

**SHORT- AND LONG-TERM ECONOMIC  
IMPACTS OF S&T INVESTMENTS:  
DATA ISSUES**

**Science of Science Policy  
Interagency Group**

# Background

- ▣ SOSP Roadmap and workshop
  - Data module
  - Input on data infrastructure
- ▣ Data Infrastructure working group
  - NSF, NIH, IRS, BEA
  - January “next steps” memo
- ▣ The new importance of science in economic growth
  - America COMPETES
  - ARRA
  - Congressman Holt’s letter

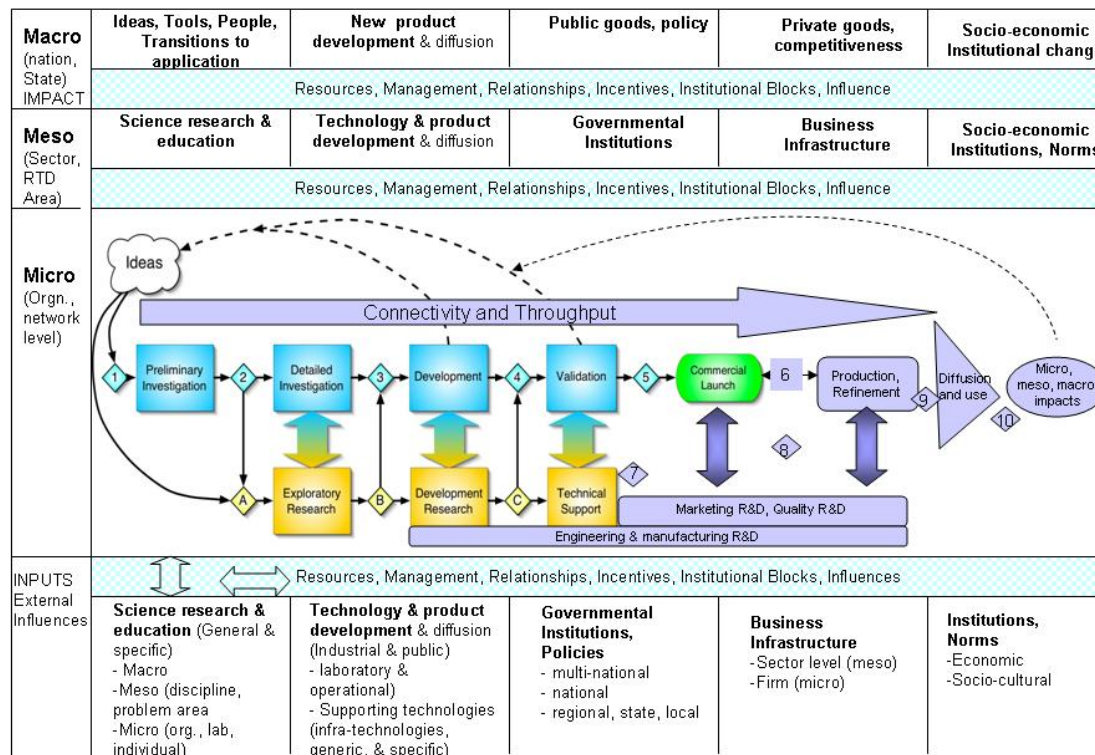
# More Background

- ▣ Challenge with job creation estimates
  - Identifying informed respondent
    - ▣ HR?
    - ▣ Finance?
    - ▣ SRO?
  - Identifying appropriate concept
    - ▣ What is a job
    - ▣ What is a “created” job
    - ▣ What is due to stimulus, given churn in jobs
  - Getting good estimate
    - ▣ Experience with employment surveys
  - Burden and confusion

