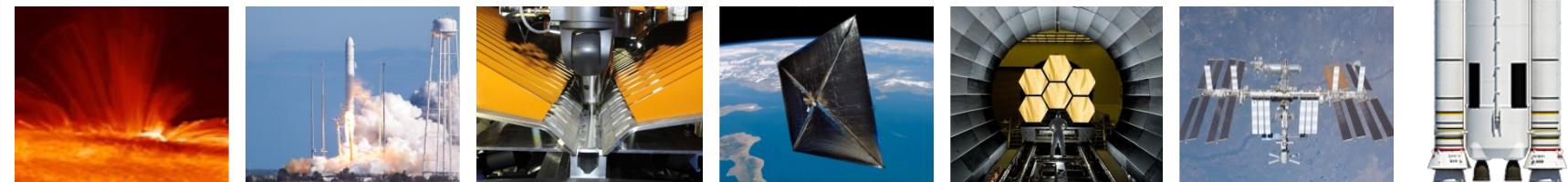




MSFC input to the NAS Review Committee on NASA's Planetary Science Division's Restructured Research and Analysis Programs

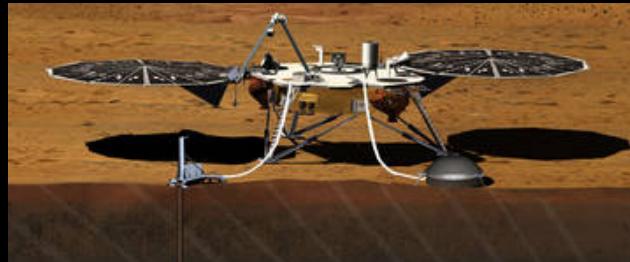
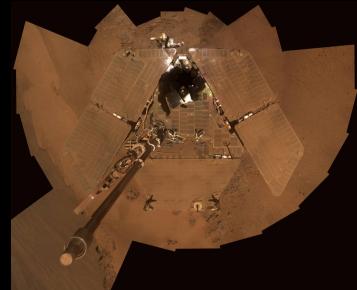


James Spann, Chief Scientist
with Renee Weber and Barbara Cohen
NASA MSFC, Science & Technology Office

MSFC Planetary Research at MSFC



1. Planetary R&A at MSFC is lead by a team of 10 PhD planetary scientists – supported by MSFC engineering and project management
 - 5 FTE (including two new hires that begin in September)
 - 3 Post Docs (2 NPP's), 2 Research Scientists
 - R&A Focus
 - Geochemistry/Geochronology, Geophysics as applied to planetary surfaces and interiors, planetary formation and evolution
 - Dusty plasma and planetary atmospheres
 - Apollo regolith grain size and shape analysis, regolith simulants
 - Mission participation/Application
 - Science lead and team membership (Lunar Flashlight, InSight, Cassini, MER, MSL)
 - Mission Operations – MER and MSL
 - Instrument & technology development
 - Sample analysis, laboratory experiments
 - In situ resource utilization (ISRU)



MSFC Planetary Proposals



- 2015 - 2016
 - PDART Planetary Data Archiving, Restoration, and Tools
 - Hayabusa 2 Participating Scientist
 - MSL Participating Scientist
 - LDAP Lunar Data Analysis Program
 - EW Emerging Worlds
 - MATISSE Maturation of Technology and Instrumentation for Solar System Exploration
 - SSW Solar System Workings

MSFC input to PSD R&A restructure assessment



2. Impact of PSD R&A restructure on MSFC and NASA strategic direction

- + All of MSFC areas of research are related to one or more program elements *except ISRU*
- Some program elements have accrued more proposals
 - Reviewer pool is even more limited since the scope of program element is increased
 - Greater potential for proposal overt/covert conflict

3. Impact on morale

- Implementation has caused some angst in the community because of availability gaps of some program elements

4. Refocused resources on priorities

- + Better mapped to the Decadal Survey
- Focus is a function of prioritization, and relevant priority of the program elements is not clear



5. Thoughts for improvements

- *Consistency*: Establish consistent phasing of non-core program elements so the community can plan their proposals and funding profiles
- *Transparency*: Frequent and early communication with the community on forecasting calls; clarity of intent

6. Transparency

- + The restructure is transparent
- The relative priority of the program and its various elements is not transparent



7. Committee task and future directions for NASA research

- Commit to broader cross-directorate research
- Example: In Situ Resource Utilization (ISRU)
 - Lack of overall coordination for this area of research, and technology development & application
 - ISRU is critical for the success of NASA Exploration as it is currently envisioned.
 - Within SMD there is the capability to address many unresolved ISRU issues
 - *Encourage SMD & HEOMD to jointly develop and support ISRU R&A*
 - The former LASER program element would have been a place for this research
 - but the letter “E” has been removed
 - Recall the 1939 novel entitled GADSBY by Ernest Vincent Wright

8. Effect on interdisciplinary research

+ Positive

- Creation of PDART was a good move
- Made the call very relevant