

# A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing

Board on Research Data and Information/US CODATA
International Coordination for Science Data Infrastructure
November 1, 2017

Jane Greenberg, Alice B Kroger Professor Drexel University

IIS/BD Spokes/Award #1636788







#### Team members

- Alex Bertsch, grad. RA, MIT, Brown University
- Sam Madden, Lead PI, Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- Carsten Binnig, Pl, Brown University
- Sam Grabus, grad. RA, Drexel University
- Jane Greenberg, PI, Drexel University
- Hongwei Lu, grad. RA, Drexel University
- Famien Koko, grad. RA, MIT
- Tim Kraska, PI, Brown University
- Danny Weitzner, PI, MIT













#### Overview

- 1. Data Sharing: Open Environments
  - Lots and lots of good resources
- 2. Closed Environments
  - "A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing" (NSF Spoke)
    - First-phase KOS for sharing of restricted data
    - Prototyping
- 3. Conclusions and next steps









#### Closed data



Intel-Collaborative Cancer Cloud (CCC) (Dana-Farber, OHSU, Ontario Institute for Cancer Research (OICR))



#### Collaborative **Genomics Cloud**

(CGC) colocalizing massive genomics datasets)



Corporation)

#### Data sharing barriers

**Policy** 

	agreements	
<ul><li>Complex</li></ul>	"Creative	Rights, privacy
regulations governing use of data in different	commons" (CC) does not address need	Concerns over sensitive information
domains <ul> <li>Data lifecycle –</li> </ul>	Security	(e.g., PII)
dataliving thing	Technical and	Incentives
<ul><li>Do not want to loose control over data downstream</li><li>What if data is redacted?</li></ul>	systematic aspects (policy, regulations, confidentiality/ rights)	Why would someone go to all the effort to share their valuable data?

Licensing,





No sharing without a legal agreement



Involves lawyers

to create individual agreement!





## A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing

- 1. Licensing Framework / Generator
- 2. Data-Sharing Platform (Enforce Licenses)
  - DataHub



- 3. Metadata (Search Licenses and Data)
- Principle: Solve the 80% case!

#### http://cci.drexel.edu/mrc/research/a-licensing-modeland-ecosystem-for-data-sharing



**ABOUT** 

RESEARCH

**PUBLICATIONS** 

PEOPLE

**NEWS & EVENTS** 

\_

CCI / Home / Research /

#### **A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing**

#### **Project Summary**

"A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing" is a spokes project led by researchers at Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT), Brown Univas part of the Northeast Big Data Innovation Hub.

We are addressing data sharing challenges that are too frequently held up due legal matters, policies, privacy concerns, and other challenges that interl agreement.

Sharing of data sets can provide tremendous mutual benefits for industry, researchers, and nonprofit organizations. A major obstacle is that data often restrictions on how it can be used. Beyond open data protocols, many attempts to share relevant data sets between different stakeholders in industry a large investment to make data sharing possible.

We are addressing these challenges by: 1) Creating a licensing model for data that facilitates sharing data that is not necessarily open or free between c Developing a prototype data sharing software platform, ShareDB that will enforce agreement terms and restrictions for the licenses developed, and (3) I relevant metadata that will accompany the datasets shared under the different licenses, making them easily searchable and interpretable.

"A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing" is also linked with the Northeast Data Sharing Group, comprising of many different stakeholders t widely accepted and usable in many application domains (e.g., health and finance).



#### Enabling Seamless Data Sharing in Industry and Academia (Fall 2017)

Heard from the trenches...

- Collect agreements
- Build a trusted platform
- Good metadata!



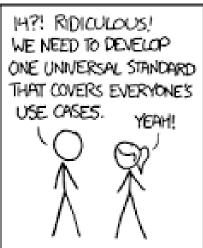
## A Licensing Model and Ecosystem for Data Sharing" (NSF Spoke)

- •First-phase KOS for sharing of restricted data
- Prototyping



#### HOW STANDARDS PROLIFERATE: (SEE A/C CHARGERS, CHARACTER ENCODINGS, INSTANT MESSAGING, ETC.)

SITUATION: THERE ARE 14 COMPETING STANDARDS





SITUATION: THERE ARE 15 COMPETING STANDARDS.