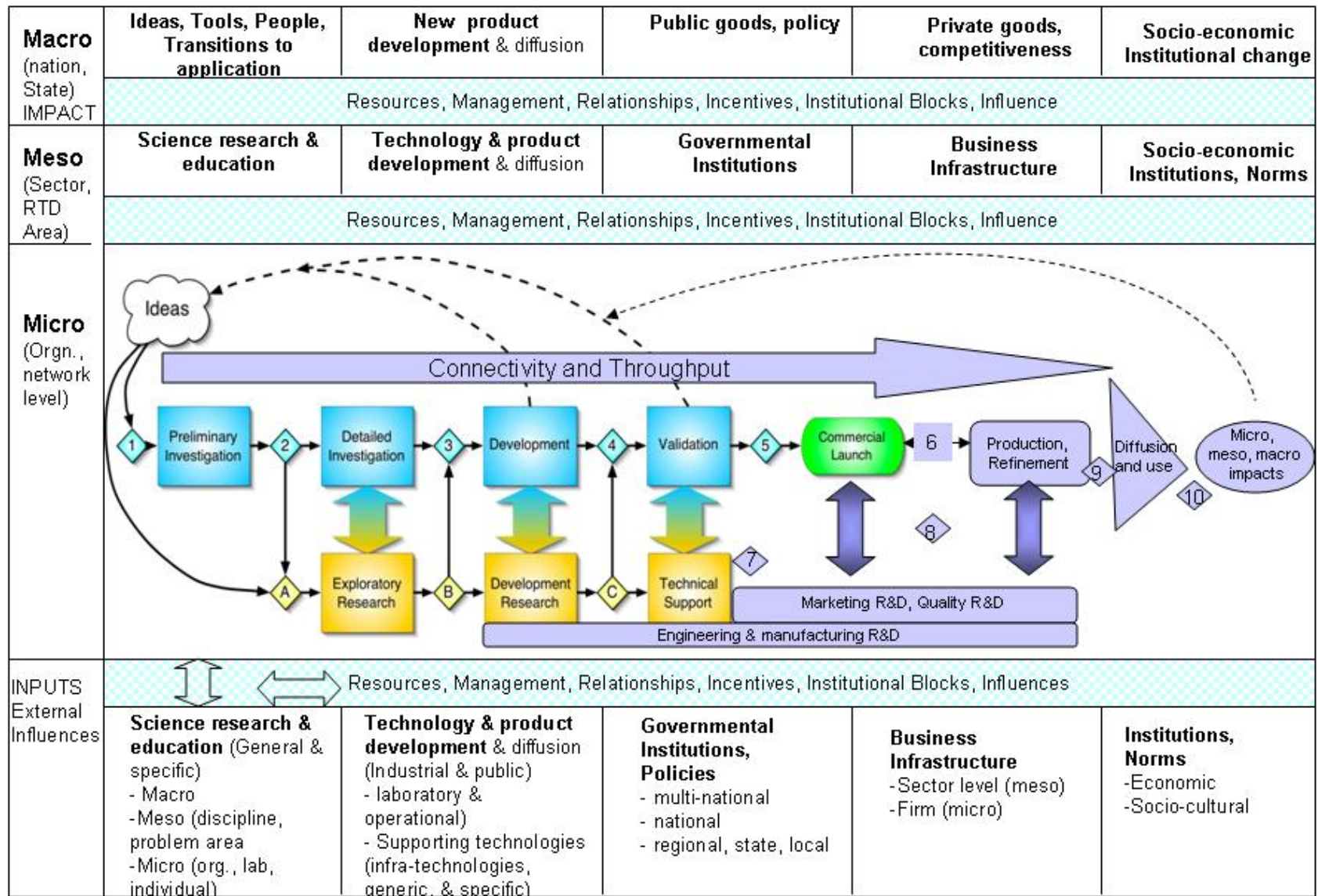
# Conceptual Challenges

- Describing the process: Economics, sociology, political science, psychology, domain disciplines

