

# Atmospheric Biosignatures

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HabEx



NE<sup>2</sup>SS



vpl

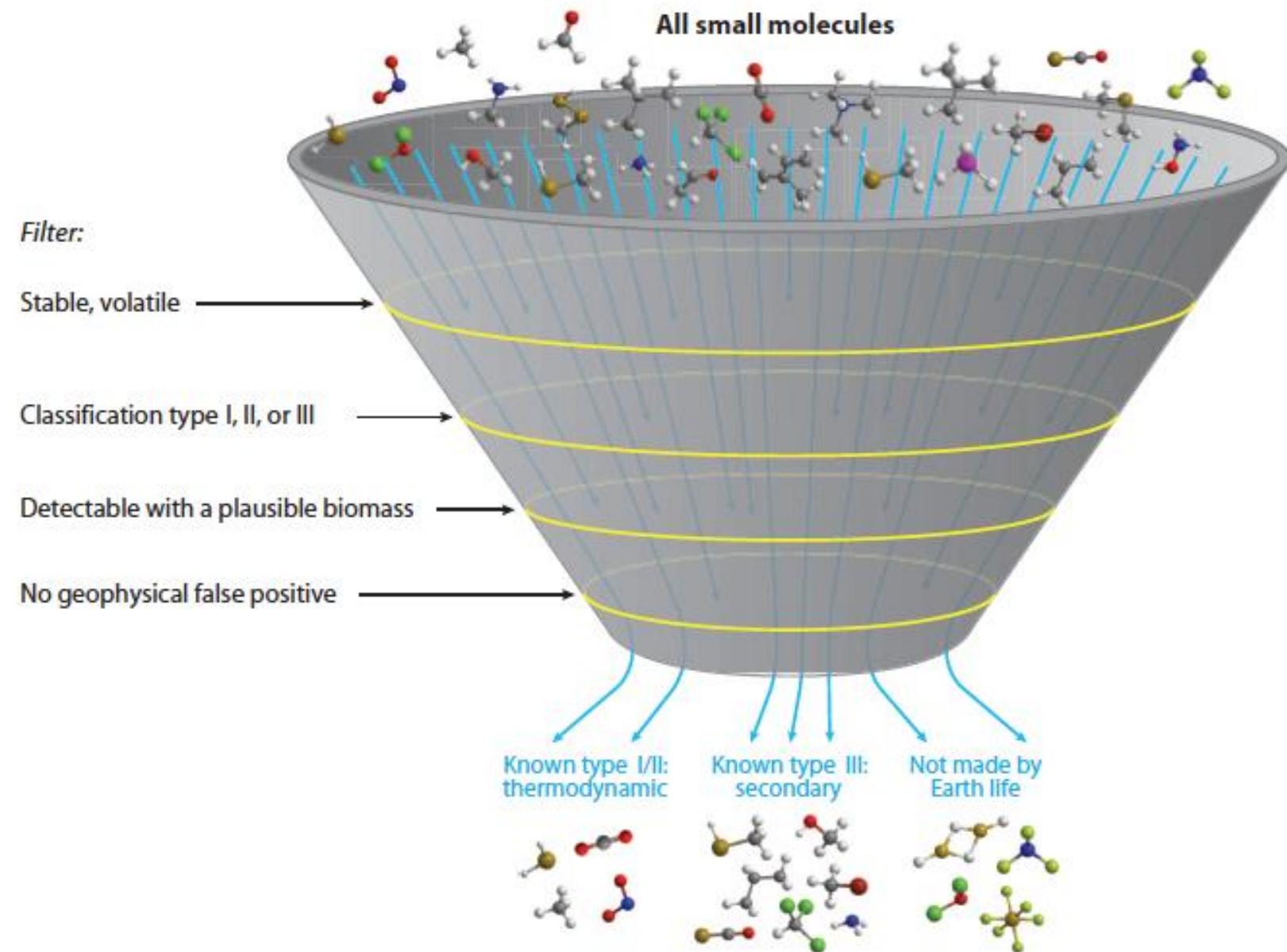




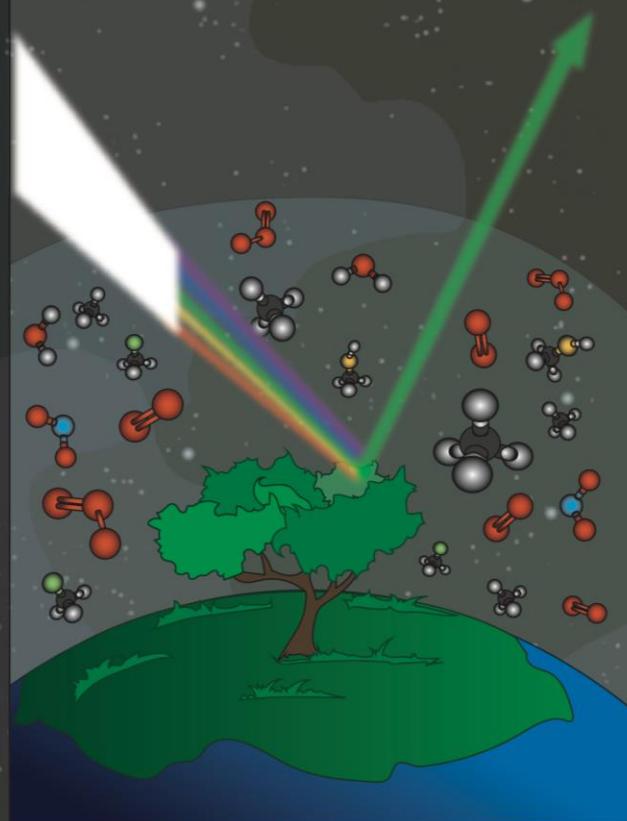
A planetary biosignature is a way that life has modified its environment in a potentially detectable way.

# Biosignatures need to be:

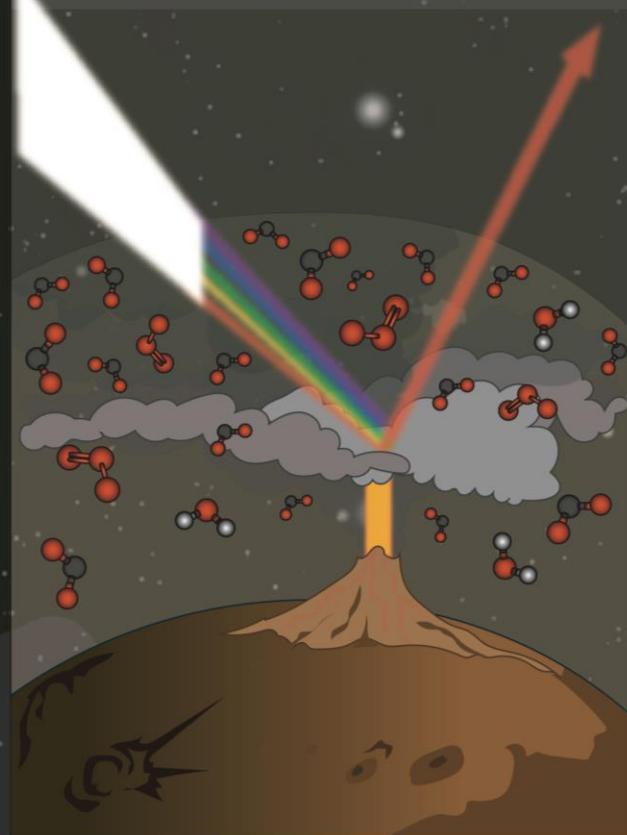
1. Reliable
2. Survivable
3. Detectable



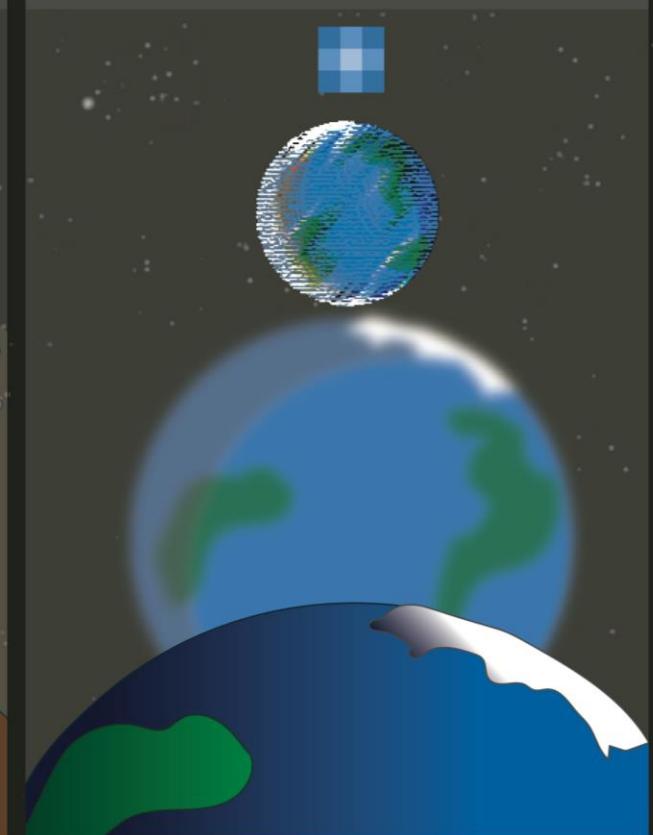
What does life  
**produce?**



Can a dead planet  
**fool us?**



How do we interpret  
**limited data?**



How do we **quantify**  
our **certainties**?

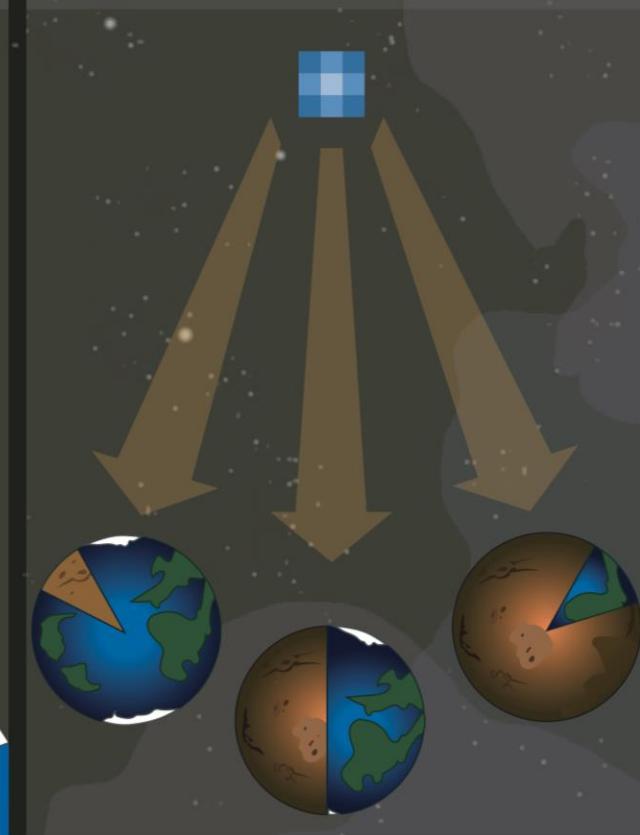
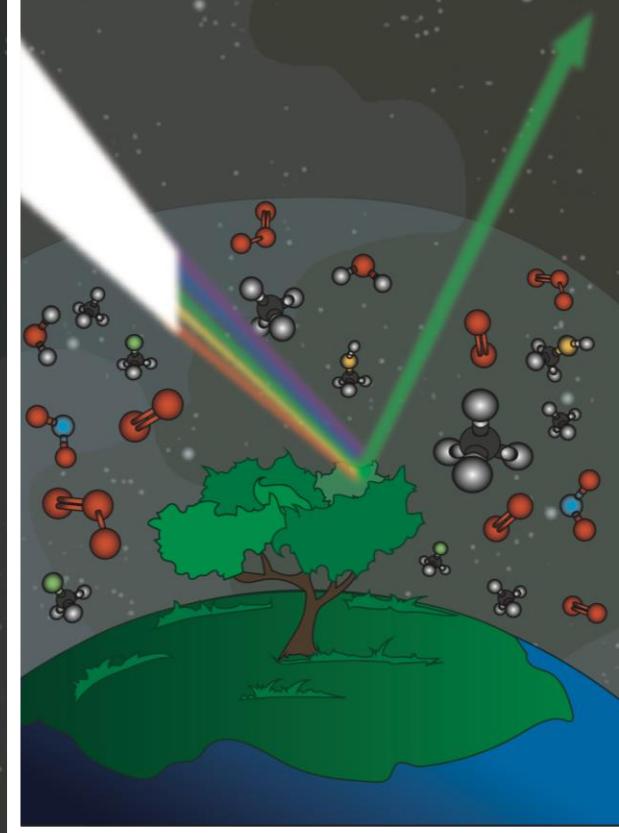
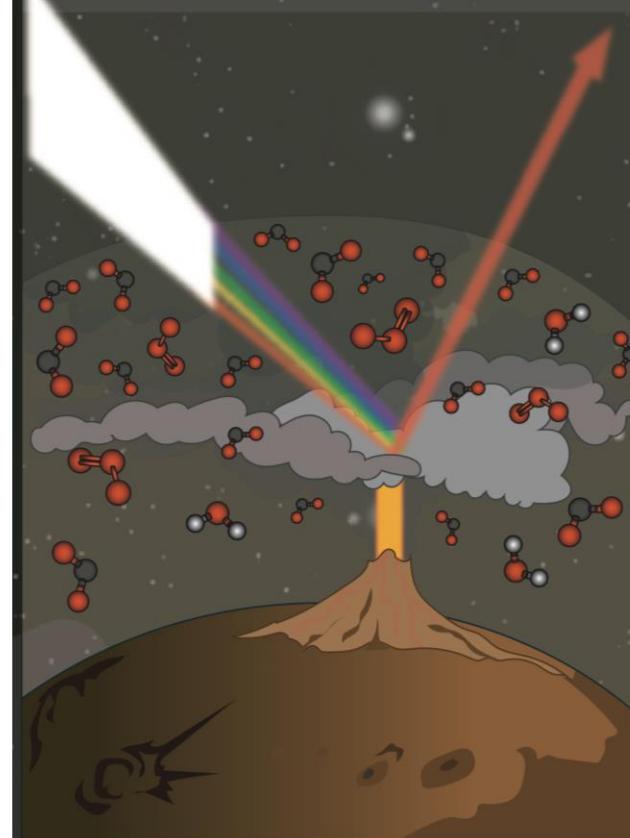