# WHY REINVENT THE WHEEL WHEN YOU DON'T HAVE TO?



#### **Licenses: First Results**

(Sam Grabus:

smg383@drexel.edu)

# Categori gh-level

#### General:

attributes relating to the project and the agreement itself

e.g., Description of the data, Definition of terms

#### **Privacy & Protection:**

the protection of sensitive information and security

e.g., Individual identifiers removed prior to transfer,
Encryption

#### Access:

who and how contact may be made with the data

e.g., Who has access, Method of access (approved hardware or software)

#### **Responsibility:**

legal, financial, ownership, and rights management pertaining to the data

e.g., Indemnity clause, Establishment of data ownership

#### **Compliance:**

ensuring fulfilment of agreement terms

e.g., Third party compliance with contract,
Background checks for personnel

#### **Data Handling:**

specifics of permissible interactions with the data

e.g., Publication of data, Conditions for Termination

Privacy & Protection								
Sensitive Information								
Regulations	Preparing data	Access						
<ul> <li>Regulation used to define sensitive data (e.g., HIPAA, FERPA, etc.)</li> <li>Compliance with federal/state/international data protection laws and regulations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Identification of confidential/special categories of information (e.g., pii, proprietary)</li> <li>Individual identifiers removed/anonymized prior to transfer</li> </ul>	Who has access to pii/confidential data     Who has access to proprietary information						
Privacy	Avoiding re-identification	Exceptions						
<ul> <li>Anonymization of data</li> <li>Confidentiality and safeguarding of PII/sensitive data</li> <li>Removal/nondisclosure of company/personnel identification in materials and publications</li> <li>No contact with data subjects</li> </ul>	No direct/indirect re- identification  Statistical cell size (how many people, in aggregated form, can be released in groups)  Merging data with other sets (e.g., allowed with aggregated data—not in any way that will re-identify	Exceptions to confidentiality     Conditions of proprietary information disclosure     Conditions of pii disclosure (who, what, and for what purpose?)     Limitations on obligations if data becomes public     Limitations on obligations if data is already known prior to agreement     Limitations on obligations if data given by 3 <sup>rd</sup> party without restriction						
Security								
<ul> <li>Sharing non-confidential data</li> <li>Password protection/authentication of files</li> <li>Encryption</li> <li>Security training for involved personnel</li> <li>Establishing infrastructure to safeguard confidential data</li> </ul>								

#### Ontologizing

#### Privacy & Protection

- **□** Security
- Sharing non-confidential data

  Sharing non-confidential data
- Password protection/authentication of files Password protection
- EncryptionEncryption
- Security training for involved personnel Personnel Security Training

#### Data Handling

- ☐ Use
- Each data field/elements to be accessed **7**Fields Accessed
- Use of data: only for project-specific/research, or analytical use
   Research Use Only
- Documenting all projects using the data Projects involved
- Modification of data Modification
- Compliance with data updates (e.g., changes, removal, corrections)
   Data Updates
- Sharing data Data Sharing

#### NLTK – parsing terms

Set maximum keywords length: 5
 List top 1/5 of all the keywords

#### Result:

Keyword: research studies involving human subjects,

score: 20.4583333333

Keyword: district assigned student identification numbers,

score: 18.8387650086

Keyword: includes personally identifiable student information,

score: 17.6168132942

Keyword: district initiated data research projects, score: 14.8577044025

Keyword: support effective instructional practices, score: 13.0

Keyword: personally identifiable information shared,

score: 11.3440860215

Keyword: disclose personally identifiable information,

score: 11.1440860215

Keyword: policy initiatives focused, score: 9.0

Keyword: informing education policies, score: 9.0

#### Sample 32 agreements

-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5
			educational	right	privacy	act	health	insurance	portability	accountability
applicable	federal	law	regulation	protecting	privacy	citizen	including	family		
	license	agreement	authorized	protect	privacy	individual	subject	nd	study	
				applicable	privacy	law				
consistent	federal	family	educational	right	privacy	act	department	designates	education	alliance
subject	federal	family	educational	right	privacy	act	authorized			
education	record	covered	family	educational	privacy	act	amended			
recipient	agent	subcontractor	violation	agreement	privacy	rule	security	rule	implementing	regulation
comply	applicable	state	local	security	privacy	law	extent	protective	individual	privacy
		data	security	protection	privacy					
information	identified	family	educational	right	privacy	act				
		de	identified	applicable	privacy	law				
				applicable	privacy	law	permit	data	provider	provide
				federal	privacy	act	requirement	apply	agreement	entered
shared	state	subjected	applicable	requirement	privacy	confidentiality				
resolved	permit	covered	entity	comply	privacy	rule				
time	covered	entity	comply	requirement	privacy	rule	hipaa			
		reference	agreement	section	privacy	rule	mean	section	amended	renumbered
					privacy	rule	extent	information	created	received
					privacy	rule	standard	privacy	individually	identifiable
					privacy	rule	include	person	qualifies	personal
tern	defined	agreement	meaning	term	privacy	rule				
set	accordance	term	agreement	hipaa.	privacy	security	rule		ı	
hipaa	regulation	promulgated	thereunder	governing	privacy	security	health	information		,