**Multiple levels of influence and assessment within an emergent RTD system**



## Multiple levels of influence and assessment within an emergent RTD system



# Empirical Challenges

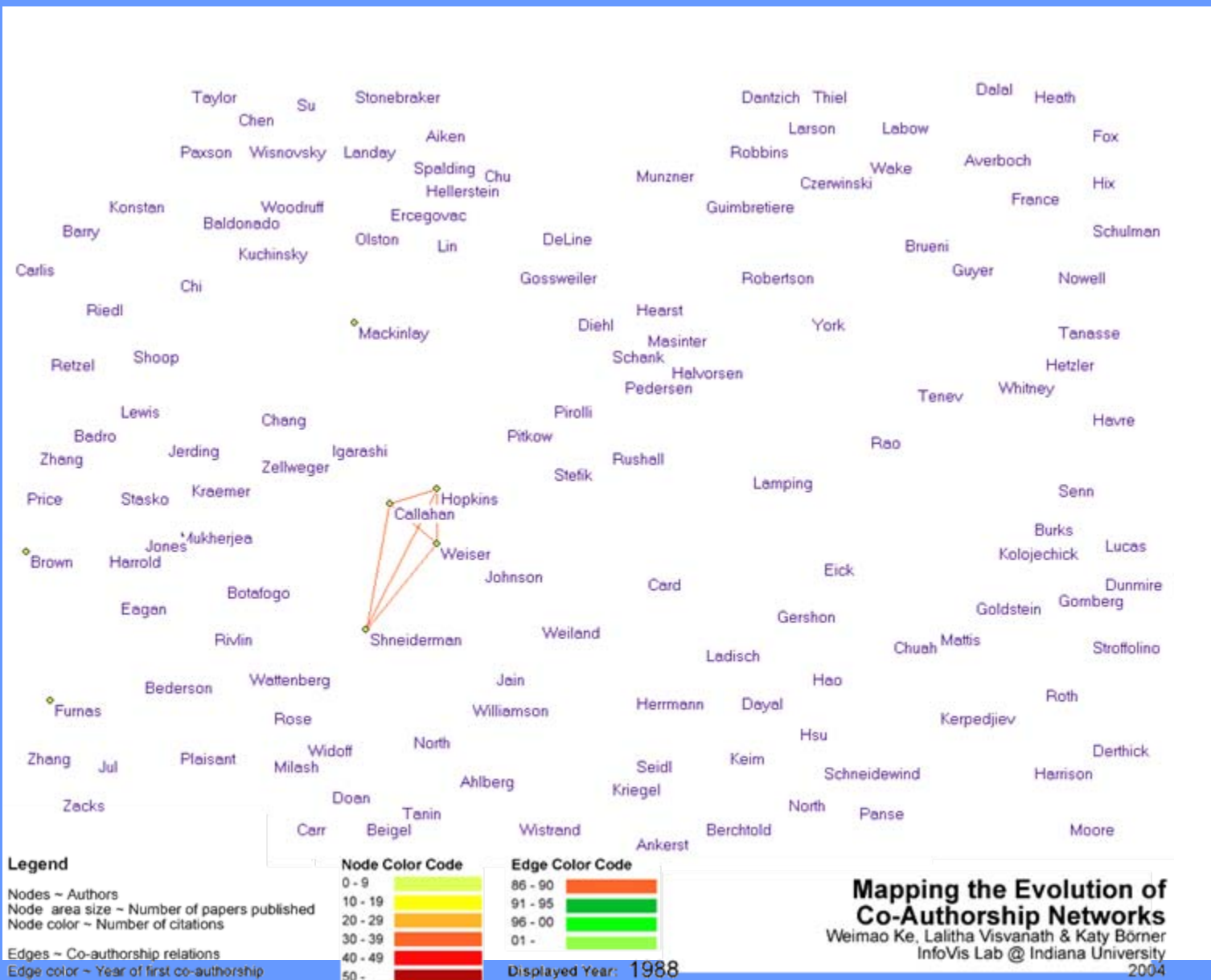
- ▣ Unit of analysis
  - ▣ Time Lags
  - ▣ Disciplinary differences
  - ▣ Science Data Infrastructure targeted towards proposal administration, rather than management information or analysis
- => No coupling of science investments with scientific and economic outcomes

