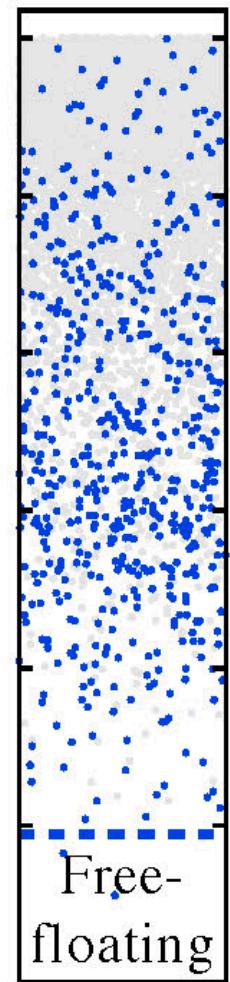
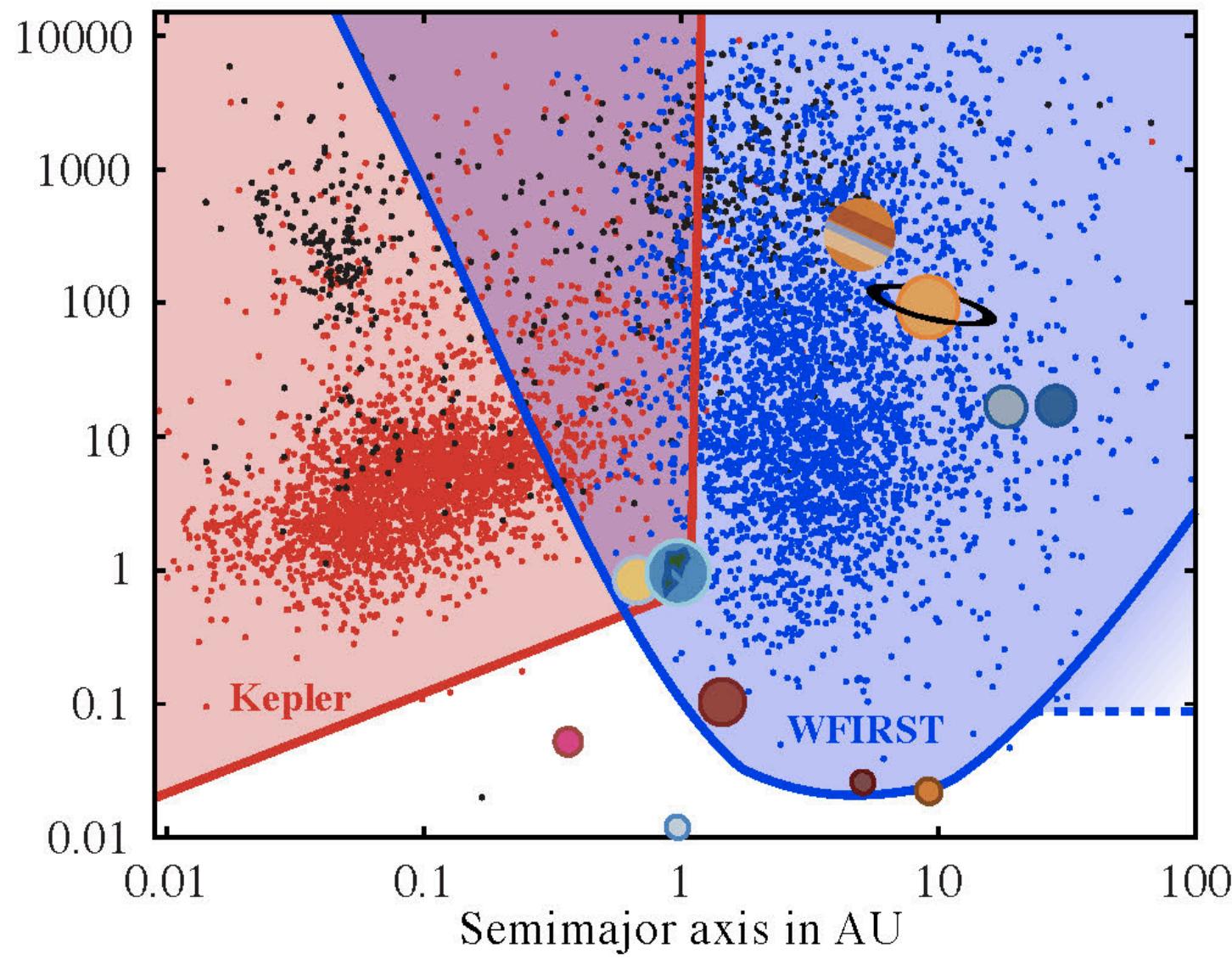
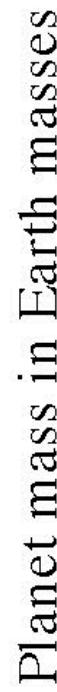




