Wildlife criminals => anti-detections strategies



- ID using morphology difficult
- DNA barcoding: a technique that uses DNA of an organism to identify it as belonging to a particular species





Animal capture

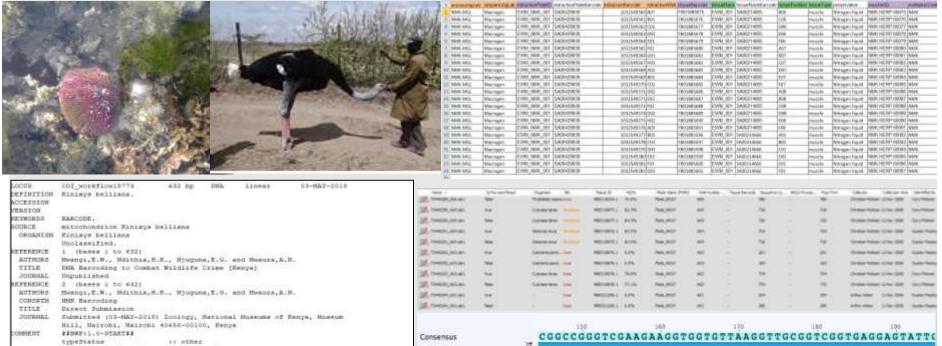
Sample collection

DNA analyzed, uploaded to GenBank

Use of DNA Barcoding to combat wildlife crime

Henry Ndithia, National Museums of Kenya

- Living collection: in the wild, in captivity, Zoos & rescue centers blood or tissue
- Database FIMS & LIMS

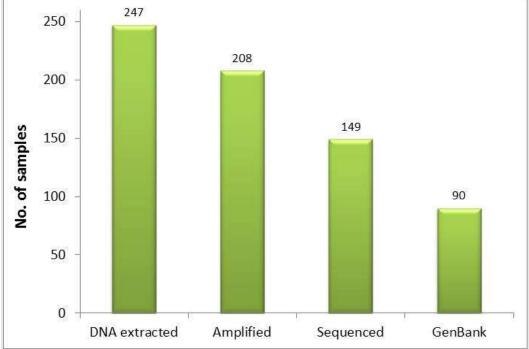






- Capacity of molecular genetics lab increased through acquisition of 16 state of the art equipment, center for construction of DNA barcode reference library
 - Increased equipment & efficiency, e.g., Thermal cycler has 2 plates, runs 2 PCR protocols
 - Observe international standards: separate equipment for separate procedures, reduce contamination, e.g., with Gel doc, no need for dark room
- PhD student: field data collection almost complete, Lab analyses ongoing
- 12 Trainees from Tanzania trained on DNA chain analysis & informatics, posttraining support ongoing, awaiting proficiency test
- 287 animal samples collected, to be added into the barcode reference library
- Strong partnerships: National Museums of Kenya continues to partner with KWS in species ID using both morphology and verifying with barcoding technology





	Exhibits	Identified as
1	Colobus Monkey skin	Goat skin
2	Rod-Like products	Reticulated Giraffe





- Complete DNA analyses in the Lab & upload to GenBank
- Enforcement & end of project workshops
- Results dissemination & project reporting
- Provision of confident species ID for courtroom prosecution => Increased No. of successful prosecution, deterrence to wildlife crime, limit revenue to crime networks
- Reduce threat from wildlife crime => long-term increased population size of endangered/traded species
- Positive effects on Kenya's tourism industry, economic growth
- Small wild population of endangered species & trapping difficulties
- Procurement & tax reimbursement procedure challenges
- GoK austerity measures
- challenges related to weather & political climate
- Challenges related to Tanzania: trainees withdrawal; trainees not meeting assignments deadlines, poor internet affect communication & training progress