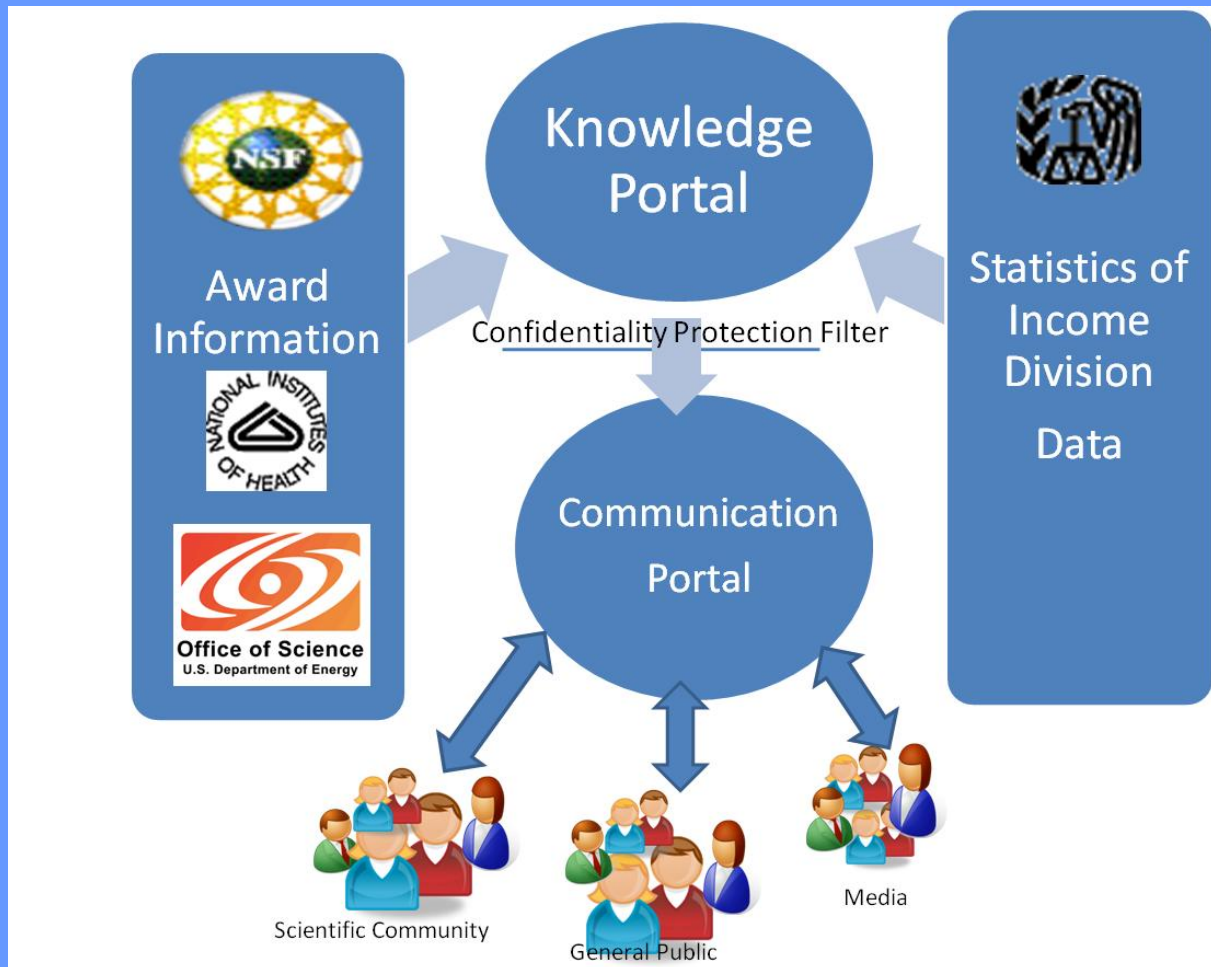
# Pragmatic Challenges

- ▣ Timeliness of estimates
- ▣ Informing key constituents
- ▣ Engagement of scientific community

# Lessons From Previous Experience

- ▣ Measuring job creation from administrative records feasible
  - Requires buyin
  - Legal, technical and operational barriers, but surmountable
  - Necessary to address perceptions up front
- ▣ Disseminating public use data for use by recipients feasible
- ▣ Two examples below





# Example - ARRA

# Example: Estimating Job Creation

- Identifying informed respondent
  - HR?
  - Finance?
  - SRO?
- Identifying appropriate concept
  - What is a job
  - What is a “created” job
  - What is due to stimulus, given churn in jobs
- Getting good estimate
  - Experience with employment surveys
- Burden and confusion

# Possible Approach

- ▣ Automatically generate job creation measures
  - Create administrative tracking system
    - ▣ Existing payroll management systems
    - ▣ Unemployment insurance wage records
  - External validation and accountability
    - ▣ Credible researchers (not Fed estimates)
    - ▣ External tagging

PICA			ELITE		



STATE OF MICHIGAN, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR & ECONOMIC GROWTH  
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE AGENCY



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See reverse side for detailed instructions and penalty provisions

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 BY USING "ALIGNMENT BOXES" TYPED & LINE PRINTED DATA WILL FALL WITHIN ALL FIELDS