HARVARD-SMITHSONIAN  
CENTER FOR ASTROPHYSICS

# Microlensing Surveys for Planets with WFIRST

Jennifer C. Yee

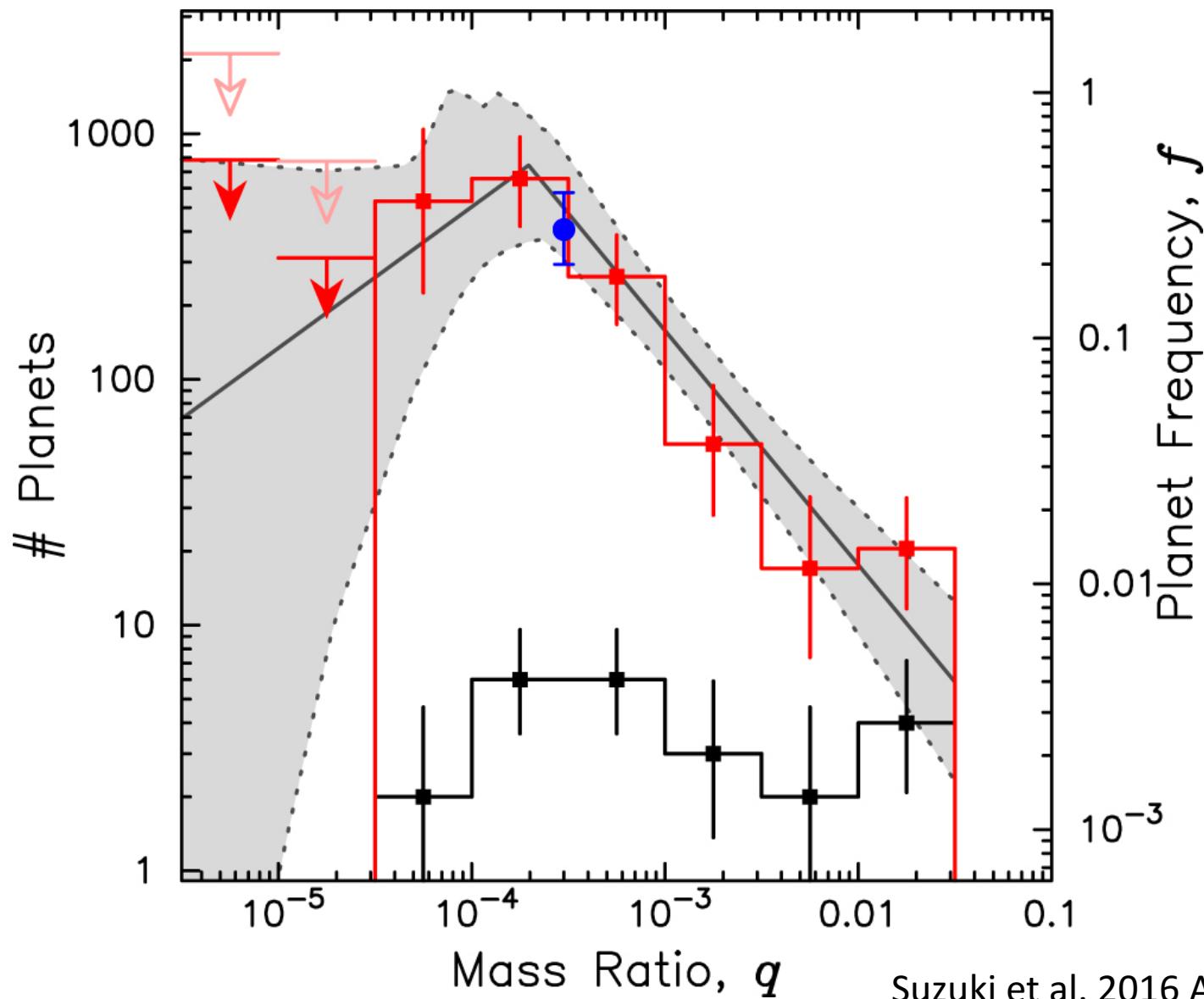


# Planet Formation Physics from WFIRST Planets

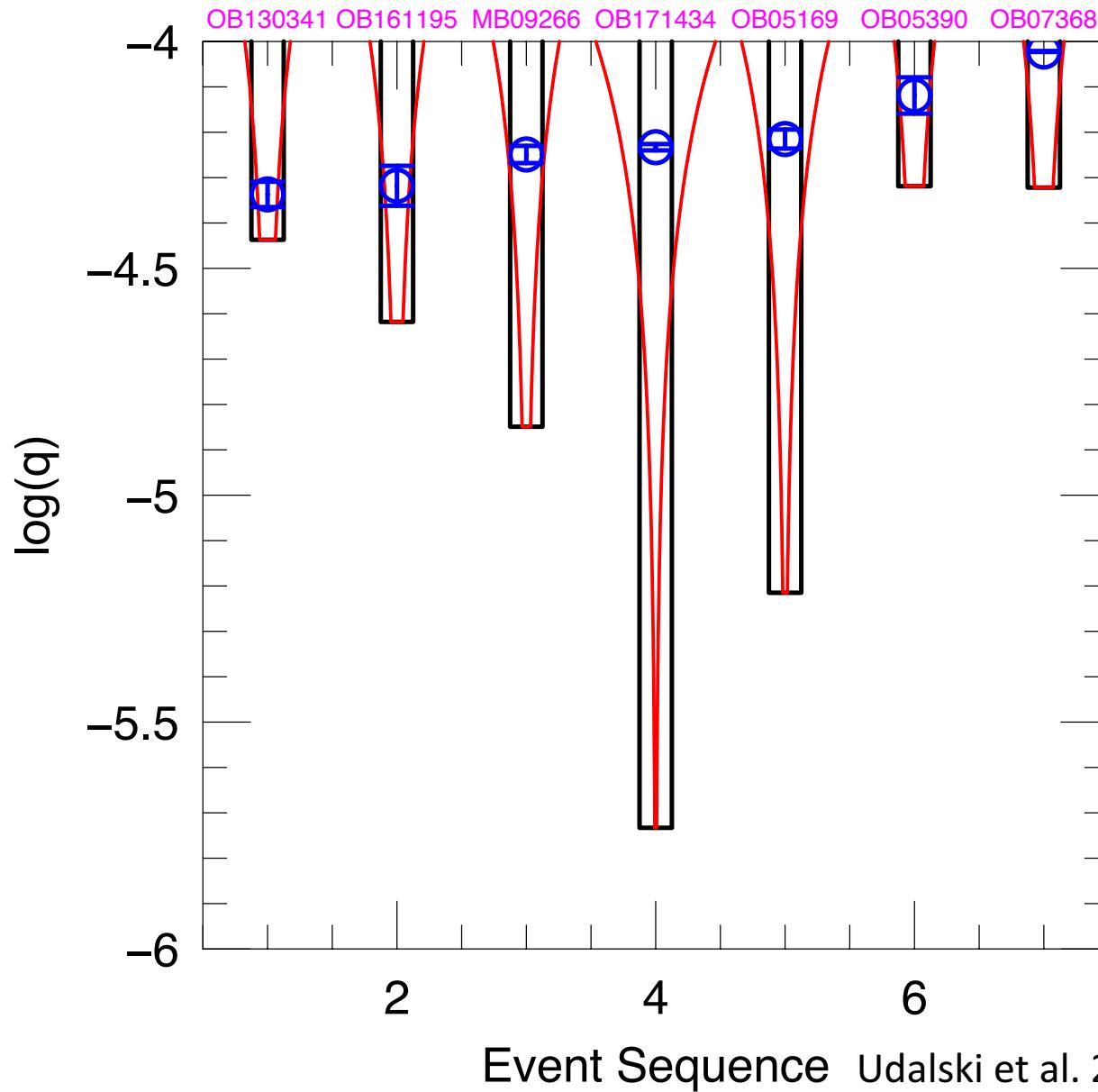
- Snow Line Physics
- Planet Embryos & Planet Ejection
- Galactic Distribution of Planets

