anaerobic sludge digestion
processes



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Solid Waste Management

Demand-Side Management



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Solid Waste Management

Recycle – Users Not Consumers



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Solid Waste Management Energy Generation



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Solid Waste Management

Environmentally Safe Landfills ?



Kolkata, India

Solid Waste Management



The Honolulu Experience

Recycling



- Recycling
- Source Separation
 - Plastics
 - Metals



Environmentally Sensitive Practices



Recycling Glass

Environmentally Sensitive Practices



Recycling Green Waste

Commitment – Nonthaburi, Thailand



- Recycling and composting programs reduced solid waste by 21 percent in less than two years

Curitiba – Recycling for Food



The Honolulu Experience

Refuse-Derived Fuel Power Plant

- Converts 2,000 tons of waste per day
- Electric for 40,000 homes
- Reduced imported oil by 12 million barrels



The Future-
Plasma arc technology ?

Sustainable Landfill Management



**Leachate Protection, Energy Generation,
Ash Reuse-Aggregate, Construction Block**

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Storm Water Management Grading Controls



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Storm Water Management Hazardous Chemical Controls



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Storm Water Management System Design & Maintenance



Watershed Protection



Grading Controls – Detention & Retention Ponds

Watershed Protection

Controlling Non-point Source Pollution



Storm-drain maintenance



INSPECTION					CLEANING				
INSPECTOR	STATUS	DEBRIS LEVEL	DATE / TIME		CLEANER	STATUS	START DATE / TIME		FINISH DATE / TIME
Inspection1	Need to clean	full	10/29/02	9:18:23 AM	Cleaning1	Finished cleaning	10/29/02	10:58:29 AM	10/29/02 10:59:17 AM
Inspection2	Need to clean	three-quarter	6/20/03	9:20:16 AM					

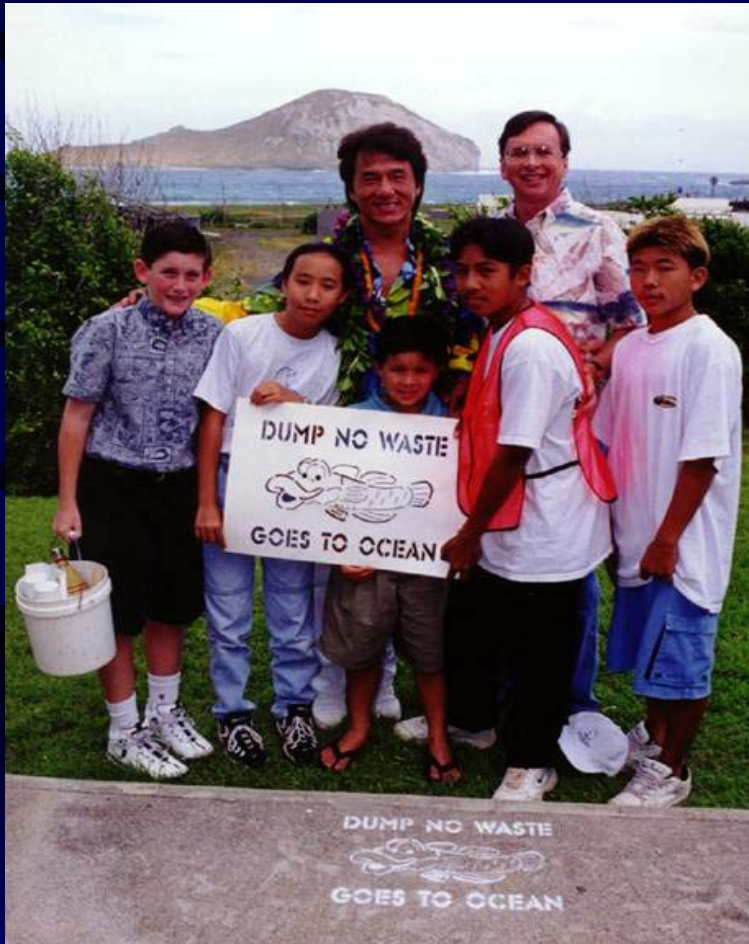
Providing field workers with real-time information ¹¹⁴