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## RESET FORM

UIA Wage Record Unit  
P.O. Box 9052  
Detroit, MI 48202-9052  
1-313-456-2760  
(TTY customers use 1-866-366-0004)

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▶ **QUESTION**

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[illegible]

# Additional Steps

- ▣ Work with willing agencies
- ▣ Pilot with some academic institutions
  - Federal Demonstration Project
- ▣ Pilot with some HR packages
  - E.g Peoplesoft
- ▣ Develop useful and interesting end products

1. “products” to get buy in
2. Administrative measures of job creation (and earnings) on flow

QWI Online [NAICS] - Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Yahoo! Tools Help

http://lehd.did.census.gov/led/datatools/qwiapp.html

Most Visited Getting Started Latest Headlines Log Out

Stumble! I like it! Send to Channels: All Favorites Friends Tools

Search Web Bookmarks My Yahoo! Yahoo! Games Mail Shopping News Finance Travel

Home Local Employment Dynamics Data Tools Research Library About Us

CED HotReports QWI Online OnTheMap Version 3 Industry Focus Case Studies and Examples

Print

Search

### QWI Online [NAICS]

LEHD State of Maryland County Reports - Quarterly Workforce Indicators

Select Criteria below. A new report will be created below as selections change.

Year: 2008 Geographic Grouping: County or [Information by Detailed Industry](#)

Quarter: Q1 County: 031 Montgomery

Sex: Male and Female Industry: All NAICS Sectors

AgeGroup: 14-99 Ownership: All(1-5)

[Download Dataset](#) [Print Table](#)

QWI Quick Facts	Montgomery (Q1)	Montgomery (Avg:Selected + 3 Prior qtrs)	Maryland (Q1)	Maryland (Avg:Selected + 3 Prior qtrs)
Total Employment	445,929	450,347	2,386,855	2,414,829
Net Job Flows	-2,881	757	-19,735	4,159
Job Creation	19,752	22,072	102,814	122,930
New Hires	56,736	65,873	311,211	385,328
Separations	70,173	76,819	385,166	446,399
Turnover	9.0%	9.5%	9.1%	9.7%
Avg Monthly Earnings	\$5,204.00	\$4,869.00	\$4,152.00	\$4,047.75
Avg New Hire Earnings	\$2,949.00	\$3,504.50	\$2,413.00	\$2,643.00