# The Physics of the Snow Line

# A break in the mass ratio function

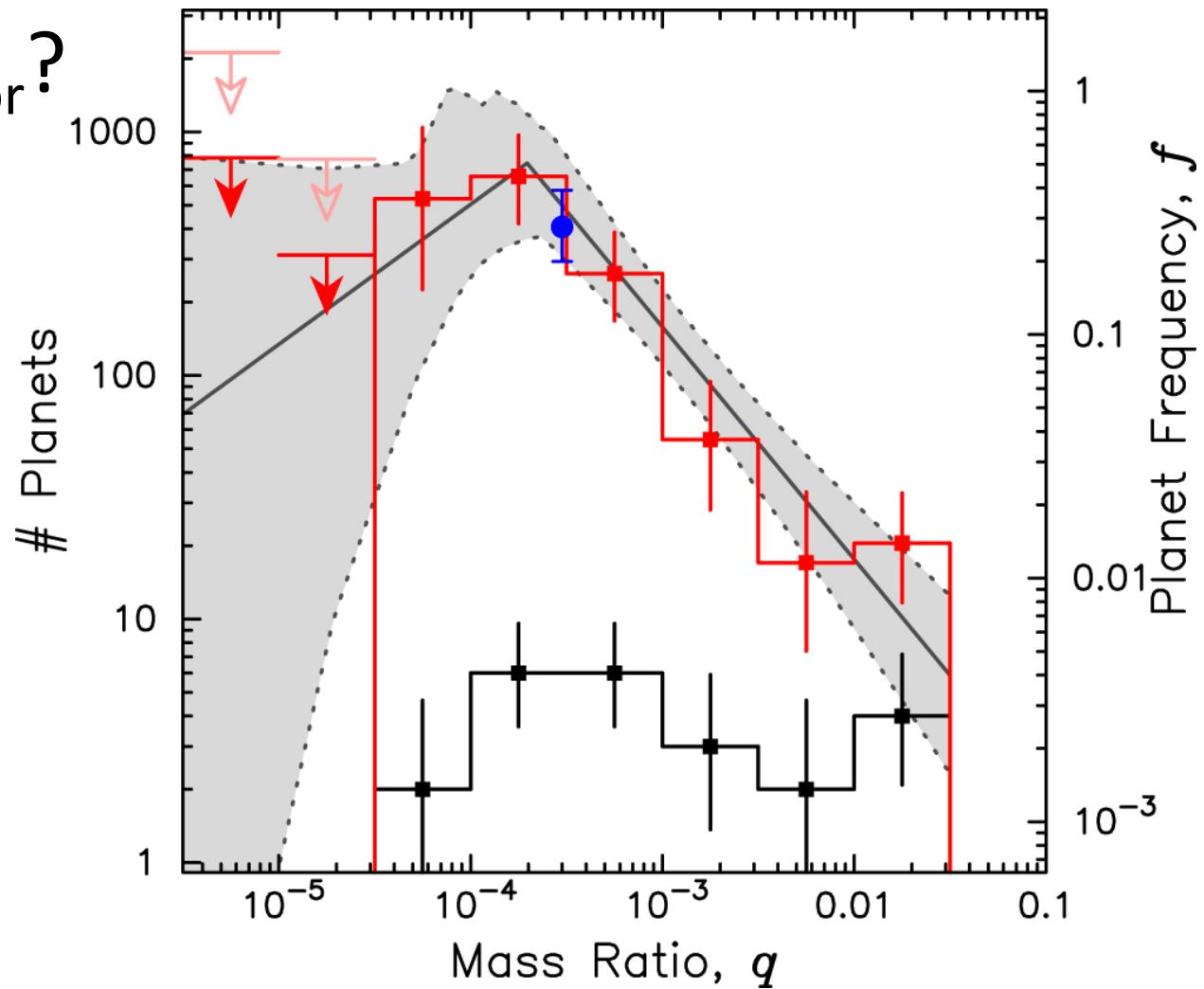


# No planets with $\log q < -4.5$

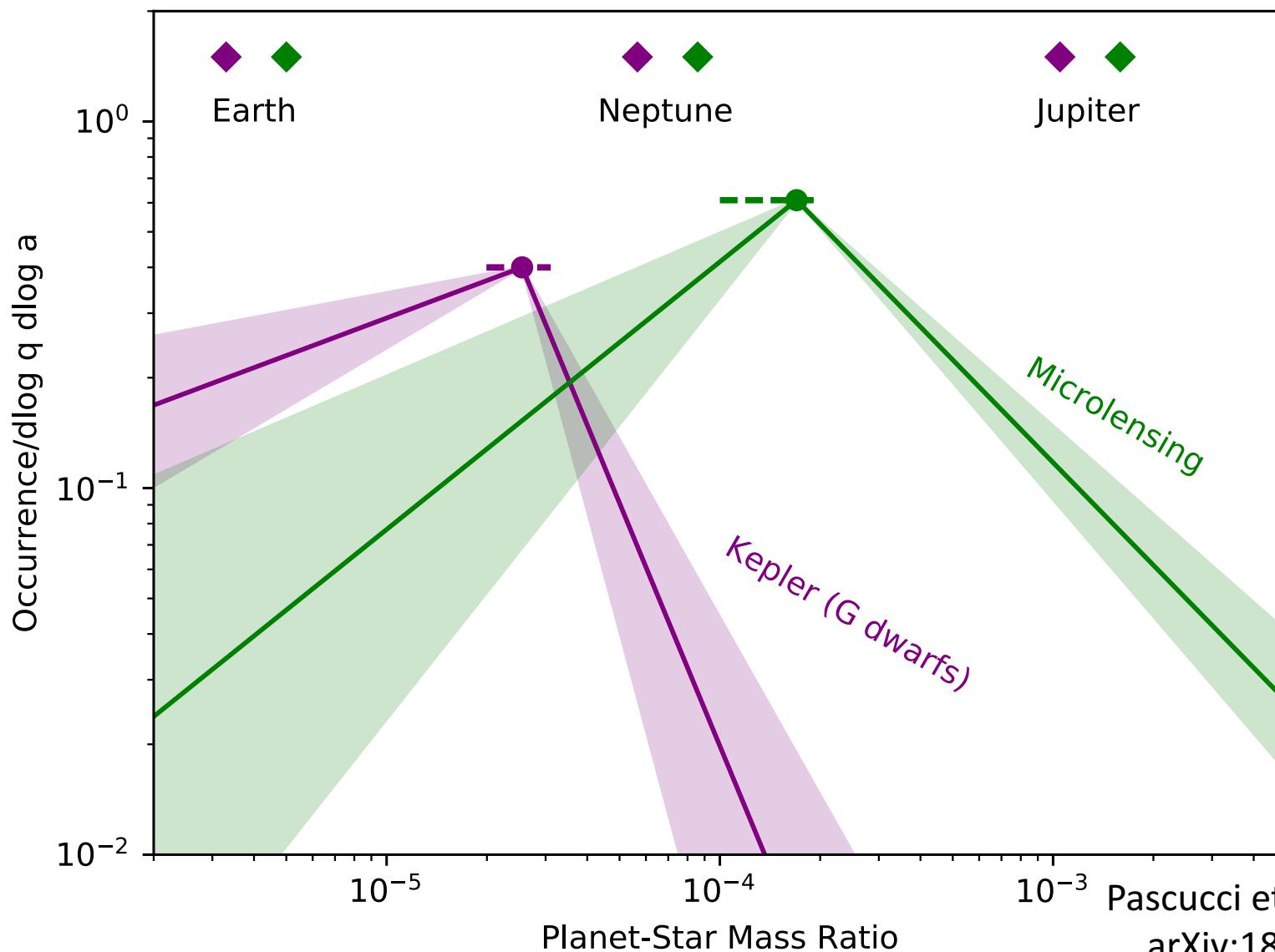


# What will WFIRST tell us about the Mass Ratio Function?

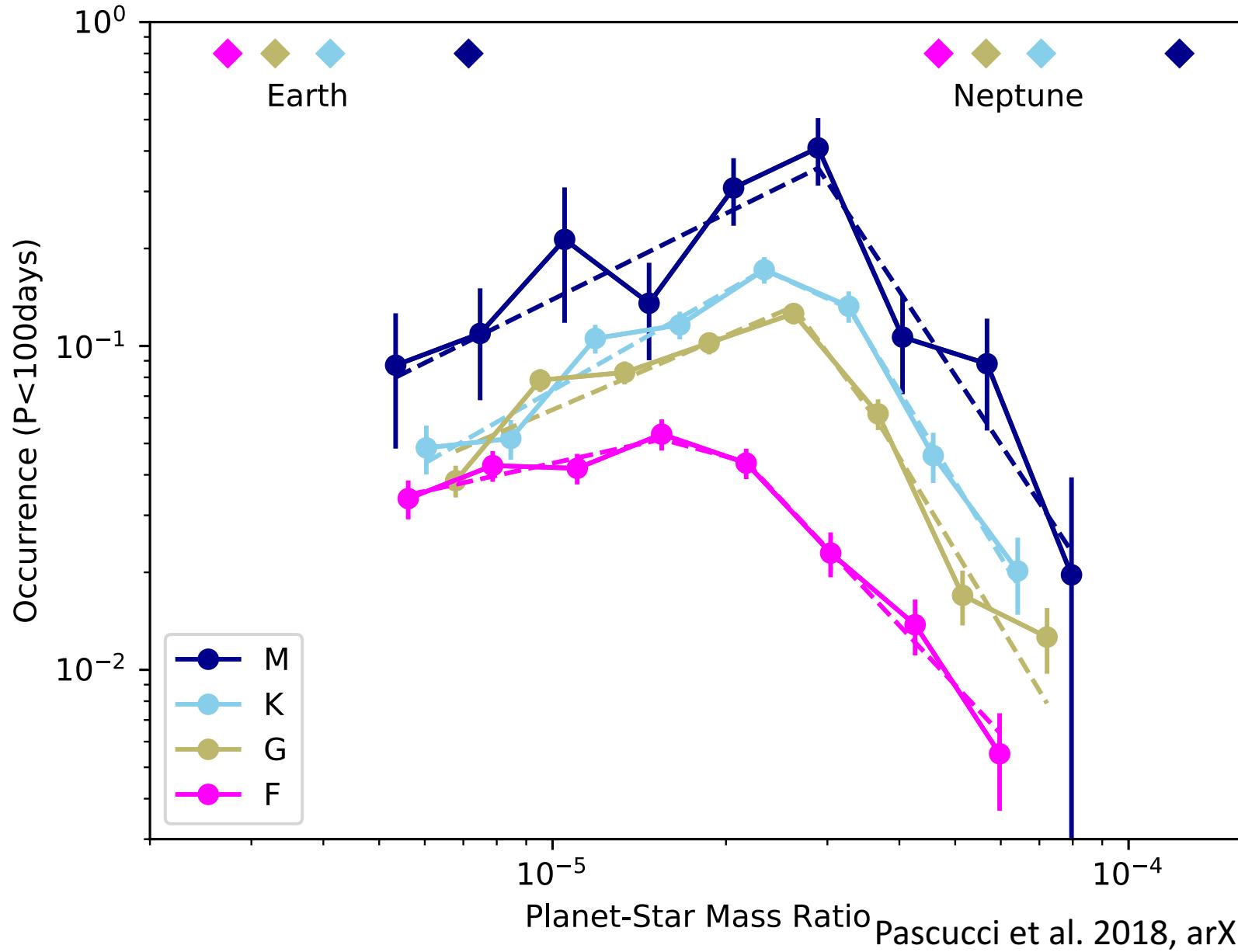
- What is  $q_{br}$ ?



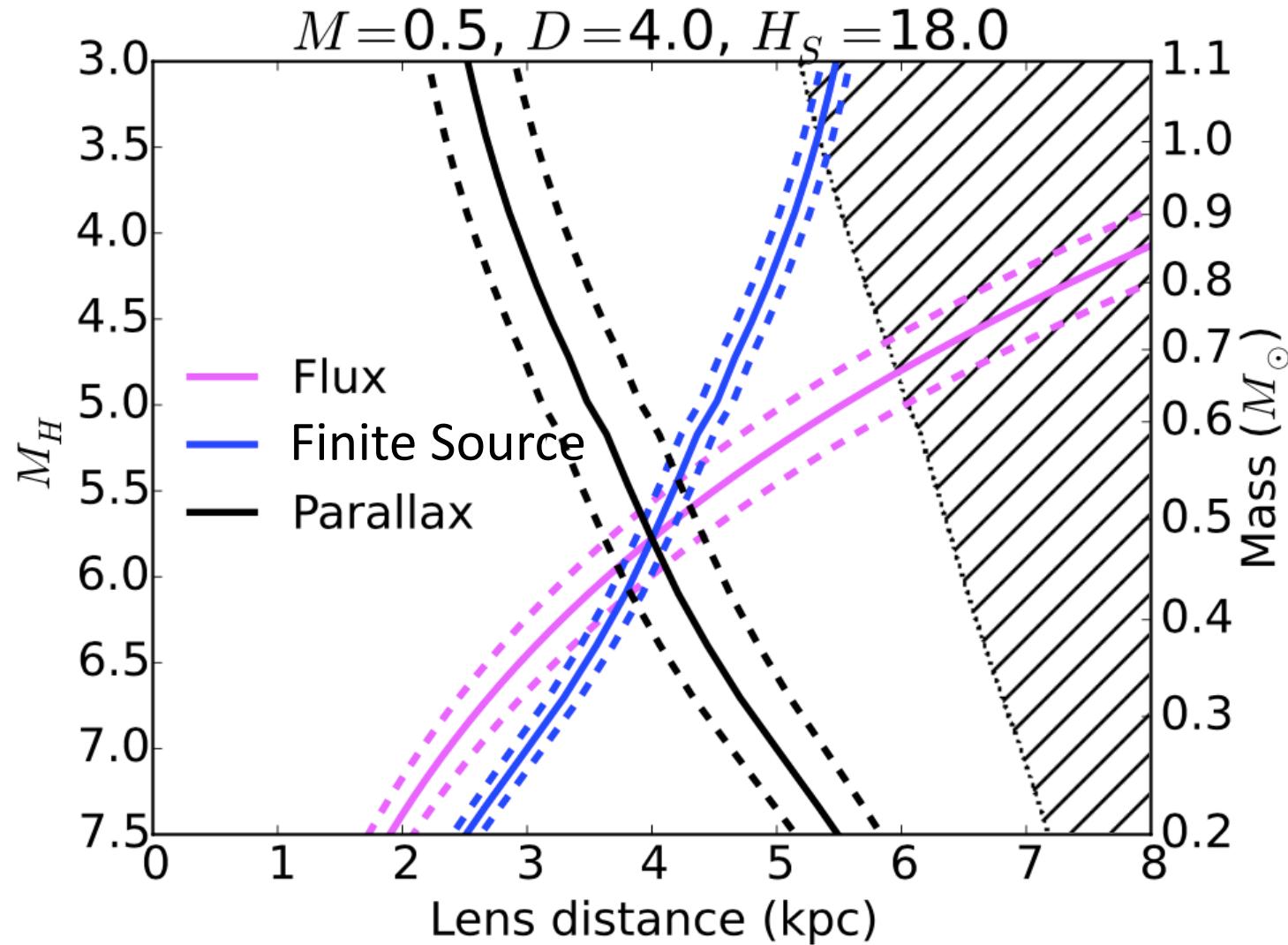
# Kepler break is @ smaller q ( $\sim 3 \times 10^{-5}$ )