Figure by Aaron Gronstal  
NExSS Biosignatures Workshop/SAG16

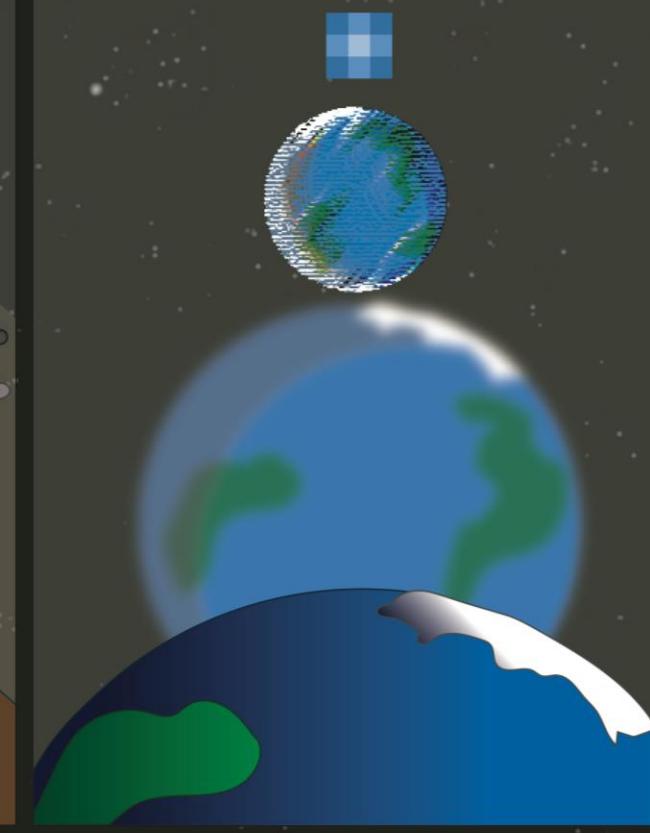
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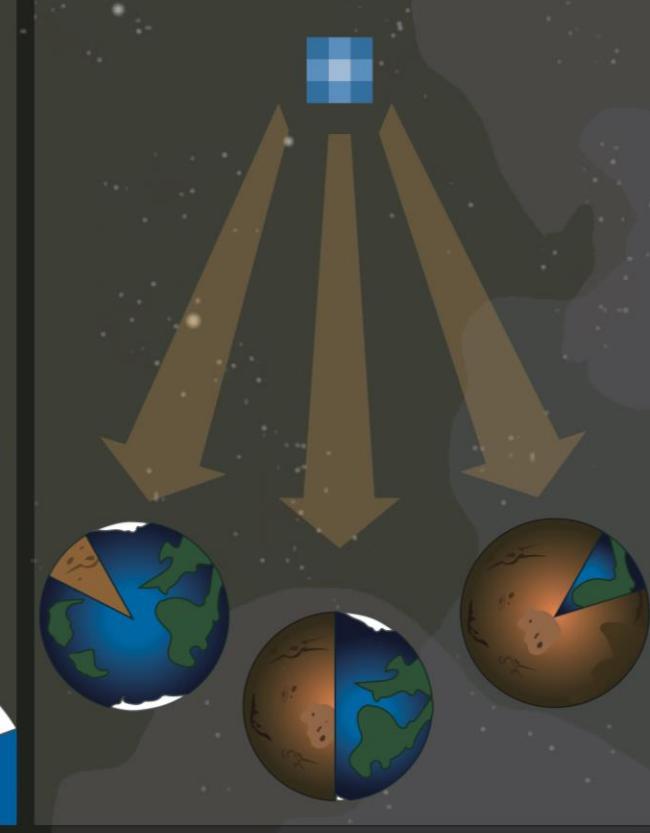
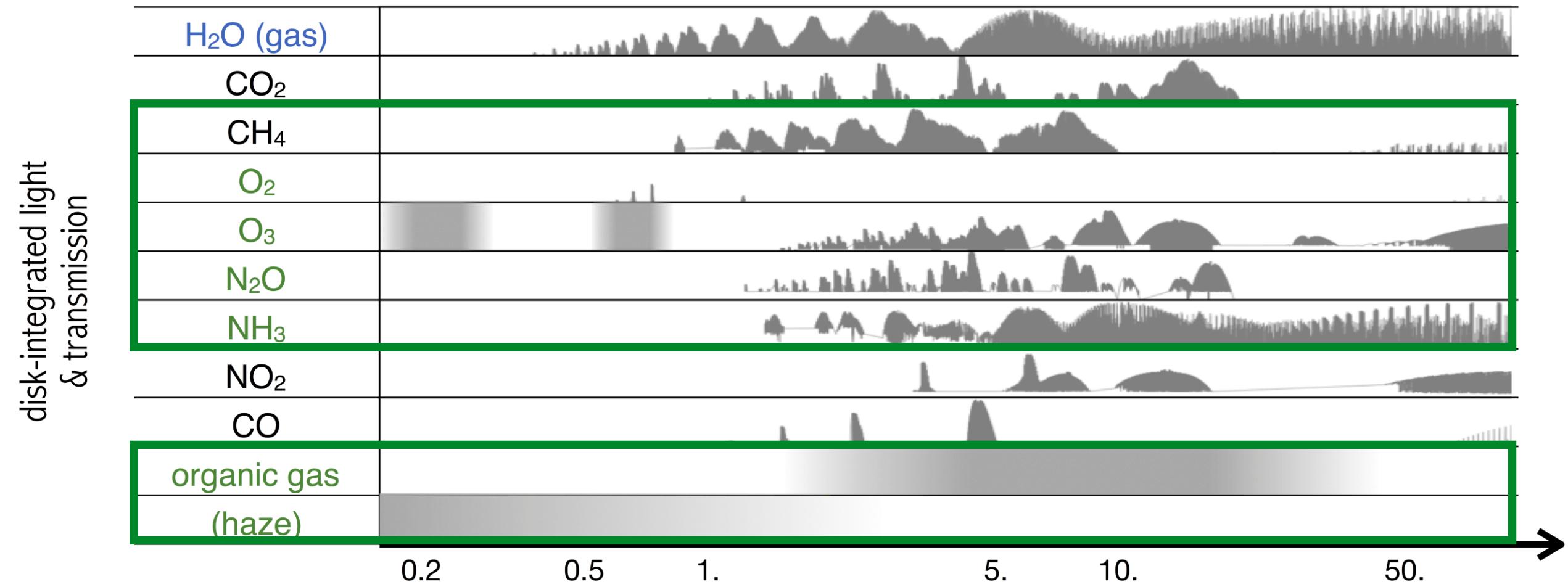
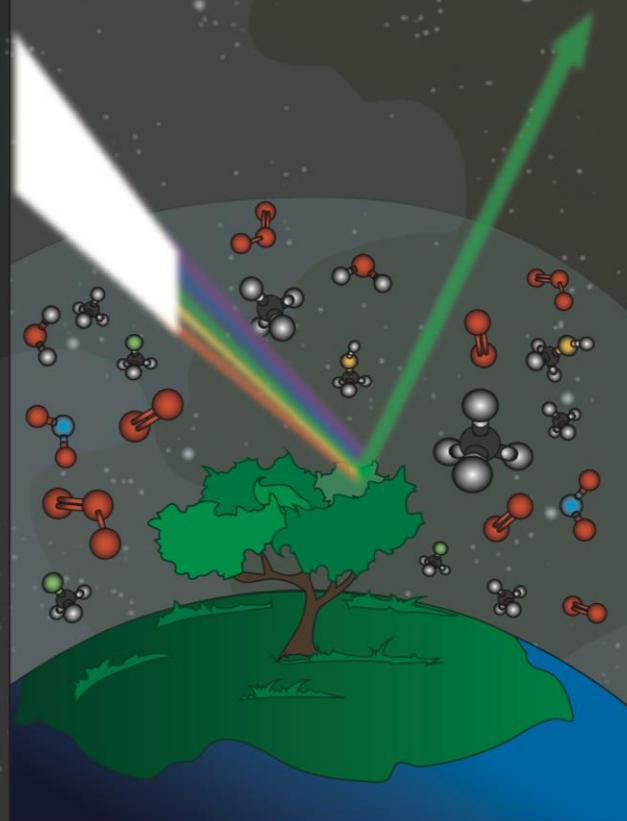


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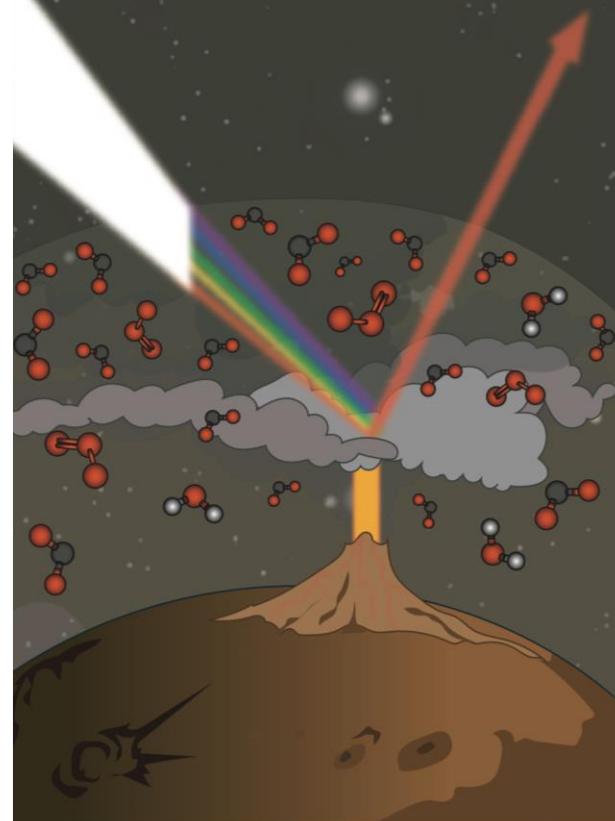
# Features of Potentially Habitable Planets