Public Education and Community Involvement



Household hazardous waste education and drop-off programs

Watershed Protection Public Education Programs



Storm-drain maintenance

Public Education and Community Involvement



Earth Protection Agents Program

Commitment – Hanoi, Vietnam

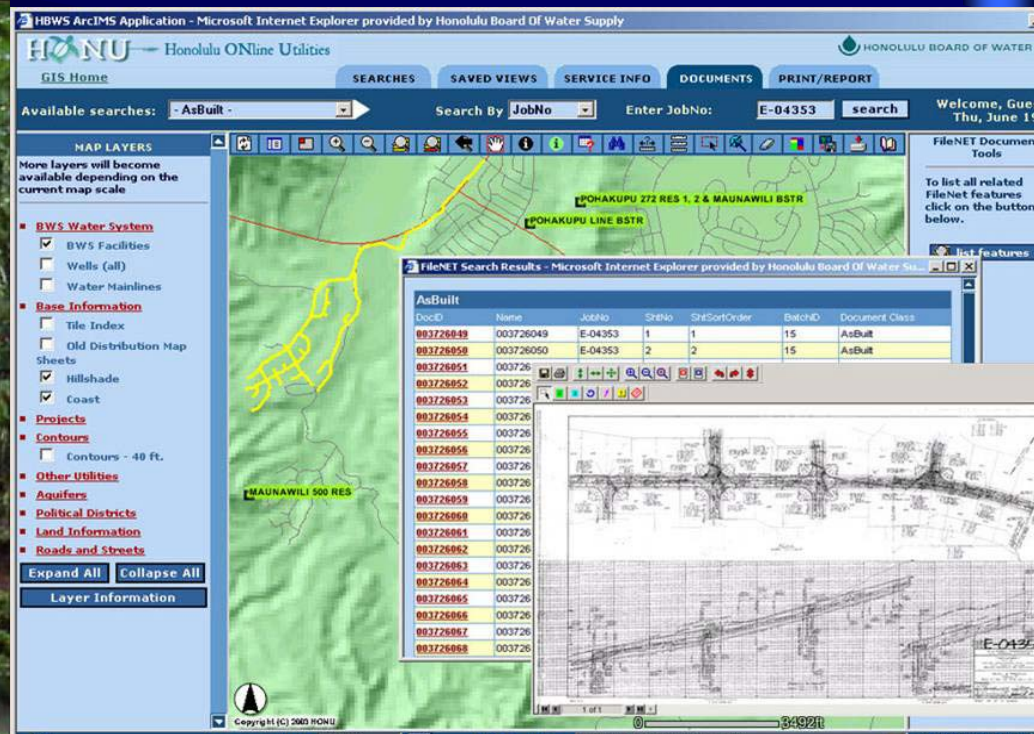


- New waste facilities
- Industrial waste landfill
- Central city drainage system