Ŧ

Sentence wit	h highest score	es:			
privacy	protection	set			
applicable	privacy	law			
privacy	rule	standard	privacy	individually	identifiable
definition	set	privacy	rule		
data	security	protection	privacy		

Frequency from the most to the least:

#### Goal: Licensing Framework

## Standard terms that researchers, lawyers, and compliance teams conform with

- ✓ Controlled access
- Tracking of access
- Usage rights (e.g., publication, copying)
- Duration of use
- Warrantees of correctness/completeness/availability
- Other requirements

## Is this possible: Technology > Sharing Agreements

#### **Technical**

Access control & rights management

#### **Expiration**

Logging & auditing

Provenance/Fingerp rinting

De-identification

"Noising"

Aggregation

#### **Agreement Clauses**

Controlled access (who & where)

Tracking of access

Usage rights (e.g., publication, copying)

#### **Duration of use**

Warrantees of correctness/completeness/

availability

Other requirements

## Is this possible: Technology > Sharing Agreements

#### **Technical**

Access control & rights management

**Expiration** 

Logging & auditing

### Provenance/Finger printing

De-identification

"Noising"

Aggregation

#### **Agreement Clauses**

Controlled access (who & where)

Tracking of access

Usage rights (e.g., publication, copying)

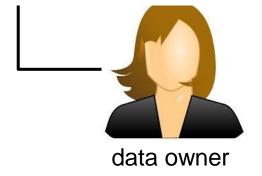
**Duration** of use

Warrantees of correctness/completeness/av ailability

Other requirements

#### HIPAA: Interactive DE-identification

Id	ame	Street	City	State	P-Cod	Age
I	J Smith	123 University Ave	Seattle	Washington	98106	42
2	Mary Jones	245 3rd St	Redmond	WA	98052-1234	30
3	Bob Wilson	345 Broadway	Seattle	Washington	98101	19
4	M Jones	245 Third Street	Redmond	NULL	98052	299
5	Robert Wilson	345 Broadway St	Seattle	WA	98101	19
6	James Smith	123 Univ Ave	Seatle	WA	NULL	41
7	JWidom	123 University Ave	Palo Alto	CA	94305	NULL
•••				•••	•••	•••



#### **DataHub**

#### Create New License

#### General

Owner:

health data research org

License Name:

new ferpa removed

#### Privacy and Protection

#### Regulations

- HIPAA
- ✓ FERPA

#### Privacy

- PII Anonymized or Removed
- PII Anonymized
- PII Removed

#### Exceptions

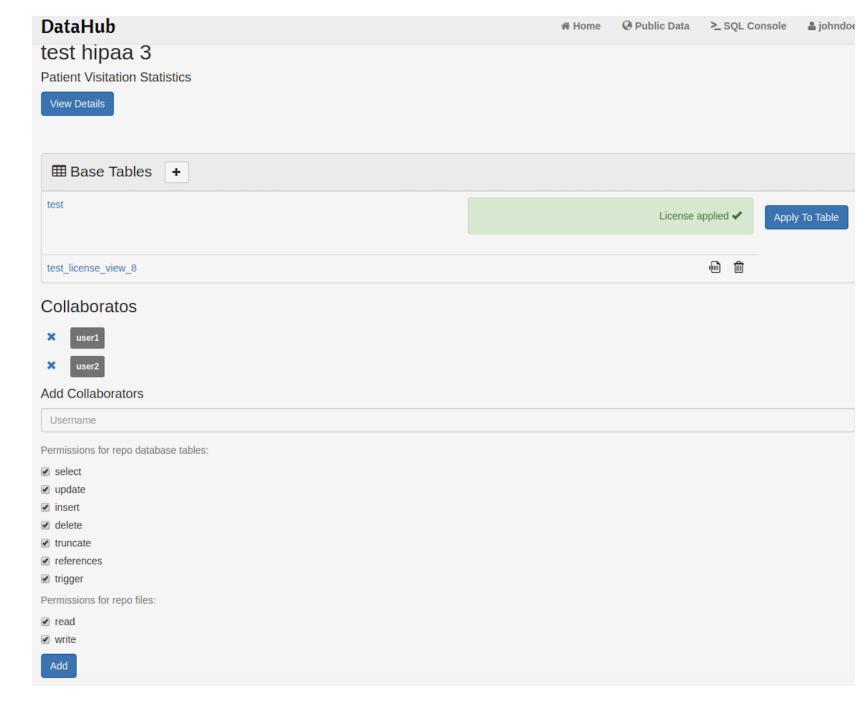
#### Reidentification

Use K-Anonymity

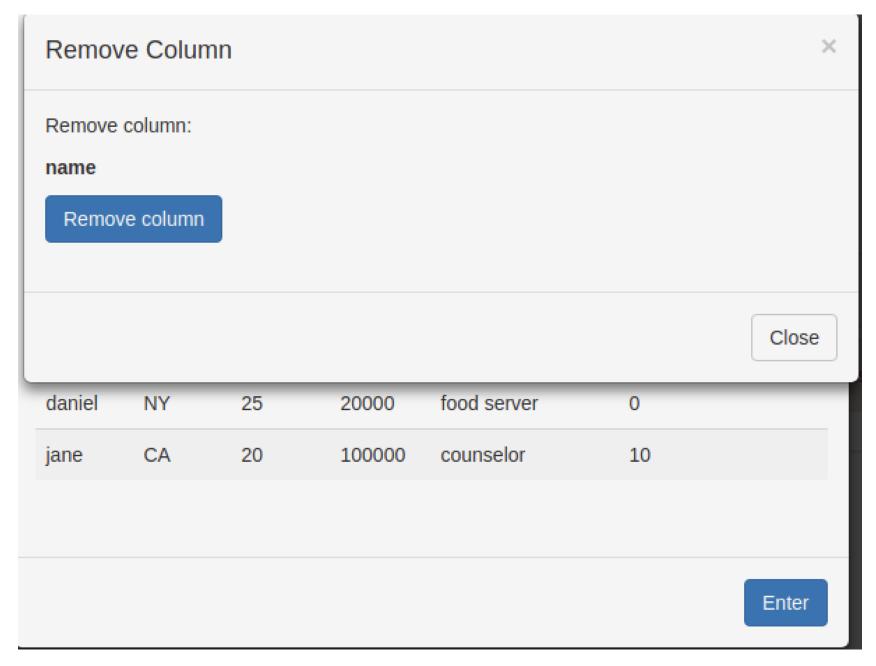
K-size

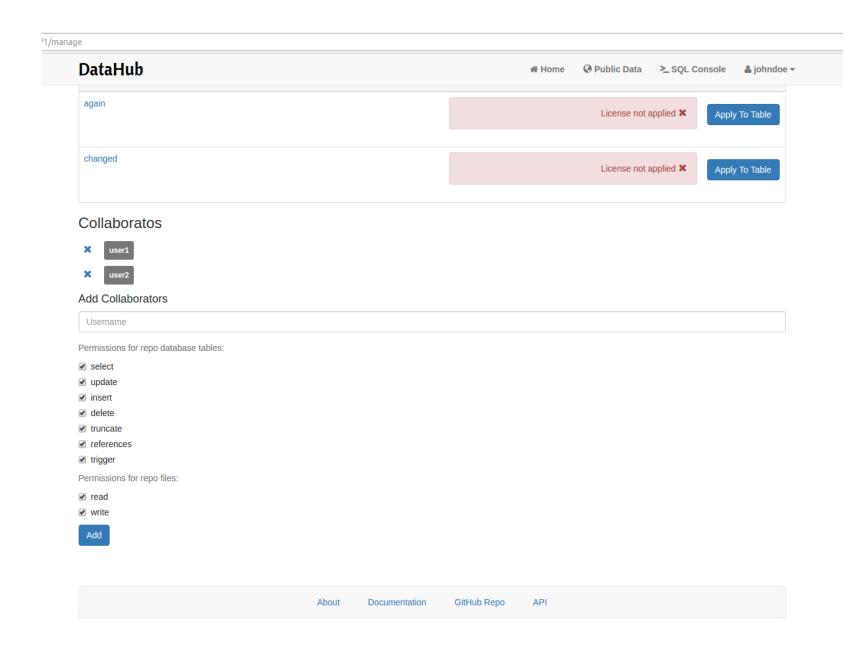
Bucket Size for K

Create



#### **DataHub**





By agreeing and submitting this license, you (the author(s) or copyright owner) grant to Drexel University Libraries the non-exclusive right to reproduce, translate (as defined below), and/or distribute your submission (including the abstract) in print and electronic format and in any medium.

gare Greenber

Digitally signed by com.apple.idms.appleid.prd.55546a DN: cn=com.apple.idms.appleid.prd.55546a4d526531:

Date: 2017.04.06 17:39:38 +01'00'

#### Conclusions and next steps

- Work underway, a lot of heavy lifting...
  - Mining licenses shows great diversity, but similarities
  - Metadata expertise
- Infrastructure to build on assisted with prototyping
- Continue to collect licenses
- Community building and connecting, RDA –
   Research Data Alliance