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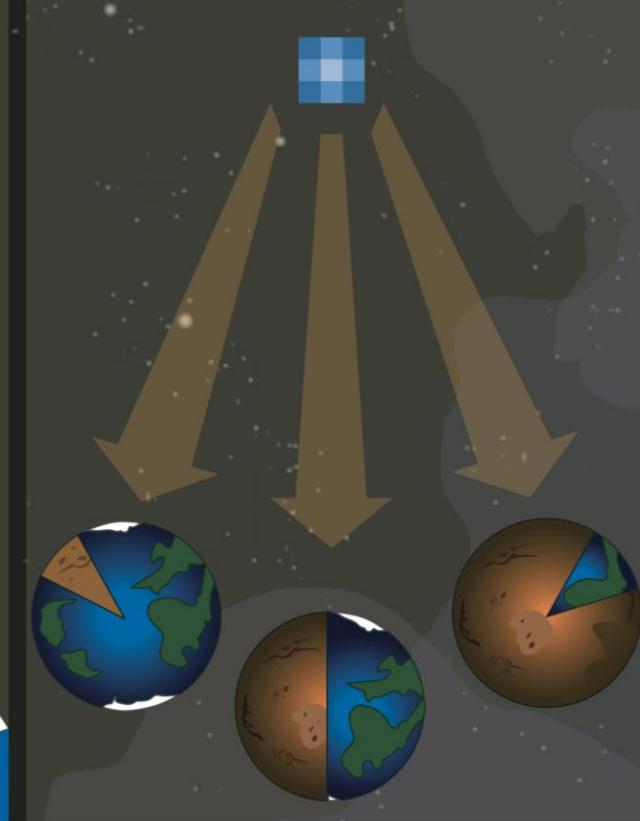
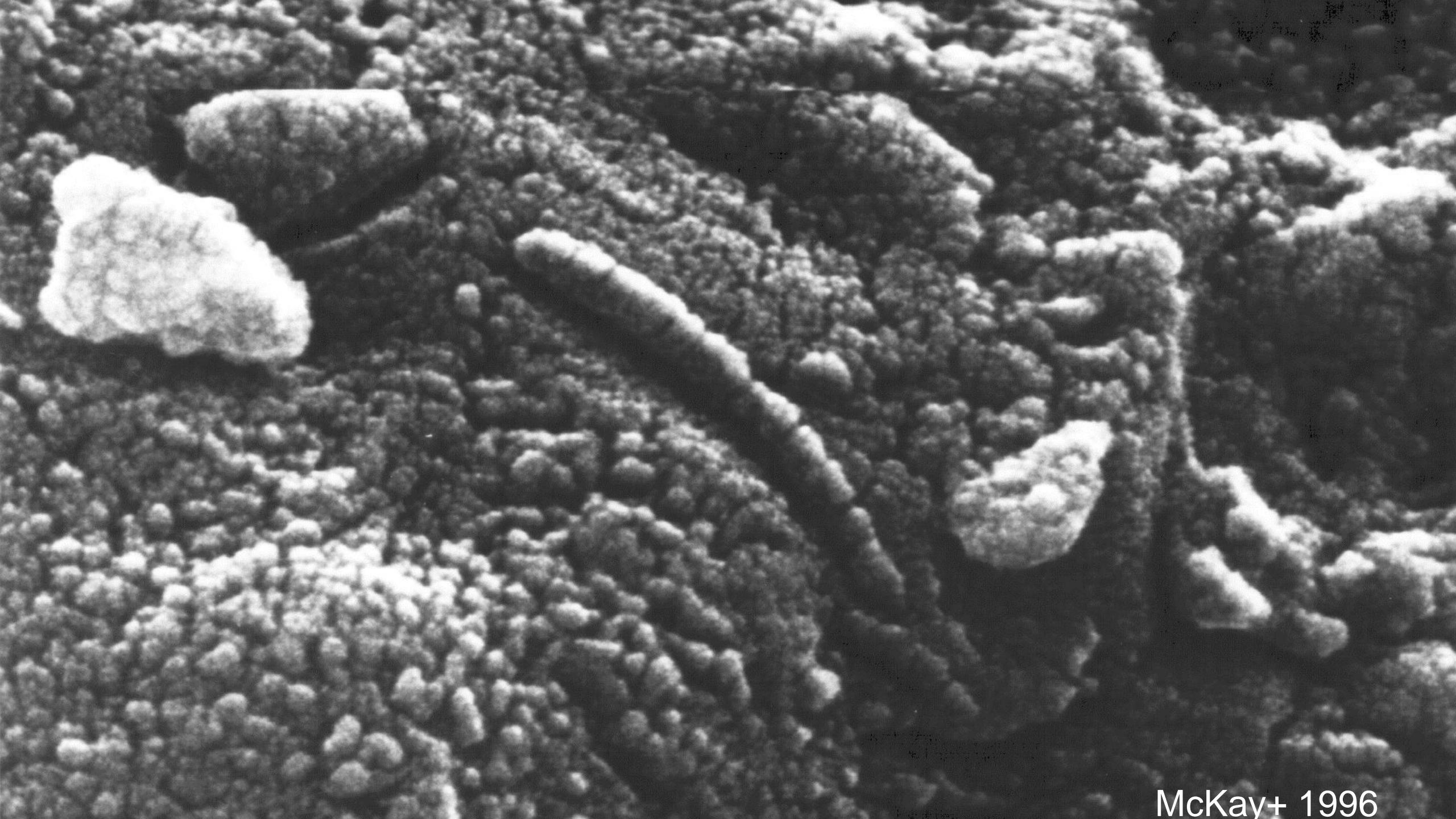
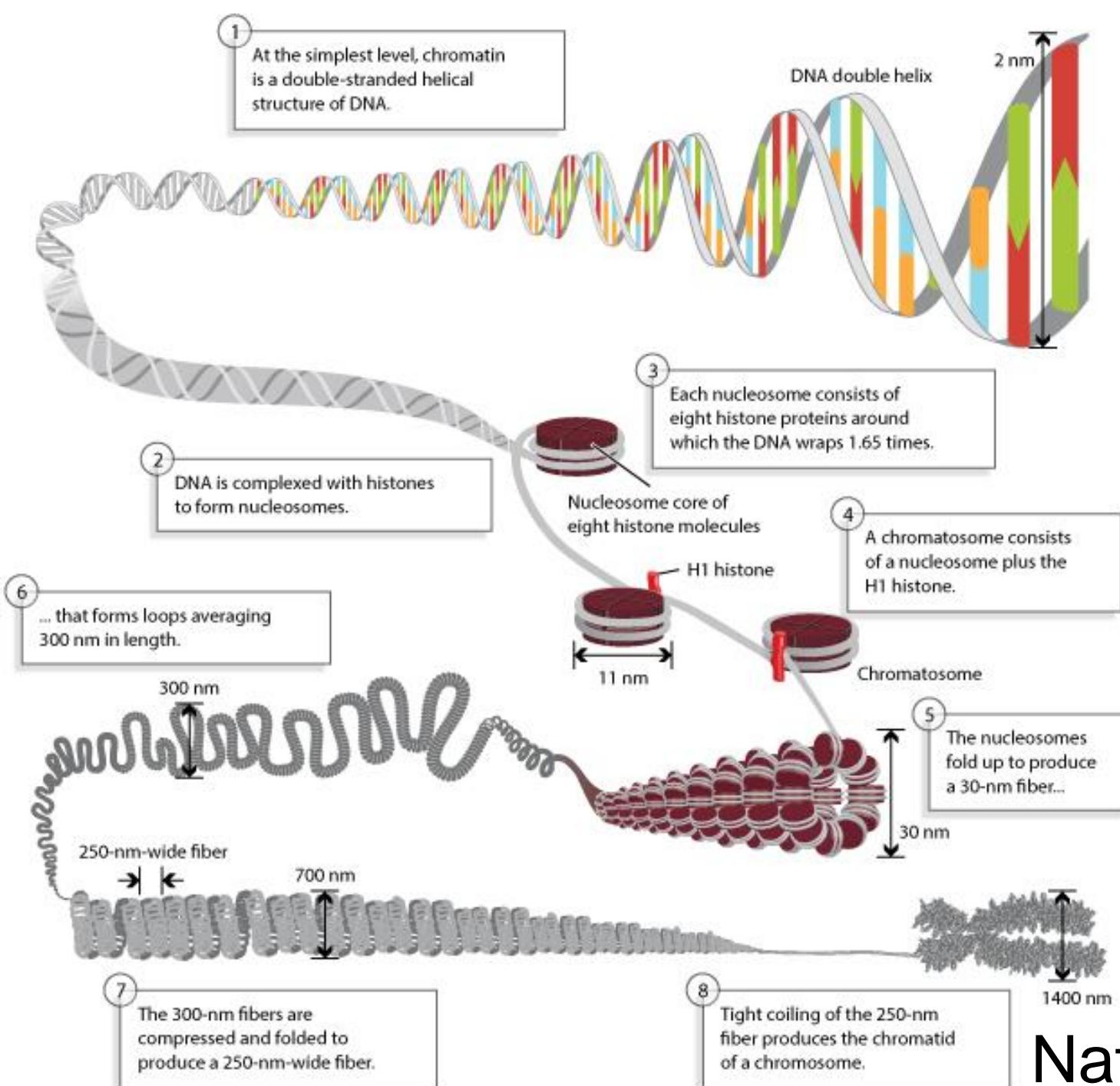


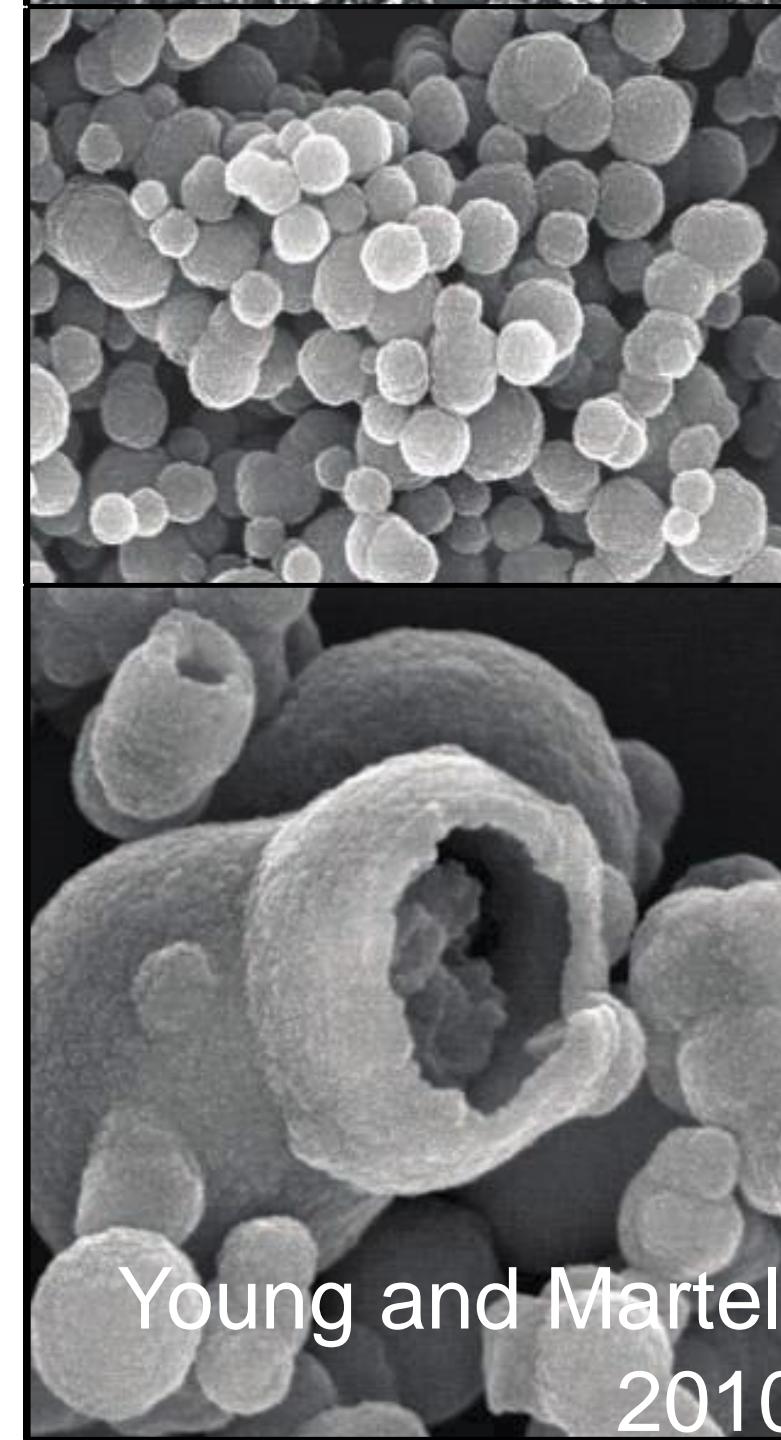
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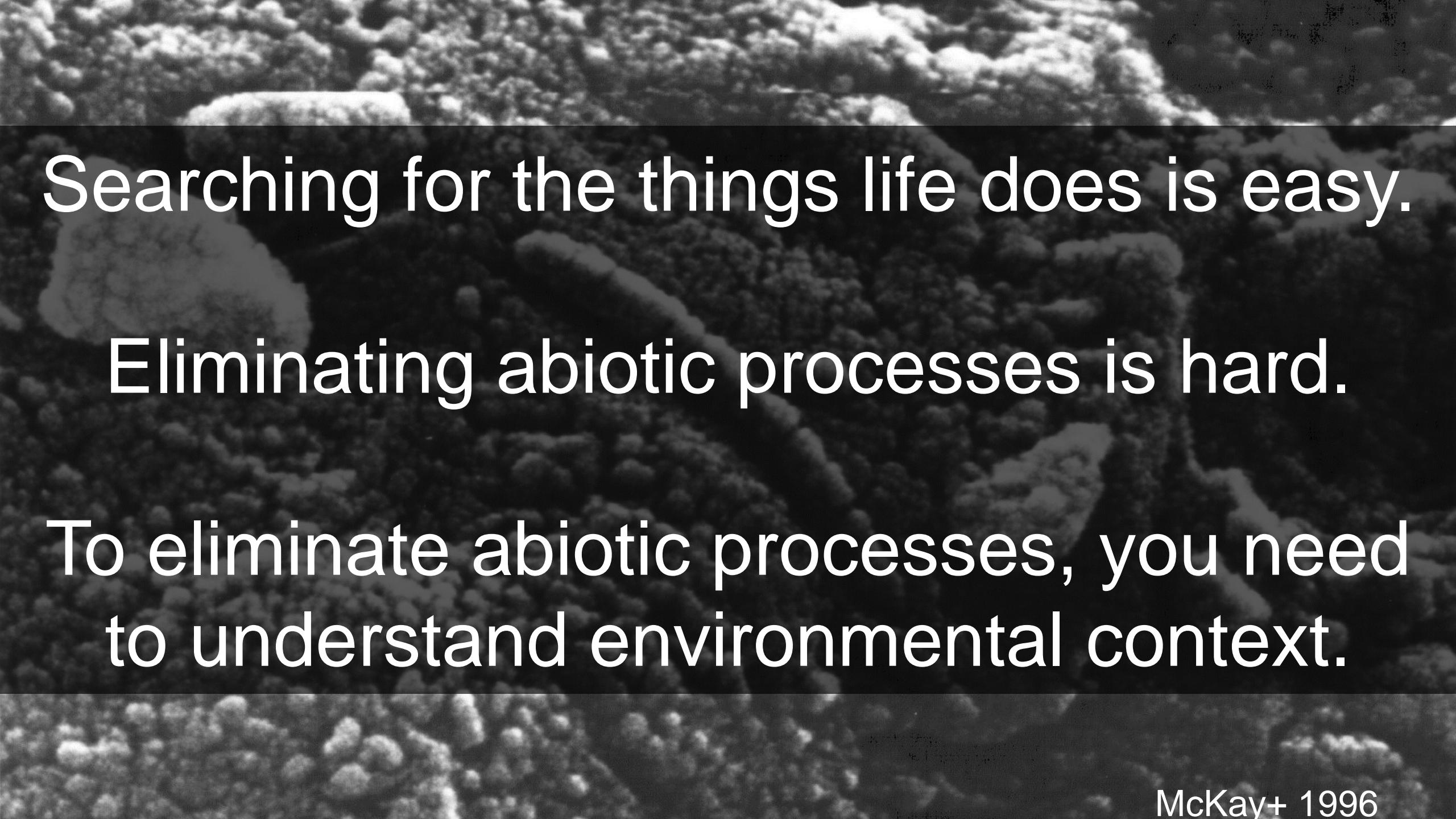