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Potable Water

Watershed Management



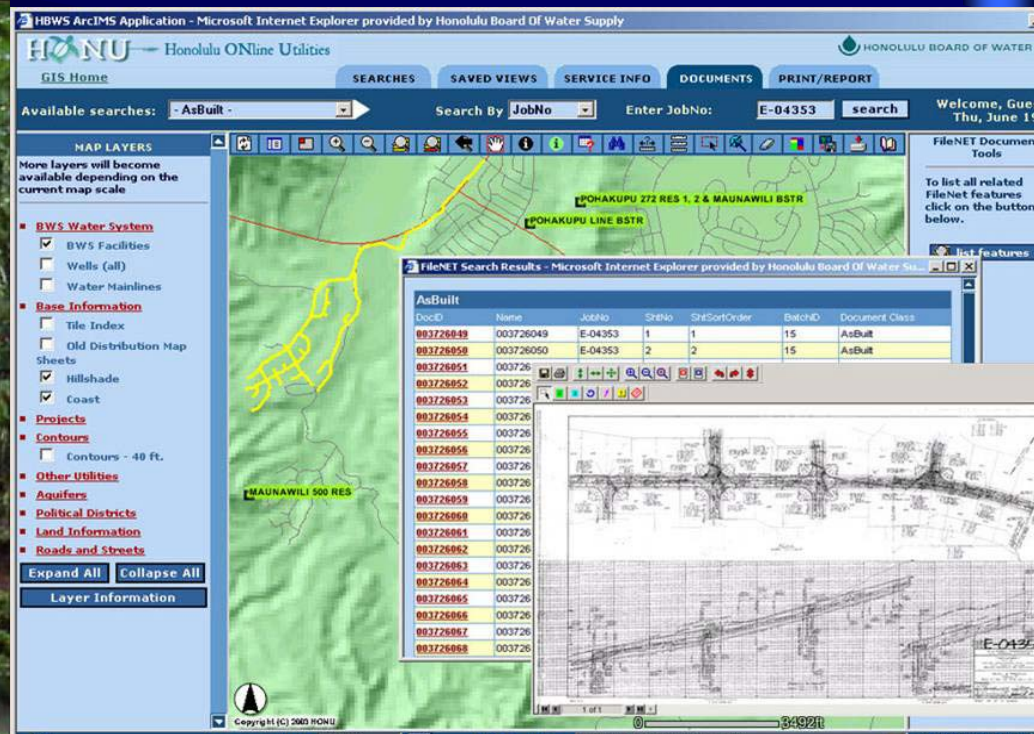
Watershed Protection



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

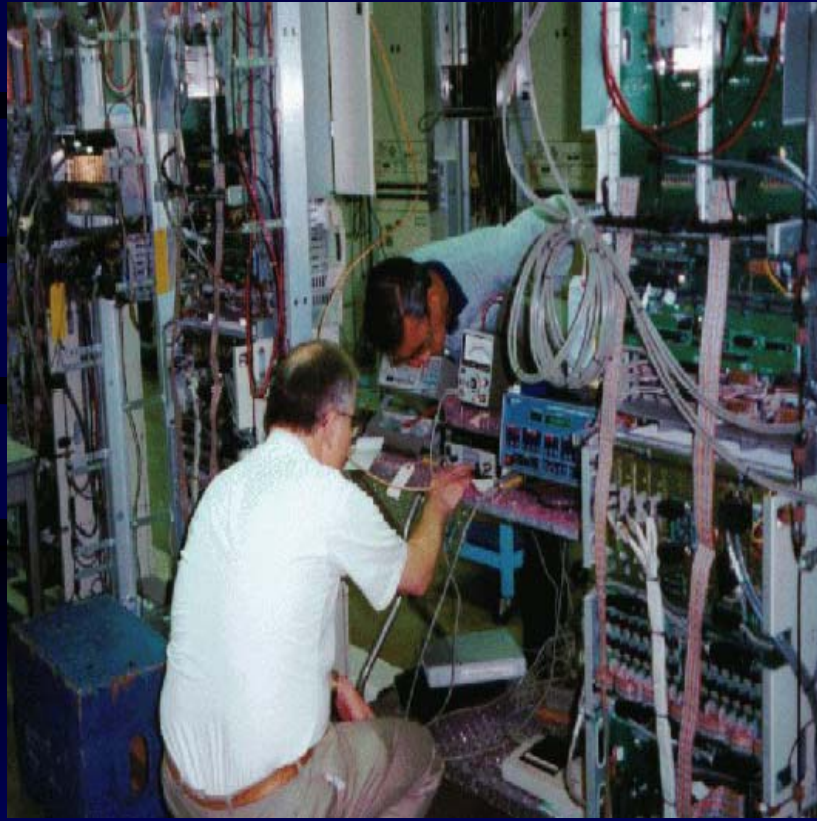
Potable Water

Demand-Side Management



Phnom Penh, Cambodia

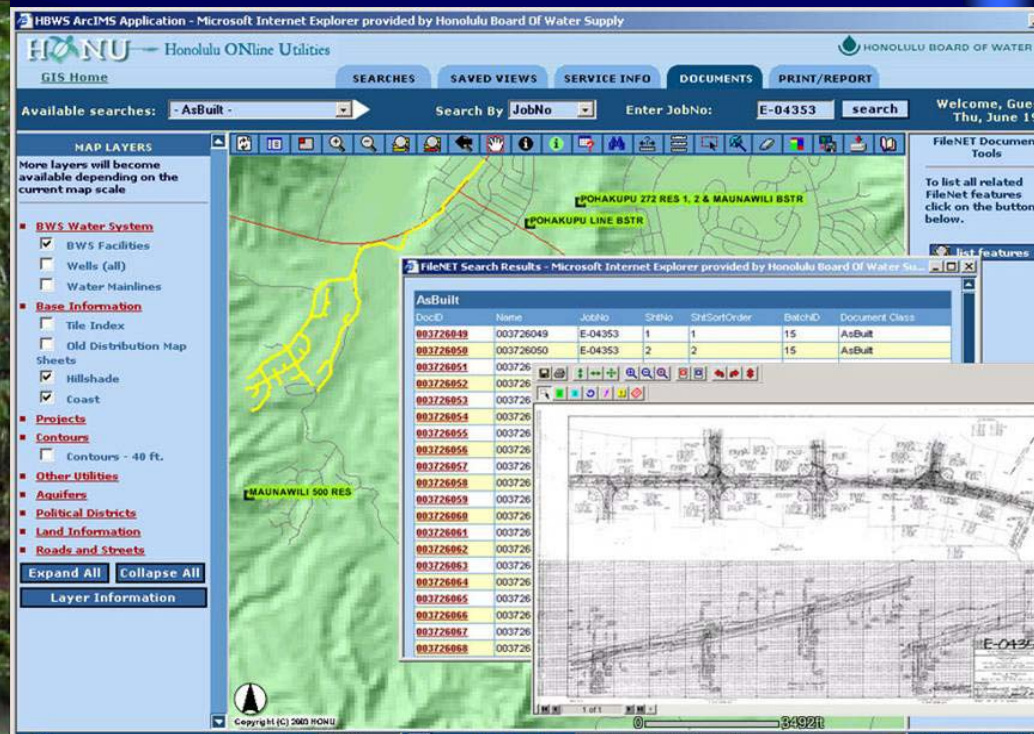
Water Service – Full Cost Recovery



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Potable Water

Improved Ag Techniques



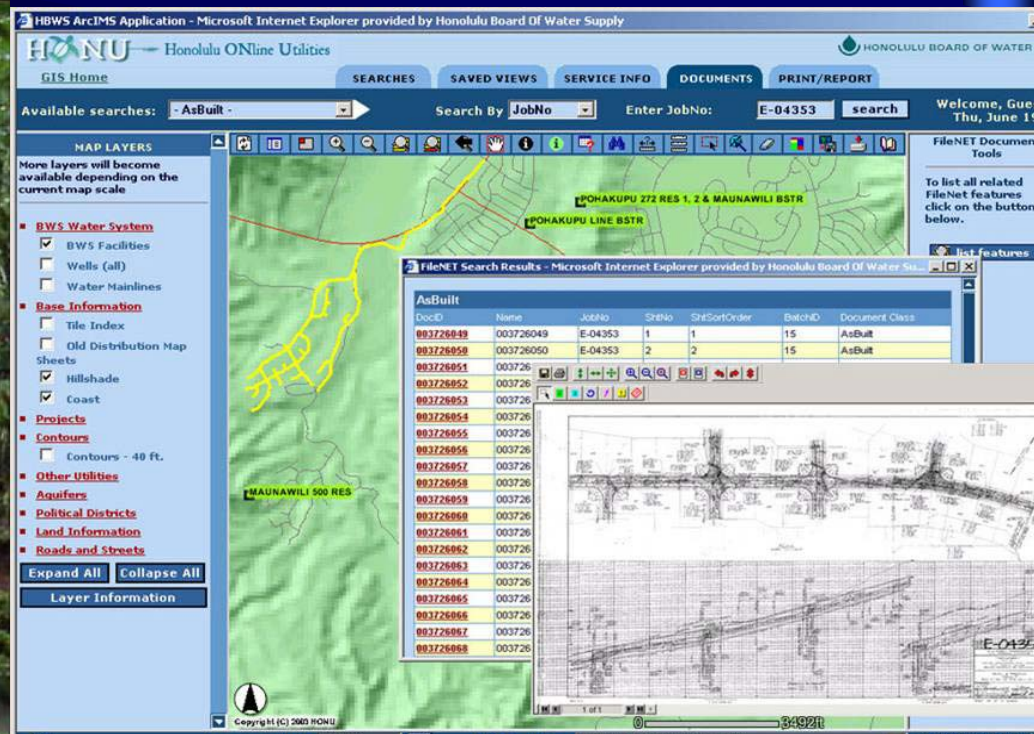
Wastewater Recycling



Agricultural irrigation

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Potable Water Water Treatment & Transmission



New Technology

Electronic Meter Reading



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Wastewater Management Demand-Side Management



Environmentally-Caused Disease



Estimates suggest that less than 5% of sewage in developing countries is treated before it is discharged into the environment

Water Conservation



No-Flush Urinal



No-Drip Fixtures

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Wastewater Management Recycling of Effluent & Solids