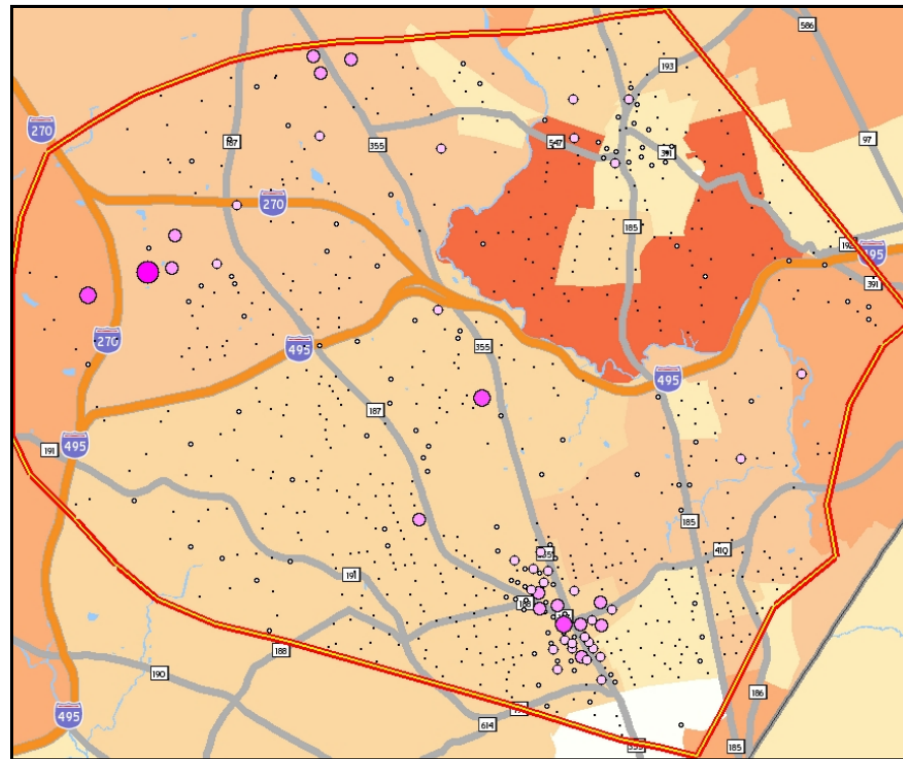
Done

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11:09 AM

1. Customized areas of impact (freehand for zip 20814)
2. Public use data at block level

### Work Area Profile Report



This map is for demonstration purposes only. For a more detailed and customizable map output, please use the "Print Map" tool located above the Map Viewer.

2006  
• 1 - 44 Workers  
• 45 - 358 Workers  
• 359 - 1210 Workers  
• 1211 - 2870 Workers  
• 2871 - 5605 Workers  
• 5606 - 9687 Workers

# Automatic and customized reports possible

<u>Total Primary Jobs</u>		2006
	Count	Share
Total Primary Jobs	84,169	100.0%

<u>Jobs by Worker Age</u>		2006
	Count	Share
Age 30 or younger	22,046	26.2%
Age 31 to 54	49,297	58.6%
Age 55 or older	12,826	15.2%

<u>Jobs by Earnings Paid</u>		2006
	Count	Share
\$1,200 per month or less	15,703	18.7%
\$1,201 to \$3,400 per month	27,189	32.3%
More than \$3,400 per month	41,277	49.0%

<u>Jobs by Industry Type (2-digit NAICS)</u>		2006
	Count	Share
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	73	0.1%
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	8	0.0%
Utilities	29	0.0%
Construction	5,127	6.1%
Manufacturing	2,698	3.2%
Wholesale Trade	1,705	2.0%
Retail Trade	8,386	10.0%
Transportation and Warehousing	952	1.1%
Information	2,551	3.0%
Finance and Insurance	7,052	8.4%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	3,714	4.4%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	14,175	16.8%
Management of Companies and Enterprises	4,171	5.0%
Administration & Support, Waste Management and Remediation	6,300	7.5%
Educational Services	2,889	3.4%
Health Care and Social Assistance	9,269	11.0%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	1,805	2.1%
Accommodation and Food Services	7,087	8.4%
Other Services (excluding Public Administration)	5,772	6.9%
Public Administration	406	0.5%