McKay+ 1996



Nature

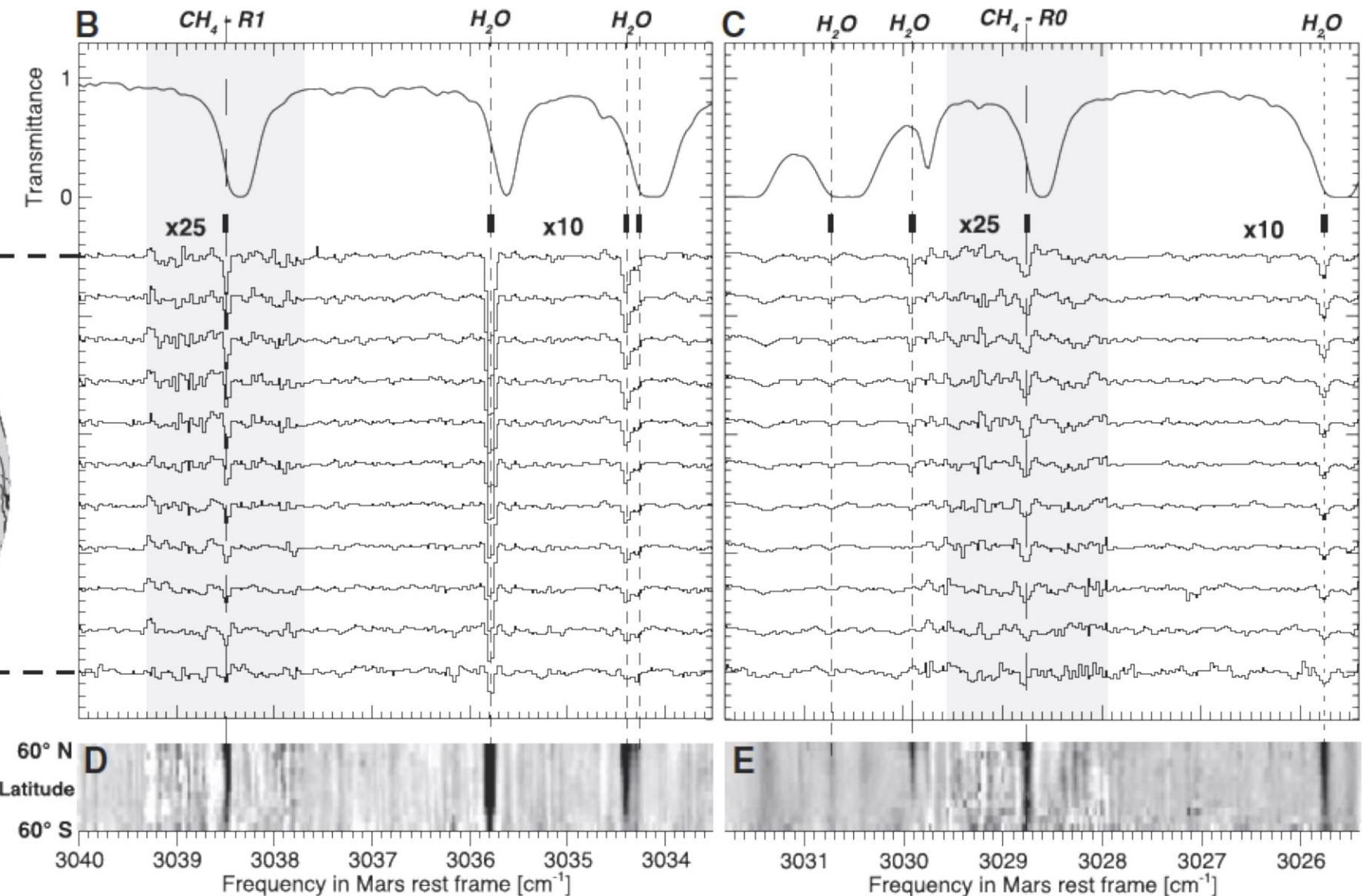
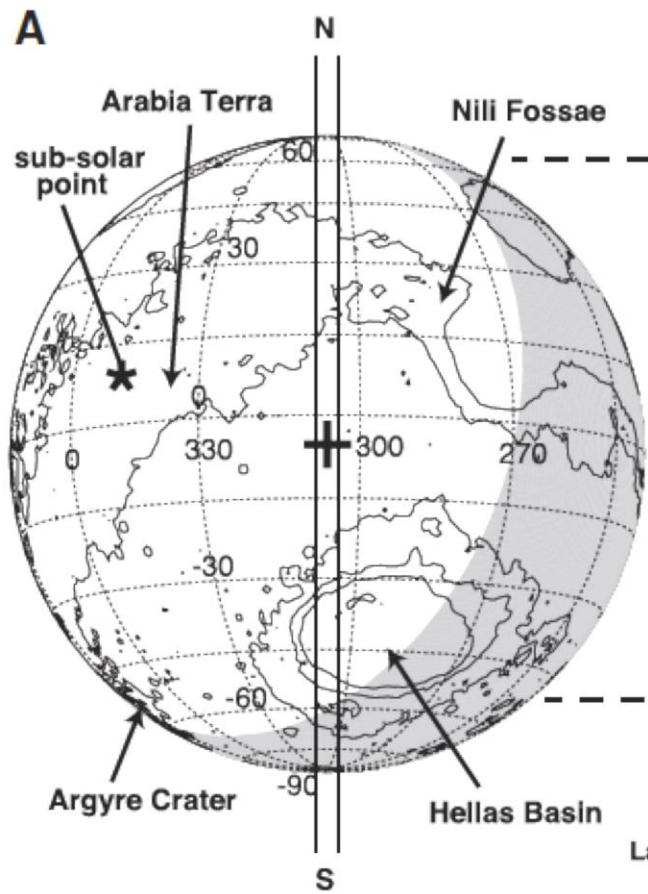


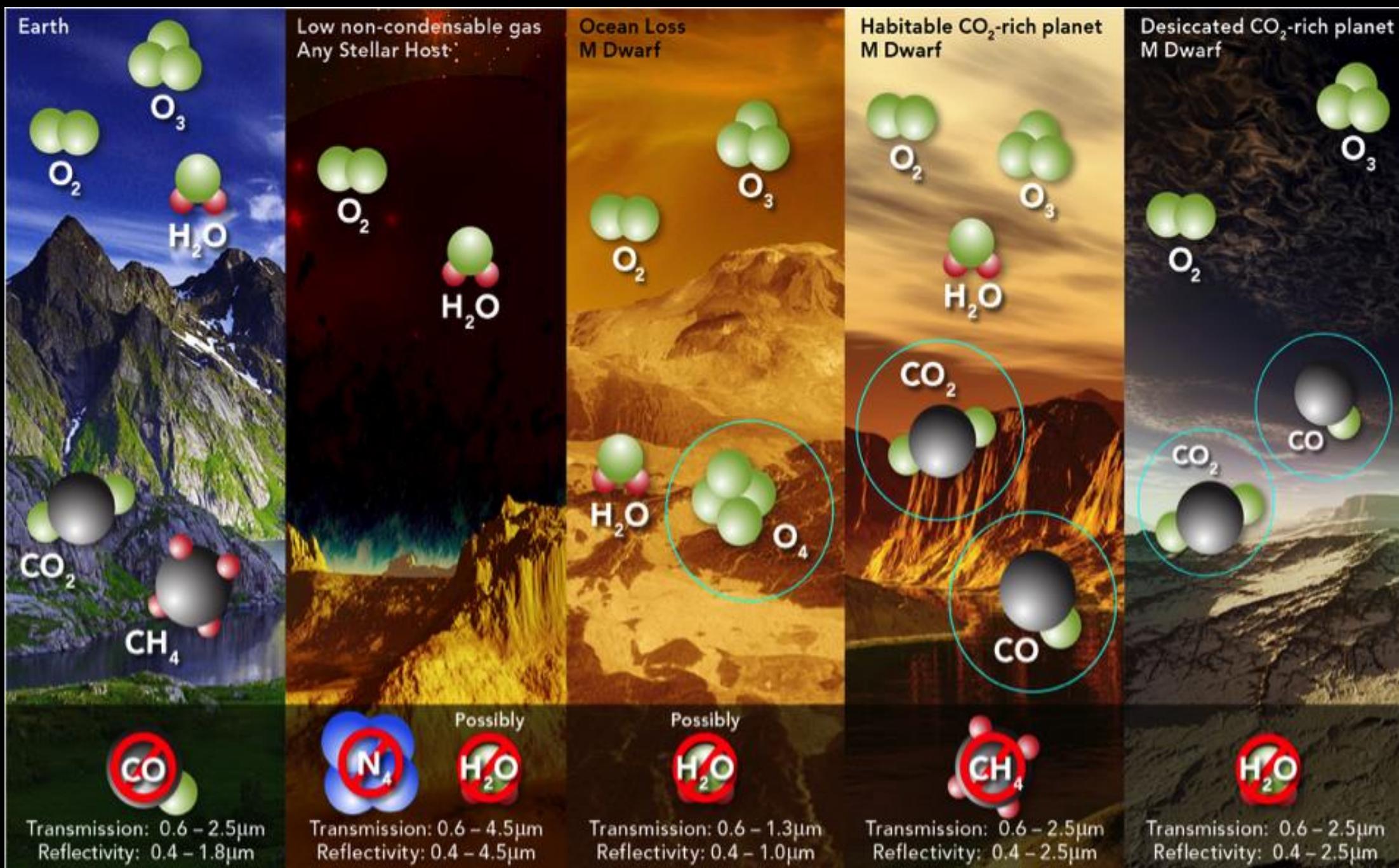
A dark, cloudy sky serves as the background for the text. The clouds are thick and dark, with some lighter, wispy areas. The text is in a large, white, sans-serif font.

Searching for the things life does is easy.

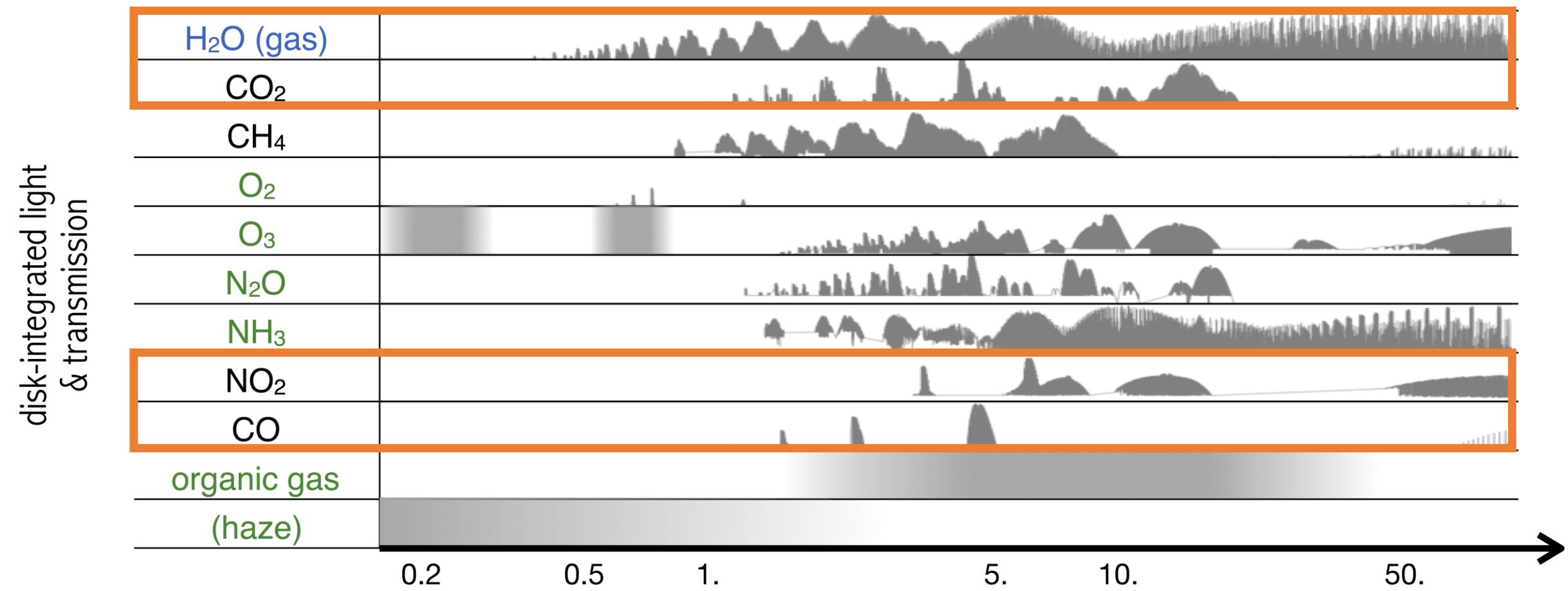
Eliminating abiotic processes is hard.