# $q_{br}$ is independent of Stellar Mass



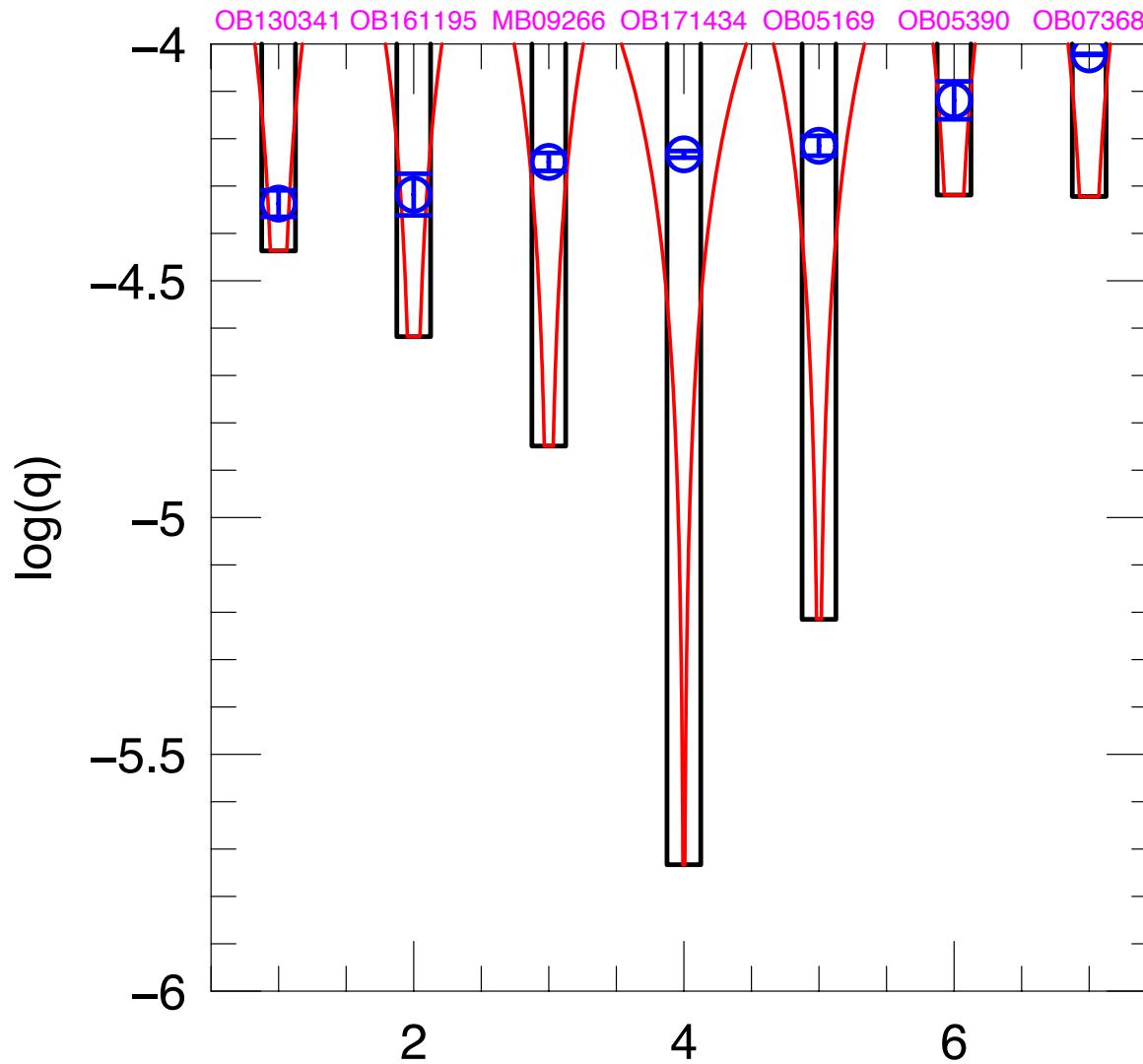
# WFIRST can combine many techniques to measure Host Masses



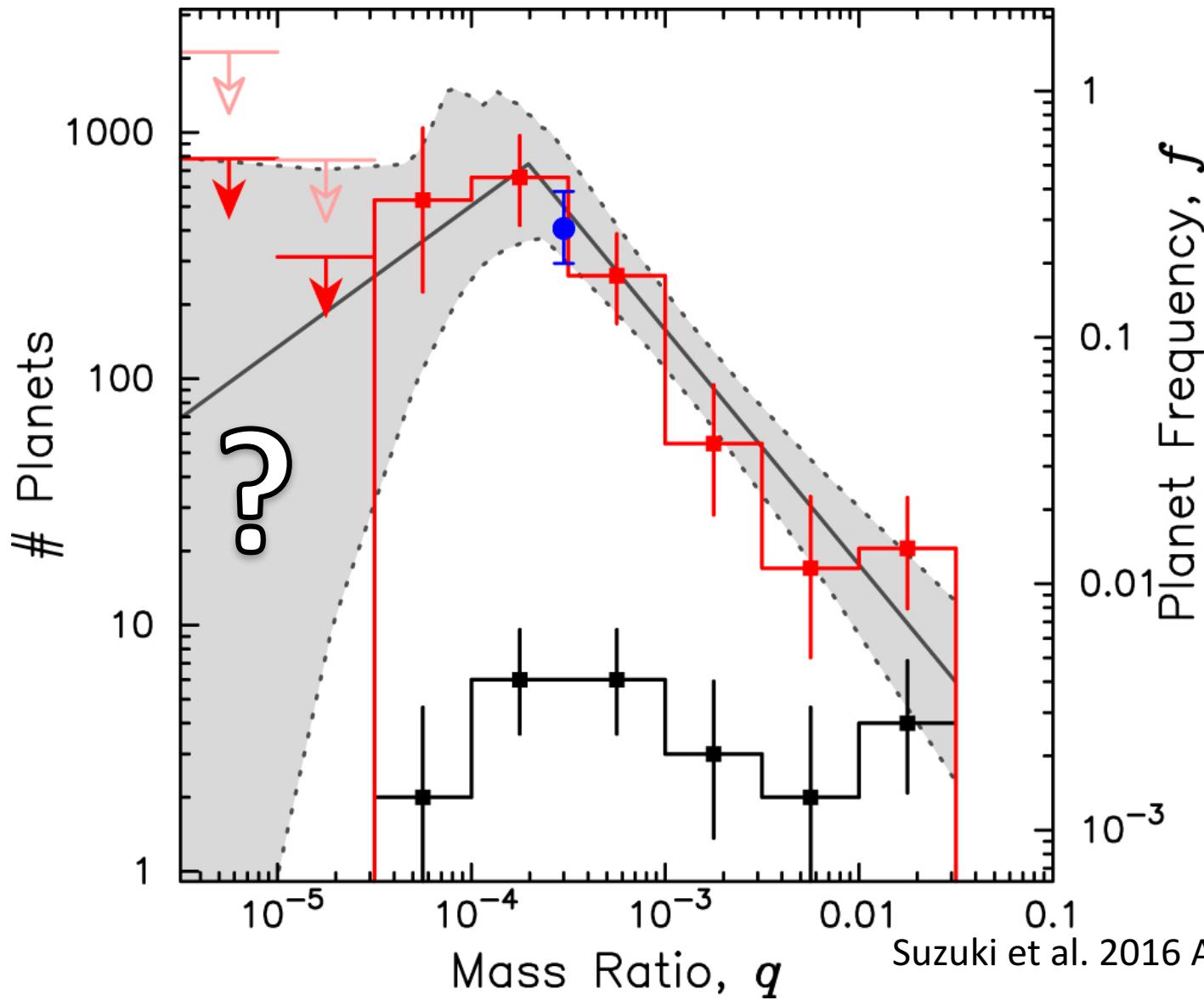
# What will WFIRST tell us about the Mass Ratio Function?

- What is  $q_{\text{br}}$ ?
- How does  $q_{\text{br}}$  vary with semi-major axis?
- How does  $q_{\text{br}}$  vary with host star mass?