# GETTING INTO THE DETAILS: AGENCY AND UNIVERSITY GRANT HANDLING COMPLEXITIES

**John Voeller**

# Generic Agency Investment Schematic

Standards Steps and New Recovery Steps Shown

Investment  
Selection,  
Prioritization,  
Posting And  
Award

Award  
Recording,  
Management,  
Reporting  
  
Place On  
Agency  
Public Access  
Site

Transmission  
Of FAADS  
Records To  
Census  
Site

Closure and  
Archive of  
Investment  
Retain Record  
On Public  
Access Site

Standards Steps

Recovery Steps

Identification  
Of Investment  
As Recovery  
Funded and  
Estimate Value

Tagging  
Investment  
As Recovery  
Related In  
Accounting

Provide  
ARRA  
Extraction  
And Update  
Path to  
Recovery.gov

ARRA  
Analysis  
Performed  
Reviewed  
And Posted

# Agency Project Info Access Schematic

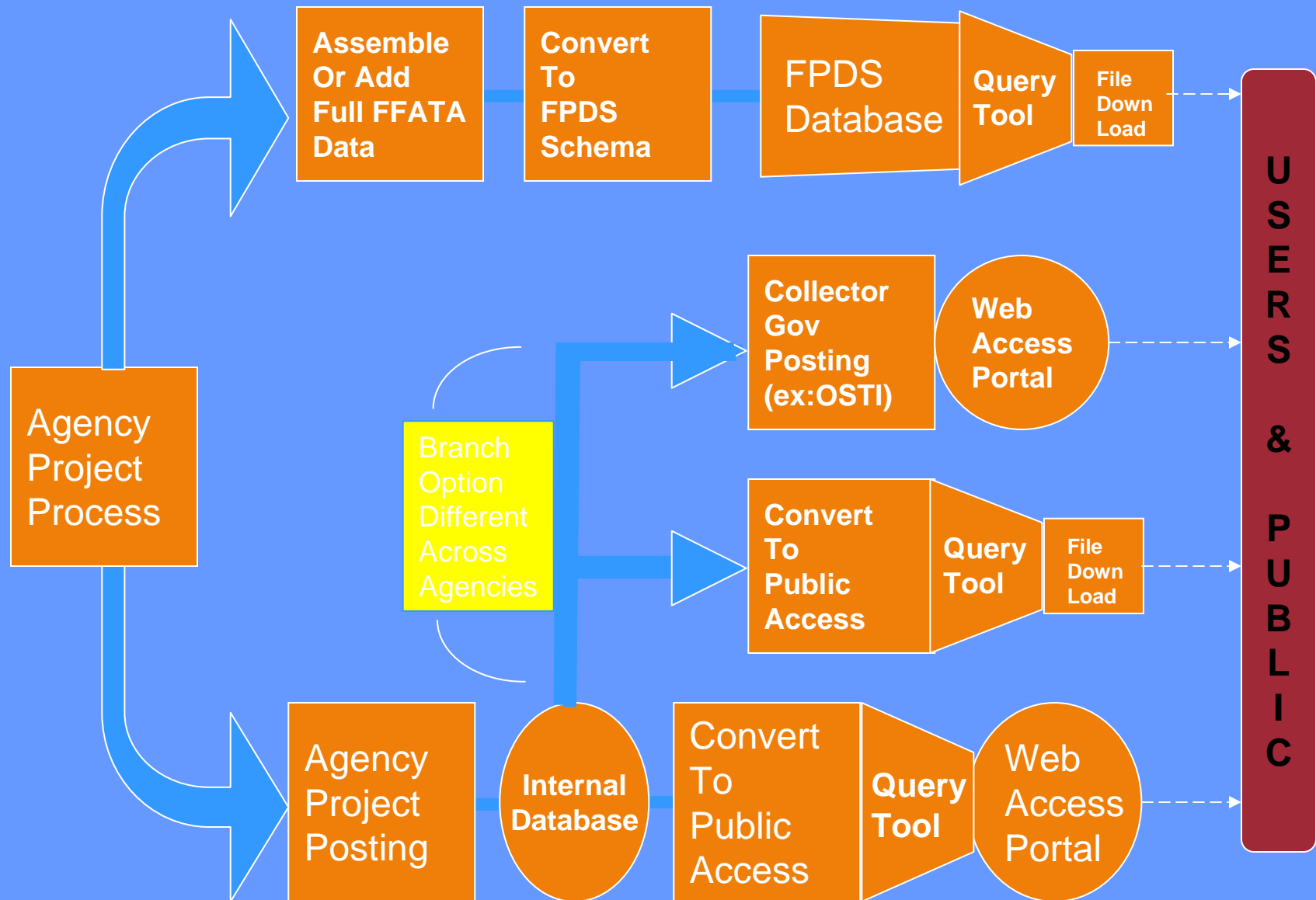
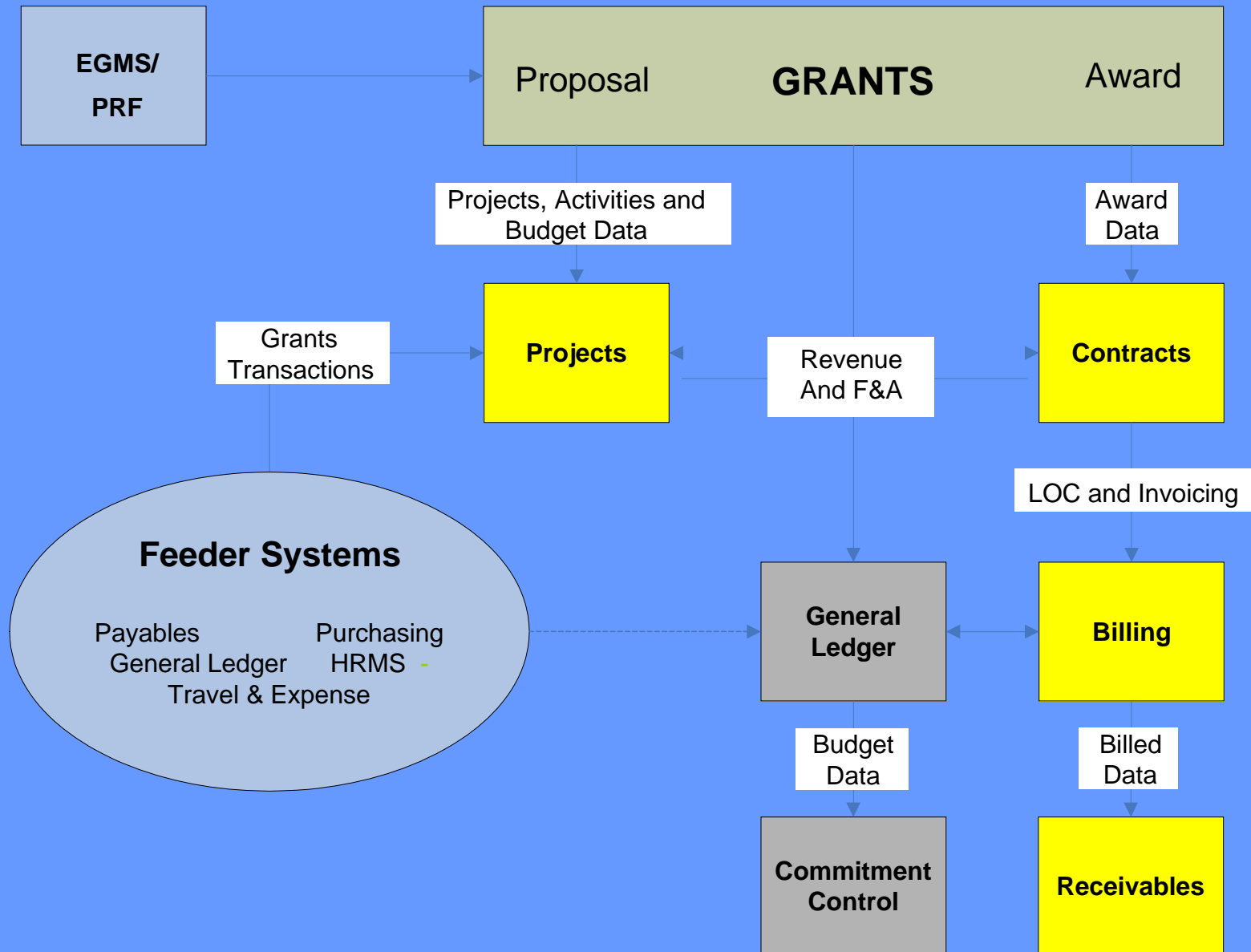