To eliminate abiotic processes, you need  
to understand environmental context.

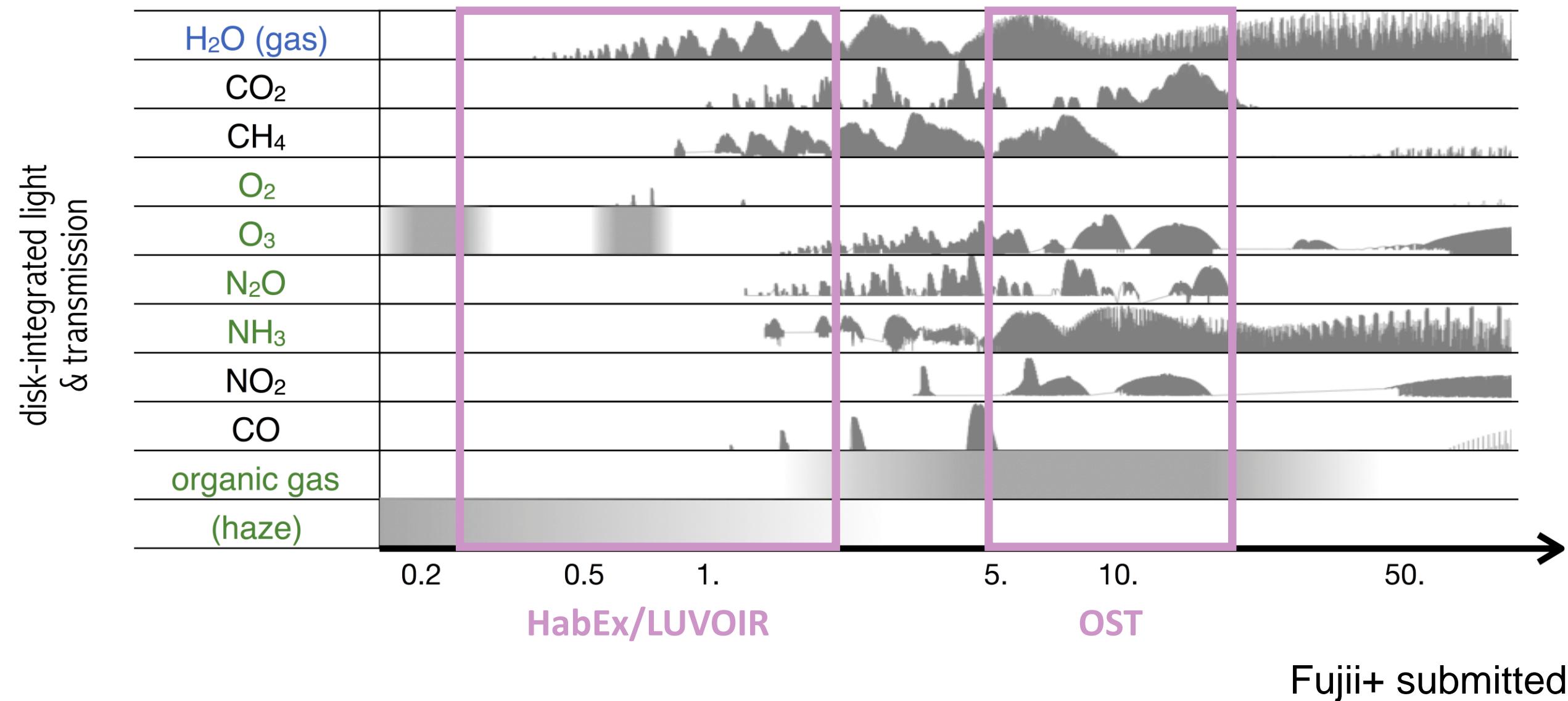




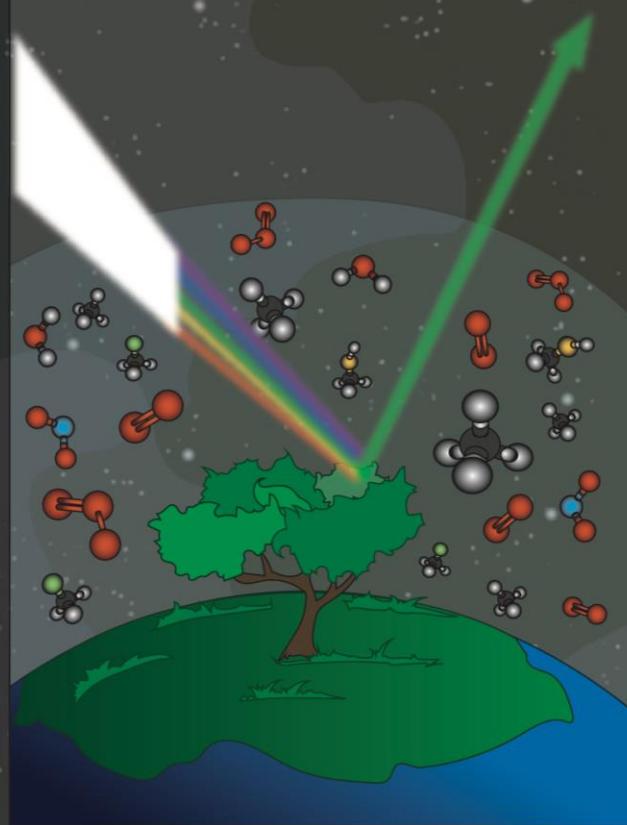
# Features of Potentially Habitable Planets