# Ground-based microlensing cannot measure the lowest mass ratios.



# Only WFIRST can measure low mass ratio slope.

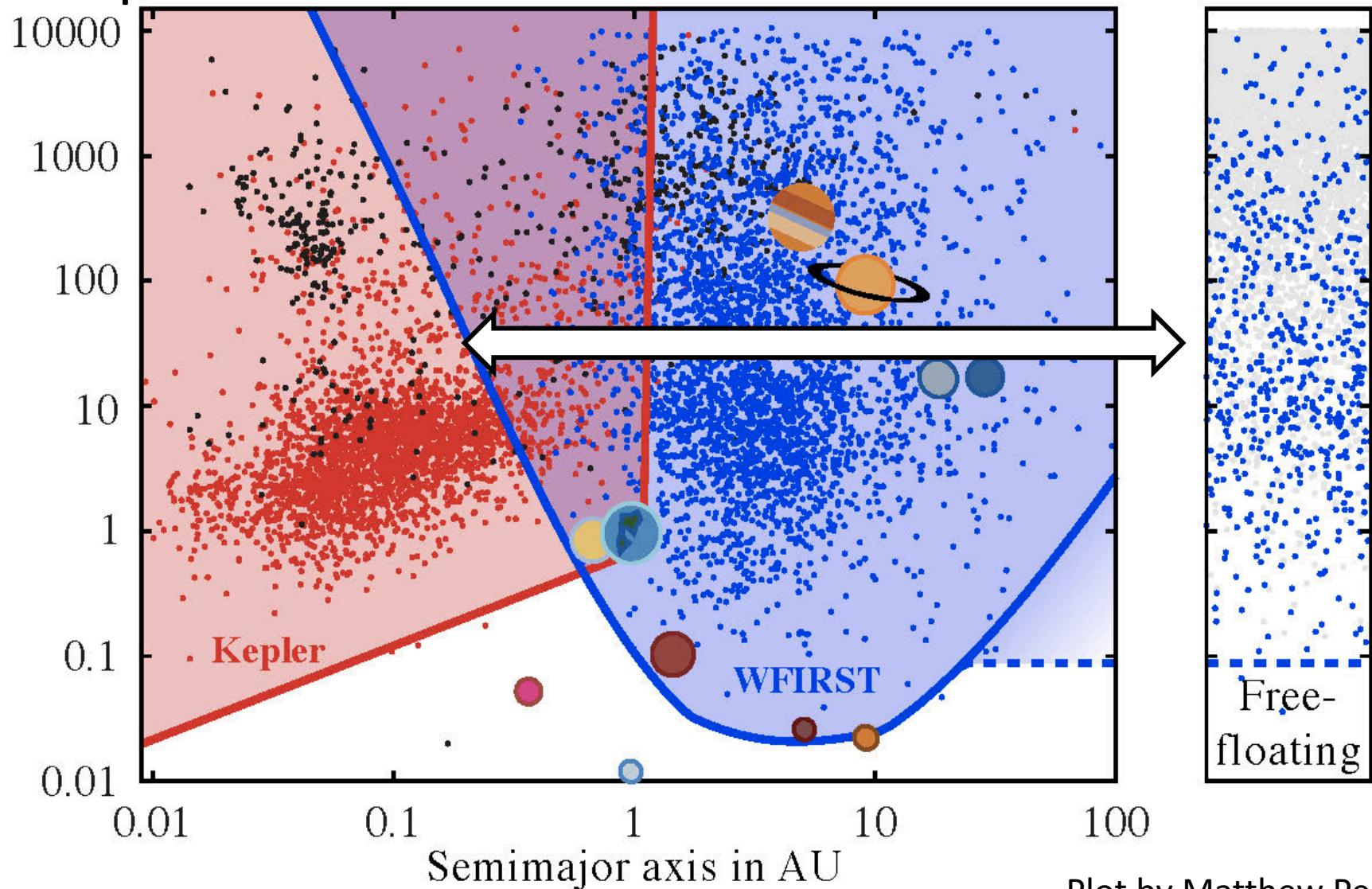


# What will WFIRST tell us about the Mass Ratio Function?

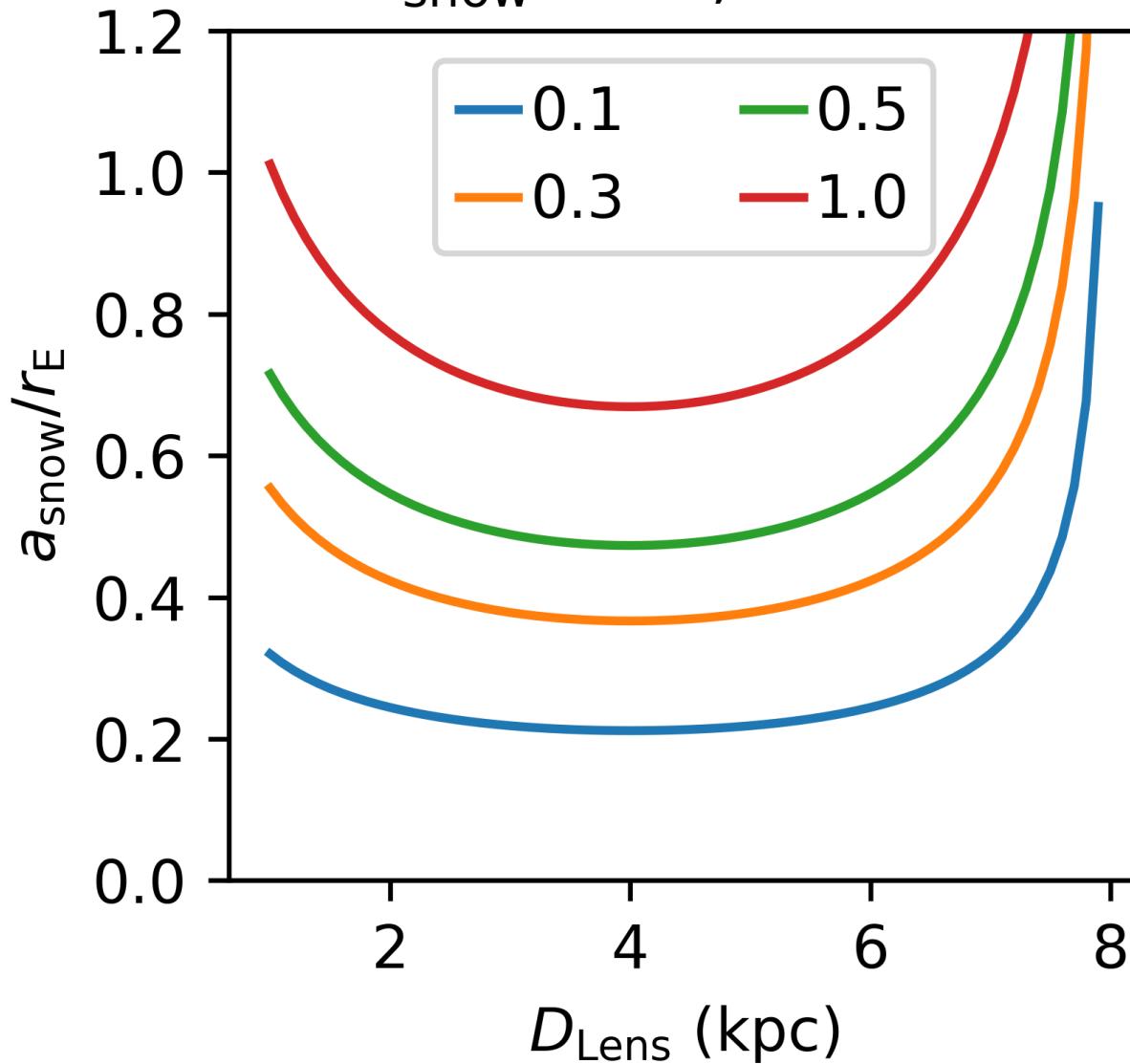
- What is  $q_{\text{br}}$ ?
- How does  $q_{\text{br}}$  vary with semi-major axis?
- How does  $q_{\text{br}}$  vary with host star mass?
- What is the slope of the mass ratio distribution at small  $q$ ?