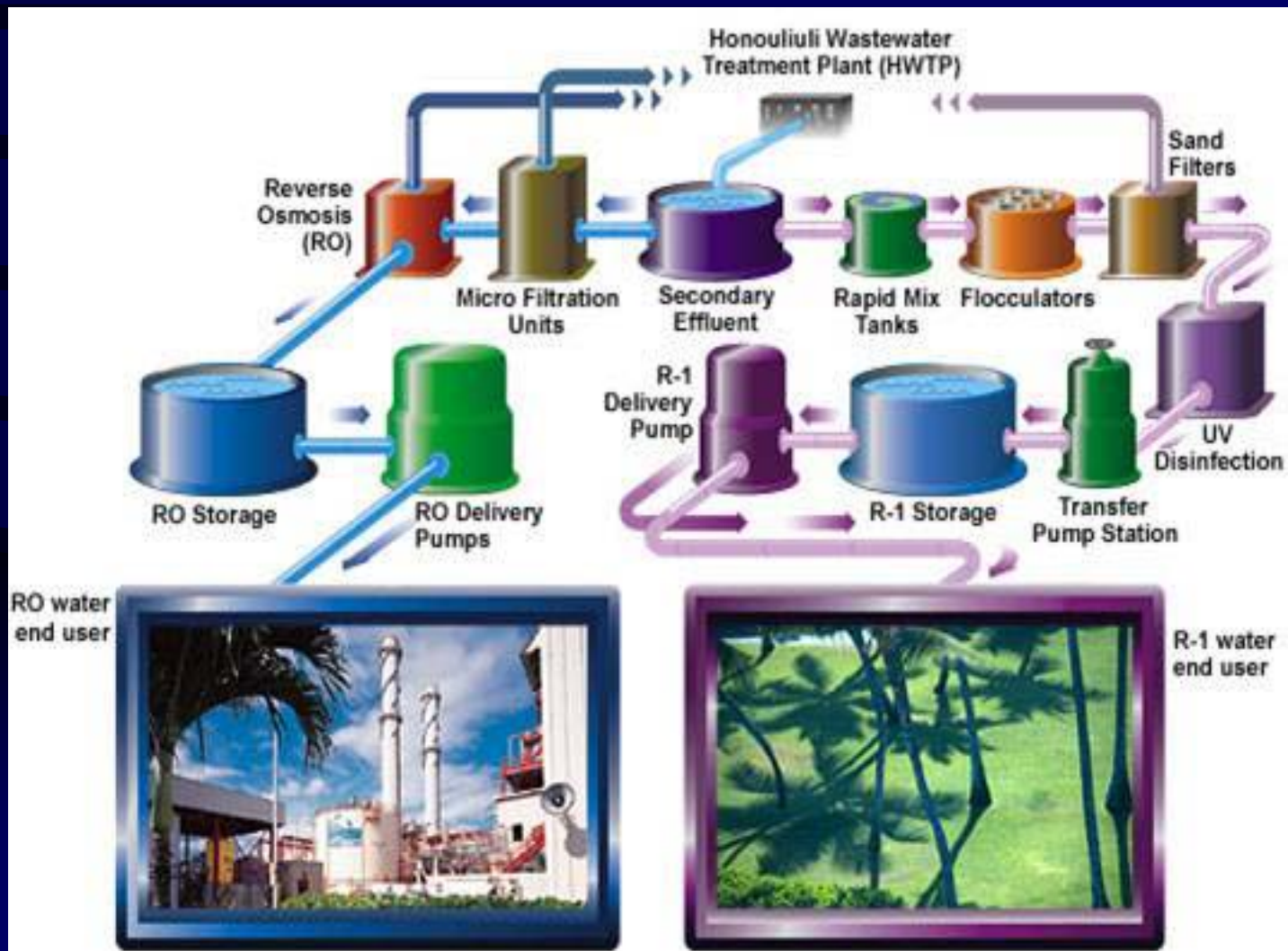
Commitment – Honolulu



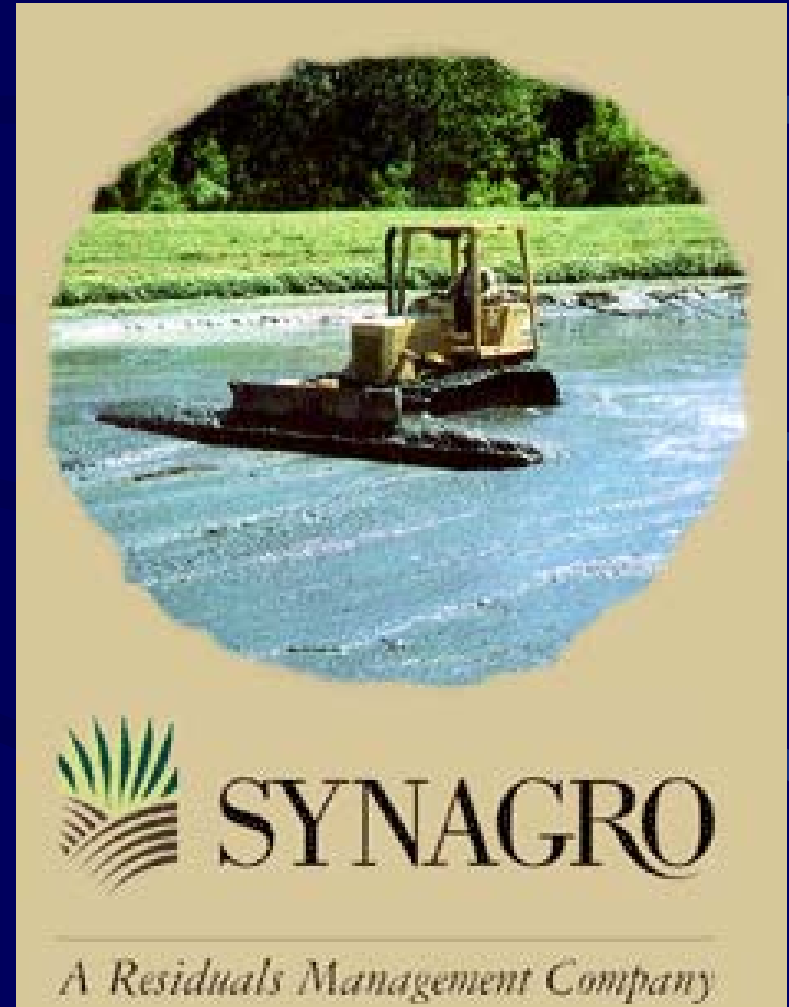
- Invest \$1 billion in wastewater upgrades
- Increase wastewater recycling to 10 MGD
- Begin construction of Bus Rapid Transit