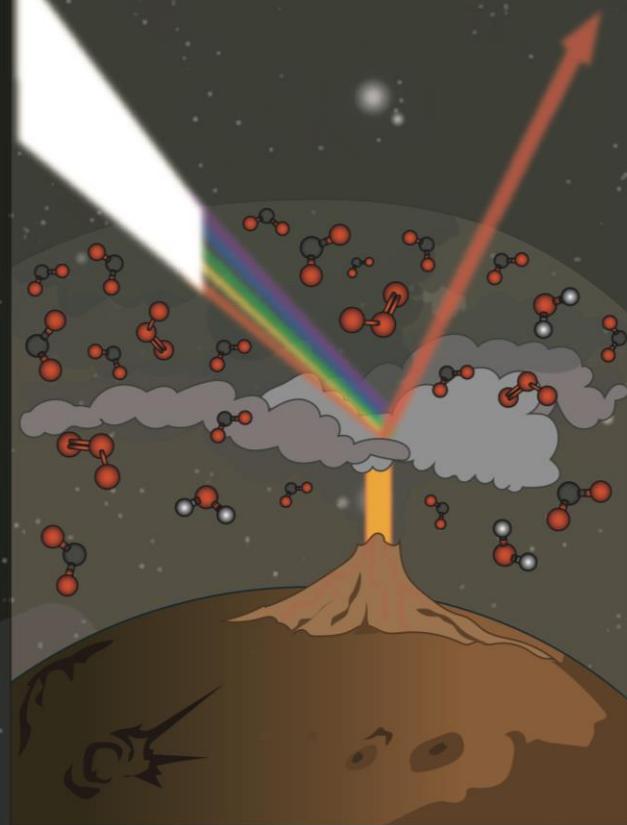
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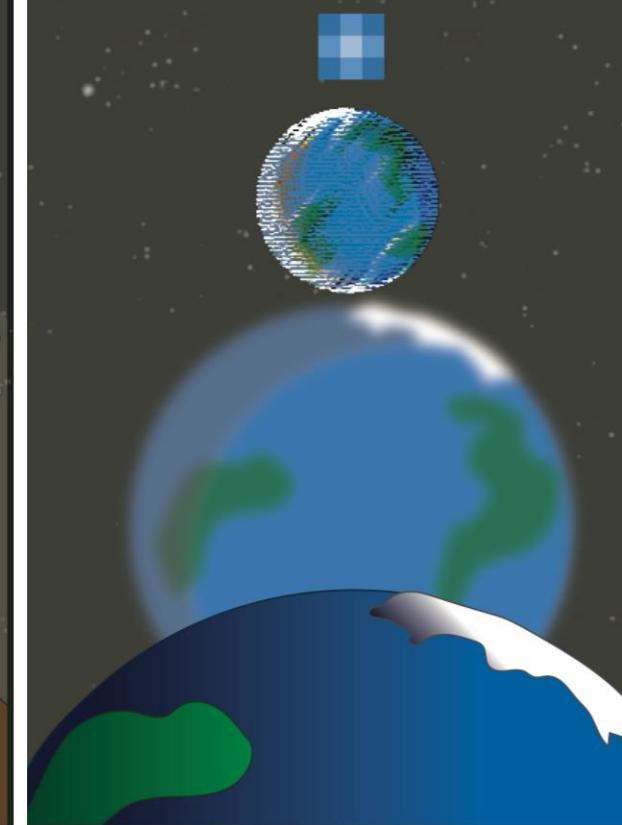
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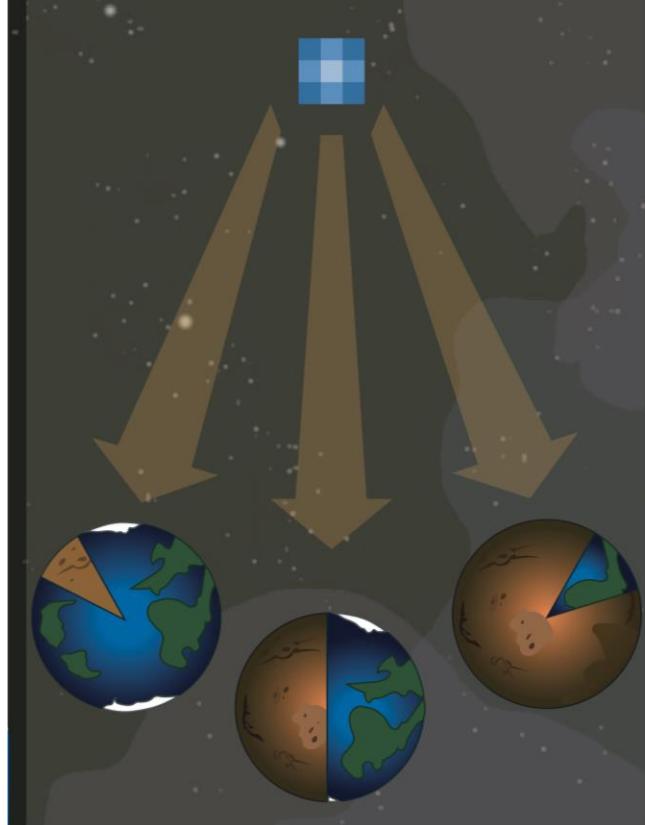
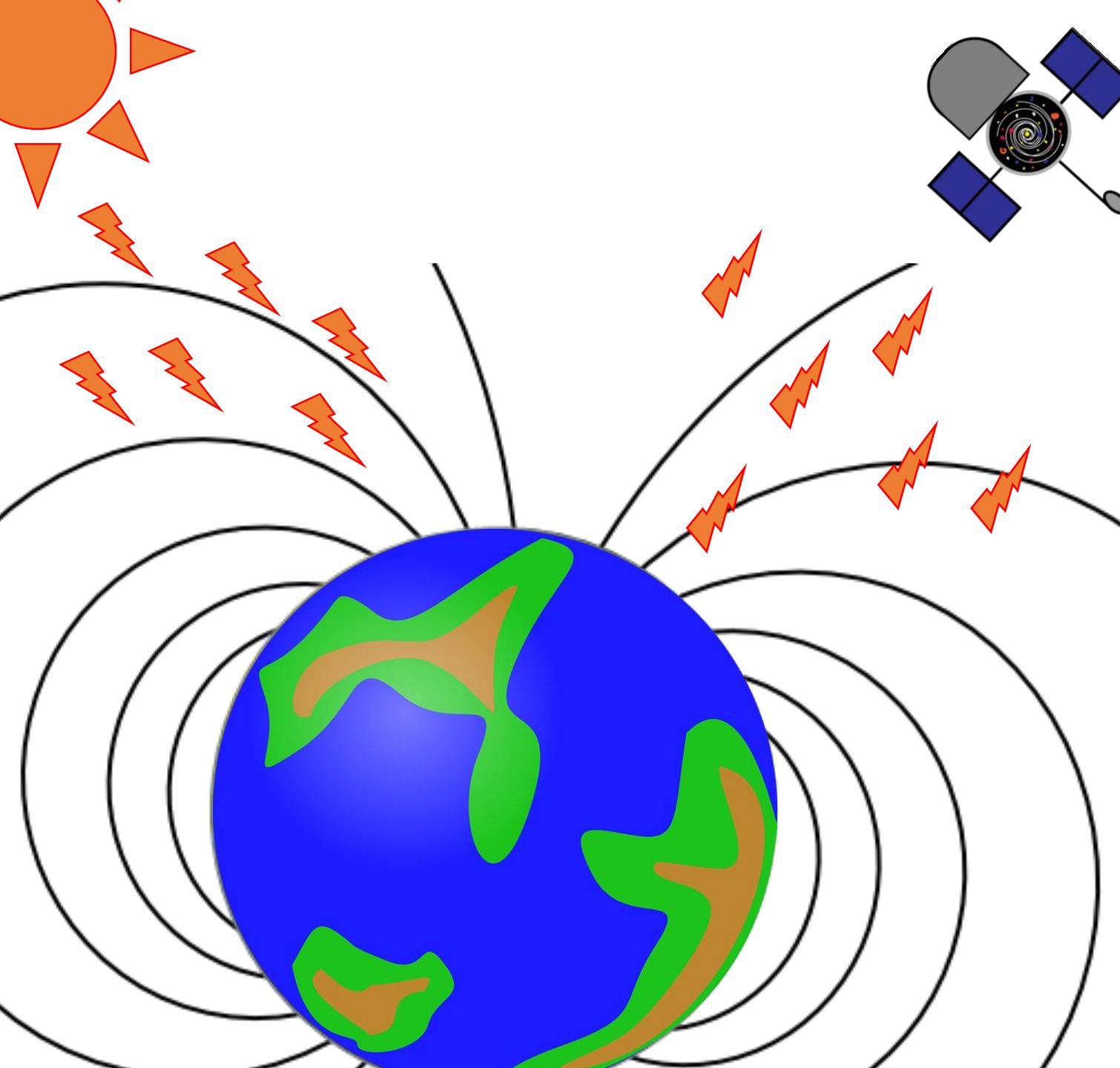
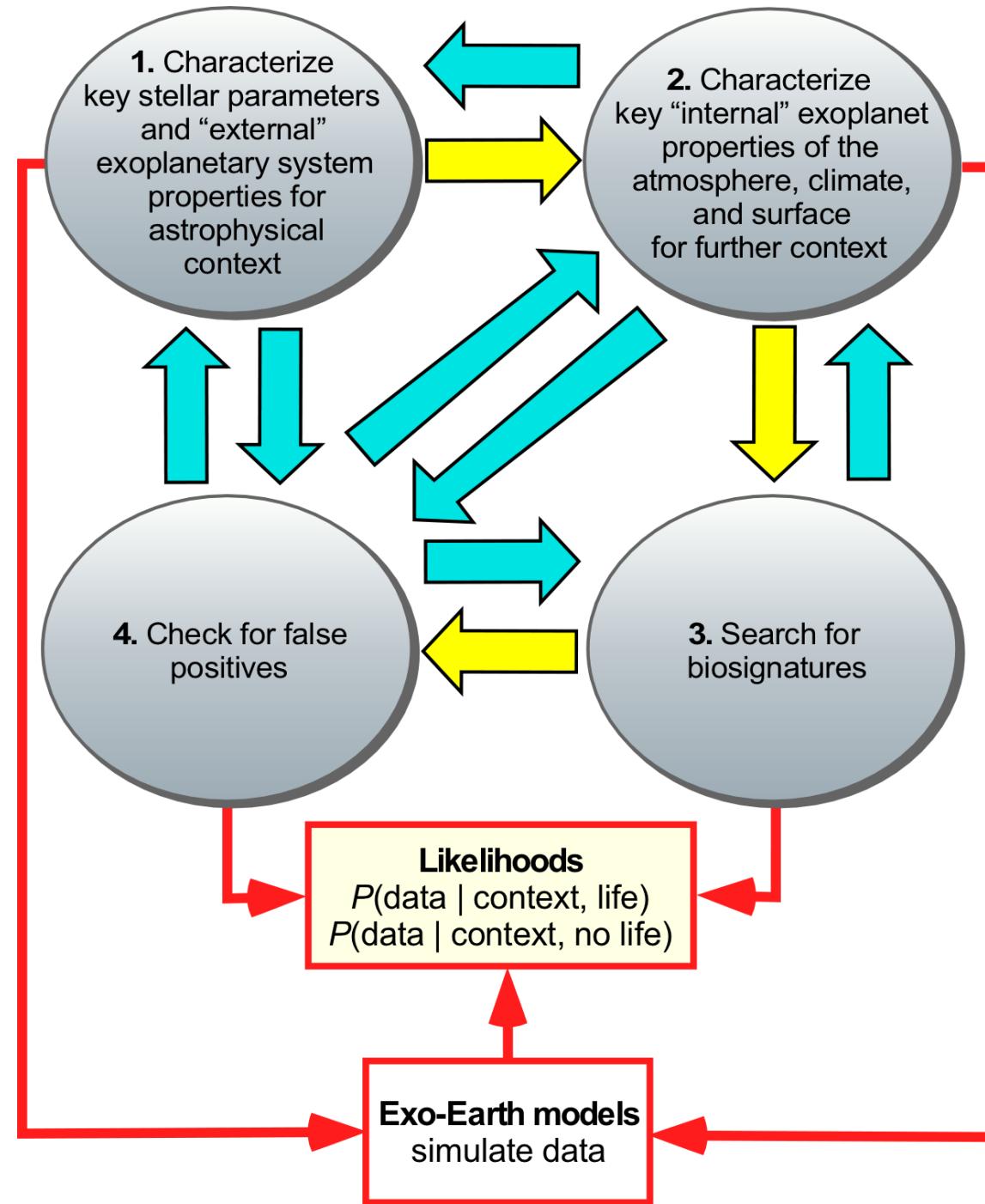
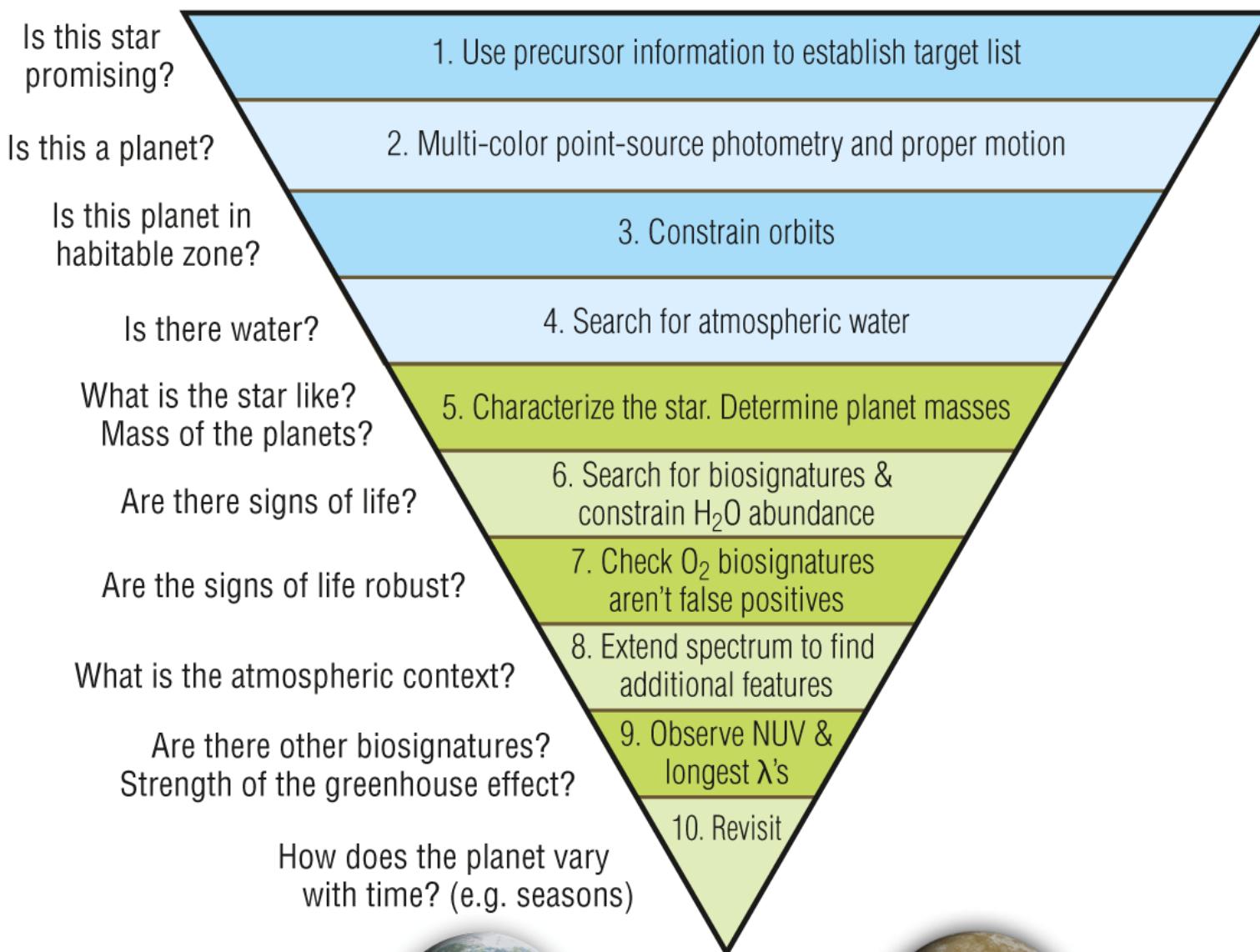


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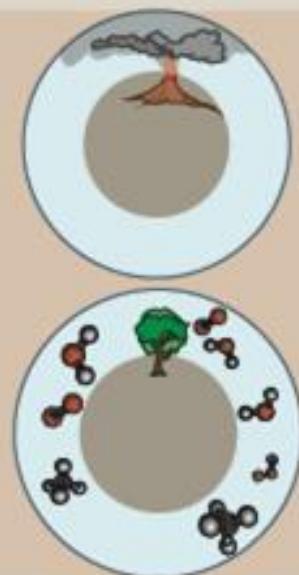
For exoplanets,  
the environmental  
context is beyond  
global.



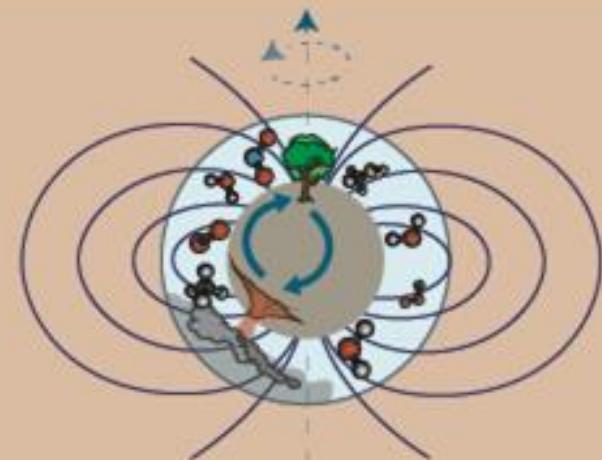


LUVOIR interim report  
(HabEx and OST have similar step-wise observation sequences)

Atmospheric Models,  
driven by host star and  
biology or geology



Global Climate Models and Planet Systems  
Models, driven by host star, that have bio-  
geochemistry and photochemical modules



Intermodel and intermodule comparisons  
of Global Climate Models, and Planet  
Systems Models