# Large planets at a wide range of separations.

Planet mass in Earth masses



$$a_{\text{snow}} \propto M^x; x = 1.0$$

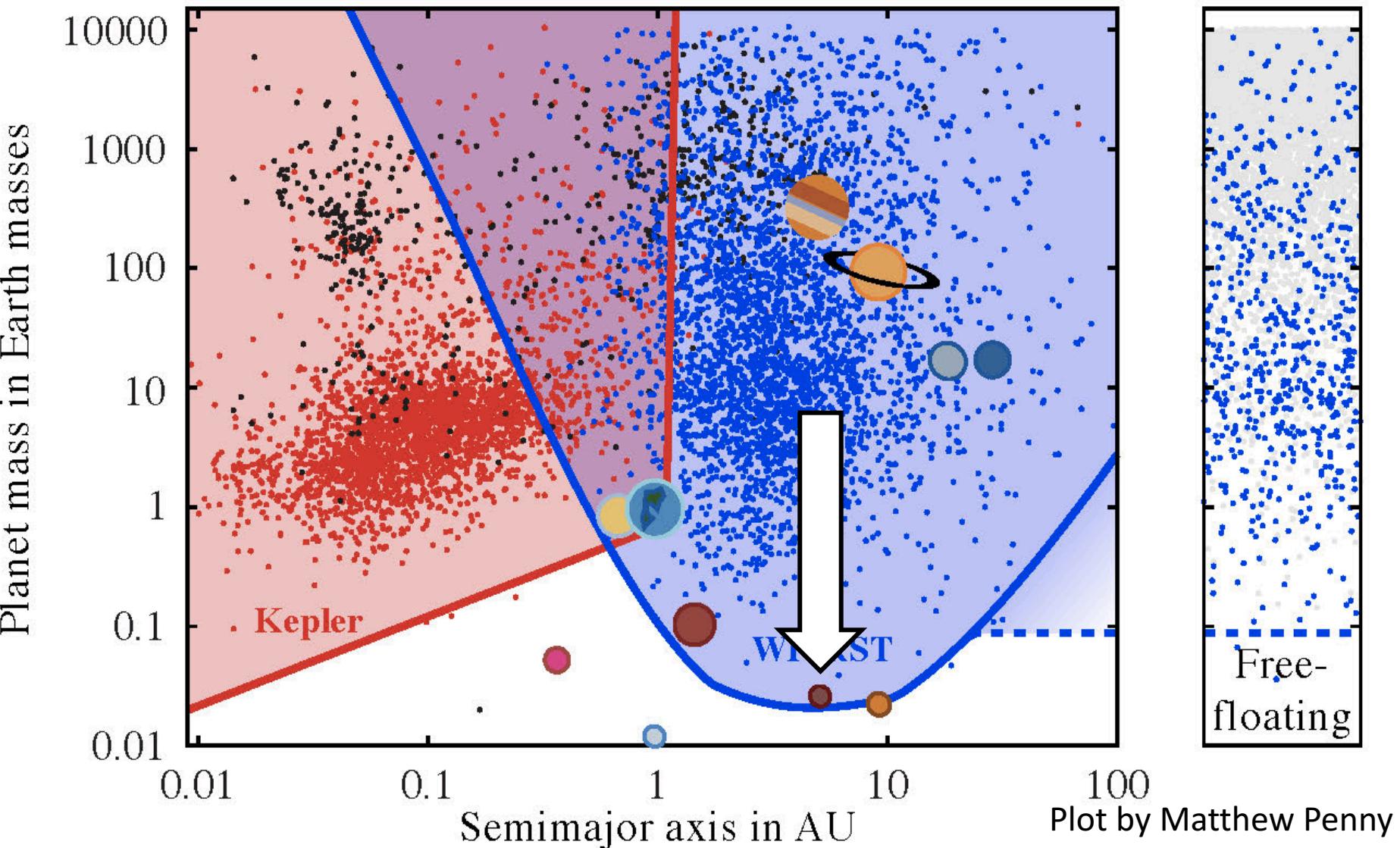


# What does the Mass Ratio Function tell us about Physics?

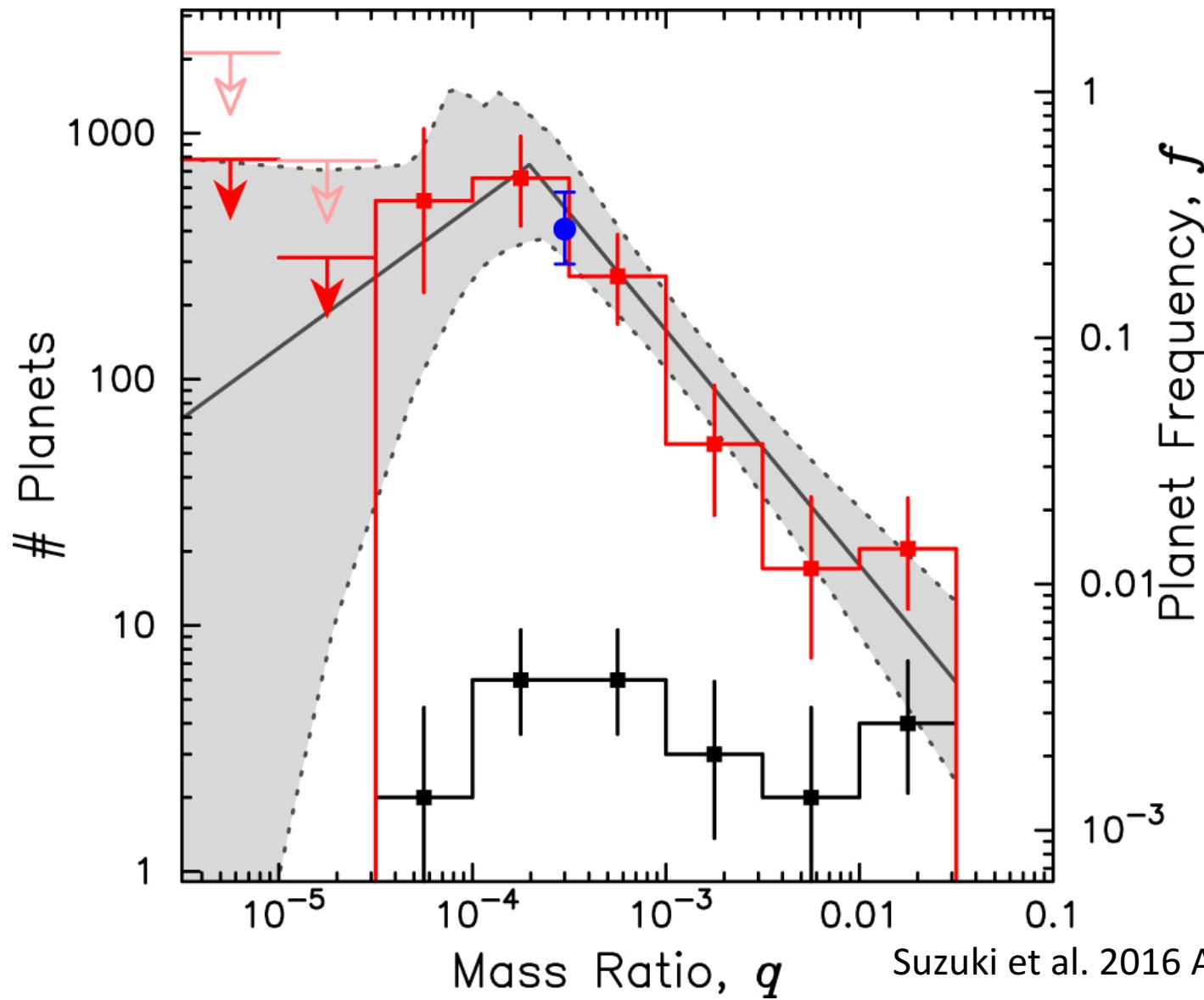
- Where is the snow line?
- How does the snow line depend on stellar mass?
- Is the snow line fuzzy or sharp?

# The Leftovers of Planet Formation

# Ganymede-sized planets outside the snow line.



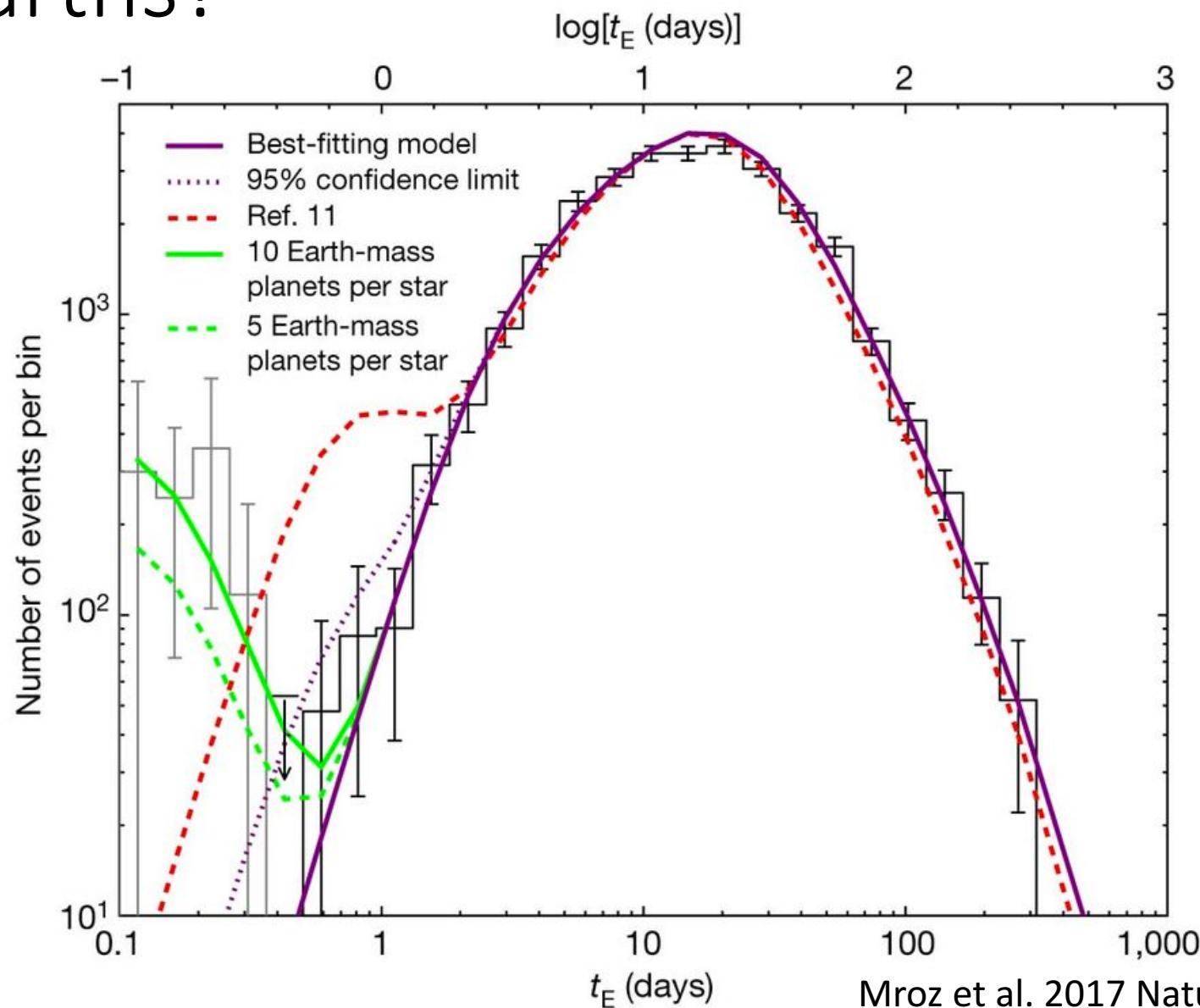
# Are there other features at low mass ratios?



# What will WFIRST tell us about the Smallest Planets?

- What does the mass (ratio) distribution look like for small  $q$ ? Is there a feature at Mars mass?

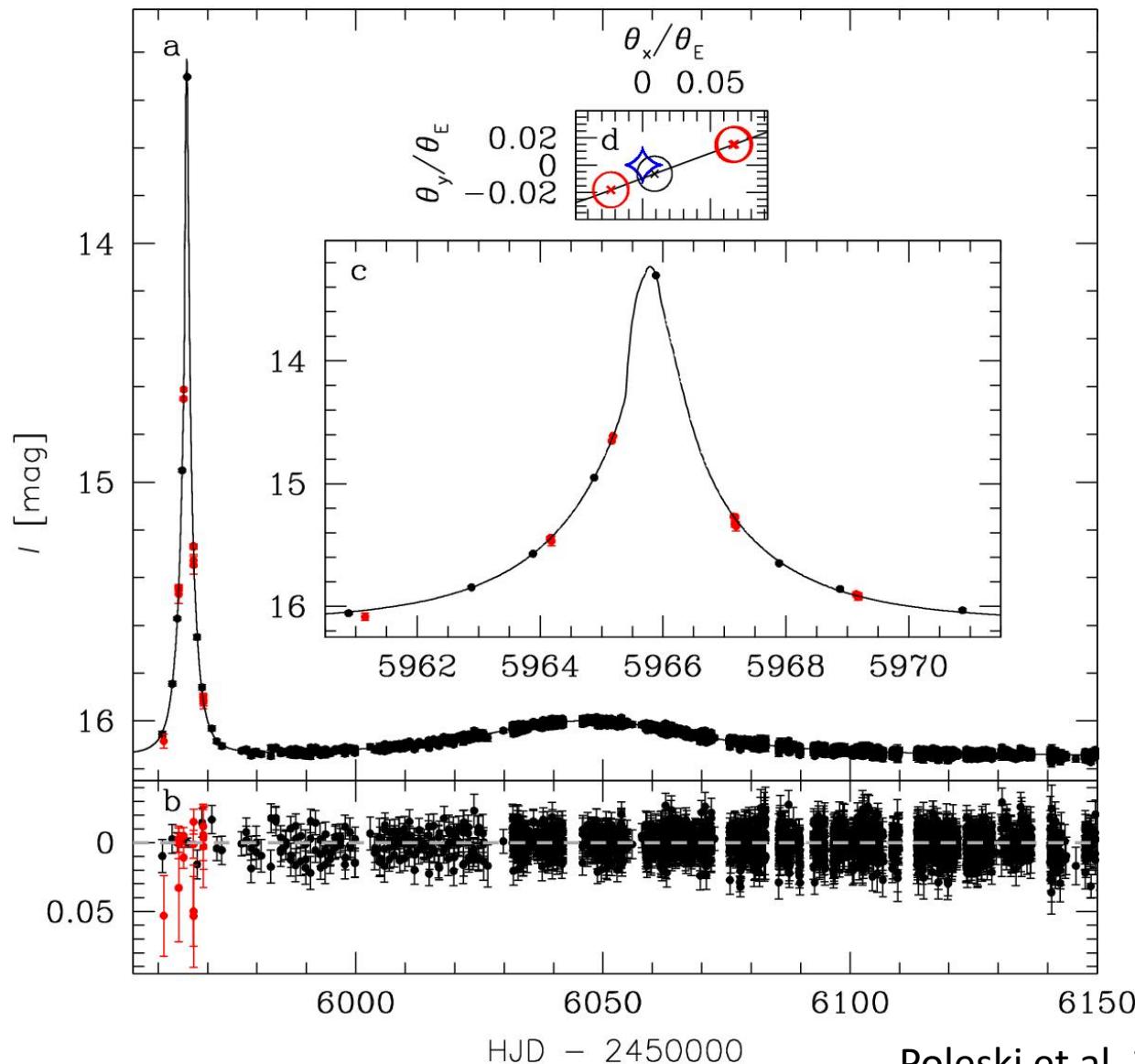
# Population of Free-Floating Super Earths?