Figure 4

# General University Grants Process Model



## COMMUNICATIONS

# Three Channels of Knowledge

Agency  
Goals

Interest  
Areas

Solicit  
Proposals

Review &  
Contact

## FINANCIAL

## REPORT

### AGENCY

Grant  
Allocation

Award

State  
reports

Merge  
Funds

Signed  
Contract

Tax  
Reports

Sub  
Contracting

Patents

Initial  
Report

Purchase/  
Leases

Journal  
Papers

Annual  
Reports

Hire/  
Contract

IP Sale/  
Transfer

Final  
Report

Close  
Out

Companies  
Started

# Other Key Issues

- ▣ Agencies overloaded with reporting requirements
- ▣ Recipients overloaded with reporting requirements
- ▣ Financial reporting is top priority

# Broader Vision

- Create science of science policy data infrastructure
  - Leverage existing systems to minimize burden
  - Create flow estimates of awards, outcomes within a single administrative system
  - Match to other administrative and survey data in secure environment (e.g. student flows to firms, PI activities; firm outcomes: patents; r&d tax credits; IPOs)
  - Generate consistent, evidence based, open and transparent estimates of economic and societal impact
  - Cumulate impacts over time and by discipline

# End View

- ▣ Dissemination: create capacity for scientists, businesses, and public to provide input into, and understand, the results of the scientific enterprise
  - Web 2.0
    - ▣ (collaborative tagging)
    - ▣ RSS feed
    - ▣ Visualization Zappos <http://www.zappos.com/map/>

# Next steps: partnership

- ▣ Possible pilot on developing administrative data infrastructure (role for FDP)
  - Developing functional specs
- ▣ Agency and institutional support critical
- ▣ Open discussion