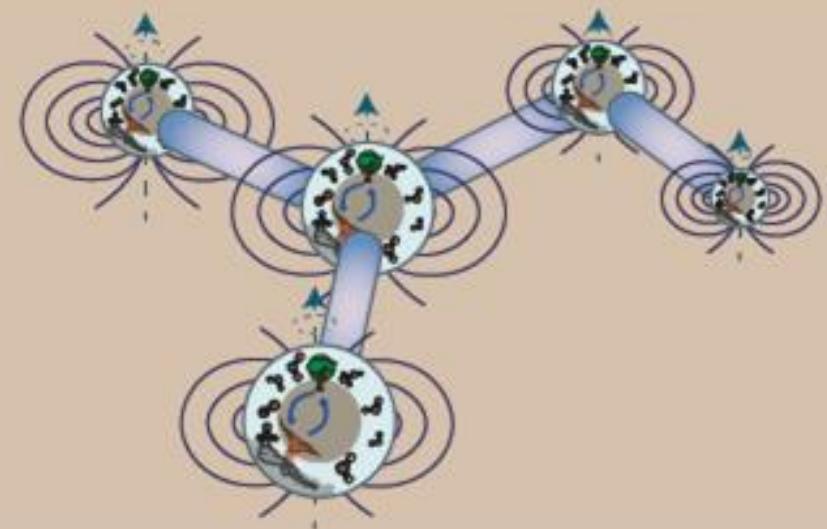
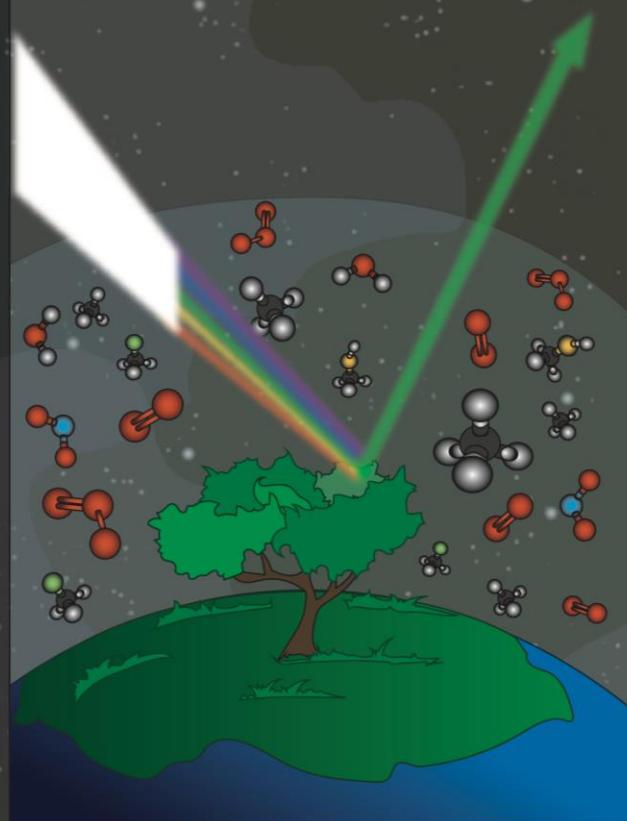
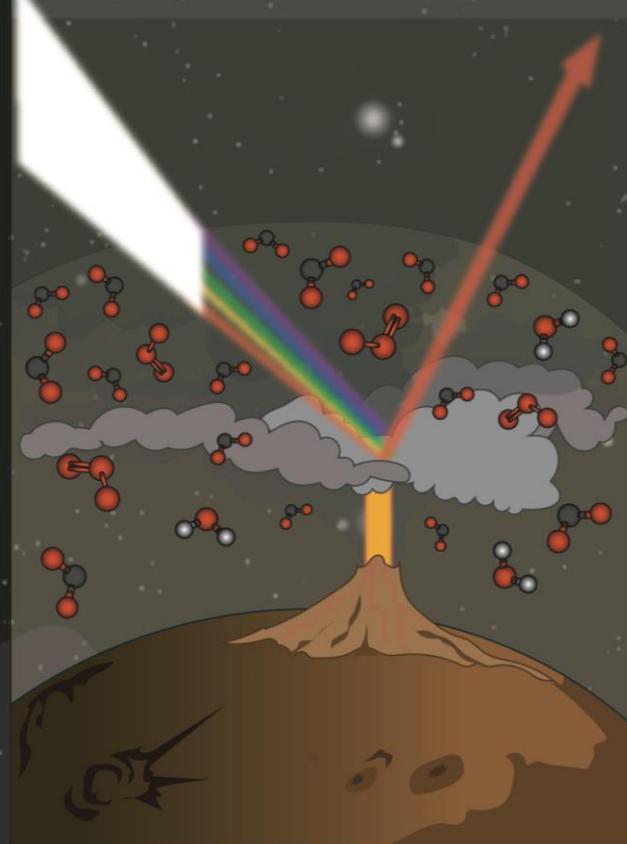


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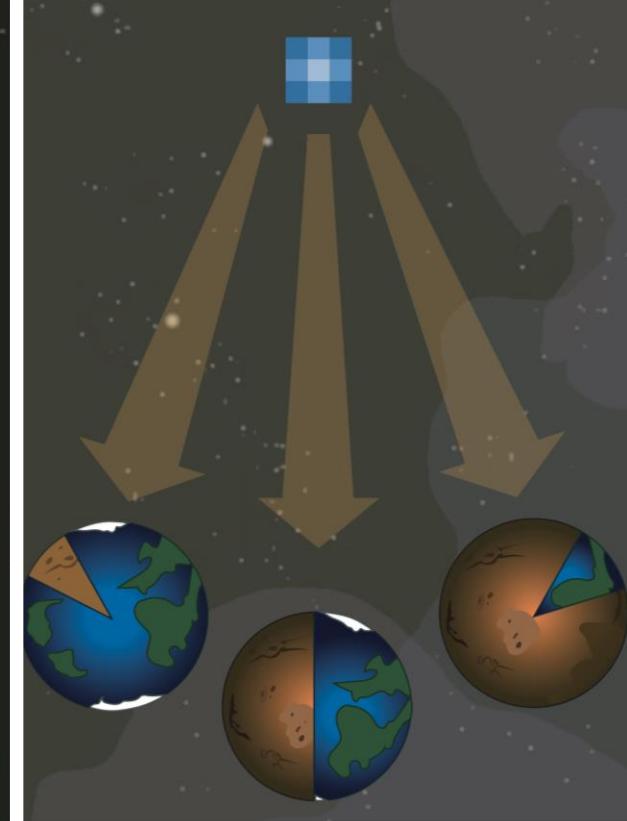
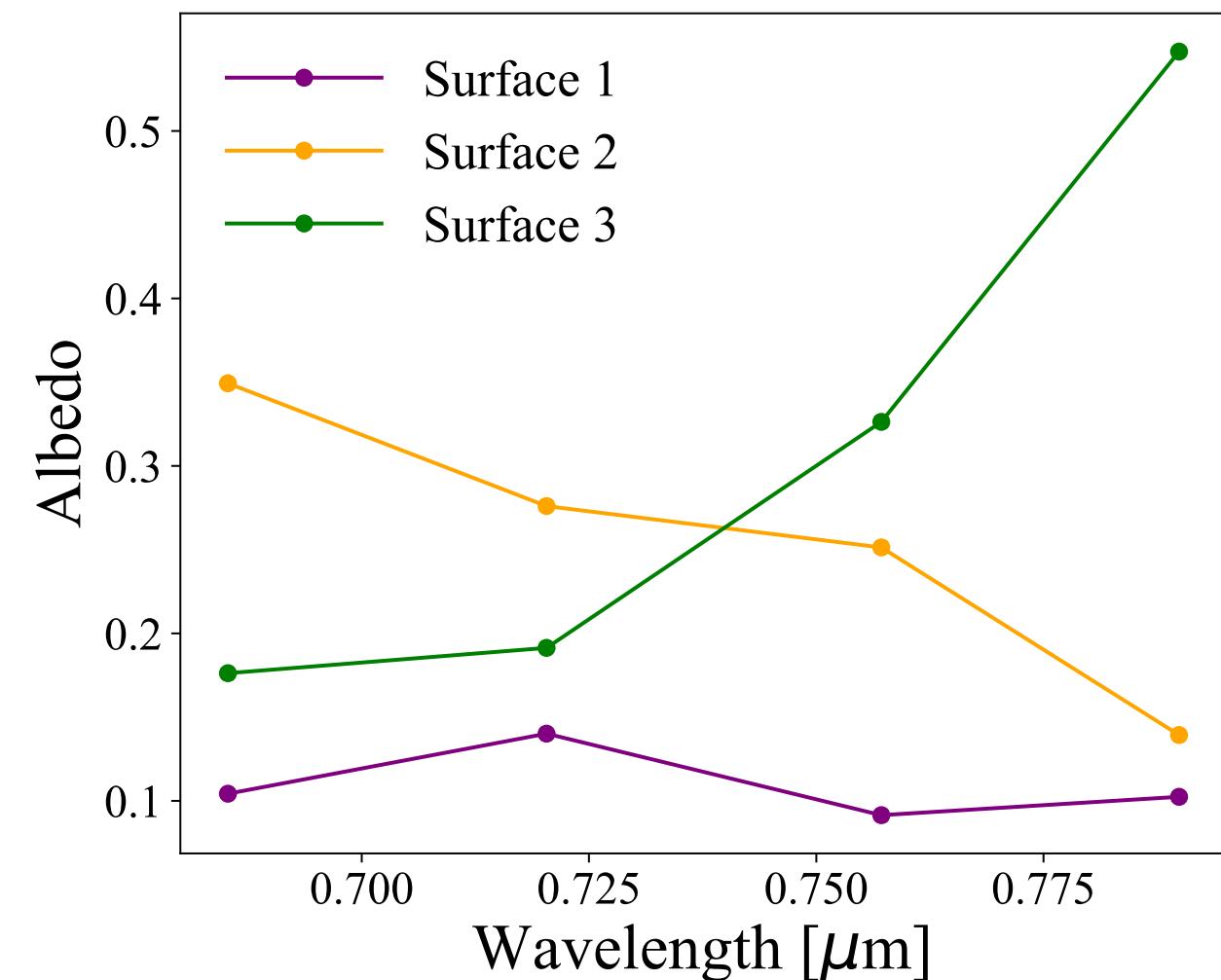
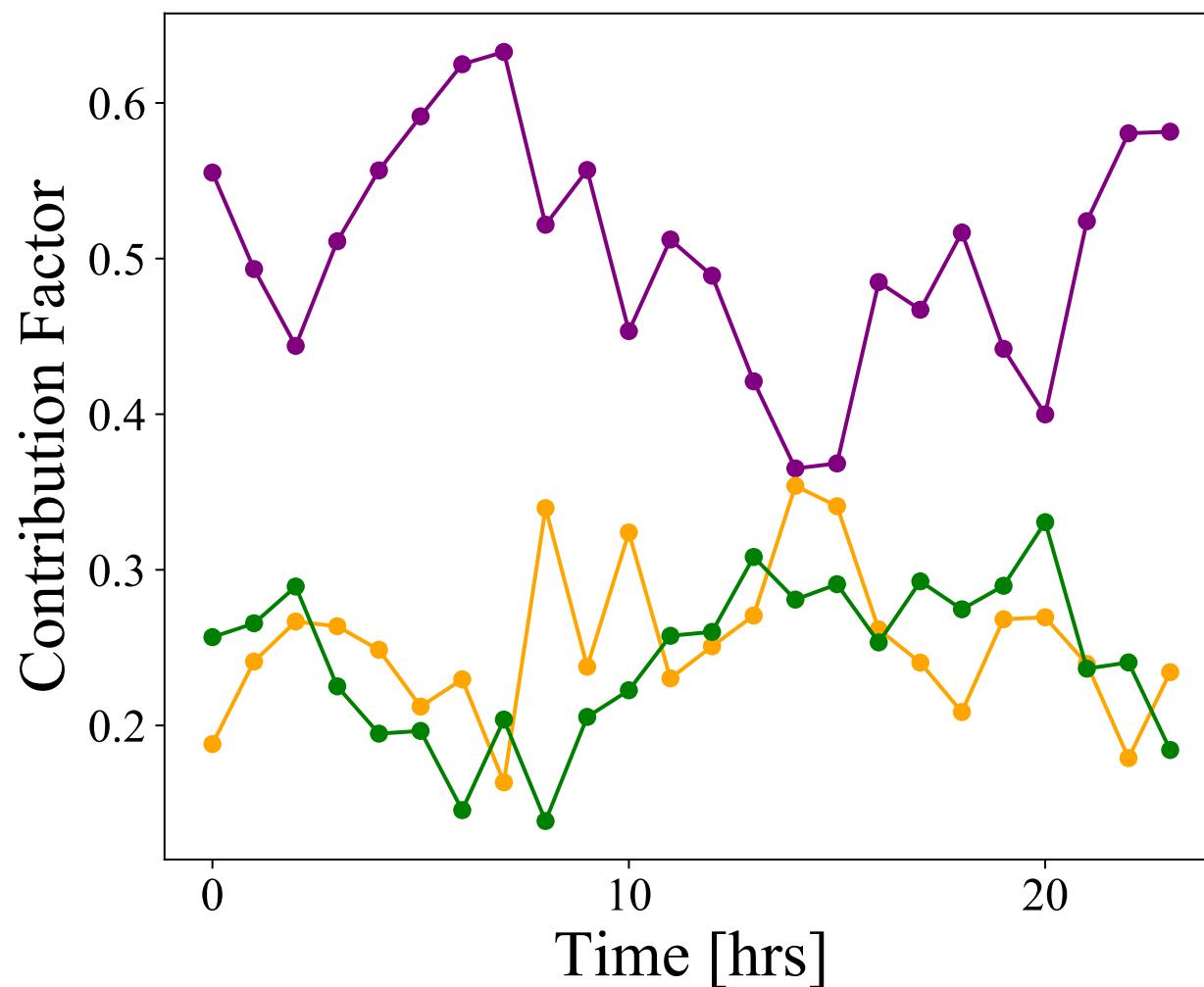
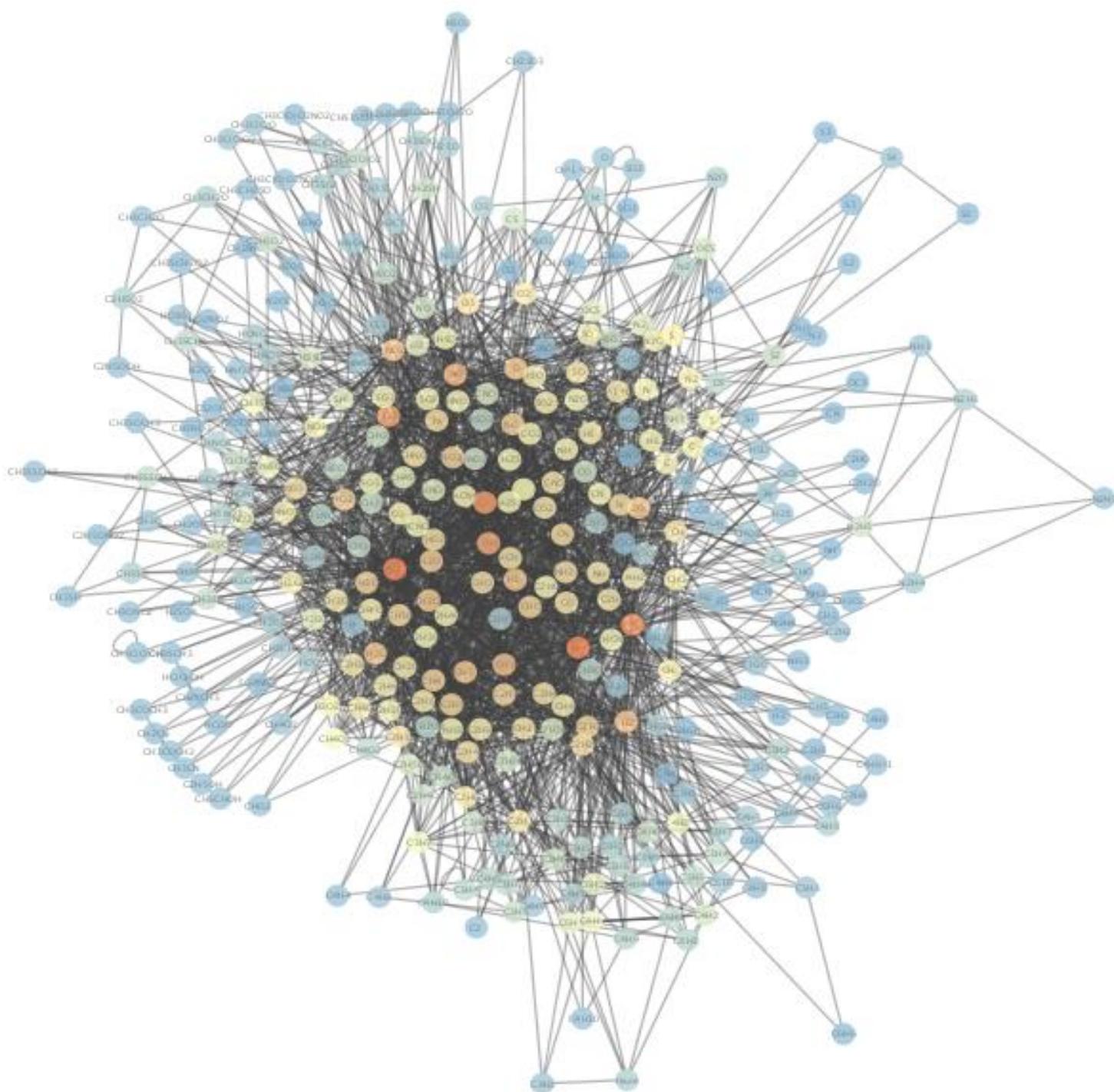