# What will WFIRST tell us about the Smallest Planets?

- What does the mass (ratio) distribution look like for small  $q$ ? Is there a feature at Mars mass?
- What is the mass spectrum of free-floating planets?

# Are Free-Floating Planets bound?



# What will WFIRST tell us about the Smallest Planets?

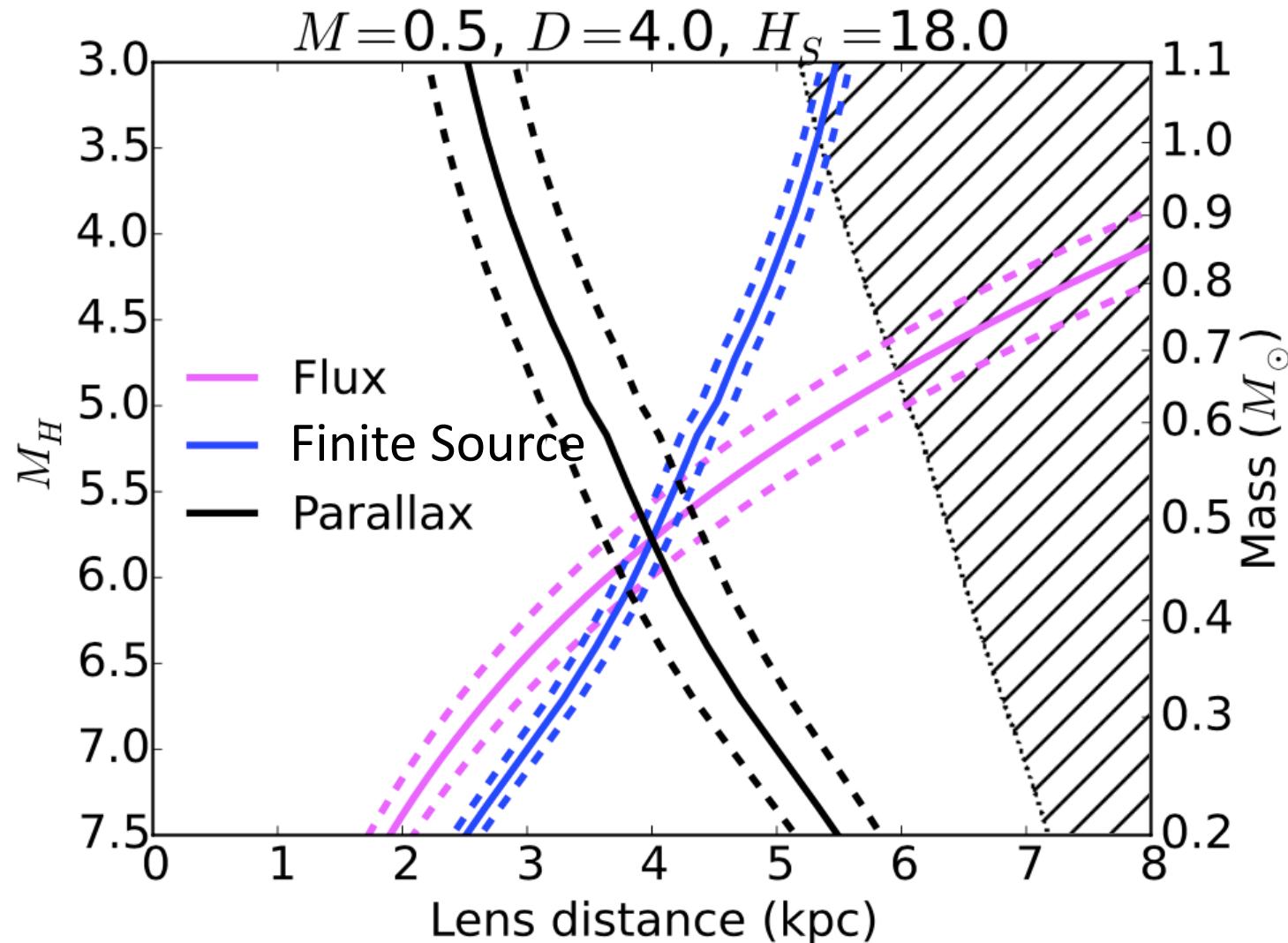
- What does the mass (ratio) distribution look like for small  $q$ ? Is there a feature at Mars mass?
- What is the mass spectrum of free-floating planets?
- How do free-floating planets relate to bound planets? Are free-floating planets really free-floating?

# What do the Smallest Planets tell us about Planet Formation?

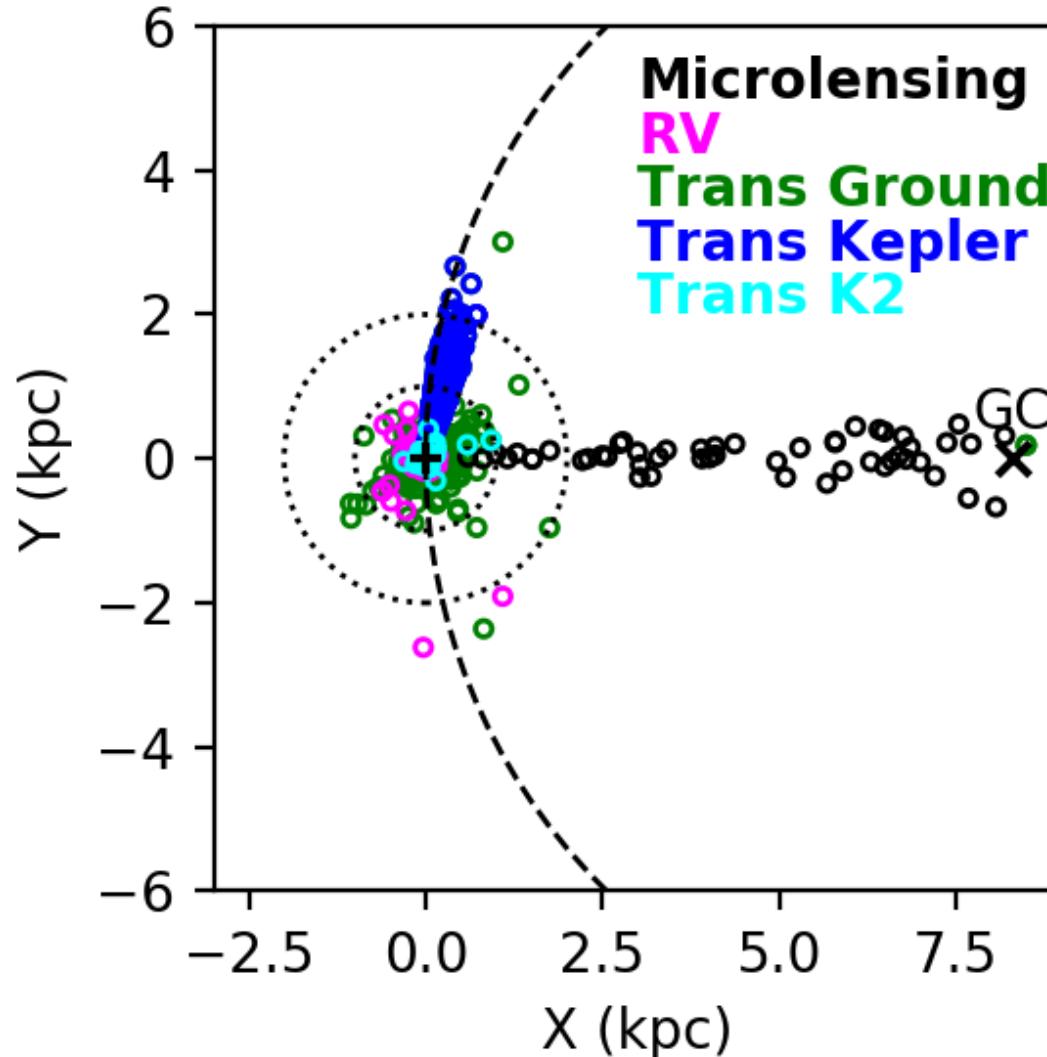
- How efficient is planet formation?
- What is leftover from planet formation?
- What is ejected during planet formation?