The Honolulu Experience

Wastewater Recycling Systems



Conserving Our Natural Resources



The Search for New Technologies

Wastewater Recycling



Membrane technology

Male, Maldives/Honolulu, Hawaii

SCADA Monitoring



Commitment – Vadodara, India



Increased sewage treatment capacity from 25 to 100%

Commitment – Ahmedabad, India



- City to meet its 2001 commitment target of 100 percent waste water treated by 2004
- Currently pursuing commitment to improve the quality of life of slum dwellers

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Financing

Lifecycle Costing

FITCH



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Financing

Triple-Net Analysis

FITCH



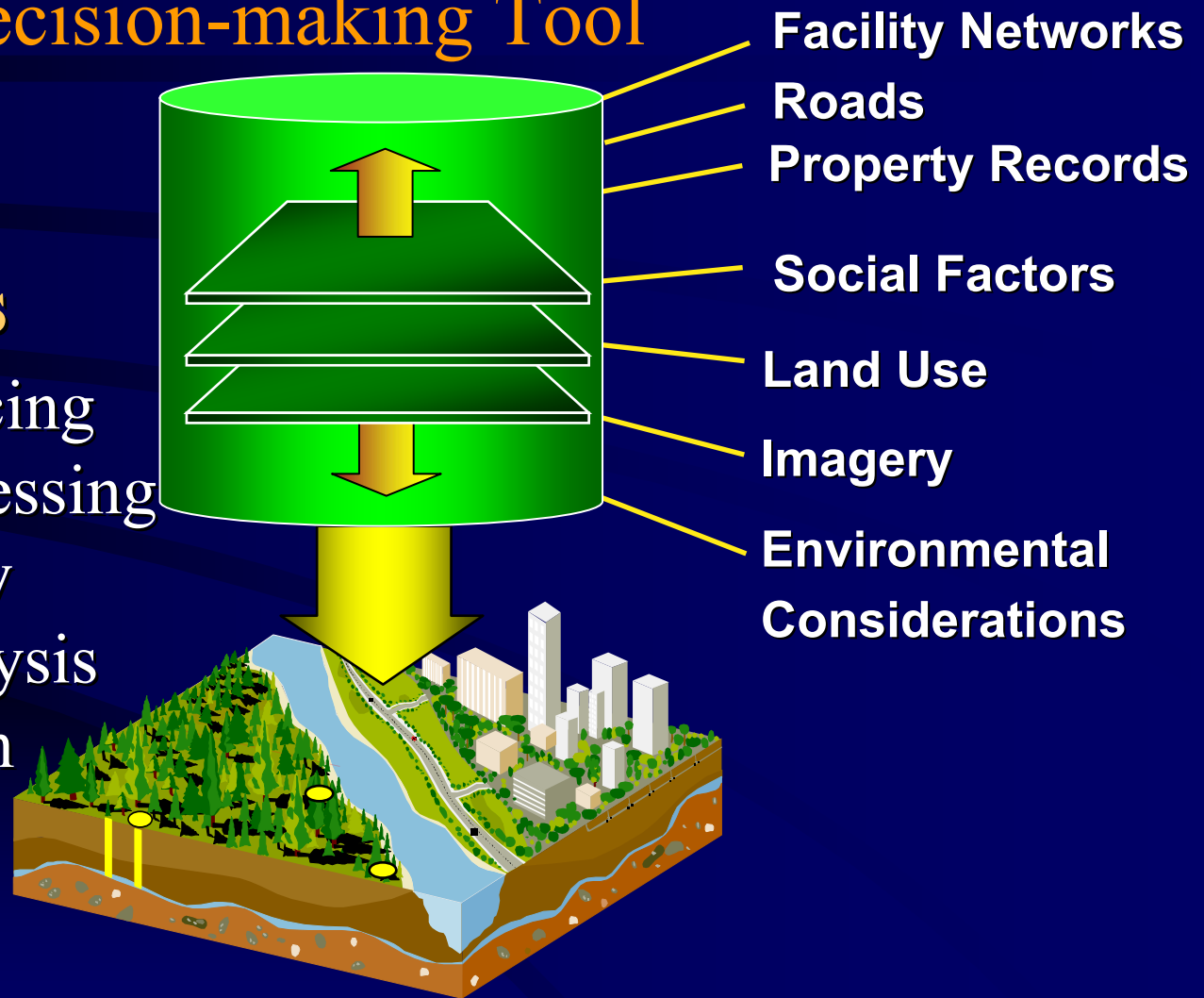
The Honolulu Experience

Enterprise-wide GIS

Integrated Decision-making Tool

Key Concepts

- GeoReferencing
- Digital Processing
- Map Overlay
- Spatial Analysis
- Visualization



Planning for the Future



Tools - GIS

Construction Plans - GIS Virtual 3D data



Nauru Tower - sewer lines

Ala Moana Boulevard
interceptor sewer section 2

Identify Results	
Layers: <Top-most layer>	
DATALOAD.SewerMain	Location: (550388.079214 46528.507232)
C-380927	
Field	Value
Basin	Sand Island
Plan Id	3004
Status	Active
Owner	City & County of Honolulu
Material	Cast Iron
Date Built	11/17/1937
Date Dig	9/30/1990
Date Mod	4/16/2004
Length	190
SLOPE	0.00253
Up Invert	-4.6
Dwn Invert	-5.08
Up Man	380395
Dwn Man	380400
Fric Factor	0.015
Crit Rating	A
Water Table	Below Groundwater
Flow Split	100
Pipe Shape	Circular
Rehab	
Height	0