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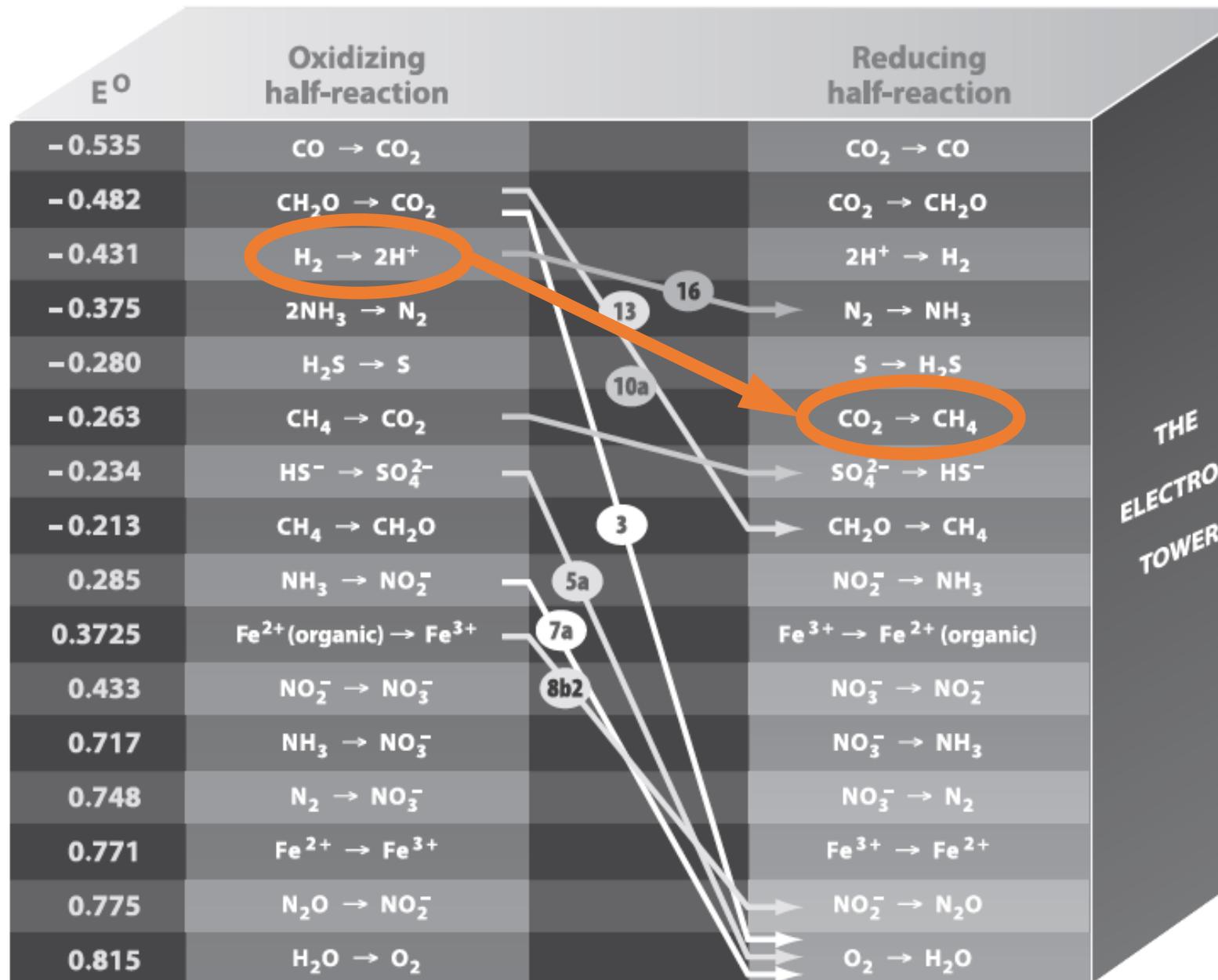
<b>Confidence level for detection of life</b>	<b>Posterior Probability <math>P(\text{life}   \text{data, context})</math></b>	<b>Evidence</b>
<i>Level 1:</i> Very likely inhabited	90-100%	Multiple lines of evidence for life. Given current understanding of planetary processes, no known abiotic process can plausibly explain all observed features.
<i>Level 2:</i> Likely inhabited	66-100%	The body of evidence is consistent with the presence of life.
<i>Level 3:</i> About as likely as not inhabited (inconclusive)	33–66%	Some evidence for life, but insufficient contextual information to draw a definitive conclusion because plausible alternative abiotic explanations cannot be ruled out.

# vegetation detection w/30-m space telescope

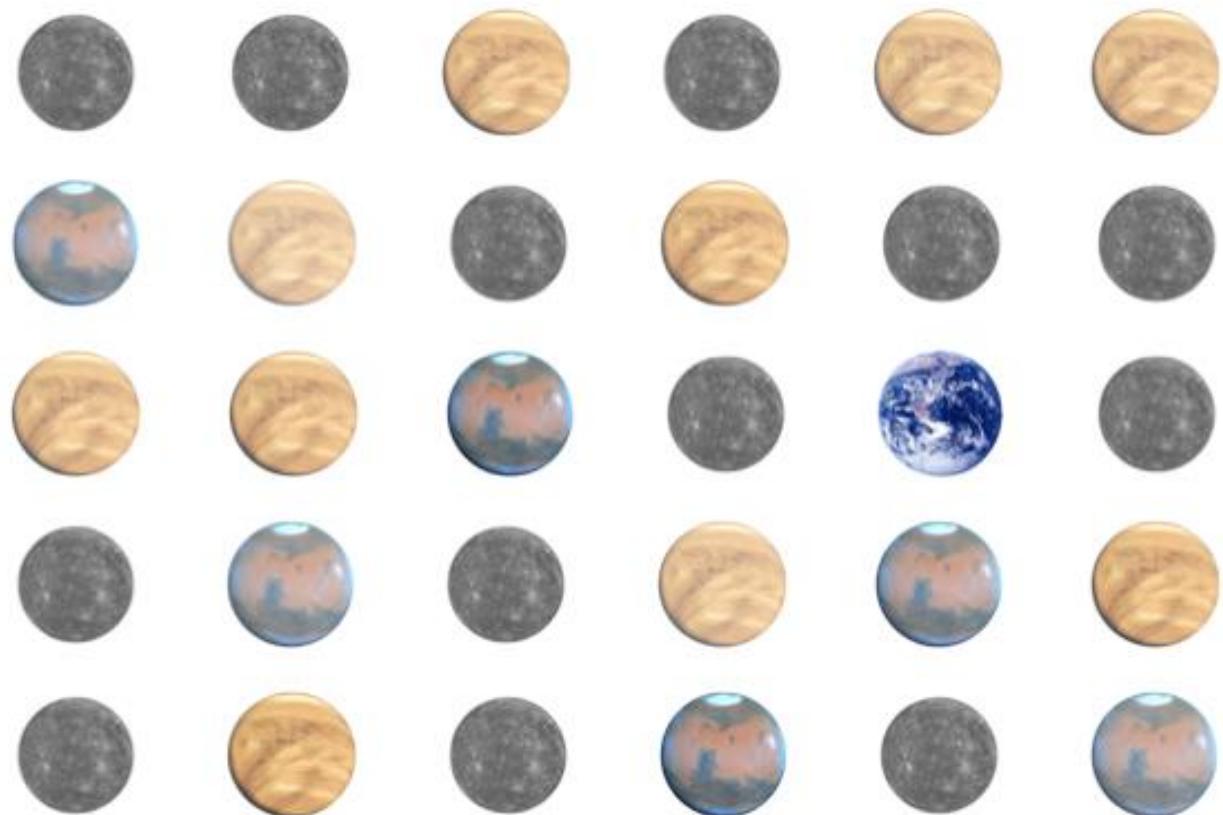
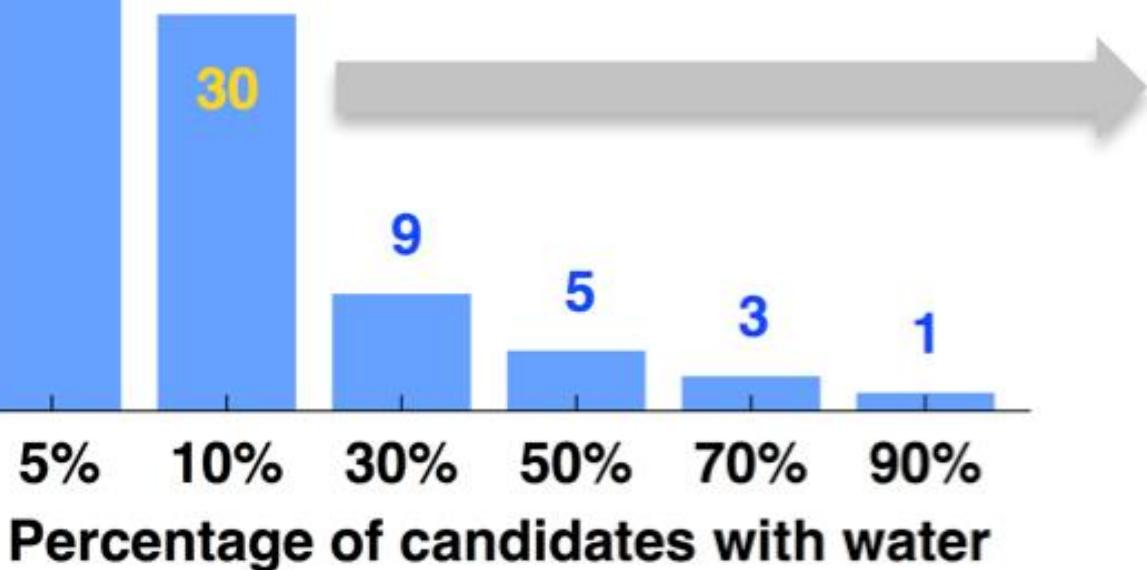




THE  
ELECTRON  
TOWER



## Required number of habitable planet candidates



# An abbreviated wish-list

- More complete incorporation of biological understanding into the field
- Models of abiotic processes under not-Earth-like conditions
- Evaluation of potential new biosignatures, and their false positives
- Sustained support of lab measurements of known and potential biosignatures
- Development/support for 3-D general circulation models, including chemistry
- Expansion of 1D models to include subsurface, surface (ocean, biology, geochemistry), atmospheric, and escape processes
- More accounting of model uncertainties, in general
- Quantitative biosignatures, and the adoption of statistical frameworks (e.g., Bayesian) to utilize them.
- *The interdisciplinary “glue” to make the above possible.*