# The Galactic Distribution of Planets

# A Mass Measurement = Distance Measurement



# Microlensing finds planets from 0–8 kpc.

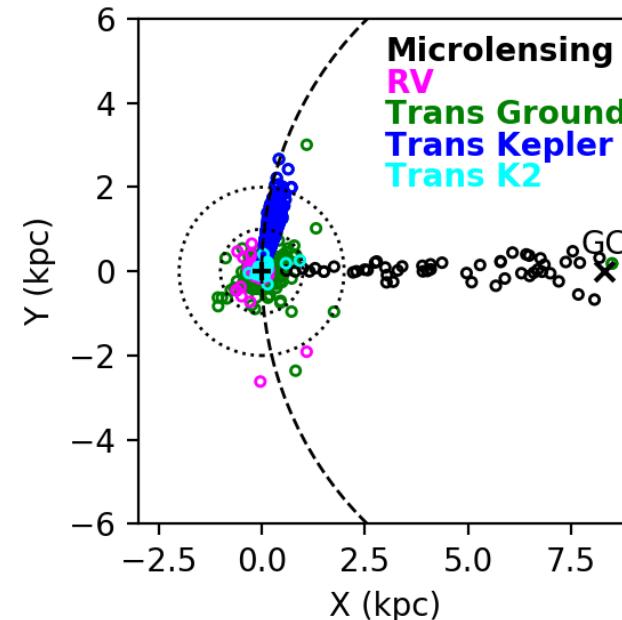
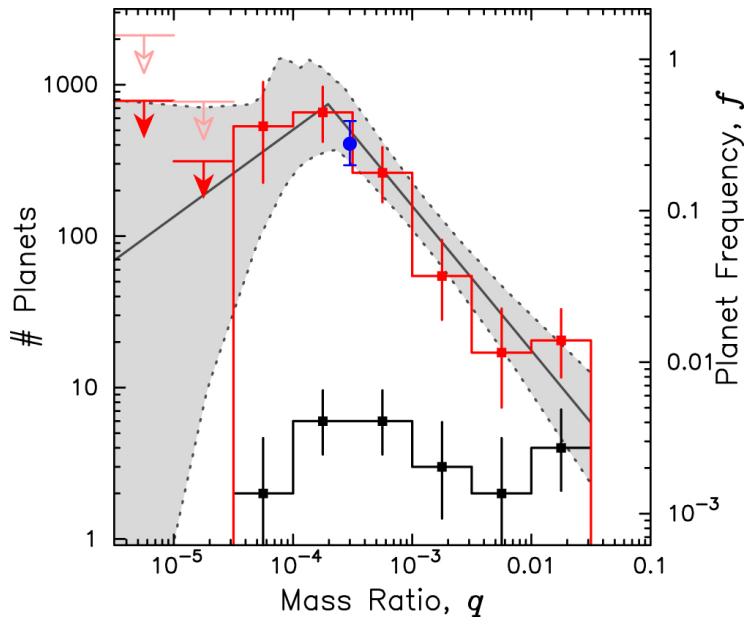


- How do planets vary with galactic distance?

- How does planet formation vary with galactic location?

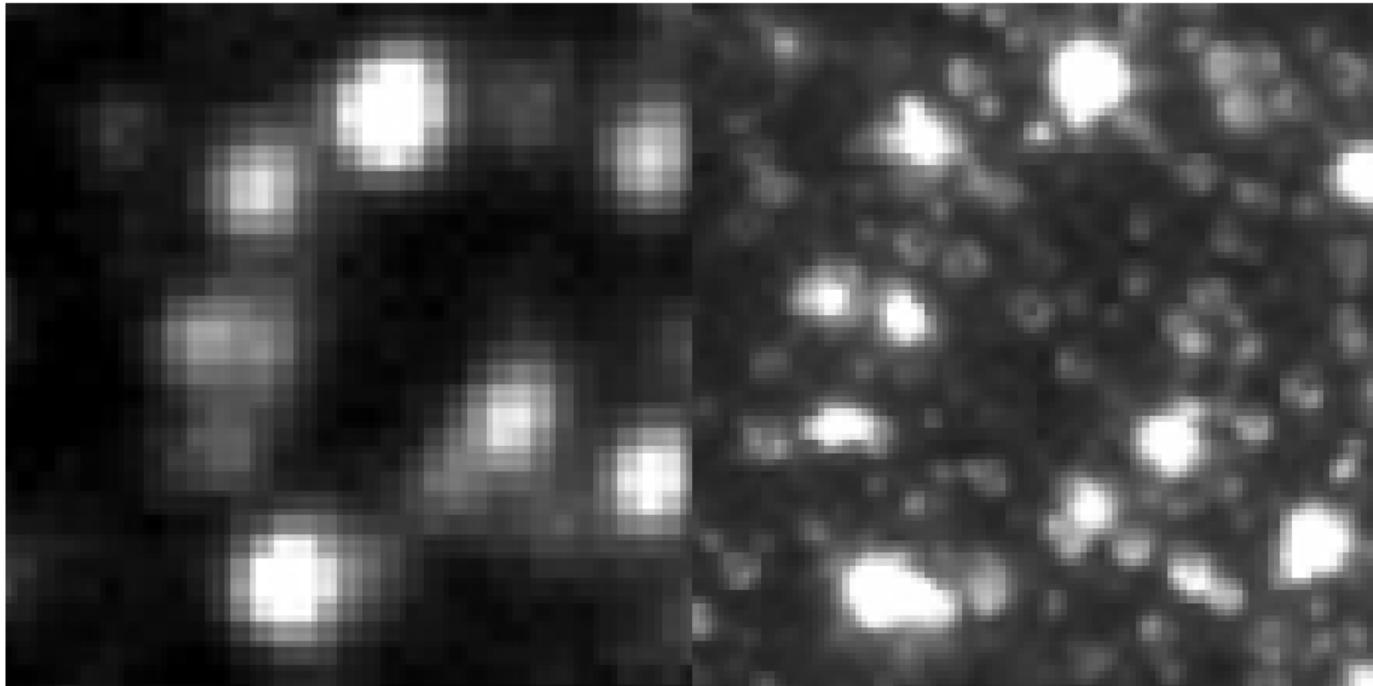
# Planet Formation Physics from a Complete Census

- Snow Line Physics
- Planet Embryos & Planet Ejection
- Galactic Distribution of Planets





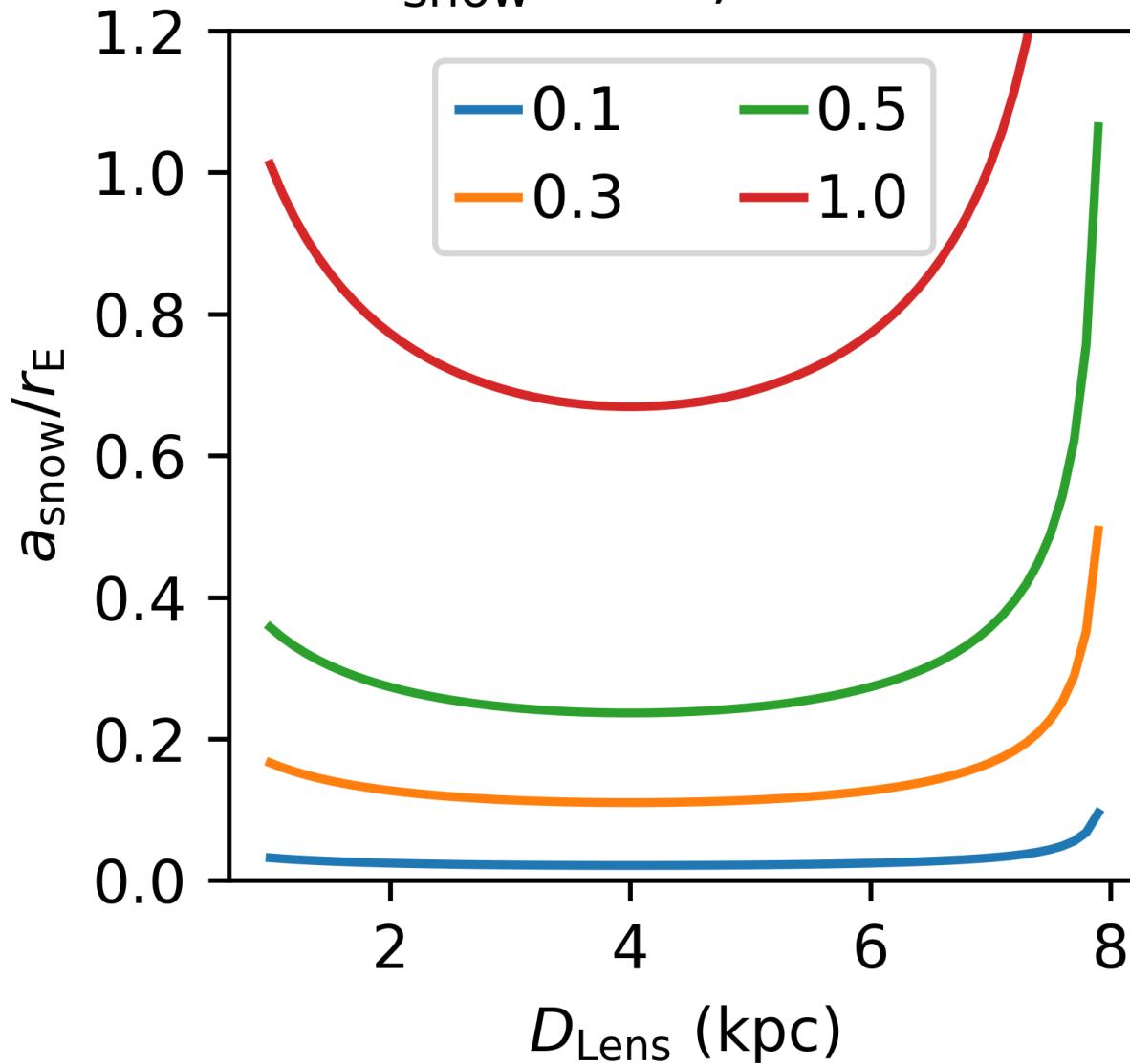
WFIRST will resolve many microlensing events.



Ground

HST

$$a_{\text{snow}} \propto M^x; x = 2.0$$



$$a_{\text{snow}} \propto M^x; x = 1.5$$