The National Academies Program on Environmental Sustainability

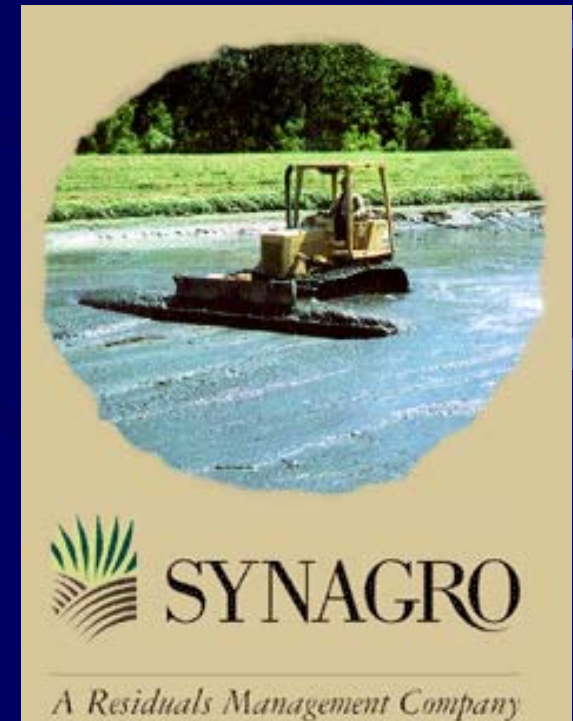


Goal- Help urban leaders use scientific knowledge and technology to guide economic growth sustainably to improve livelihoods and protect critical environmental and natural resources.

National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Objective 1

Foster the Use of Scientific Knowledge and Technology



National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Objective 2

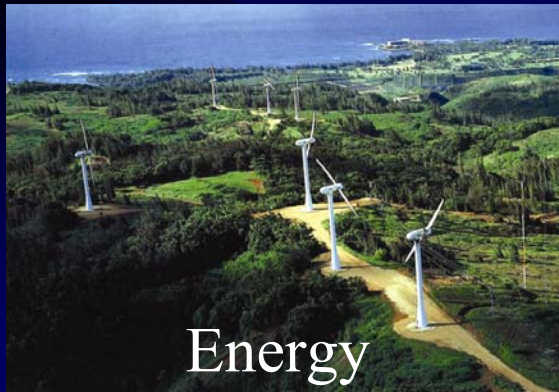
Enhance Human /Institutional Capacity



National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Objective 3

Encourage Integrated Urban Planning and Local Environmental Leadership



National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Objective 4

Advance the Science of Urban Environmental Sustainability



National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Objective 5

Extend Successful Local Experience to Cities Worldwide



National Academies Program on Urban Environmental Sustainability

Objective 6

Evaluate Program's Impacts and Adaptively Manage the Program



Focus Cities in Four Countries

China, Mexico, South Africa, Tanzania



Proposed Activities in China

Chinese Steering Committee

Selection of Chinese Cities

Integrated Assessment

Pilot Demonstrations

Systematic Empirical Study

Independent Technical Advice



Proposed Activities in Mexico

Sustainability Steering Committee

Integrated Assessment of Challenges

Projects to Address High Priorities
Transportation & Wastewater



Proposed Activities in Tanzania

Dar es Salaam

Data Collection and Analysis

- Transportation database

- Energy Source/Consumption database

- Water Source/Use/Distrib. Database

Linkage of Databases

Refining Transportation Master Plans

- Pollution Control/Abatement Policies



Global Activities

Develop Indicators For Urban Sustainable Development

Develop Two Guides to Best Practices & Technologies

Mobilize Volunteer Scientists & Engineers



Phase One – Summary of Activities

Integrated assessments of major environmental challenges and opportunities of four cities

Monitor pilot demonstrations of promising environmental technologies and practices

Create institutional arrangements with local governments and other stakeholders

Develop two easily accessible guides to technologies and best practices to address urban issues

Phase One – Summary of Activities

Complete a systematic empirical study of select Chinese cities in incorporating environmental sustainability principles into their development plans

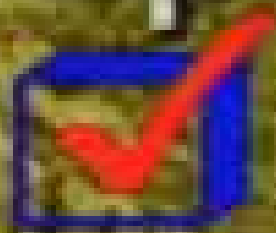
Provide independent technical support to the Tianjin Economic-Technologic Development Area

Mobilize 50+ volunteer scientists & engineers to work with and mentor local scientists and engineers

Develop indicators for environmentally sustainable urban development to assess environmental status, anticipate problems, and assess impact of programs



Inspiration

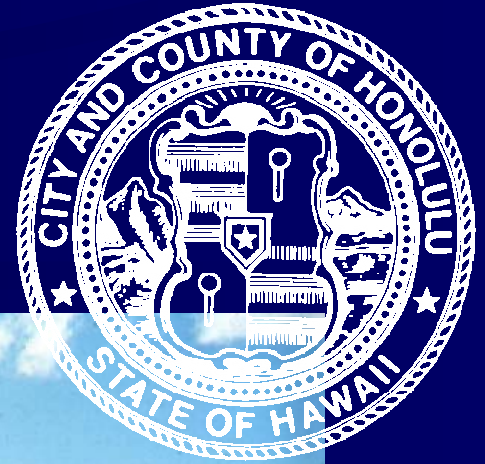


Ideas



Implementation

Mahalo







Sustainability in a Divided World



The developing world has plunged ahead with industrialization often ignoring the attendant challenges of environmental degradation and resource depletion¹⁶²

Role of the Developed World



If the developing world repeats the folly of short-term thinking, ultimately, the world will be at greater risk

Developing World's Natural Debt



The debt will eventually have to be paid by everyone:
There are no boundaries in the global environment₆₄

Trade and the Environment

The Sustainability Conundrum of Our Time

- Unwilling to pay the true cost of industrial production
- Developing countries are increasing natural debt



Global Population



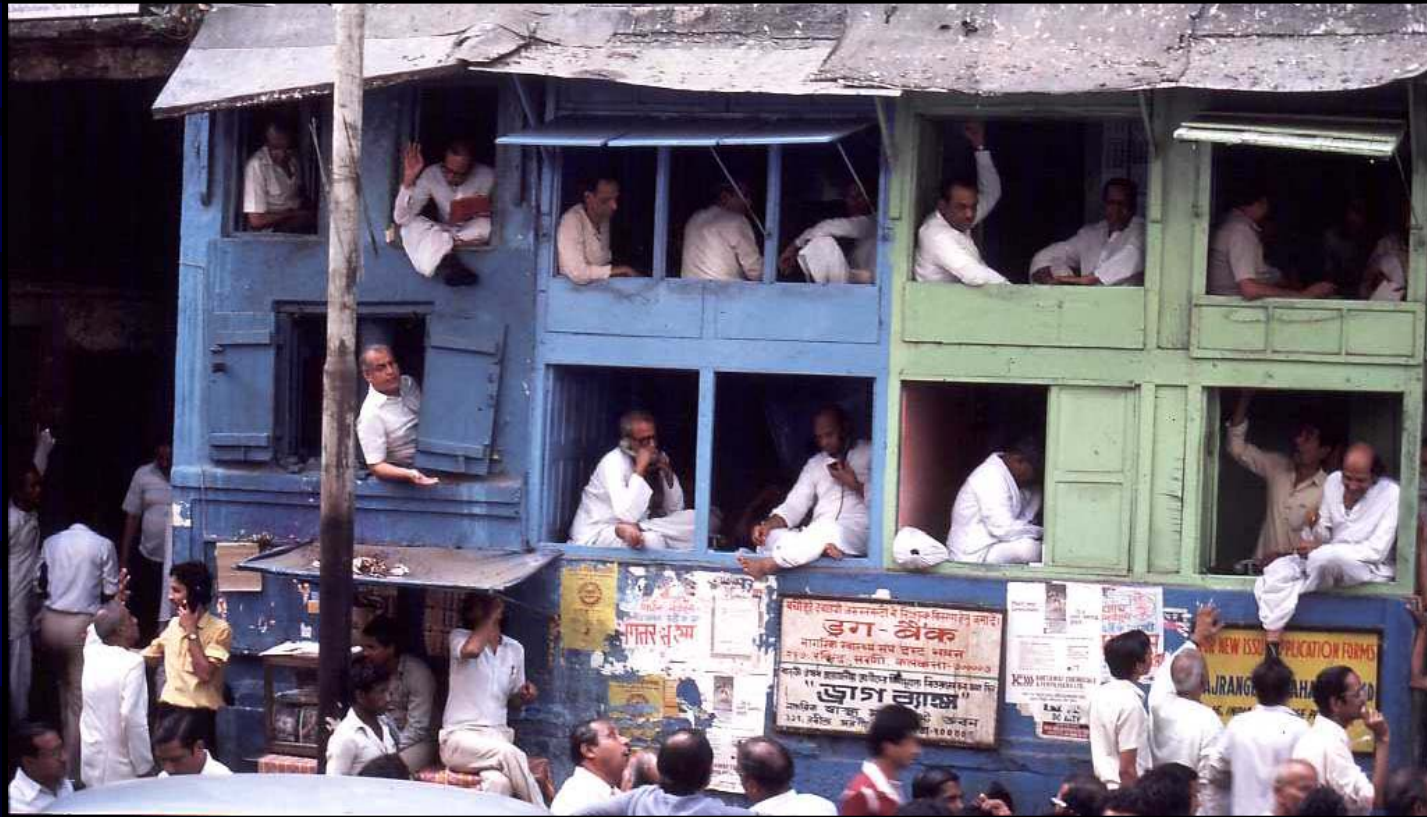
- Global population now exceeds 6.3 billion, more than double what it was in 1950
- Projected to grow to 8.9 billion in 2050

Global Population – Growth Rates



- Growth rate becomes negative in the more developed countries in 2030
- Population growth is expected to continue to rise in the developing world

Global Population – Least Developed



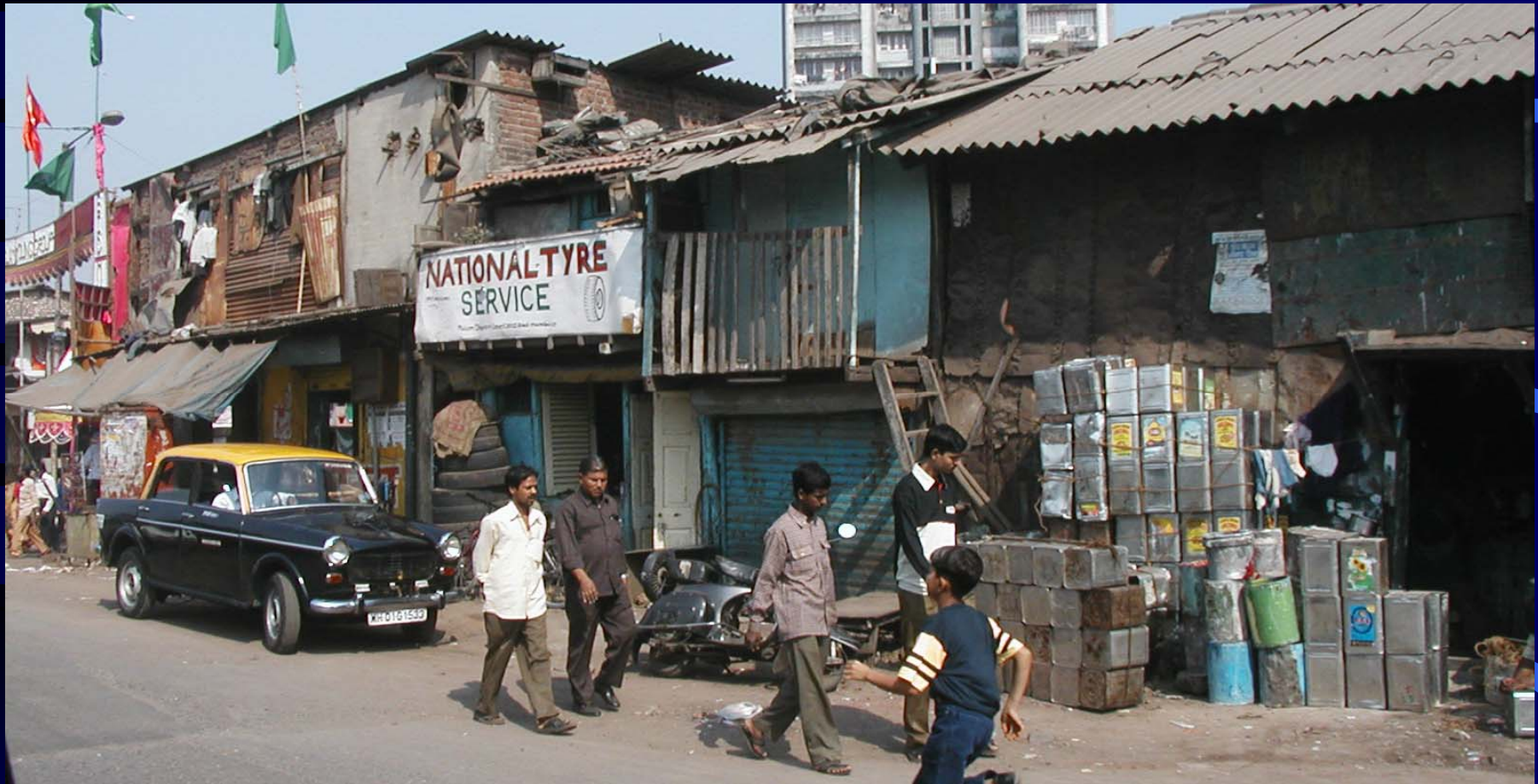
Despite high mortality, population in the **least developed countries** will double between 2000-2050, from 668 million to 1.68 billion

Urbanization



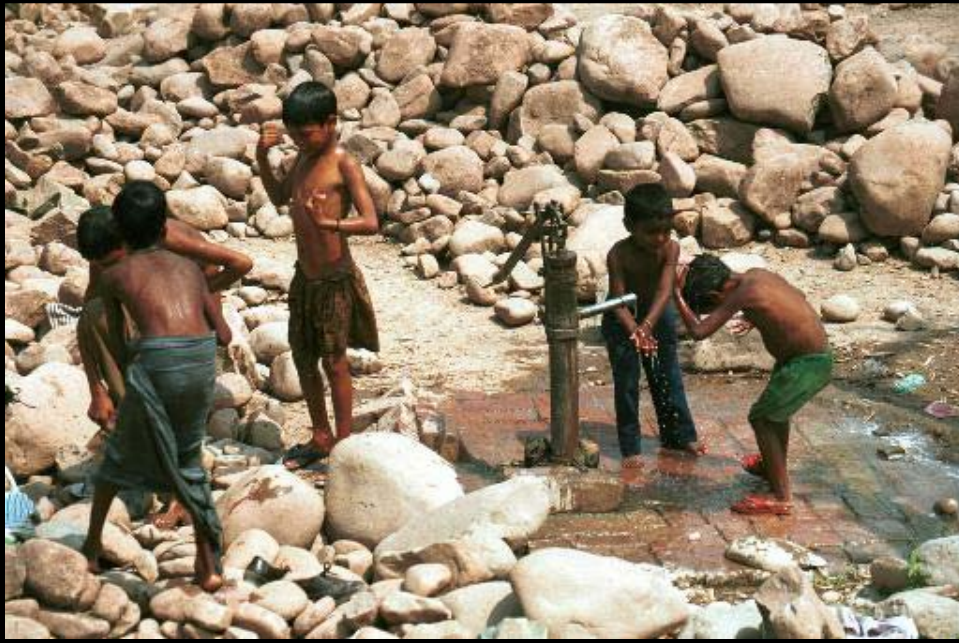
Rapid urban growth results in environmental degradation, unemployment, lack of urban services and adequate shelter, and overburdening of infrastructure

Urbanization – Poverty



Presently, over 900 million people – about 1/3 of the world's urban population, are slum dwellers

Environmentally-Caused Disease



High population density and poor sanitation, characteristics of urbanization, promote the spread of infectious disease

Exporting Electronic Waste



Women in a Chinese village pick over the wire remains of computers exported from the West¹⁷²

World Reliance on Fossil Fuels Continues to Grow

In 1999 fossil fuels accounted for 84.7 percent of world energy consumption



By 2020 world reliance on fossil fuels is projected to rise to 87.5 percent

Urban Alliances: Key to a Global Sustainable Future



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

6. Economy



Non-Point Source Pollution



- 3 billion people live within 200 kilometers of a coastline
- By 2025 that figure is likely to double





Non-Point Source Pollution



- 3 billion people live within 200 kilometers of a coastline
- By 2025 that figure is likely to double

Sustainable Planning



Honolulu's Bus Rapid Transit: New Hybrid Electric Buses

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Transportation Shift To Renewable Energy



Global Warming



Transportation contributes
a large share of urban air pollution

Certificate in Urban Sustainability

Royal Institute of Technology

Stockholm, Sweden



Infrastructure



Land Use & Agriculture



Transportation



Energy



Natural Resources

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Economic Development

Primary Industry - Reuse



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Financing

Third Party Financing

FITCH



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Economic Development

Service/Tourism-Grow Resources



Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Economic Development

Manufacturing-Natural Debt Free



Deforestation



- 80% of the forests that originally covered the Earth have been cleared
- 36 million acres are destroyed each year

Energy – Access Inequality

Invest in
Leapfrog
Technology



About 2.5 billion people have no access to modern energy services

Cities – the Sustainable Prescription

Wastewater Management

Independent Collection Systems



The Honolulu Experience

Potable Water Filtration System



Global Warming



- Disrupts weather patterns
- Impacts coastal areas
- Spreads infectious disease
- Affects agricultural production